PROFINET Communication Converter

COM-ML [For SRZ]

Instruction Manual

NOTICE

- This manual assumes that the reader has a fundamental knowledge of the principles of electricity, process control, computer technology and communications.
- The figures, diagrams and numeric values used in this manual are only for explanation purpose.
- RKC is not responsible for any damage or injury that is caused as a result of using this
 instrument, instrument failure or indirect damage.
- RKC is not responsible for any damage and/or injury resulting from the use of instruments made by imitating this instrument.
- Periodic maintenance is required for safe and proper operation of this instrument. Some components have a limited service life, or characteristics that change over time.
- Every effort has been made to ensure accuracy of all information contained herein. RKC makes no warranty, expressed or implied, with respect to the accuracy of the information. The information in this manual is subject to change without prior notice.
- No portion of this document may be reprinted, modified, copied, transmitted, digitized, stored, processed or retrieved through any mechanical, electronic, optical or other means without prior written approval from RKC.

- SIMATIC® is a registered trademark of SIEMENS AG.
- Modbus is a registered trademark of Schneider Electric.
- The name of each programmable controller (PLC) means the products of each manufacturer.
- Company names and product names used in this manual are the trademarks or registered trademarks of the respective companies.

Safety Precautions

■ Pictorial Symbols (safety symbols)

Various pictorial symbols are used in this manual to ensure safe use of the product, to protect you and other people from harm, and to prevent damage to property. The symbols are described below.

Be sure you thoroughly understand the meaning of the symbols before reading this manual.



WARNING: This mark indicates precautions that must be taken if there is depose of electric sheets fire taken if there is danger of electric shock, fire, etc., which could result in loss of life or injury.



: This mark indicates that if these precautions and operating procedures are not taken, damage to the instrument may result.



: This mark indicates that all precautions should be taken for safe usage.



- To prevent injury to persons, damage to the instrument and the equipment, a suitable external protection device shall be required.
- All wiring must be completed before power is turned on to prevent electric shock, fire or damage to the instrument and the equipment.
- This instrument must be used in accordance with the specifications to prevent fire or damage to the instrument and the equipment.
- This instrument is not intended for use in locations subject to flammable or explosive gases.
- Do not touch high-voltage connections such as power supply terminals, etc. to avoid electric shock.
- RKC is not responsible if this instrument is repaired, modified or disassembled by other than factory-approved personnel. Malfunction may occur and warranty is void under these conditions.

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- This product is intended for use with industrial machines, test and measuring equipment. (It is not designed for use with medical equipment and nuclear energy plant.)
- This is a Class A instrument. In a domestic environment, this instrument may cause radio interference, in which case the user may be required to take additional measures.
- This instrument is protected from electric shock by reinforced insulation. Provide reinforced insulation between the wire for the input signal and the wires for instrument power supply, source of power and loads.
- Be sure to provide an appropriate surge control circuit respectively for the following:
 - If input/output or signal lines within the building are longer than 30 meters.
 - If input/output or signal lines leave the building, regardless the length.
- This instrument is designed for installation in an enclosed instrumentation panel. All high-voltage connections such as power supply terminals must be enclosed in the instrumentation panel to avoid electric shock to operating personnel.
- All precautions described in this manual should be taken to avoid damage to the instrument or equipment.
- If the equipment is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.
- All wiring must be in accordance with local codes and regulations.
- To prevent instrument damage as a result of failure, protect the power line and the input/output lines from high currents with a suitable overcurrent protection device with adequate breaking capacity such as a fuse, circuit breaker, etc.
- A malfunction in this product may occasionally make control operations impossible or prevent alarm outputs, resulting in a possible hazard. Take appropriate measures in the end use to prevent hazards in the event of malfunction.
- Prevent metal fragments or lead wire scraps from falling inside instrument case to avoid electric shock, fire or malfunction.
- Tighten each terminal screw to the specified torque found in the manual to avoid electric shock, fire or malfunction.
- For proper operation of this instrument, provide adequate ventilation for heat dissipation.
- Do not connect wires to unused terminals as this will interfere with proper operation of the instrument.
- Turn off the power supply before cleaning the instrument.
- Do not use a volatile solvent such as paint thinner to clean the instrument. Deformation or discoloration may occur. Use a soft, dry cloth to remove stains from the instrument.
- Do not connect modular connectors to telephone line.

For Proper Disposal

When disposing of each part used for this instrument, always follows the procedure for disposing of industrial wastes stipulated by the respective local community.

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Symbols

■ Pictorial Symbols (safety symbols)

 \mathbf{NOTE} : This mark indicates important information on installation, handling and operating procedures.

: This mark indicates supplemental information on installation, handling and operating procedures.

: This mark indicates where additional information may be located.

■ Abbreviation symbols

These abbreviations are used in this manual:

Abbreviation symbols	Name	Abbreviation symbols	Name
PV	Measured value	TC (input)	Thermocouple (input)
SV	Set value	RTD (input)	Resistance temperature detector (input)
MV	Manipulated output value	V (input)	Voltage (input)
AT	Autotuning	I (input)	Current (input)
ST	Startup tuning	HBA	Heater break alarm
OUT	Output	CT	Current transformer
DI	Digital input	LBA	Control loop break alarm
DO	Digital output	LBD	LBA deadband

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About This Manual

There are three manuals pertaining to this product. Please be sure to read all manuals specific to your application requirements.

The following manuals can be downloaded from the official RKC website: https://www.rkcinst.co.jp/english/download-center/

Manual	Manual Number	Remarks
PROFINET Communication Converter COM-ML [For SRZ] Installation Manual	IMR02E18-E□	This manual is enclosed with instrument. This manual explains the mounting and wiring.
PROFINET Communication Converter COM-ML [For SRZ] Host Communication Data List	IMR02E19-E□	This manual is enclosed with instrument. This list is a compilation of the host communication data items.
PROFINET Communication Converter COM-ML [For SRZ] Instruction Manual	IMR02E20-E2	This manual you are reading now. This manual describes mounting, wiring, communication setting, protocol, communication data, troubleshooting and product specification.



Read this manual carefully before operating the instrument. Please place the manual in a convenient location for easy reference.

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1. OUTLINE

PROFINET communication converter COM-ML [For SRZ] (hereafter called COM-ML) is communication converter to connect the RKC module type controller SRZ to the PROFINET. This chapter describes features, package contents, model code, system configuration, etc.

