Digital Controller

# CB103/CB403 CB903

**Initial Setting Manual** 

**<u>RKC</u>**<sup>®</sup> RKC INSTRUMENT INC.

**IMCB12-E3** 

All Rights Reserved, Copyright © 1999, RKC INSTRUMENT INC.

Thank you for purchasing the RKC instrument. In order to achieve maximum performance and ensure proper operation of your new instrument, carefully read all the instructions in this manual. Please place this manual in a convenient location for easy reference.

# SYMBOLS

- **WARNING** : This mark indicates precautions that must be taken if there is danger of electric shock, fire, etc., which could result in loss of life or injury.
- **CAUTION** : This mark indicates that if these precautions and operating procedures are not taken, damage to the instrument may result.
  - : This mark indicates that all precautions should be taken for safe usage.
    - : This mark indicates important information on installation, handling and operating procedures.
- : This mark indicates supplemental information on installation, handling and operating procedures.
- : This mark indicates where additional information may be located.



# CAUTION

- This is a Class A instrument. In a domestic environment, this instrument may cause radio interference, in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.
- This instrument is protected from electric shock by reinforced insulation. Provide reinforced insulation between the wire for the input signal and the wires for instrument power supply, source of power and loads.
- Be sure to provide an appropriate surge control circuit respectively for the following:
  - If input/output or signal lines within the building are longer than 30 meters.
  - If input/output or signal lines leave the building, regardless the length.
- This instrument is designed for installation in an enclosed instrumentation panel. All highvoltage connections such as power supply terminals must be enclosed in the instrumentation panel to avoid electric shock by operating personnel.
- All precautions described in this manual should be taken to avoid damage to the instrument or equipment.
- All wiring must be in accordance with local codes and regulations.
- All wiring must be completed before power is turned on to prevent electric shock, instrument failure, or incorrect action.
   The power must be turned off before repairing work for input break and output failure including replacement of sensor, contactor or SSR, and all wiring must be completed before power is turned on again.
- To prevent instrument damage or failure, protect the power line and the input/output lines from high currents with a protection device such as fuse, circuit breaker, etc.
- Prevent metal fragments or lead wire scraps from falling inside instrument case to avoid electric shock, fire or malfunction.
- Tighten each terminal screw to the specified torque found in the manual to avoid electric shock, fire or malfunction.
- For proper operation of this instrument, provide adequate ventilation for heat dispensation.
- Do not connect wires to unused terminals as this will interfere with proper operation of the instrument.
- Turn off the power supply before cleaning the instrument.
- Do not use a volatile solvent such as paint thinner to clean the instrument. Deformation or discoloration will occur. Use a soft, dry cloth to remove stains from the instrument.
- To avoid damage to instrument display, do not rub with an abrasive material or push front panel with a hard object.
- Do not connect modular connectors to telephone line.

### NOTICE

- This manual assumes that the reader has a fundamental knowledge of the principles of electricity, process control, computer technology and communications.
- The figures, diagrams and numeric values used in this manual are only for purpose of illustration.
- RKC is not responsible for any damage or injury that is caused as a result of using this instrument, instrument failure or indirect damage.
- Periodic maintenance is required for safe and proper operation of this instrument. Some components have a limited service life, or characteristics that change over time.
- Every effort has been made to ensure accuracy of all information contained herein. RKC makes no warranty expressed or implied, with respect to the accuracy of the information. The information in this manual is subject to change without prior notice.
- No portion of this document may be reprinted, modified, copied, transmitted, digitized, stored, processed or retrieved through any mechanical, electronic, optical or other means without prior written approval from RKC.

# CONTENTS

1.TRANSFER TO MODE	Page <b>1</b>
1.1 Transfer to Initialization Mode	1
<ul><li>2 End of Initialization Mode</li><li>2 SETTING</li></ul>	3 A
2.1 Display Flowcharts in Initialization Mode	4
<ul><li>2.2 Procedure for Setting Each Parameter</li><li>2.3 List of Parameters in Initialize Code 0 (Cod=0)</li></ul>	5 7
<ul><li>2.4 List of Parameters in Initialize Code 1 (Cod=1)</li><li>2.5 List of Parameters in Initialize Code 2 (Cod=2)</li></ul>	15 23



# 1. TRANSFER TO MODE

Initialization is to set parameters relating to instrument specifications (input type, input range, alarm type, etc.) and those relating to instrument characteristics (setting limiter, alarm differential gap, etc.).

# 1.1 Transfer to Initialization Mode

The section in each picture is dimly lit.

