SINGLE LOOP **MCU BASED** DIRECT **DIGITAL CONTROLLERS** 

REX-F7

## LEADING CONTROLLERS WITH HIGH TECHNOLOGY





### **NAMES OF PARTS**

1) PV display (green)

Indicates a measured value.

SV display (orange)

Indicates a setpoint value.

(3) Indicator lamps

(some lamps are not supplied specification)

OUT(1) . . . Lights when output is ON (Heating)

OUT(2) . . . Lights when output is ON (Cooling)

(AT) . . . Lights during PID auto-tuning

STEP ... Step function, lights during "CLOSE"

ALMD ALMO ... Lights when alarm output is ON

(HBA) ... Lights when HBA output is ON (ERR) . . . Lights when self-diagnosis function detects faults

(REM) ... Lights during remote mode

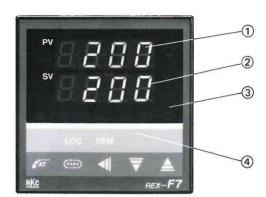
4 Setting key (Flat key)

LOC ... Pressed to enter local mode

RFM ... Pressed to enter remote mode

... Pressed to initiate PID auto-tuning

(PARA) ... Pressed to scroll parameters for setting and monitoring



... Cursor shift key

... Increment key ... Decrement key

For explanation purpose all functions are shown in this figure

### **FEATURES**

#### PID Constants Auto-tuning

The optimum PID constants according to control object are easily settable just at a touch of the AT Key, therefore the PID controller can be used by any people.

#### Heating/Cooling PID Action

The control represented on the extrusion molding, temperature tends to go higher by the heat generation caused by friction etc. In this case, the instrument not only provides good control result but also contributes to energy saving.

#### Heater Break Alarm

The instrument compares the input with the setpoint (SV1 or SV (R)), makes PID calculation, and produces output signal to the load in the form appropriate to each operating units. Thus, the instrument and other units make a closed loop. Failure of signal from any one of them causes improper control. The instrument can incorporate input break alarm and heater break alarm as option to detect faults. The output from the instrument is relay contact output that can be easily used for alarm. (Max. 100A available as option.)

#### Analog output

In addition to the control output, either of manipulated variable (MV), measured value (PV) and local setpoint (SV1), remote setpoint (SV (R)) can be output in DC analog signal form.

#### External Setting

With this function, the setpoint of the instrument can be set or changed by the external DC current or voltage signal. The instrument controls the object to maintain this set value. The external setting signal must be fed constantly. During the external setting mode, auto-tuning function is not available.

The remote setpoint input section is not electrically isolated from the thermocouple input section.

When the setpoint signal is set from one instrument to two or more controllers, an isolator must be used.

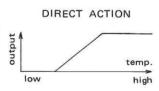
The instrument has the following operation modes and when the mode is changed from one type to the other, the incorporated balanceless bumpless function works to prevent abrupt change in

the process because of setpoint and output change. The balanceless bumpless function can be prohibited in the initial setting mode, if unnecessary.

#### °C/ °F, Direct Action/Reverse Action Selecting

The instrument is also recommendable for the research fields because of °C/°F selection is easy and Direct action/Reverse action is also switchable.

A direct action shown in the right drawing is an action of the output increasing together with the temperature rising. The cooling control is an example of this action.



#### PV Bias

The displayed values on the controller and the recorder may often be different from each other. With this function, the displayed value can be adjusted easily without recalibration of the control-

#### Automatic Calibration

The controller uses no potentiometers for calibration. It only uses digital data which is not affected by secular changes. In addition, the built-in automatic calibration function constantly calibrates the zero point of the preamplifier and the drift of the gain. Thus, compared with the conventional instruments, the new controller provides superb stability without recalibration over a long period.

#### Process Alarm · Deviation Alarm

(please refer to TYPE OF ALARM ACTION)

Either process alarm or deviation alarm can be specified at the time of ordering. (Field reconfigurable)

Process alarm

: Independent of the setpoint value (SV), the alarm output turns ON (or OFF) when the input value reaches the alarm set value

Deviation alarm: The alarm output turns ON (or OFF) when the input value reaches the alarm set value which is set in plus or minus degrees from the set value (SV).