PROFINET

PROFINET is the Ethernet base industrial network standardized according to IEC 61158 and IEC 61784. The COM-ML communication converter uses PROFINET IO and conforms to the RT (Real-Time) communication.

• Host communication

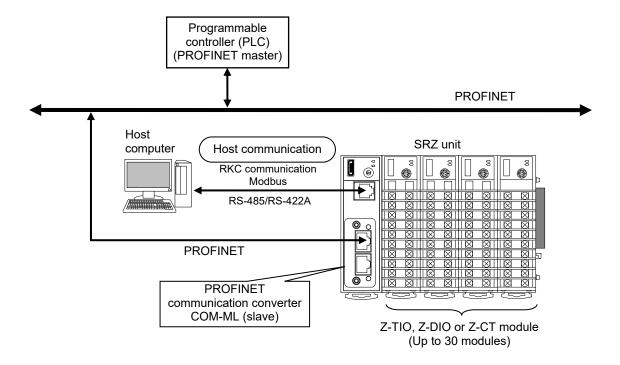
Data send/receive is possible between the converter and the host computer through RKC communication (ANSI X3.28-1976 subcategories 2.5 and B1) or Modbus.

• Function modules

Multi-zone temperature control system can be easily achieved by connecting functional modules (Z-TIO, Z-DIO and Z-CT modules) of SRZ to COM-ML. The combination of COM-ML and functional module of SRZ is called an SRZ unit.

Up to 30 function modules can be connected to one COM-ML.

(Connectable module: Z-TIO, Z-DIO and Z-CT)



For more details of the PROFINET, visit the website of PROFIBUS & PROFINET International.

PROFIBUS & PROFINET International: https://www.profibus.com/

1.1 Checking the Product

Before using this product, check each of the following:

- Model code
- Check that there are no scratches or breakages in external appearance (case, front panel, or terminal, etc.)
- Check that all of the items delivered are complete. (Refer to below)

Name	Q'TY	Remarks
COM-ML [For SRZ] Installation Manual (IMR02E18-E□)	1	Enclosed with instrument
COM-ML [For SRZ] Host communication Data List (IMR02E19-E□)	1	Enclosed with instrument
Joint connector cover KSRZ-517A	2	Enclosed with instrument
Power terminal cover KSRZ-518A	1	Enclosed with instrument
COM-ML [For SRZ] Instruction Manual (IMR02E20-E2)	1	This manual (sold separately) This manual can be downloaded from the official RKC website: https://www.rkcinst.co.jp/english/download-center/
GSDML file*	1	Download This file can be downloaded from the official RKC website: https://www.rkcinst.co.jp/english/field_network_category/profinet/

^{*} The GSDML file is used for recognition of the COM-ML on PROFINET in the configuration tool (software for environment settings and creating programs).

If any of the products are missing, damaged, or if your manual is incomplete, please contact

RKC sales office or the agent.

■ Accessories (sold separately)

Name	Q'TY	Remarks
End plate DEP-01	2	Secures the SRZ on the DIN rail
Communication converter COM-K2-1	1	For loader communication
Communication converter COM-KG-1N	1	(Option: with loader communication cable)
Connection cable (W-BF-01-□, □: cable length) [Standard cable length: 3000 mm]	1	For host communication Terminal treatment: Modular connector and Spade lug terminal
Connection cable (W-BF-02-□, □: cable length) [Standard cable length: 3000 mm]	1	For host communication Terminal treatment: Modular connectors (at both ends)
Connection cable (W-BF-28-□, □: cable length) [Standard cable length: 3000 mm]	1	For host communication Terminal treatment: Modular connector and D-sub 9-pin connector

1.2 Model Code

Check whether the delivered product is as specified by referring to the following model code list. If the product is not identical to the specifications, please contact RKC sales office or the agent.

(1) Network communication

4: PROFINET

(2) Host communication

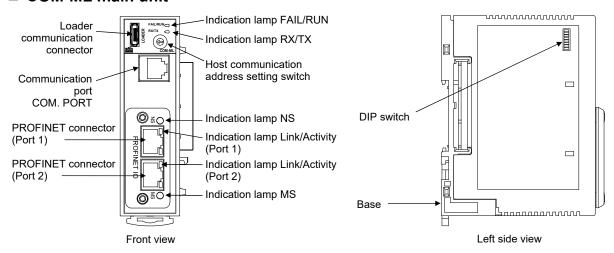
4: RS-422A 5: RS-485

(3) Corresponding to the RKC controller

02: SRZ

1.3 Parts Description

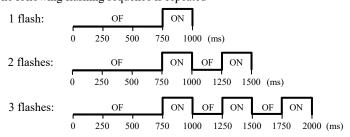
■ COM-ML main unit



Indication lamps

FAIL/RUN [Green or Red]	 When normal: Self-diagnostic error (Recoverable fault): Self-diagnostic error (Major fault): 	A green lamp is on A green lamp flashes A red lamp is on
RX/TX [Green]	During host communication data send and receive:	A green lamp turns on
NS (Network status) [Green or Red]	 No power or No connection with IO Controller Online (RUN) Connection with IO Controller established or IO Online (STOP) Connection with IO Controller established, IO or IO data bad: Used by engineering tools to identify the node of Module error: Station Name not set: IP address not set: Expected Identification differs from Real Identification 	O Controller in RUN state: A green lamp is on Controller in STOP state A green lamp is 1 flash * on the network A green lamp blinking A red lamp is on A red lamp is 1 flash * A red lamp is 2 flashes *
Link/Activity (Port 1/Port 2) [Green] MS (Module status) [Green or Red]	 No link, no communication present: Ethernet link established, no communication present Ethernet link established, communication present No power: Normal operation: Diagnostic event(s) present: Major fault: 	Turns off sent: A green lamp is on

* The following flashing sequence is repeated



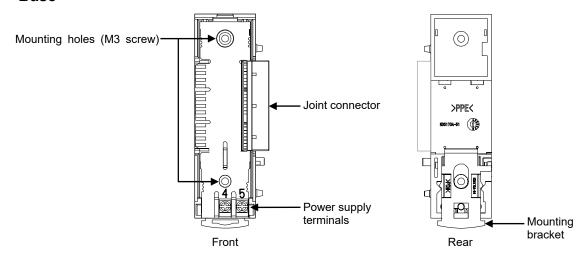
• Communication port (modular connector) and communication connector

COM. PORT	Use to connecting the Operation panel or Host computer. [RS-485 or RS-422A]		
Loader communication connector	Use to connecting the communication converter and personal computer when loader communication is performed.		
PROFINET connector (Port 1/Port 2)	Use to connecting the PROFINET.		

