Thank you for purchasing this RKC product. In order to achieve maximum performance and ensure proper operation of your new instrument, carefully read all the instructions in this manual. Please place the manual in a convenient location for easy reference.

**SYMBOLS**

- **WARNING**: This mark indicates precautions that must be taken if there is danger of electric shock, fire, etc., which could result in loss of life or injury.
- **CAUTION**: This mark indicates that if these precautions and operating procedures are not taken, damage to the instrument may result.
- **!**: This mark indicates important information on installation, handling and operating procedures.
- **!: This mark indicates supplemental information on installation, handling and operating procedures.
- **!!!**: This mark indicates where additional information may be located.

---

**WARNING**

- To prevent injury to persons, damage to instrument and equipment, a suitable external protection device shall be required.
- All wiring must be completed before power is turned on to prevent electric shock, fire or damage to instrument and equipment.
- This instrument must be used in accordance with the specifications to prevent fire or damage to instrument and equipment.
- This instrument is not intended for use in locations subject to flammable or explosive gases.
- Do not touch high-voltage connections such as power supply terminals, etc. to avoid electric shock.
- RKC is not responsible if this instrument is repaired, modified or disassembled by other than factory-approved personnel. Malfunction can occur and warranty is void under these conditions.

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**CAUTION**

- This product is intended for use with industrial machines, test and measuring equipment. (It is not designed for use with medical equipment and nuclear energy.)
- This is a Class A instrument. In a domestic environment, this instrument may cause radio interference, in which case the user may be required to take additional measures.
- This instrument is protected from electric shock by reinforced insulation. Provide reinforced insulation between the wire for the input signal and the wires for instrument power supply, source of power and loads.
- Be sure to provide an appropriate surge control circuit respectively for the following:
  - If input/output or signal lines within the building are longer than 30 meters.
  - If input/output or signal lines leave the building, regardless the length.
- This instrument is designed for installation in an enclosed instrumentation panel. All high-voltage connections such as power supply terminals must be enclosed in the instrumentation panel to avoid electric shock by operating personnel.
- All precautions described in this manual should be taken to avoid damage to the instrument or equipment.
- All wiring must be in accordance with local codes and regulations.
- All wiring must be completed before power is turned on to prevent electric shock, instrument failure, or incorrect action. The power must be turned off before repairing work for input break and output failure including replacement of sensor, contactor or SSR, and all wiring must be completed before power is turned on again.
- To prevent instrument damage as a result of failure, protect the power line and the input/output lines from high currents with a suitable overcurrent protection device with adequate breaking capacity such as fuse, circuit breaker, etc.
- Prevent metal fragments or lead wire scraps from falling inside instrument case to avoid electric shock, fire or malfunction.
- Tighten each terminal screw to the specified torque found in the manual to avoid electric shock, fire or malfunction.
- For proper operation of this instrument, provide adequate ventilation for heat dispersion.
- Do not connect wires to unused terminals as this will interfere with proper operation of the instrument.
- Turn off the power supply before cleaning the instrument.
- Do not use a volatile solvent such as paint thinner to clean the instrument. Deformation or discoloration will occur. Use a soft, dry cloth to remove stains from the instrument.
- To avoid damage to instrument display, do not rub with an abrasive material or push front panel with a hard object.
- When high alarm with hold action/re-hold action is used for Event function, alarm does not turn on while hold action is in operation. Take measures to prevent overheating which may occur if the control device fails.