## **TYPE OF ALARM ACTION**

High alarm		OFF	ON		
rigii alailii	Low				High
Low alarm		ON C	OFF		
	Low				High
High/Low	ON	, OFF	· " [	ON	
alarm	Low	# △ SP	# 1		High
Band alarm	OFF	0	N o	OFF	
	Low	S	P		High
PROCESS	ALARM				
CENTRAL DE LA VI		OFF		ON	
High alarm	Low		***		High
High alarm					
High alarm	ON	OFF			

\*Alarm mode is field configurable.

### **SPECIFICATIONS**

#### INPUT

Input

: Thermocouple (T/C), Resistance Temperature Detector (RTD), DC Voltage • Current

(Regarding input types and standard ranges please refer to the last page.)

• Effect of External: Approx. 0.35  $\mu$ V/ $\Omega$  (thermocouple input) Resistance

Effect of Input

: Approx.  $0.0075\%/\Omega$  of reading (RTD input)

Lead Resistance

 Input Break Action

: Up-scale (as standard, down-scale is also available in case of T/C input as option) [Downscale for 1 to 5V, 4 to 20mA DC in case of

 Sampling Cycle : 0.5 sec.

PV Bias

: -1999 to 9999°C [°F or %]

Voltage • Current input.]

#### SETTING

Analog signal setting (external setting) or setting via key pad.

Setting Accuracy

Set Value (SV)

T/C ...Within  $\pm$  (0.3% of SV + 1 digit) or  $\pm$  2°C [4°F]

(whichever is larger)

R,S input 0 to 199°C [0 to 399°F]

...within ±4°C [8°F] input 0 to 399°C [0 to 799°F]

..out of accuracy guarantee range

RTD...Within  $\pm (0.3\% \text{ of SV} + 1 \text{ digit}) \text{ or } \pm 0.8^{\circ}\text{C} [1.6^{\circ}\text{F}]$ 

(whichever is larger)

Voltage • Current DC

. . Within ±(0.2% of setting range + 1 digit)

The other SV

. .Within ±0.5% of setting range

• External Setting Signal (against setting range)

DC Voltage : Please refer to the table of signal code

(Input impedance : more than 250 K $\Omega$ )

DC Current : Please refer to the table of signal code

(Input impedance : approx. 250  $\Omega$ )

Input Break Action

: Down-scale (1 ~ 5V, 4 ~ 20mA DC only)

#### DISPLAY

Input Display

: -1999 to 9999°C [°F or %]

Range Input Display

: Same as setting accuracy

Accuracy

#### CONTROL ACTION

 PID Action (auto-tuning function also available as option) ON/OFF •P •PI •PD action also available, Direct/Reverse action field selectable.

Proportional band (PH) for heating.

: 1 (0.1) to setting range or 0.0 to 100.0% of

setting limiter span.

ON/OFF action when P = 0 (0.0)

Hysteresis band: 0 to 100

(0.0 to 100.0)°C [°F] (TC/RTD input) or 0.0 to 100.0% of setting range

(Voltage/current input)

Proportional band (Pc) for cooling

: 1 ~ 1000% of PH. : 1 to 3600 sec.

Integral (I) : 1 to 3600 sec. Derivative (D)

Anti-Reset Windup (ARW)

: 1 to 100% of proportional band (PH).

Proportional Cycle (TH)

: 1 to 100 sec.

Proportional Cycle (Tc)

: 1 to 100 sec.

Dead Band (DB) :  $0 \sim 10 (0.0 \sim 10.0)^{\circ} C [^{\circ}F]$ . (TC/RTD

input) or  $0.0 \sim 10.0\%$  of setting range.

(Voltage/current input)

#### OUTPUT

• Control Output :

Relay Contact . . Capacity 250V AC 3A (resistive load), 1 form

"C" contact (For heating), 1 form "a" contact

(for heat/cool)

SSR Driving. . . 0/12V DC (constant voltage pulse)

[load resistance more than 800  $\Omega$ ]

Current . . . . . 0 to 20mA or 4 to 20mA DC [load resistance

less than  $600\Omega$ ], whichever is specified.