Switch

Host communication address	Sets unit address for host communication.	
setting switch		
DIP switch	Sets the communication speed and communication protocol corresponding to	
	host communication.	
	• Sets DIP switch setting validity/invalidity.	

■ Base



Mounting holes (M3 screw)		Holes for screws to fix the base to a panel, etc. Customer must provide the M3 screws.		
Joint connector	Used to	Used to mechanically and electrically connect each function module.		
Power supply terminals	These ar	These are terminals to supply power to the COM-ML and joined function modules.		
		Terminal number	Signal name	1
		4	24 V DC (+)	
		5	24 V DC (-)	
Mounting bracket	Used to	Used to fix the COM-ML on DIN rails and also to fix each module joined together.		

2. HANDLING PROCEDURES

Conduct necessary setting before operation according to the procedure described below.

Host communication settings



The address, communication speed, communication protocol, data bit configuration, and DIP switch setting validity/invalidity of host communication are set only when host communication is used in the COM-ML.

Refer to 5. HOST COMMUNICATION SETTINGS (P. 21).

Mounting



Wiring



Controller (SRZ) settings



PROFINET communication settings



Other communication data settings



PROFINET communication Install the COM-ML.



• For controller (SRZ), refer to Z-TIO Instruction Manual (IMS01T01-E□), Z-DIO Instruction Manual (IMS01T03-E□) and **Z-CT Instruction Manual (IMS01T16-E□)**.

Connect power wiring to the COM-ML, make wiring to the controller (SRZ), and connect the COM-ML and the PLC to PROFINET. Connect the wiring for host communication or loader communication in the COM-ML.



- Refer to 4. WIRING (P. 12)
 - For controller (SRZ), refer to **Z-TIO Instruction Manual** (IMS01T01-E□), Z-DIO Instruction Manual (IMS01T03-E□) and **Z-CT Instruction Manual (IMS01T16-E□)**.

Set the communication setting of controller (SRZ).



- Refer to 6. COMMUNICATIOM SETTING OF **FUNCTION MODULE (P. 23).**
 - For controller (SRZ), refer to **Z-TIO Host Communication** Quick Instruction Manual (IMS01T02-E□), Z-DIO Instruction Manual (IMS01T03-E□) and Z-CT Instruction Manual (IMS01T16-E□).

Configure initial settings for PROFINET communication.



- Refer to 7.1 PROFINET Communication Settings (P. 27).
 - Refer to 7.4 PROFINET Communication Specifications
 - Refer to 9.5 Tool Settings (P. 76).

Set the data for the COM-ML and controller (SRZ).



- Refer to 7.2 Other Communication Data Settings (P. 31).
 - Refer to 8. COMMUNICATION DATA LIST (P. 34).

Execute PROFINET communication.



- Refer to 7.1 PROFINET Communication Settings (P. 27).
 - Refer to 7.4 PROFINET Communication Specifications
 - Refer to 9.5 Tool Settings (P. 76).
 - Refer to 9.6 PROFINET Communication (P. 92).

3. MOUNTING

This chapter describes installation environment, mounting cautions, dimensions and mounting procedures.

MARNING

To prevent electric shock or instrument failure, always turn off the power before mounting or removing the instrument.

3.1 Mounting Cautions

(1) This instrument is intended to be used under the following environmental conditions. (IEC 61010-1) [POLLUTION DEGREE 2]

(2) Use this instrument within the following environment conditions:

• Allowable ambient temperature: $-10 \text{ to } +50 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ } (14 \text{ to } 122 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{F})$

• Allowable ambient humidity: 5 to 95 %RH

(Absolute humidity: MAX. W. C 29.3 g/m³ dry air at 101.3 kPa)

• Installation environment conditions: Indoor use

Altitude up to 2000 m

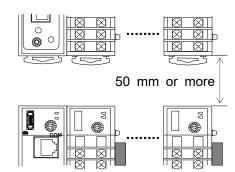
- (3) Avoid the following conditions when selecting the mounting location:
 - Rapid changes in ambient temperature which may cause condensation.
 - Corrosive or inflammable gases.
 - Direct vibration or shock to the main unit.
 - Water, oil, chemicals, vapor or steam splashes.
 - Excessive dust, salt or iron particles.
 - Excessive induction noise, static electricity, magnetic fields or noise.
 - Direct air flow from an air conditioner.
 - Exposure to direct sunlight.
 - Excessive heat accumulation.
- (4) Mount this instrument in the panel considering the following conditions:
 - Provide adequate ventilation space so that heat does not build up.
 - Do not mount this instrument directly above the equipment that generates large amount of heat (heaters, transformers, semi-conductor functional devices, large-wattage resistors.)
 - If the ambient temperature rises above 50 °C (122 °F), cool this instrument with a forced air fan, cooler, or the like. Cooled air should not blow directly on this instrument.
 - In order to improve safety and the immunity to withstand noise, mount this instrument as far away as possible from high voltage equipment, power lines, and rotating machinery.

High voltage equipment: Do not mount within the same panel.

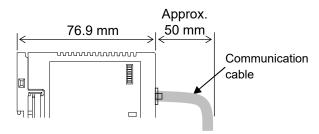
Power lines: Separate at least 200 mm Rotating machinery: Separate as far as possible

• For correct functioning mount this instrument in a horizontal position.

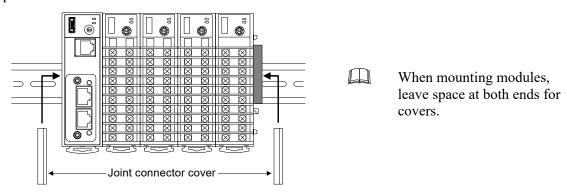
Space required between each module vertically
When the module is mounted on the panel,
allow a minimum of 50 mm at the top and
bottom of the module to attach the module to
the main unit.



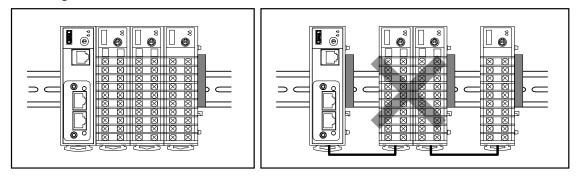
• Depth for modular cables mount type module Space for modular cables must be considered when installing.