- 1. Turn on the power to this instrument. Thus, the input type, input range and PV/SV display mode change in this order.
- 2. Press the SET key for two seconds with the instrument set to PV/SV display mode to change the instrument to parameter setting mode.
  - For details on parameter setting mode, see the instruction manual for CB103/CB403/ CB903 (IMCB11-E□).
- 3. Press the SET key to change to the set data lock function display (LCK).
- 4. Press the <R/S key to light brightly the thousands digit on the set value (SV) display unit.



Set data lock function display

5. Press the UP key to change 0 to 1 in the thousands digit.



Set data lock function display

Set value

- 0 : Initialization mode locked
- 1 : Initialization mode unlocked

6. Press the SET key to change to the next parameter. Thus, the data in initialization mode is unlocked.



CT1 input value display

- The parameter to be displayed varies depending on the specification.
- 7. Press the <R/S key while pressing the SET key for two seconds to change the instrument to initialization mode. Thus, the symbol (*Cod*) for selecting the initialize code is displayed first.



CT1 input value display



Initialize code selection display of initialization mode

# 1.2 End of Initialization Mode

- *I.* After each parameter is set, keep pressing the <R/S key for two seconds while pressing the SET key to change the present mode to the PV/SV display mode.
- 2. Press the SET key for two seconds in the PV/SV display mode state to transfer to parameter setting mode.
- 3. Press the SET key to transfer to the set data lock function display (LCK).
- 4. Press the <R/S key to brightly light the thousands digit on the set value (SV) display unit.</li>
  Image: See 4. on P. 1.
- 5. Press the DOWN key to set the numeric value corresponding to the thousands digit to 0 from 1.



Set value

- 0 : Initialization mode locked
- 1 : Initialization mode unlocked

Set data lock function display

6. Press the SET key to transfer to the next parameter. As a result, the Initialization mode lock state setting becomes effective.

PV			
SV		Ĺ	. <u>.</u>
AT	OUT1	DO ALM1	ALM2
എ	<b>≮</b> R/S	$\mathbf{\vee}$	^
$\left\lceil C \right\rceil$			

CT1 input value display

The parameter to be displayed varies depending on the specification.

If the setting is changed, always check all of the set values (SV setting mode, parameter setting mode).

The section in each picture is dimly lit.

# 2.1 Display Flowcharts in Initialization Mode

If the instrument is changed to initialization mode, the symbol (*Cod*) for selecting the initialize code is displayed first. Initializing items are classified into 3 initialize code groups in initialization mode.

There are parameters which are not displayed depending on the specification.



# 2.2 Procedure for Setting Each Parameter

#### [Example of changing the setting]

When the display unit shows SL1 (Input type selection) in initialize code 0, the following procedure is for changing the input type from K to J.

- The section in each picture is dimly lit.
- 1. Change the instrument to the initialize code selection display.
- See 1.1 Transfer to Initialization Mode on page 1.



Initialize code selection display

2. As *SL1* belongs to the group of initialize code 0, do not change the initialize code (the units digit) but press the SET key to change to *SL1*.



Initialize code selection display



Input type selection

	Set value	Input type
	0 0 0 0	К
sv [] [] [] [] [	<del>0 0 0</del> 1	J
AT OUT1 DO ALM1 ALM2	0  0  1  0	L
Input type selection		

3. Press the UP key to enter *l* in the units digit of the set value (SV) display unit.

4. Press the SET key to change to the next parameter. Thus, the set value is registered.



Engineering unit selection

- If the initialize code is set to *1* or *2*, enter *1* or *2* in the units digits of the set value (SV) display unit by pressing UP or DOWN key.
- If the set value corresponds to any digit other than the units digit, press the shift key to move the brightly lit digit. The brightly lit digit moves as follows every time the shift key is pressed.

# 2.3 List of Parameters in Initialize Code 0 (Cod = 0)

#### (1) SL1 (Input type selection)

Conduct the setting so that it matches the instrument specification (input type). If the setting is changed, always check all of the set values (SV setting mode, parameter setting mode).

Set value	Input type	
0 0 0 0	K	
0 0 0 1	J	
0 0 1 0	L	
0 0 1 1	Е	
0 1 0 0	N	
0 1 1 1	R	TC input *1
1 0 0 0	S	
1 0 0 1	В	
1 0 1 0	W5Re/W26Re	
1 0 1 1	PL II	
0 1 0 1	Т	
0 1 1 0	U	
1 1 0 0	Pt100 $\Omega$ (JIS/IEC)	RTD input *1
1 1 0 1	JPt100 Ω (JIS)	
1 1 1 0	0 to 5 V DC	
1 1 1 0	0 to 10 V DC *2	Voltage input *1
1 1 1 1	1 to 5 V DC	
1 1 1 0	0 to 20 mA DC	Current input *1, *3
1 1 1 1	4 to 20 mA DC	

Factory set value varies depending on the input type.