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**NOTICE**

- This manual assumes that the reader has a fundamental knowledge of the principles of electricity, process control, computer technology and communications.
- The figures, diagrams and numeric values used in this manual are only for purpose of illustration.
- RKC is not responsible for any damage or injury that is caused as a result of using this instrument, instrument failure or indirect damage.
- RKC is not responsible for any damage and/or injury resulting from the use of instruments made by imitating this instrument.
- Periodic maintenance is required for safe and proper operation of this instrument. Some components have a limited service life, or characteristics that change over time.
- Every effort has been made to ensure accuracy of all information contained herein. RKC makes no warranty expressed or implied, with respect to the accuracy of the information. The information in this manual is subject to change without prior notice.
- No portion of this document may be reprinted, modified, copied, transmitted, digitized, stored, processed or retrieved through any mechanical, electronic, optical or other means without prior written approval from RKC.
1. OUTLINE

Two [extension types] of temperature control (TIO) modules are available: the V-TIO-B for heat control and the V-TIO-D for Heat/Cool control. As the temperature control (TIO) module [extension type] is not provide with power supply and host communication terminals, communication with the host computer is always made with this module connected to the temperature control (TIO) module [basic type]. In addition, one digital input (DI) point and two digital output (DO) points can be optionally added.

All data are set by communication. For details, refer to the Module Type Controller SRV Communication Instruction Manual (IMS01P01-ED).

2. PRODUCT CHECK

Before using this product, check each of the following:
- Model code
- Check that all of the accessories delivered are complete.
- Check that there are no scratch or breakage in external appearance (case, front panel, or terminal, etc.).

V-TIO– □ □ □□□ – □ □ □□□ – □ □ □□□ – □ □ □□□ – □ □ □□□ – □ □ □□□ – □ □ □□□ – □ □ □□□ / Y
(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (13)

(1) Type
- B: Extension type, Heat control
- D: Extension type, Heat/Cool control

(2) Control action
For Heat control
- F: PID action with autotuning (AT) (reverse action)
- D: PID action with autotuning (AT) (direct action)

For Heat/Cool control
- W: Heat/Cool PID action with autotuning (AT) (air cooling)
- B: Heat/Cool PID action with autotuning (AT) (air cooling)
- H: Heat/Cool PID action with autotuning (AT) (water cooling)

(3) Input range (Each channel common code)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>K</td>
<td>K02</td>
<td>0 to 400 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K04</td>
<td>0 to 800 °C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K16</td>
<td>−200 to +1372 °C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K09</td>
<td>0 to 400.0 °C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K35</td>
<td>−200.0 to +400.0 °C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J</td>
<td>J02</td>
<td>0 to 400 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J04</td>
<td>0 to 800 °C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J15</td>
<td>−200 to +1200 °C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J09</td>
<td>0 to 400.0 °C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J27</td>
<td>−200.0 to +400.0 °C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T</td>
<td>T08</td>
<td>0 to 400 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T09</td>
<td>0 to 200 °C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T16</td>
<td>−200 to +400 °C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T06</td>
<td>0 to 400.0 °C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T19</td>
<td>−200.0 to +400.0 °C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>E01</td>
<td>0 to 800 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E02</td>
<td>0 to 1000 °C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S</td>
<td>S05</td>
<td>0 to 1768 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R</td>
<td>R06</td>
<td>0 to 1768 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N</td>
<td>N02</td>
<td>0 to 1300 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>B03</td>
<td>0 to 1800 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PLII</td>
<td>A02</td>
<td>0 to 1390 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRSe</td>
<td>0 to 2300 °C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

|RND input|

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pt100</td>
<td>D17</td>
<td>0 to 400 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D33</td>
<td>0 to 850 °C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D16</td>
<td>0 to 400.0 °C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D28</td>
<td>−200.0 to +400.0 °C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JP100</td>
<td>P17</td>
<td>0 to 400 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P23</td>
<td>0 to 600 °C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P16</td>
<td>0 to 400.0 °C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P28</td>
<td>−200.0 to +400.0 °C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Voltage/Current input|

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Voltage</td>
<td>201</td>
<td>0 to 100 mV DC</td>
<td>401</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>501</td>
<td>0 to 10 V DC</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>801</td>
<td>0 to 5 V DC</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current</td>
<td>701</td>
<td>0 to 20 mA DC</td>
<td>801</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(4) Control output (CH1), (5) Control output (CH2)
M: Relay contact output
V: Voltage pulse output 0/12 V DC
4: 0 to 5 V DC
5: 0 to 10 V DC
6: 1 to 5 V DC
7: 0 to 20 mA DC
8: 4 to 20 mA DC