Continuous . . . 0 to 5V, 0 to 10V, 1 to 5V DC [load resist-Voltage ance more than 1 K $\Omega$ ], whichever is specified.

Trigger for triac driving

. . . . Zero-cross method for medium capacity triac

driving. (Heating type only)

Capacity 0.5A (at ambient temperature 40°C

[104°F]) zero-cross method.

#### ALARM

Alarm Action

: Deviation alarm, process alarm (selectable).

[Hold action is also selectable.] (Refer to type of alarm action (P.3).

Relay contact output capacity 250V AC 1A

(resistive load)

1 form "a" contact [2 point energizing alarm]

[Malfunction may occur if alarm is used in inductive load]

Alarm setting range

. . . -1999 to 9999°C (°F or %)

Hysteresis width

2°C [°F] or 0.2% of setting range.

#### **GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS**

Self-diagnosis

: ERR display.

RAM check, A/D converter check, monitoring

of CPU power supply.

Supply Voltage

: 100/110V, 200/220V AC or 110/120V, 220/

240V AC (50/60Hz) [whichever is specified]

• Voltage Variation: Within ±10% of rated supply voltage.



• Power Consump- : Less than 5VA.

• Ambient Temper- : 0 to 50°C (32 to 122°F)

ature

• Ambient Humidi- : 45 to 85% RH.

Net Weight : Approx. 500g • External Dimen- : Refer to dimensions.

sions Option

: Analog output (PV,SV,MV)

Voltage output

. . . 0 ~ 10mV, 0 ~ 100mV

(Load resistance more than  $20K\Omega$ ) 0 ~ 1V, 0 ~ 5V, 0 ~ 10V, 1 ~ 5V (Load resistance more than  $1K\Omega$ )

Current output

. . . 4 ~ 20mA, 0 ~ 20mA

(Load resistance less than  $600\Omega$ )

: External setting function

: Heater break alarm

: Contact input (Step function, Remote/Local)

#### MODEL CODE

REX-F7									72 x 72mm sized MCU based controller
Control action	H F V W			1 1 1 1 1 1 1					PID action PID action with AT Heat/Cool PID action Heat/Cool PID action with AT
Alarm		N S D	*1						No alarm Single alarm Dual alarm
Input			C R	*2					T/C input RTD input DC voltage/current input
Output (heating)  R E T				Relay output SSR drive output 4 ~ 20mA (0 ~ 20mA) DC 1 ~ 5V (0 ~ 5V) DC Triac output					
Output (cooling) *3 R					Relay output SSR drive output 4 ~ 20mA (0 ~ 20mA) DC 1 ~ 5V (0 ~ 5V)DC				
Analog input H *1						Н	1		None Heater break alarm (HBA) Remote setpoint
Contact input 1						Ī.	3.73		None STEP, REM/LOC switching
Analog output						N □ *2	None SV/PV/MV output		

<sup>\*1</sup> When HBA function is supplied, dual alarm is not available.

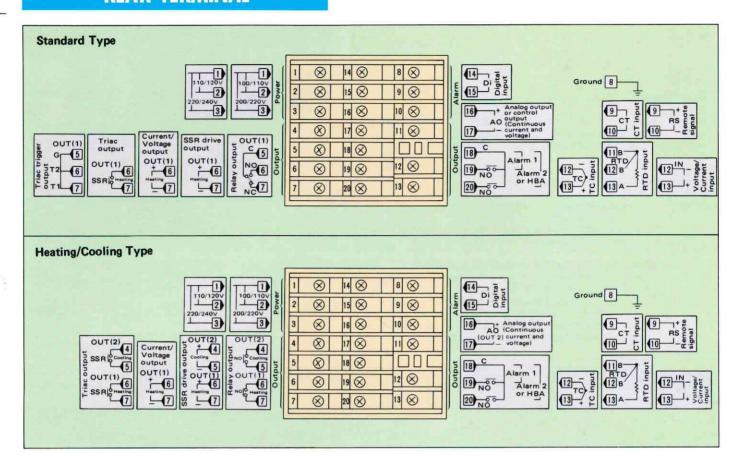
<sup>\*3</sup> Specify when control action is either V or W, otherwise skip this section.