• It is recommended to use a plastic cover on the connector on both sides of the mounted modules for protection of connectors.

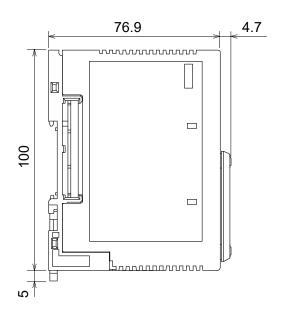


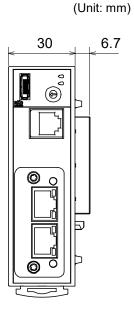
• Be sure the COM-ML and SRZ function modules (Z-TIO, Z-DIO and Z-CT modules) are joined when using them.



(5) In case this instrument is connected to a supply by means of a permanent connection, a switch or circuit-breaker shall be included in the installation. This shall be in close proximity to the equipment and within easy reach of the operator. It shall be marked as the disconnecting device for the equipment.

3.2 Dimensions

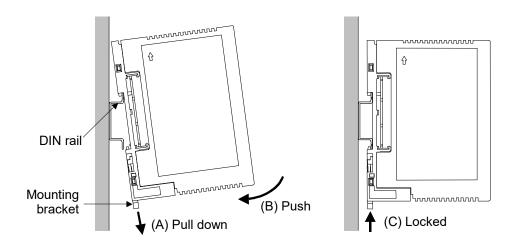




3.3 DIN Rail Mounting

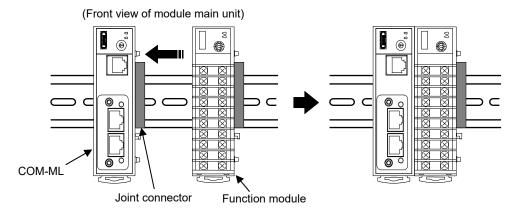
■ Mounting procedures

- 1. Pull down the mounting bracket at the bottom of the module (A). Attach the hooks on the top of the module to the DIN rail and push the lower section into place on the DIN rail (B).
- 2. Slide the mounting bracket up to secure the module to the DIN rail (C).

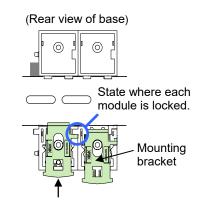


■ Module joining procedures

1. Mount the function modules on the DIN rail. Slide the modules until the modules are closely joined together and the joint connectors are securely connected.



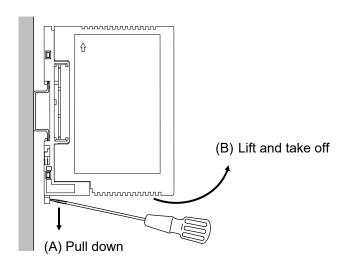
- **2.** Push in the mounting brackets to lock the modules together and fix to the DIN rail.
- After module joining, install a plastic cover on the connector on both sides of the mounted modules for protection of connectors. (Refer to **P. 8**)
- To firmly fix the modules, use end plates (DEP-01) sold separately on both sides of the mounted modules. When mounting modules, leave space at both ends for end plates.



Push in all of the mounting brackets.

■ Removing procedures

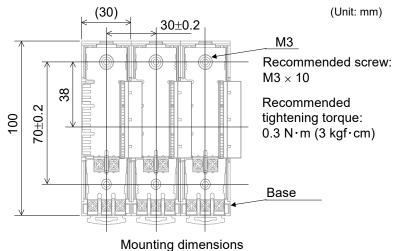
- 1. Turn the power OFF.
- 2. Remove the wiring.
- 3. Pull down a mounting bracket with a slotted screwdriver (A). Lift the module from bottom, and take it off (B).



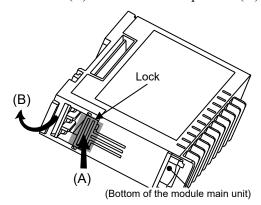
3.4 Panel Mounting

■ Mounting procedures

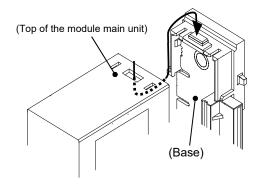
1. Refer to the mounting dimensions below when selecting the location.



2. Remove the base from the module (B) while the lock is pressed (A).



- 3. Join bases. Then, lock them by pushing in the mounting brackets. (Refer to P. 10)
- 4. Fix the base to its mounting position using M3 screws. Customer must provide the screws.
- 5. Mount the module on the base.



4. WIRING

This chapter describes wiring cautions, terminal configuration and connections.

4.1 Wiring Cautions

MARNING

To prevent electric shock or instrument failure, do not turn on the power until all wiring is completed. Make sure that the wiring is correct before applying power to the instrument.

- To avoid noise induction, keep communication signal wire away from instrument power line, load lines and power lines of other electric equipment.
- If there is electrical noise in the vicinity of the instrument that could affect operation, use a noise filter.
 - Shorten the distance between the twisted power supply wire pitches to achieve the most effective noise reduction.
 - Always install the noise filter on a grounded panel. Minimize the wiring distance between the noise filter output and the instrument power supply terminals to achieve the most effective noise reduction.
 - Do not connect fuses or switches to the noise filter output wiring as this will reduce the effectiveness of the noise filter.
- Power supply wiring must be twisted and have a low voltage drop.
- For an instrument with 24 V power supply input, supply power from a "SELV" circuit defined as IEC 60950-1.
- A suitable power supply should be considered in end-use equipment. The power supply must be in compliance with a limited-energy circuits (maximum available current of 5.6 A).
- Supply the power to only one of the joined modules or COM-ML. When power is supplied to any one of the joined modules or COM-ML, all of the joined modules and COM-ML will receive power.
- Select the power capacity which is appropriate for the total power consumption of all joined modules (include COM-ML) and the initial current surge when the power is turned on.

Power consumption (at maximum load): 120 mA max. (at 24 V DC) Rush current: 12 A or less

When connecting the wiring to the power supply terminals on the base, use the specified solderless terminals. Only these specified solderless terminals can be used due to the insulation between the terminals.

Screw Size: $M3 \times 7$ (with 5.8×5.8 square washer)

Recommended tightening torque:

 $0.4 \,\mathrm{N}\cdot\mathrm{m} \,(4\,\mathrm{kgf}\cdot\mathrm{cm})$

Applicable wire: Solid/twisted wire of 0.25 to 1.65 mm²

Specified solderless terminal:

Manufactured by J.S.T MFG CO., LTD. Circular terminal with isolation V1.25–MS3

\$ 3.2 MIN \$ 5.0 MIN \$ 5.6 mm

• Make sure that during field wiring parts of conductors cannot come into contact with adjacent conductive parts.