(6) Event input (DI) [Optional]
N: None
1: Control RUN/STOP
2: Event interlock release

(7) (8) Event output 1 (DO1) [Optional] *
(9) (10) Event output 2 (DO2) [Optional] *

(11) CT type (Each channel common code)
P: CTL-6-P-N
S: CTL-12-S56-10L-N

(12) Communication function
5: RKC communication (RS-485)
6: Modbus (RS-485)

(13) Version symbol
No code: For Japanese domestic market
/Y: For International market

* When "N" is selected in (7) or (8), (9) or (10) becomes "N."

- For Heat/Cool PID control (V-TIO-D), Input channel 2 becomes unused.
- For Heat/Cool PID control (V-TIO-D), Control output 1 corresponds to the heating output and Control output 2 corresponds to the cooling output.
- Heater break alarm (HBA) function cannot be used when control output is Voltage/Current output.
- Control loop break alarm (LBA) function cannot be used when control type is Heat/Cool PID control (V-TIO-D).

Accessory
V-TIO-BV-TIO-D Instruction Manual (IMS01P03-E7)...

3. PARTS DESCRIPTION

- Terminal cover
- Indication lamps
- Address setting switches
- Event input/output connector
- Terminal cover

FAIL/RUN
When normally: A green lamp turns on (RUN)
When abnormally: A red lamp turns on (FAIL)

RX/TX
During data send and receive: A green lamp turns on

EVENT 1 to 4
Display various states by setting.
During ON state: A green lamp turns on

* Installed when provided with the event input/output (optional).
4. COMMUNICATION SETTING

Set communication setting before mounting and wiring of SRV.

CAUTION

Do not separate the module mainframe from the terminal base with the power turned on. If separated, adjusted data may be destroyed; control be stopped, and no return can be made.

4.1 Module Address Setting

Set an address of module. For this setting, use a small slotted screwdriver.

Address setting switch

- For Modbus, the value obtained by adding “1” to the set address corresponds to the address used for the actual program.
- To avoid problems or malfunction, do not duplicate an address on the same communication line.

The above figure shows when provided with the event input/output connector, but the same also when not provided with the connector.

4.2 Protocol Selections and Communication Speed Setting

Use the DIP switch on the right side of module to select communication speed, data bit configuration and protocol. The data changes become valid when the power is turned on again or when changed to RUN/STOP.

For communication time setting mode, refer to the Module Type Controller SRV Communication Instruction Manual (IMS01P01-E3).

5. MOUNTING

WARNING

To prevent electric shock or instrument failure, always turn off the power before mounting or removing the instrument.

5.1 Mounting Cautions

(1) This instrument is intended to be used under the following environmental conditions. (IEC61010-1) [OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY II, POLLUTION DEGREE 2]

(2) Use this instrument within the following environment conditions:
- Allowable ambient temperature: -10 to +50 °C
- Allowable ambient humidity: 5 to 95 %RH (Absolute humidity: MAX. W. C 29 g/m² dry air at 101.3 kPa)
- Installation environment conditions: Indoor use
  - Altitude up to 2000 m

(3) Avoid the following when selecting the mounting location:
- Rapid changes in ambient temperature, which may cause condensation.
- Corrosive or inflammable gases.
- Direct vibration or shock to the mainframe.
- Water, oil, chemicals, vapor or steam splashes.
- Excessive dust, salt or iron particles.
- Excessive induction noise, static electricity, magnetic fields or noise.
- Direct air flow from an air conditioner.
- Exposure to direct sunlight.
- Excessive heat accumulation.