\*1 No input type (TC/RTD input to voltage/current input or voltage/current input to TC/RTD input) cannot be changed.

\*2 For the 0 to 10 V DC (Z-1010 specification), the input type cannot be changed as the hardware differs.

\*3 For the current input specification, a resistor of 250  $\Omega$  must be connected between the input terminals.

#### (2) SL2 (Engineering unit selection)

The tens, hundreds and thousands digits are not used. As malfunction may result, do not change these digits.

<b>F</b> ( )	1 .	1 1.		•	·
Factory set	value varies	depending	on the 1	instrument	specification
r actory set	raide railes	aepenamg			speetineation.

Set value			e	Description
			0	°C
			1	°F
0	0	0		000□ Fixed

# (3) SL3 (Heater break alarm [HBA], control loop break alarm [LBA], special specification, or control loop break alarm [LBA] output selection )

- Cannot be used the heater break alarm (HBA) for the following instruments.
  - Instrument without the alarm 2 (ALM2) output.
  - Instrument of the process alarm, deviation alarm, band alarm, SV alarm or control loop break alarm (LBA) is used as the alarm 2 (ALM2).
  - Instrument whose control output is the current output type.
- Cannot be used the control loop break alarm (LBA) for the following instruments.
  - Instrument without both the alarm 1 (ALM1) output and the alarm 2 (ALM2) output.
  - Instrument of the process alarm, deviation alarm or band alarm is used as the alarm 1 (ALM1).
  - Instrument of the process alarm, deviation alarm, band alarm or heater break alarm (HBA) is used as the alarm 2 (ALM2).

Cannot be output the control loop break alarm (LBA) from the alarm 1 (ALM1) for the following instruments.

- Instrument without the alarm 1 (ALM1) output.
- Instrument of the process alarm, deviation alarm, band alarm or SV alarm is used as the alarm 1 (ALM1).

Cannot be output the control loop break alarm (LBA) from the alarm 2 (ALM2) for the following instruments.

- Instrument without the alarm 2 (ALM2) output.
- Instrument of the process alarm, deviation alarm, band alarm, SV alarm or heater break alarm (HBA) is used as the alarm 2 (ALM2).
- Instrument with the Z-168 specification.

0,	Set v	/alu	е	Description	
			0	Heater break alarm (HBA) not provided	Heater break alarm (HBA)
			1	Heater break alarm (HBA) provided *1	selection
		0		Control loop break alarm (LBA) not provided	Control loop break alarm (LBA)
		1		Control loop break alarm (LBA) provided	selection
	0			Z-132 specification not provided *2	Special specification selection
	1			Z-132 specification provided *3	
0				LBA is output from first alarm	Selection of control loop break
1				LBA is output from second alarm	alarm (LBA) output terminals

Factory set value varies depending on the instrument specification.

\*1 When be shipped with "heater break alarm (HBA) provided," "Z-132 specification provided" is set.

\*2 Normal HBA action.

\*3 If heater break or welding continues for more than 3 seconds, a heater break alarm (HBA) will occur.

#### (4) SL4 (Alarm 1 [ALM1] type selection, hold action selection)

The following instrument is set to 0000.

- Instrument without the alarm 1 (ALM1) output.
- Instrument of the SV alarm or control loop break alarm (LBA) is used as the alarm 1 (ALM1).

Factory set value varies depending on the instrument specification.

95	Set v	/alu	e	D	escription
	0	0	0	Alarm 1 (ALM1) not provided	
	0	0	1	Deviation high alarm	
	0	1	0	Deviation high/low alarm	
	0	1	1	Process high alarm	Alarm 1 (ALM1) type selection
	1	0	1	Deviation low alarm	
	1	1	0	Band alarm	
	1	1	1	Process low alarm	
0				Without alarm hold action	Alarm 1 (ALM1) hold action selection
1				With alarm hold action	

#### (5) SL5 (Alarm 2 [ALM2] type selection, hold action selection)

The following instrument is set to 0000.

- Instrument without the alarm 2 (ALM2) output.
- Instrument of the SV alarm, heater break alarm (HBA) or control loop break alarm (LBA) is used as the alarm 2 (ALM2).
- Instrument with the Z-168 specification.