١. ٥.	The same	
0 to	1V	4) 0 to 5V
0 to	20mA	8) 4 to 20mA

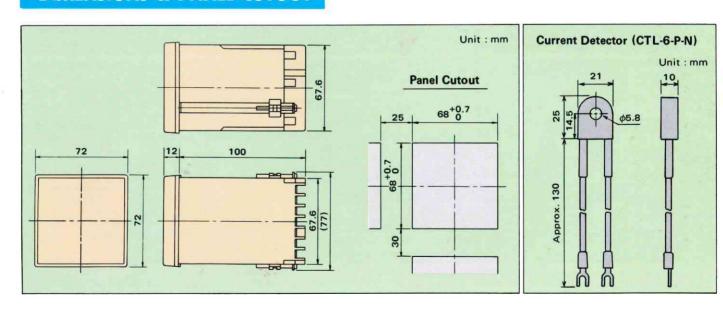
<sup>#</sup>The functions paired with the same alphabet are selectable only from either of them.

<sup>\*2</sup> Specify signal code. (See below)

## **REAR TERMINAL**



# **DIMENSIONS & PANEL CUTOUT**



# STANDARD RANGES

The figure in the parenthesis is a minimum resolution

	Input #4	Standard ranges					
	Type K (IEC/JIS)	0~200°C, 0~400°C, 0~600°C, 0~800°C, 0~1000°C, 0~1200°C, 0~1372°C (1°C) 0~800°F, 0~1600°F, 0~2502°F (1°F)					
	Type J (IEC/JIS)	0~200°C, 0~400°C, 0~600°C, 0~800°C, 0~1000°C, 0~1200°C (1°C) 0~800°F, 0~1600°F, 0~2192°F (1°F)					
Thermocouple	Type R, S (IEC/JIS)	0~1600°C, 0~1769°C (1°C) 0~3200°F, 0~3216°F (1°F)					
	Type B #2 (IEC/JIS)	400~1800°C, 0~1820°C (1°C) 800~3200°F, 0~3308°F (1°F)					
hermo	Type E (IEC/JIS)	0~800°C, 0~1000°C (1°C) 0~1600°F, 0~1832°F (1°F)					
Type T	Type T (IEC/JIS)	0~400°C (1°C) 0~752°F (1°F) -199.9~400.0°C, -199.9~100.0°C, -100.0~200.0°C, 0.0~350.0°C (0.1°C) -199.9~752.0°F, -100.0~200.0°F, -100.0~400.0°F, 0.0~450°F, 0.0~752.0°F (0.1°F)					
#1	Type N (NBS)	0~1200°C, 0~1300°C (1°C) 0~2300°F, 0~2372°F (1°F)					
RTD	Pt 100 (IEC/JIS) JPt100 (JIS)	-199.9~649.0°C, -199.9~200.0°C, -100.0~50.0°C, -100.0~100.0°C, -100.0~200.0°C, 0.0~50.0°C, 0.0~100.0°C, 0.0~200.0°C, 0.0~300.0°C, 0.0~500.0°C (0.1°C)					
#3	Pt 100 (Equivalent to IEC/JIS)	-199.9~999.9°F, -199.9~400.0°F, -199.9~200.0°F, -100.0~100.0°F, -100.0~300.0°F, 0.0~100.0°F, 0.0~200.0°F, 0.0~400.0°F, 0.0~500.0°F (0.1°F)					
Voltage •	0~ 10mV, 0~100mV, 0~ 1V,0~5V 0~10V,1~5V	0.0~100.0% But range and resolution can be specified within -1999 to (0.1%) 9999 and resolution from (1, 0.1, 0.01, 0.001)					
DC Vol	0~20mA 4~20mA	[Input inpedance : DC0~20mA , 4~20mA $\dots$ 250 $\Omega$ , other $\dots$ over 250k $\Omega$ ]					

- #1 Input inpedance . . . Approx 1MΩ
- #2 0~399°C (0~799°F) is out of accuracy guarantee range.
- #3 Input lead wire resistance . . . Less than  $10\Omega$  per each wire.
- #4 Input . . . ANSI, DIN, JIS same as IEC (International Electrotechnical Commission)

Subject to change without notice due to design changes.

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