(4) Mount this instrument in the panel considering the following conditions:
- Provide adequate ventilation space so that heat does not build up.
- Do not mount this instrument directly above equipment that generates large amount of heat (heaters, transformers, semi-conductor functional devices, large-wattage resistors.)
- If the ambient temperature rises above 50 °C, cool this instrument with a forced air fan, cooler, etc. Cooled air should not blow directly on this instrument.
- In order to improve safety and the immunity to withstand noise, mount this instrument as far away as possible from high voltage equipment, power lines, and rotating machinery.
- High voltage equipment:
  - Do not mount within the same panel.
  - Rotating machinery: Separate as far as possible.
  - Ensure at least 50 mm space on top and bottom of the control unit for maintenance and environmental reasons.

(5) In case this instrument is connected to a supply by means of a permanent connection, a switch or circuit-breaker shall be included in the installation. This shall be in close proximity to the equipment and within easy reach of the operator. It shall be marked as the disconnecting device for the equipment.
5.2 Dimensions

The above figure shows when provided with the event input/output connector, but the same also when not provided with the connector.

- **Depth in connector mounting**
  Conduct installation in consideration of the sizes of the connector and cable when connector-connected.

  [Usage example of SRVP-01]

- **5.3 DIN rail Mounting**

  ■ **Mounting procedures**
  1. Pull down the mounting bracket at the bottom of the module (A). Attach the hooks on the top of the module to the DIN rail and push the lower section into place on the DIN rail (B). (Fig. 1)
  2. Slide the mounting bracket up to secure the module to the DIN rail. (Fig. 2)

- **End Plate mounting**
  Hold tight both ends of the modules jointed together with the end plates attached to the temperature control module [basic type] and then fix the end plates with screws.

- **Removing procedures**
  Pull down a mounting bracket with a slotted screwdriver (A). Lift the module from bottom, and take it off (B).

5.4 Panel Mounting

- **Mounting procedures**
  1. Pull down the mounting bracket (A) until locked and that a mounting hole appears.
  2. Prepare one mounting bracket per module (B) sold separately (KSRX-55) and then insert it in the rear of the terminal board at top of the module until locked but a mounting hole does not disappear.
  3. Mount each module directly on the panel with screws which are inserted in the mounting holes of the top and bottom mounting brackets.

  Recommended tightening torque: 0.3 N-m (3 kgf-cm)

The customer needs to provide the M3 size screws. Select the screw length that matches the mounting panel.

5.5 Jointing Each Module

Up to 31 SRVs consisting of the each module can be jointed together. Joint these modules according to the following procedure.

- **Jointing procedures**
  1. Mount the modules on the DIN rail and then joint these modules together with the joint connector while sliding the relevant module.
  2. Lift each of the joint tabs located at the top and bottom of the module and then insert it in the slot of the adjacent module to fix these two modules.

For panel mounting, first joint each module and then mount it on the panel.
**6. WIRING**

**WARNING**
To prevent electric shock or instrument failure, do not turn on the power until all wiring is completed. Make sure that the wiring is correct before applying power to the instrument.

**6.1 Wiring Cautions**
- For thermocouple input, use the appropriate compensation wire.
- For RTD input, use low resistance lead wire with no difference in resistance between the three lead wires.
- To avoid noise induction, keep input signal wire away from instrument power line, load lines and power lines of other electric equipment.
- Signal connected to Voltage input and Current input shall be low voltage defined as “SELV” circuit per IEC 60950-1.
- Use the solderless terminal appropriate to the screw size.
  - Screw size: M3 x 6
  - Recommended tightening torque: 0.4 N·m [4 kgf·cm]
  - Specified solderless terminals:
    - With isolation
- Make sure that during field wiring parts of conductors can not come into contact with adjacent conductive parts.