Factory set value	varies dependi	ing on the	instrument	specification.
,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0		

Set value			е	Description					
	0	0	0	Alarm 2 (ALM2) not provided					
	0	0	1	Deviation high alarm					
	0	1	0	Deviation high/low alarm					
	0	1	1	Process high alarm	Alarm 2 (ALM2) type selection				
	1	0	1	Deviation low alarm					
	1	1	0	Band alarm					
	1	1	1	Process low alarm					
0				Without alarm hold action	Alarm 2 (ALM2) hold action selection				
1				With alarm hold action					

#### (6) SL6 (Direct/reverse action selection, control output type selection)

- Conduct setting so as to meet the instrument specification. An incorrect setting may cause a malfunction.
- The tens and thousands digits are not used. As malfunction may result, do not change these digits.

Factory set value varies depending on the instrument specification.

S	Set value Description					
			0	Direct action (D type) *1	1	Direct/reverse action
			1	Reverse action (F type) *2	2	selection
	0			Time proportioning output (M, V, G, T output) *3	3	Control output type
	1			Continuous output (Current output : 4 to 20 mA DC)		selection
0		0		0□0□ Fixed		

\*1 D type: PID action with autotuning (Direct action)

\*2 F type: PID action with autotuning (Reverse action)

\*3 M output: Relay contact output V output: Voltage pulse output Triac output: Triac output Triac output

#### (7) SL7 (Energized/de-energized selection, special specification selection 1)

The following instrument is set to 0000. Instrument without both the alarm 1 (ALM1) output and the alarm 2 (ALM2) output.

Set value			е	Description				
			0	First alarm energized alarm	First alarm energized/			
			1	First alarm de-energized alarm	de-energized alarm selection			
		0		Alarm 2 energized alarm	Alarm 2 energized/			
		1		Alarm 2 de-energized alarm	de-energized alarm selection			
	0			Alarm 1 Z-124 specification not provided *1	Alarm 1 special			
	1			Alarm 1 Z-124 specification provided *2	specification selection			
0				Alarm 2 Z-124 specification not provided *1	Alarm 2 special			
1				Alarm 2 Z-124 specification provided *2	specification selection			

Factory set value varies depending on the instrument specification.

\*1 The alarm output is forcibly turned on when the burnout function is activated.

\*2 No alarm action is taken by the burnout function. (Same as the normal alarm action.)

#### (8) SL8 (Special specification selection 2)

The units, hundreds and thousands digits are not used. As malfunction may result, do not change these digits.

Set value			е	Description			
		0		Z-185 specification not provided	*1	Special specification selection	
		1		Z-185 specification provided	*2		
0	0		0	00□0 Fixed			

Factory set value varies depending on the instrument specification.

\*1 Normal control in the direct or reverse action is performed even if the burnout function is activated or not.

\*2 The control output is forcibly turned off when the burnout function is activated.

#### (9) SL9 (Special specification selection 3)

Any item set in the Z-168 specification has priority over that set in SL3 (heater break alarm selection).

The hundreds and thousands digits are not used. As malfunction may result, do not change these digits.

Set value			е	Description		
			0	Z-168 specification not provided	Z-168 specification not provided *1	
			1	Z-168 specification provided	*2	
		0		Z-1018 specification not provided		Display selection when operation
		1		Z-1018 specification provided	*3	stops (STOP).
0	0			00  Fixed		

Factory set value varies depending on the instrument specification.

\*1 It becomes the item set in SL3 (heater break alarm selection).

\*2 Heater break alarm for three-phase heater.

\*3 When operation is changed to the STOP state by RUN/STOP selection, a parameter symbol to indicate the STOP state is displayed on the SV display unit.

#### (10) SL10 (Option selection)

The tens and hundreds digits are not used. As malfunction may result, do not change these digits.

Factory set value varies depending on the instrument specification.

Set value			е	Description		
			0	RUN/STOP function not provided	RUN/STOP function selection	
			1	RUN/STOP function provided		
	0	0		□00□ Fixed		
0				Self-tuning not provided	Self-tuning function selection	
1				Self-tuning provided		

#### (11) SL11 (SV alarm type selection)

The following instrument always set it to 0: Alarm 1, SV alarm not provided.

- Instrument without the alarm 1 (ALM1) output.
- Instrument of the process alarm, deviation alarm, band alarm or control loop break alarm (LBA) is used as the alarm 1 (ALM1).
- The following instrument always set it to 0: Alarm 2, SV alarm not provided.
  - Instrument without the alarm 2 (ALM2) output.
  - Instrument of the process alarm, deviation alarm, band alarm, heater break alarm (HBA) or control loop break alarm (LBA) is used as the alarm 2 (ALM2).
  - Instrument with the Z-168 specification.
  - The following conditions must be satisfied in order to effectuate SV alarm.
    - SL4 (Alarm 1 [ALM1] type selection, hold action selection) should be set to 0000. The content of the SL4 setting has priority over that of the SL11 setting.
    - SL5 (Alarm 2 [ALM2] type selection, hold action selection) should be set to 0000. The content of the SL5 setting has priority over that of the SL11 setting.