When tightening a screw of the instrument, make sure to fit the screwdriver properly into the screw head mounted tilted or flat as shown in the right figure. Tightening the screw with excessive torque may damage the screw thread. (Only function modules)

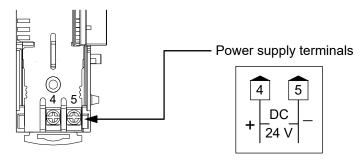




Tilted terminal Flat terminal

4.2 Terminal Configuration

The terminal layout of COM-ML (base) is as follows.

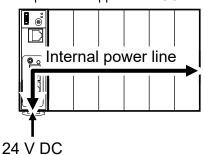


Wiring method

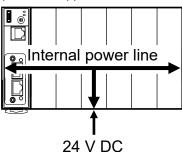
When using the COM-ML connected to function modules, the power supply wiring is connected to any one of the modules. Power is supplied from the module with the power wiring to the other modules.

[Wiring example]

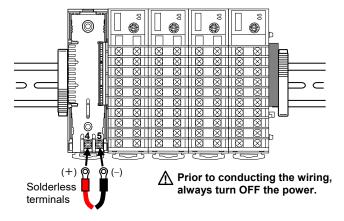
When power is supplied to a COM-ML



When power is supplied to a function module



- 1. Remove the module main unit to which the power wiring will be connected.
- 2. Attach the solderless terminals to the power terminals with a Phillips head screwdriver. When attaching the terminals, make sure that the polarity (+ and -) is correct.

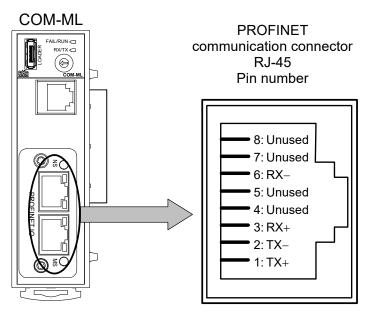


3. Return the module main unit to the base. This completes the wiring work.

4.3 Connection to PROFINET

Connect COM-ML to PROFINET.

■ Pin layout of connector



■ Connector pin number and signal details

Pin No.	Signal name	Symbol
1	Send data +	TX+
2	Send data –	TX-
3	Receive data +	RX+
4	Unused	_
5	Unused	_
6	Receive data –	RX-
7	Unused	_
8	Unused	_

The cable must be provided by the customer.

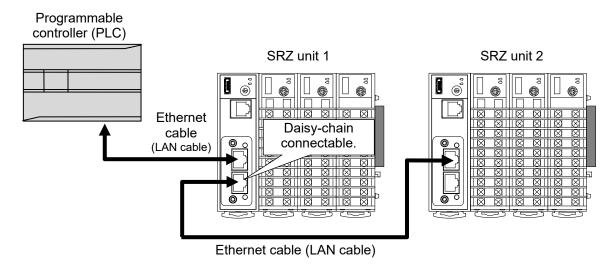
Used cable: The cable is based on the 100BASE-TX standard of Ethernet (category 5 or

higher).

Used connector: RJ-45 type

■ Wiring example

The Ethernet cable (LAN cable) which is marketed can be connected. The Ethernet cable (LAN cable) must be provided by the customer.



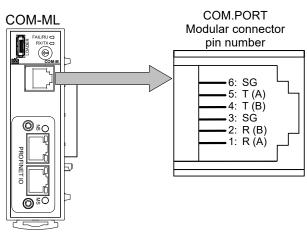
Ethernet straight through cable and Ethernet crossover cable may be used. Use category 5 Ethernet cable (LAN cable).

4.4 Connection to Host Computer

This section explains the connections for using the host computer and the operation panel to set COM-ML data and controller (SRZ) data.

4.4.1 When connected with RS-422A

■ Pin layout of connector



■ Connector pin number and signal details

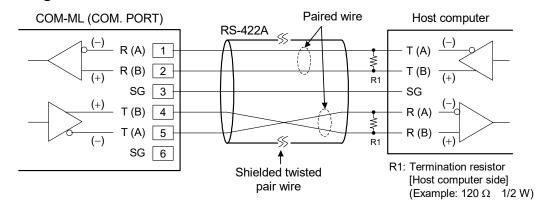
Pin No.	Signal name	Symbol
1	Receive data	R (A)
2	Receive data	R (B)
3	Signal ground	SG
4	Send data	T (B)
5	Send data	T (A)
6	Signal ground	SG



The 6-pin type modular connector should be used for the connection to the COM-ML.

Recommended model: TM4P-66P (Manufactured by HIROSE ELECTRIC CO., LTD.)

■ Wiring



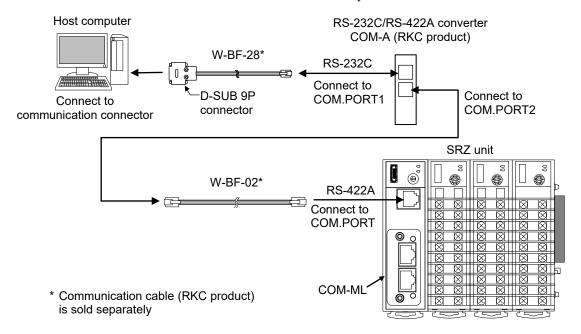
NOTE

If communication errors occur frequently due to the operation environment or the communication distance, connect termination resistors to the host computer side.

Up to 16 SRZ units can be connected to a host computer communication port.

■ When the interface of host computer is RS-232C

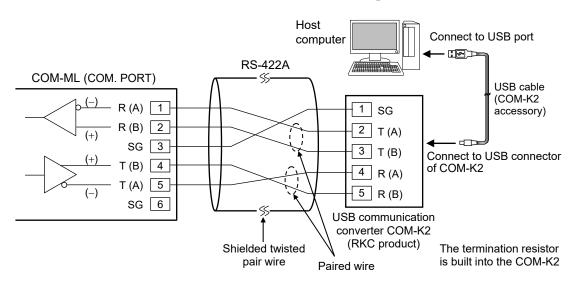
Connect the RS-232C/RS-422A converter between the host computer and the COM-ML.