**6.2 Terminal Configuration**

**6.3 Pin Layout of Connector**
- When there is the event input/output

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pin No.</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Digital input (DI) (-)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Digital input (DI) (+)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Digital output (DO) 1 (Relay contact output)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Digital output (DO) 2 (Relay contact output)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**6.4 Attention in Connector (plug) Wiring**
- Use the following connector (plug) as that connected to the event input/output connector. Connector (plug) is sold separately.
  - SRVP-01 (Front-screw type)
  - SRVP-02 (Side-screw type)
- The lead wires use the stranded wire.
- Use the stranded wire from size 0.2 to 2.5 mm² (AWG 24-12).
- Stripping length is as follows.
  - SRVP-01: 10 mm
  - SRVP-02: 7 mm
- Recommended tightening torque of the lead wire in the connector (plug): 0.5 to 0.6 N·m (5 to 6 kgf·cm)
  - Screw size: SRVP-01: M2.5
  - SRVP-02: M3
7. SPECIFICATIONS

**Inputs**

- Number of inputs: 2 points
  - Isolated between each channel: Thermocouple input, Voltage (low) input
  - Not isolated between each channel: RTD input, Voltage (high) input, Current input
- Input type:
  - RTD: Pt100 (JIS-C1604-1997), JP100 (JIS-C1604-1989), Pt100 of JIS-C1604-1981
  - Voltage (low): 0 to 100 mV DC
  - Voltage (high): 0 to 5 V DC, 0 to 10 V DC, 1 to 5 V DC
  - Current: 0 to 20 mA DC, 4 to 20 mA DC
  - Input impedance: 250Ω
- Sampling cycle: 500 ms
- PV bias: Input span to +input span
- CT input: 2 points
  - 0.0 to 30.0 A (CTL-6P-N) or 0.0 to 100.0 A (CTL-12-S56-10L-N)

**Outputs**

- Number of outputs: 2 points
  - Isolated between input and output, and between output and power supply
- Output type:
  - Relay contact: 250 V AC, 3 A (Resistive load)
    - 1a contact
    - Electrical life: 300,000 times or more (Rated load)
  - Voltage pulse: 0/12 V DC
  - Load resistance 600 Ω or more
  - Current: 0 to 20 mA DC, 4 to 20 mA DC
  - Load resistance 600 Ω or less
  - Voltage: 0 to 5 V DC, 0 to 10 V DC, 1 to 5 V DC
  - Load resistance 1 kΩ or more

**Control action**

- Number of controls: 2 points
- Control method: Brilliant PID control
- Reverse action or direct action is selectable (Specify when ordering)
- Heat/Cool control is selectable (Specify when ordering)
- Additional function: Autotuning function

**Events**

- Number of events: 2 points/channel
- Event type: Deviation high, Deviation low, Deviation high/low, Band, Process high, Process low, Heater break alarm (HBA), Control loop break alarm (LBA), Burnout, Temperature rise completion

**Optional**

- Event input:
  - Number of inputs: 1 point
  - Input type: Dry contact input
  - Input voltage: 24 V DC (Rated)
  - Input current: Approx. 6 mA
  - Input details: Control RUN/STOP, Event interlock release
  - (Specify when ordering)

- Event output:
  - Number of outputs: 2 points
  - Output type: Relay contact output
    - 250 V AC, 1 A (Resistive load)
    - 1a contact
    - Electrical life: 300,000 times or more (Rated load)
  - Output details: Temperature event, Heater break alarm (HBA), Control loop break alarm (LBA), Burnout, Temperature rise completion
  - (Specify when ordering)

**Communications**

- Communication interface: Based on RS-485, EIA standard
- Communication protocol: RKC communication
  - (ANSI X3.28-1976 subcategories 2.5 and A4) or Modbus
- Connection: Internal bus

**Others**

- Power supply voltage: 21.6 to 26.4 V DC (Including power supply voltage variation)
  - Rating: 24 V DC
  - (The power is supplied from temperature control module [basic type].)
- Current consumption: With event input/output:
  - 120 mA max./module
  - Without event input/output: 90 mA max./module
- Allowable ambient temperature range: -10 to +50°C
- Allowable ambient humidity range: 5 to 95%RH (Non condensing) Absolute humidity: MAX.W.C 29 g/m3 dry air at 101.3 kPa
- Installation environment conditions:
  - Indoor use
  - Altitude up to 2000 m
- Weight: Approx. 180 g
  - Without event input/output: Approx. 170 g

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The first edition: SEP. 2002 [IM000]  
The seventh edition: SEP. 2013 [IM000]