Set value			е	Description		
	0		0	Alarm 1, SV alarm not provided	Alarm 1, SV alarm selection	
	1		1	Alarm 1, SV alarm provided		
		0		Alarm 1, SV high alarm	Alarm 1, SV alarm type selection	
		1		Alarm 1, SV low alarm		
	0			Alarm 2, SV alarm not provided	Alarm 2, SV alarm selection	
	1			Alarm 2, SV alarm provided		
0				Alarm 2, SV high alarm	Alarm 2, SV alarm type selection	
1				Alarm 2, SV low alarm		

#### Factory set value varies depending on the instrument specification.

 $\square$ 

#### (12) SL12 (Auxiliary output selection)

The auxiliary output can not be used following instruments.

Instrument of the control output type is Trigger output for triac driving.

The hundreds digits is not used. As malfunction may result, do not change this digit.

				,, ,		
Set value				Description		
	0 0		0	Auxiliary output not provided	Auxiliary output selection	
	0 1		1	Alarm 3(ALM3)		
	1 0		0	Analog output		
		1	1	RUN/STOP state output		
	0			□0□□ Fixed		
0				Output relay ON at RUN state (Close)	Output direction at RUN/STOP state	
1				Output relay ON at STOP state (Close)		

Factory set value varies depending on the instrument specification.

#### (13) SL13 (Alarm 3 [ALM3] type selection, hold action selection)

The following instrument is set to 0000. Instrument of the alarm 3 (ALM3) is not selected in SL12 (Auxiliary output selection).

ŝ	Set value			Description		
	0	0	0	Alarm 3 (ALM3) not provided		
	0	0	1	Deviation high alarm		
	0	1	0	Deviation high/low alarm		
	0	1	1	Process high alarm	Alarm 3 (ALM3) type selection	
	1	0	1	Deviation low alarm		
	1	1	0	Band alarm		
	1	1	1	Process low alarm		
0				Without alarm hold action	Alarm 3 (ALM3) hold action selection	
1				With alarm hold action		

#### Factory set value varies depending on the instrument specification.

#### (14) SL14 (Alarm 3 [ALM3] special specification selection)

The following instrument is set to 0000.

Instrument of the alarm 3 (ALM3) are not selected in SL12 (Auxiliary output selection).

The tens and thousands digits are not used. As malfunction may result, do not change these digit.

Factory set value varies depending on the instrument specification.

Set value			е	Description		
			0	Alarm 3 energized alarm	Alarm 3 energized/	
			1	Alarm 3 de-energized alarm	de-energized alarm selection	
	0			Alarm 3 Z-124 specification not provided	Alarm 3 special	
	1			Alarm 3 Z-124 specification provided	specification selection	
0		0		0□0□ Fixed		

\*1 The alarm output is forcibly turned on when the burnout function is activated.

\*2 No alarm action is taken by the burnout function. (Same as the normal alarm action.)

#### (15) SL15 (Contact input selection)

The hundreds digits is not used. As malfunction may result, do not change this digit.

Set value			е	Description		
			0	Contact input not provided	Contact input selection	
			1	Contact input provided		
		0		RUN/STOP	Contact input type selection	
		1		STEP (Contact open : SV1 Contact close : SV2)		
	0			□0□□ Fixed		
0				Contact close : RUN Contact open : STOP	Action selection at change	
1				Contact close : STOP Contact open : RUN	the contact input	

#### Factory set value varies depending on the instrument specification.

# 2.4 List of Parameters in Initialize Code 1 (Cod = 1)

#### (1) SLH (Setting limiter [high limit])

Set the limiter by referring to **Input range table** (P.17).

#### Setting method

Press the <R/S key to move the digit, then enter the high limit of the set value (SV) by pressing the UP or DOWN key. The set value (SV) display unit shows the numeric value.

	Input type	Setting range	
	К		SLL to 1372 °C (SLL to 2502 °F)
	J		SLL to 1200 °C (SLL to 2192 °F)
	R		SLL to 1769 °C (SLL to 3216 °F)
	S		SLL to 1769 °C (SLL to 3216 °F)
	В		SLL to 1820 °C (SLL to 3308 °F)
Thermocouple	Е		SLL to 1000 °C (SLL to 1832 °F)
input (TC)	Ν		SLL to 1300 °C (SLL to 2372 °F)
	Т		SLL to 400.0 °C (SLL to 752.0 °F)
	W5Re/W26Re		SLL to 2320 °C (SLL to 4208 °F)
	PL II		SLL to 1390 °C (SLL to 2534 °F)
	U		SLL to 600.0 °C (SLL to 999.9 °F)
	L		SLL to 900 °C (SLL to 1652 °F)
RTD input	Pt100 Ω (JIS/IEC)	*1	SLL to 649.0 °C (SLL to 999.9 °F)
	JPt100 Q (JIS)		SLL to 649.0 °C (SLL to 999.9 °F)
Voltage input	0 to 5 V DC		SLL to 9999
	0 to 10 V DC	*2	(programmable scale)
	1 to 5 V DC		
Current input	0 to 20 mA DC	*3	SLL to 9999
	4 to 20 mA DC	*3	(programmable scale)

Factory set value varies depending on the instrument specification.