- W-BF-02 and W-BF-28 communication cable (RKC product) can be used as communication cable. If noise is a factor, customer should use a twisted pair cable (not included) or something to that effect.
- Recommended RS-232C/RS-422A converter: COM-A (RKC product)
 For the COM-A, refer to the **COM-A/COM-B Instruction Manual (IMSRM33-E** \(\subseteq\)).

■ When the host computer has a USB connector

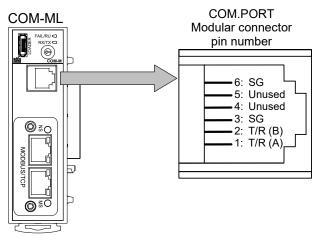
Connect the USB communication converter between the host computer and the COM-ML.



For the COM-K2, refer to the **COM-K2 Instruction Manual**. You can also use our USB communication converter COM-KG.

4.4.2 When connected with RS-485

■ Pin layout of connector



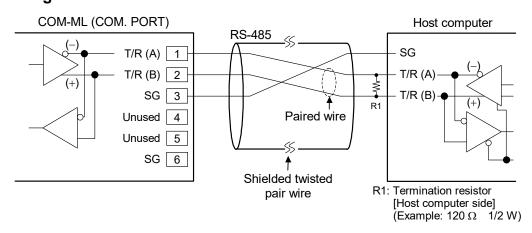
■ Connector pin number and signal details

Pin No.	Signal name	Symbol
1	Send/Receive data	T/R (A)
2	Send/Receive data	T/R (B)
3	Signal ground	SG
4	Unused	_
5	Unused	_
6	Signal ground	SG

The 6-pin type modular connector should be used for the connection to the COM-ML.

Recommended model: TM4P-66P (Manufactured by HIROSE ELECTRIC CO., LTD.)

■ Wiring



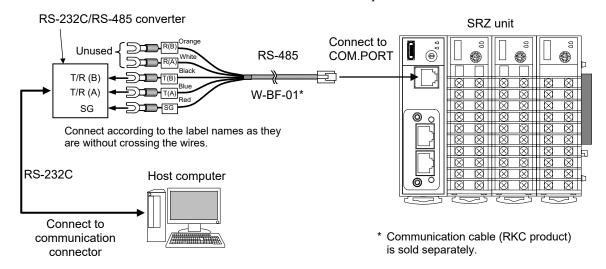
NOTE

If communication errors occur frequently due to the operation environment or the communication distance, connect termination resistors to the host computer side.

Up to 16 SRZ units can be connected to a host computer communication port.

■ When the interface of host computer is RS-232C

Connect the RS-232C/RS-485 converter between the host computer and the COM-ML.



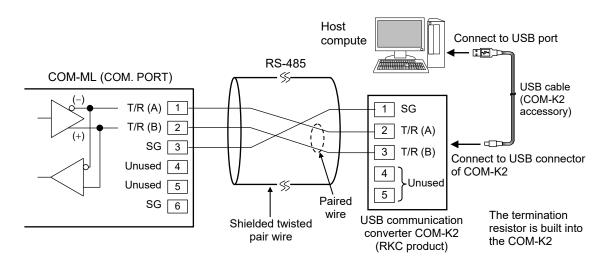
NOTE

Be sure to insulate the wires that are not used by covering them with insulating tape.

- Recommended RS-232C/RS-485 converter: CD485, CD485/V Data Link product, Inc. or equivalent.
- W-BF-01 communication cable (RKC product) can be used as communication cable. If noise is a factor, customer should use a twisted pair cable (not included) or something to that effect.

■ When the host computer has a USB connector

Connect the USB communication converter between the host computer and the COM-ML.



For the COM-K2, refer to the **COM-K2 Instruction Manual**. You can also use our USB communication converter COM-KG.

4.4.3 Connections for loader communication

Connect a USB communication converter COM-K2 or COM-KG (sold separately)* between the personal computer and the COM-ML.

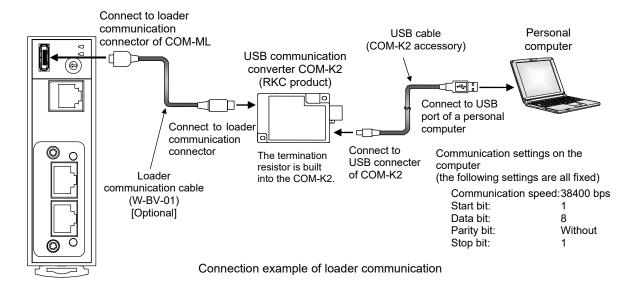
Loader communication makes it possible to check and set data of the COM-ML and the controller (SRZ).

Our communication tool PROTEM2 can be used to check and set the data.

* A loader communication cable (option) is required for the connection to the loader communication connector on the COM-ML.

Model of USB communication converter with Loader communication cable:

COM-K2-1 (cable length: 1.5 m) COM-KG-1N (cable length: 1.5 m)





The Loader port is only for parameter setup. Not used for data logging during operation.

- The PROTEM2 can be downloaded from the official RKC website: https://www.rkcinst.co.jp/english/download-center/
- During the loader communication, the COM-ML requires an external power source. The COM-ML will not function on the USB power from a personal computer alone.
- The module address for loader communication is fixed at "0."
- Loader communication corresponds to RKC communication (based on ANSI X3.28-1976 subcategories 2.5 and B1).
- When using the loader communication, USB driver for COM-K2 and COM-KG (for Windows7) must be installed on the personal computer. The USB driver can be downloaded the official RKC website.
 - Installation of the USB driver is not necessary when the COM-KG is used on Windows 10.
- For the COM-K2, refer to the **COM-K2 Instruction Manual**. For the COM-KG, refer to the **COM-KG Instruction Manual**.

5. HOST COMMUNICATION SETTING

⚠ WARNING

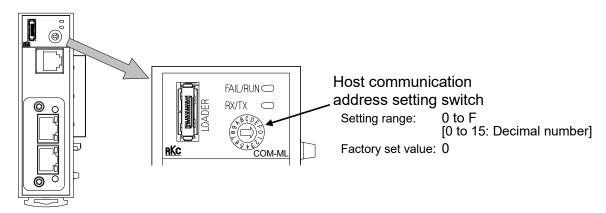
- To prevent electric shock or instrument failure, always turn off the power before setting the switch.
- To prevent electric shock or instrument failure, never touch any section other than those instructed in this manual.

5.1 Address Setting

Set host communication address of COM-ML (SRZ unit). Set an address for the COM-ML (SRZ unit) using a small blade screwdriver.

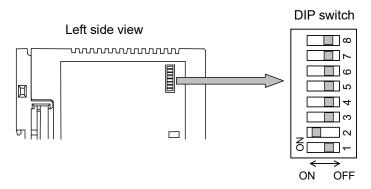
NOTE

Set the address such that it is different to the other addresses on the same line. Otherwise, problems or malfunction may result.



5.2 DIP Switch Setting

Use the DIP switch to set the speed and protocol of host communication, and DIP switch enable/disable.



1	2	Host communication speed	
OFF	OFF	4800 bps	
ON	OFF	9600 bps	
OFF	ON	19200 bps	[Factory se value]
ON	ON	38400 bps	

3	Communication protocol/Data bit configuration		
OFF	RKC communication (Data 8-bit, without parity, Stop 1-bit)	[Factory se value]	
ON	Modbus (Data 8-bit, without parity, Stop 1-bit)		

4	5	6	7	
OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	Fixed

8	DIP switch enable/disable	
OFF	Enable (enable the DIP switch settings)	[Factory se value]
ON	Disable (enable the host communication or loader communication)	nunication settings) *

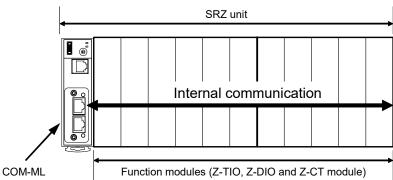
^{*} The only host communication or loader communication settings that are enabled are the host communication speed and protocol and the data bit configuration.

When the communication protocol is set with the DIP switch, the data bit configuration is automatically set to "data 8-bit, without parity, stop 1-bit." To change to another data bit configuration, set the configuration in host communication or loader communication.

If you wish to set the host communication speed, communication protocol, and data bit configuration in host communication or loader communication, first set DIP switch No. 8 to ON.

6. COMMUNICATION SETTING OF FUNCTION MODULE

Make the module address setting to make the function module (Z-TIO, Z-DIO and Z-CT modules) communication settings. The SRZ unit performs internal communication between the COM-ML and the function module, so the communication protocol, communication speed, and data bit configuration do not need to be set.



Setting the Z-TIO module address determines the temperature control channel number used for communication.



For relation of the module address and channel number, refer to the below:

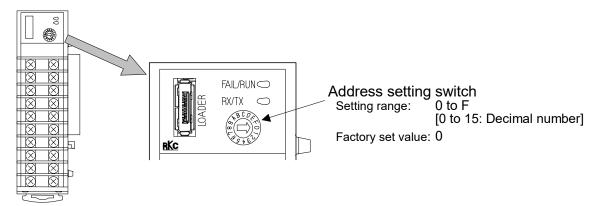
- 6.2 Temperature Control Channel of SRZ Unit (P. 24)
- 6.3 Digital Input/Output Channel of Z-DIO Module (P. 25).
- 6.4 Current Transformer (CT) Input Channel of Z-CT Module (P. 26)

6.1 Address Setting of the Function Modules

Set the address of the function modules. When using two or more function modules, set the desired module address to each module. For this setting, use a small blade screwdriver.



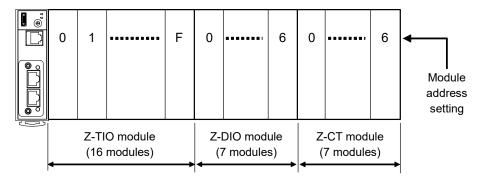
To avoid problems or malfunction, do not duplicate an address in a function module of the same type on the same communication line.



The maximum number of function modules (Z-TIO, Z-DIO and Z-CT modules) described in the following can be joined per COM-ML.

- When joining function modules of the same type: Up to 16 modules
- When joining function modules of two or more different types: Up to 30 modules (However, the maximum joinable number of function modules of the same type is 16.)

Address setting example of function module (16 Z-TIO modules, 7 Z-DIO modules and 7 Z-CT modules):



6.2 Temperature Control Channel of the SRZ Unit

Setting the Z-TIO module address determines the temperature control channel number used for communication. To each Z-TIO module address, the relevant temperature control channel is assigned. Each temperature control channel number can be calculated from the following equation.

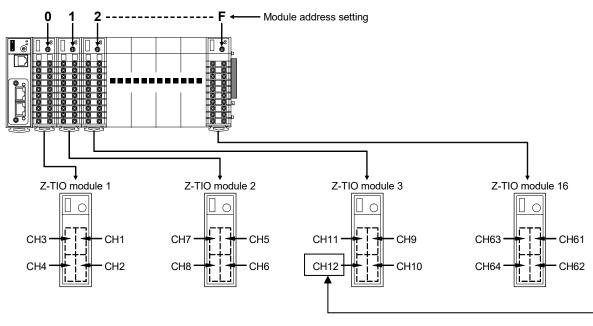
Temperature control channel number of communication =

[Module address setting a] × [Maximum channel number of the function module b]

+ [Channel number in a module]

- ^a When the setting is A to F, it is a decimal number.
- ^b For the Z-TIO module, it is calculated by "4."

Example: When 16 Z-TIO modules (4-channel type) are joined



• Z-TIO module 3: The temperature control channel number used for communication of channel 4 --- 2 × 4 + 4 = 12

6.3 Digital Input/Output Channel of Z-DIO Module

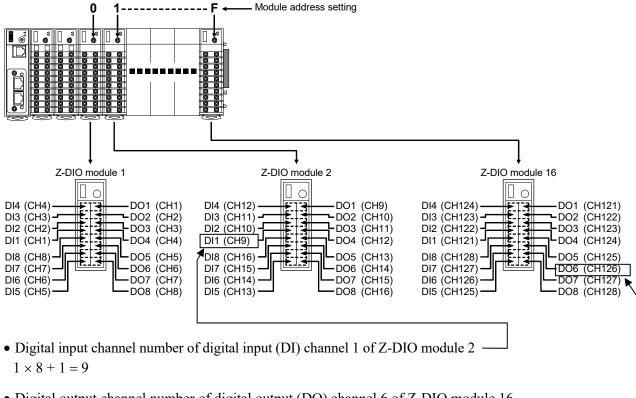
Setting the Z-DIO module address determines the digital input/output channel number of SRZ unit. To each Z-DIO module address, the relevant digital input/output channel is assigned. Each digital input/output channel can be calculated from the following equation.