SLL : Setting limiter [low limit]

\*1 IEC (International Electrotechnical Commission) is equivalent to JIS, DIN and ANSI.

\*2 For the 0 to 10 V DC (Z-1010 specification), the input type cannot be changed as the hardware differs.

\*3 For the current input specification, a resistor of 250  $\Omega$  must be connected between the input terminals.

#### (2) SLL (Setting limiter [low limit])

Set the limiter by referring to **Input range table** (P.17).

#### Setting method

Press the <R/S key to move the digit, then enter the high limit of the set value (SV) by pressing the UP or DOWN key. The set value (SV) display unit shows the numeric value.

	Input type		Setting range
	K		0 to SLH °C (0 to SLH °F)
	J		0 to SLH °C (0 to SLH °F)
	R		0 to SLH °C (0 to SLH °F)
	S		0 to SLH °C (0 to SLH °F)
	В		0 to SLH °C (0 to SLH °F)
Thermocouple	Е		0 to SLH °C (0 to SLH °F)
input (TC)	Ν		0 to SLH °C (0 to SLH °F)
	Т		-199.9 to SLH °C (-199.9 to SLH °F)
	W5Re/W26Re		0 to SLH °C (0 to SLH °F)
	PL II		0 to SLH °C (0 to SLH °F)
	U		-199.9 to SLH °C (-199.9 to SLH °F)
	L		0 to SLH °C (0 to SLH °F)
RTD input	Pt100 Ω (JIS/IEC)	*1	-199.9 to SLH °C (-199.9 to SLH °F)
	JPt100 Q (JIS)		-199.9 to SLH °C (-199.9 to SLH °F)
Voltage input	0 to 5 V DC		-1999 to SLH
	0 to 10 V DC	*2	(programmable scale)
	1 to 5 V DC		
Current input	0 to 20 mA DC	*3	-1999 to SLH
	4 to 20 mA DC	*3	(programmable scale)

Factory set value varies depending on the instrument specification.

SLH : Setting limiter [high limit]

\*1 IEC (International Electrotechnical Commission) is equivalent to JIS, DIN and ANSI.

\*2 For the 0 to 10 V DC (Z-1010 specification), the input type cannot be changed as the hardware differs.

\*3 For the current input specification, a resistor of 250  $\Omega$  must be connected between the input terminals.

## ■ Input range table

## Thermocouple input (TC)

Туре	Input range		Туре	Input range	
K	0 to 200 °C		В	400 to 1800 °C	
K	0 to 400 °C		В	0 to 1820 °C	*1
K	0 to 600 °C		В	800 to 3200 °F	
K	0 to 800 °C		В	0 to 3308 °F	*1
К	0 to 1000 °C		Е	0 to 800 °C	
K	0 to 1200 °C		Е	0 to 1000 °C	
K	0 to 1372 °C		Е	0 to 1600 °F	
K	0 to 100 °C		Е	0 to 1832 °F	
K	0 to 300 °C		Ν	0 to 1200 °C	
K	0 to 450 °C		Ν	0 to 1300 °C	
K	0 to 500 °C		Ν	0 to 2300 °F	
K	0 to 800 °F		Ν	0 to 2372 °F	
K	0 to 1600 °F		Т	-199.9 to +400.0 °C	*2
K	0 to 2502 °F		Т	−199.9 to +100.0 °C	*2
K	20 to 70 °F		Т	-100.0 to +200.0 °C	
J	0 to 200 °C		Т	0.0 to 350.0 °C	
J	0 to 400 °C		Т	-199.9 to +752.0 °F	*2
J	0 to 600 °C		Т	-100.0 to +200.0 °F	
J	0 to 800 °C		Т	-100.0 to +400.0 °F	
J	0 to 1000 °C		Т	0.0 to 450.0 °F	
J	0 to 1200 °C		Т	0.0 to 752.0 °F	
J	0 to 450 °C		W5Re/W26Re	0 to 2000 °C	
J	0 to 800 °F		W5Re/W26Re	0 to 2320 °C	
J	0 to 1600 °F		W5Re/W26Re	0 to 4000 °F	
J	0 to 2192 °F		PL II	0 to 1300 °C	
J	0 to 400 °F		PL II	0 to 1390 °C	
J	0 to 300 °F		PL II	0 to 1200 °C	
R	0 to 1600 °C	*1	PL II	0 to 2400 °F	
R	0 to 1769 °C	*1	PL II	0 to 2534 °F	
R	0 to 1350 °C	*1	U	−199.9 to +600.0 °C	*2
R	0 to 3200 °F	*1	U	−199.9 to +100.0 °C	*2
R	0 to 3216 °F	*1	U	0.0 to 400.0 °C	
S	0 to 1600 °C	*1	U	-199.9 to +999.9 °F	*2
S	0 to 1769 °C	*1	U	-100.0 to +200.0°F	
S	0 to 3200 °F	*1	U	0.0 to 999.9 °F	
S	0 to 3216 °F	*1	Continue	d on the next page.	

Туре	Input range
L	0 to 400 °C
L	0 to 800 °C
L	0 to 800 °F
L	0 to 1600 °F

\*1 0 to 399 °C/0 to 799 °F: Accuracy is not guaranteed.

\*2 -199.9 to -100.0 °C/-199.9 to -158.0 °F: Accuracy is not guaranteed.

#### **RTD** input

Туре	Input range
Pt100 (JIS/IEC)	-199.9 to +649.0 °C
Pt100 (JIS/IEC)	-199.9 to +200.0 °C
Pt100 (JIS/IEC)	-100.0 to +50.0 °C
Pt100 (JIS/IEC)	-100.0 to +100.0 °C
Pt100 (JIS/IEC)	-100.0 to +200.0 °C
Pt100 (JIS/IEC)	0.0 to 50.0 °C
Pt100 (JIS/IEC)	0.0 to 100.0 °C
Pt100 (JIS/IEC)	0.0 to 200.0 °C
Pt100 (JIS/IEC)	0.0 to 300.0 °C
Pt100 (JIS/IEC)	0.0 to 500.0 °C
Pt100 (JIS/IEC)	-199.9 to +999.9 °F
Pt100 (JIS/IEC)	-199.9 to +400.0 °F
Pt100 (JIS/IEC)	-199.9 to +200.0 °F
Pt100 (JIS/IEC)	-100.0 to +100.0 °F
Pt100 (JIS/IEC)	-100.0 to +300.0 °F
Pt100 (JIS/IEC)	0.0 to 100.0 °F
Pt100 (JIS/IEC)	0.0 to 200.0 °F
Pt100 (JIS/IEC)	0.0 to 400.0 °F
Pt100 (JIS/IEC)	0.0 to 500.0 °F
JPt100 (JIS)	-199.9 to +649.0 °C
JPt100 (JIS)	-199.9 to +200.0 °C
JPt100 (JIS)	−100.0 to +50.0 °C
JPt100 (JIS)	-100.0 to +100.0 °C
JPt100 (JIS)	-100.0 to +200.0 °C
JPt100 (JIS)	0.0 to 50.0 °C
JPt100 (JIS)	0.0 to 100.0 °C
JPt100 (JIS)	0.0 to 200.0 °C
JPt100 (JIS)	0.0 to 300.0 °C
JPt100 (JIS)	0.0 to 500.0 °C

#### Voltage input

Туре	Input range
0 to 5 V DC	0.0 to 100.0 %
0 to 10 V DC *	
1 to 5 V DC	

\* For the 0 to 10 V DC (Z-1010 specification), the input type cannot be changed as the hardware differs.

#### **Current input**

Туре	Input range
0 to 20 mA DC	0.0 to 100.0 %
4 to 20 mA DC	

For the current input specification, a resistor of 250  $\Omega$  must be connected between the input terminals.

#### (3) PGdP (Decimal point position setting)

The decimal point position setting is displayed only for voltage or current input.

Factory set value: 0001

Set value		е	Description		
			0	No digit below decimal point	Decimal point position setting
			1	1 digit below decimal point	
			2	2 digit below decimal point	
			3	3 digit below decimal point	
0	0	0		000□ Fixed	

#### (4) oH (ON/OFF action differential gap setting)

#### Setting range

TC and RTD inputs : 0 to 100 °C [°F] or 0.0 to 100.0 °C [°F] Voltage and current inputs : 0.0 to 10.0 % of span

#### Factory set value

TC and RTD inputs : 2 °C [°F] or 2.0 °C [°F] Voltage and current inputs : 0.2 %

#### (5) AH1 (Alarm 1 [ALM1] differential gap setting)

Not displayed when there is no alarm 1 (ALM1).

#### Setting range

TC and RTD inputs : 0 to 100 °C [°F] or 0.0 to 100.0 °C [°F] Voltage and current inputs : 0.0 to 10.0 % of span

Factory set value

TC and RTD inputs : 2 °C [°F] or 2.0 °C [°F] Voltage and current inputs : 0.2 %

#### (6) AH2 (Alarm 2 [ALM2] differential gap setting) \*

Not displayed when there is no alarm 2 (ALM2).

#### Setting range

TC and RTD inputs : 0 to 100 °C [°F] or 0.0 to 100.0 °C [°F] Voltage and current inputs : 0.0 to 10.0 % of span

#### Factory set value

TC and RTD inputs :2 °C [°F] or 2.0 °C [°F]Voltage and current inputs :0.2 %

#### (7) AH3 (Alarm 3 [ALM3] differential gap setting)

Not displayed when the alarm 3 (ALM3) are not selected in SL12 (Auxiliary output selection).

#### Setting range

TC and RTD inputs : 0 to 100 °C [°F] or 0.0 to 100.0 °C [°F] Voltage and current inputs : 0.0 to 10.0 % of span

Factory set value

TC and RTD inputs : 2 °C [°F] or 2.0 °C [°F] Voltage and current inputs : 0.2 %

#### (8) CTr (CT ratio setting)

Set the number of times that a wire is wound on to the hole of a CT.

Not displayed when there is no heater break alarm (HBA).

Setting range :	0 to 9999	
Factory set value :	CTL-6-P-N :	800
	CTL-12-S56-10L-N :	1000

#### (9) dF (Digital filter setting)

Setting range :0 to 100 sec (If 0 is set, the PV digital filter is turned off.)Factory set value :1 sec

#### (10) STTM (Time factor assumed to be safe) \*

As this factor is so adjusted that the self-tuning result optimum to most controlled-objects is obtained, do not change it.

This is the factor to adjust the reference time of establishing the stabilized state of a measured value. The larger the set value, the longer the time until the measured value is stabilized.

Setting range : 0 to 200 Factory set value : 100

\* Displayed when the self-tuning is provided.

#### (11) STPK (Factor to calculate proportional band) \*



As this factor is so adjusted that the self-tuning result optimum to most controlled-objects is obtained, do not change it.

This is the factor to adjust the proportional band to be calculated by the self-tuning function. The larger the set value, the larger the proportional band thus calculated.

Setting range :0 to 200Factory set value :67

\* Displayed when the self-tuning is provided.

#### (12) STIK (Factor to calculate integral time) \*



As this factor is so adjusted that the self-tuning result optimum to most controlled-objects is obtained, do not change it.

Displayed when the self-tuning is provided.

This is the factor to adjust the integral and derivative times to be calculated by the self-tuning function. The larger the set value, the larger the integral and derivative times thus calculated.

Setting range : 0 to 200 Factory set value : 16

# 2.5 List of Parameters in Initialize Code 2 (Cod = 2)

Parameters in initialize code 2 are only displayed.

#### (1) TCJ (Holding peak ambient temperature)

The maximum ambient temperature on the rear terminal board of the instrument is stored and displayed on the set value (SV) display unit. Displayed when input type is TC input.

**Display range**: -10 to +100 °C **Display resolution**: 1 °C

#### (2) WTH (Operating time [upper digits])

The integrated value (upper 2 digits) of power on time is shown on the set value (SV) display unit. If the total operating time exceeds 100,000 hours, the integrated operating time is reset.

**Display range**: 0 to 10 (Operating time from 0 to 100000 hours can be displayed for both the upper and lower digits.)

**Display resolution**: 10,000 hours

#### (3) WTL (Operating time [lower digits])

The integrated value (lower 4 digits) of power on time is shown on the set value (SV) display unit. If the total operating time exceeds 9,999 hours, these digits move to the operating time display unit [upper digits] (WTH).

Display range:0000 to 9999Display resolution:1 hour

#### Example: When the integrated value of operating time equals to 100,000 hours.

The upper 2 digits of 100,000 hours are shown on the operating time display unit [upper digits] (WTH) and the lower 4 digits are shown on the operating time display unit [lower digits].



Operating time display unit (upper digits)



Operating time display unit (lower digits)



The 1st edition:APR. 1999The 3rd edition:NOV.2001



### **RKC INSTRUMENT INC.**

HEADQUARTERS: 16-6, KUGAHARA 5-CHOME, OHTA-KU TOKYO 146-8515 JAPAN PHONE: 03-3751-9799 (+81 3 3751 9799)

> E-mail: info@rkcinst.co.jp FAX: 03-3751-8585 (+81 3 3751 8585)