Digital input/output channel number =

[Module address setting a] × [Maximum channel number of the function module b]

- + [Input (or output) channel number in a module]
 - ^a When the setting is A to F, it is a decimal number.
 - ^b For the Z-DIO module, it is calculated by "8."

Example: When 16 Z-DIO modules are joined



• Digital output channel number of digital output (DO) channel 6 of Z-DIO module 16

 $15 \times 8 + 6 = 126$

6.4 Current Transformer (CT) Input Channel of Z-CT Module

Setting the Z-CT module address determines the current transformer (CT) input channel number of SRZ unit. To each Z-CT module address, the relevant current transformer (CT) input channel is assigned. Each current transformer (CT) input channel can be calculated from the following equation.

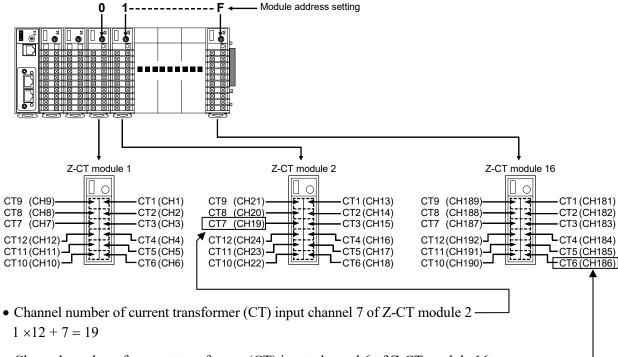
Current transformer (CT) input channel number =

[Module address setting a] × [Maximum channel number of the function module b]

+ [Channel number in a module]

- ^a When the setting is A to F, it is a decimal number.
- ^b For the Z-CT module, it is calculated by "12."

Example: When 16 Z-CT modules are joined



• Channel number of current transformer (CT) input channel 6 of Z-CT module 16 - $15 \times 12 + 6 = 186$

7. INITIAL COMMUNICATION DATA SETTINGS

Configure the initial communication data settings for PROFINET communication.

7.1 PROFINET Communication Settings

Configure settings necessary for PROFINET communication.

PROFINET communication methods supported by the COM-ML is "PROFINET I/O Communication." And the setting of three items to show below is necessary.

- Communication data items setting
 Set the first Modbus address of the communication items used in PROFINET communication.
- Number of measured data items (IN)
 Set the number of communication items used for monitor in PROFINET communication.
- Number of setting data items (OUT)
 Set the number of communication items used for setting in PROFINET communication.

The content of these items can be set by host communication or loader communication. Each set item becomes enabled after power has been turned off and then turned on again.

Name	RKC	register	dbus address	Data range	Factory set
	identifier	HEX	DEC	(data size indicated in brackets [])	value
Communication data items setting	QG	8020 : 8051	32800 : 32849	RKC communication: 0 to 65535 Modbus: 0000H to FFFFH	65535 (FFFFH)
		8031	32049	[50]	
Number of measured data	QH	8052 :	32850	0 to 128 0: Unused	0
items (IN)		8083	32899	[50]	
Number of setting data items	QI	8084 :	32900 :	0 to 127 0: Unused	0
(OUT)		80B5	32949	[50]	

Our Communication tool "PROTEM2" can be used for the communication setup. This tool can be downloaded from the official RKC website: https://www.rkcinst.co.jp/english/download-center/

For information on connecting the COM-ML to a host computer, refer to **4.4 Connection to Host Computer (P. 16)**.

Communication data items setting

Set the communication items used in PROFINET communication.

- Up to 50 communication items can be set.
- 50 items correspond to CH1 to CH50 of identifier QG of RKC communication, and to Modbus register addresses 8020H to 8051H.
- In each item, set the Modbus register address (first address only) of communication items used in PROFINET communication.
- Set items used in PROFINET communication in CH1 (or 8020H) and following without any intervals.
- The data order in PROFINET communication is the same as the "Communication data items setting" order. Set the number of data used in each item in "Number of measured data items (IN)" and "Number of setting data items (OUT)."
- Set 65535 (FFFFH) in unused items. Communication items following items set to 65535 (FFFFH) are not used in PROFINET communication.
 - For Modbus register addresses of communication items, refer to **8. COMMUNICATION DATA LIST (P. 34)**.
 - For setting configuration, refer to **Setting example (P. 29)**.

Number of measured data items (IN)

Set the number of communication items used for monitor in PROFINET communication.

- Up to 50 communication items can be set.
- Among the communication items set in the "Communication data items setting" set the quantity of the data to be used to the CH number or the Modbus register address corresponding to the communication items set in the "Number of measured data items (IN)."
- "Number of measured data items (IN)" (50 items) correspond to CH1 to CH50 of identifier QH of RKC communication and to Modbus register addresses 8052H to 8083H.
- The data is valid if the total of the values set in "Number of measured data items (IN)", a cumulative value from CH1 or 8052H, is 128 (0080H) or lower. Any data after that are disregarded.
 - For setting configuration, refer to Setting example (P. 29).

■ Number of setting data items (OUT)

Set the number of communication items used for setting in PROFINET.

- Up to 50 communication items can be set.
- Among the communication items set in the "Communication data items setting" set the quantity of the data to be used to the CH number or the Modbus register address corresponding to the communication items set in the "Number of setting data items (OUT)."
- "Number of setting data items (OUT)" (50 items) correspond to CH1 to CH50 of identifier QI of RKC communication and to Modbus register addresses 8084H to 80B5H.
- The data is valid if the total of the values set in "Number of setting data items (OUT)", a cumulative value from CH1 or 8084H, is 127 (007FH) or lower. Any data after that are disregarded.
- Regardless of the setting of "Number of setting data items (OUT)," "Setting state selection" is assigned to the first-word of the setting data item (OUT).
 - For setting configuration, refer to Setting example (P. 29).

■ Data setting of each items

Set the data of the items set in "Communication data items setting."

The content of these items can be set by host communication or loader communication.

Set the data for the communication items corresponding to the Modbus register addresses set in "Communication data items setting."

[Example]

Setting the data of CH1 to "100" when "Set value (SV)" is specified in the communication item setting RKC communication:

Write "100" to CH1 of the RKC communication identifier "S1" of the Set value (SV). Modbus: Write "100" to the Modbus register address "0ADCH" of CH1 of the Set value (SV).

For setting configuration, refer to \blacksquare Setting example (P. 29).

■ Setting example

If one Z-TIO module is joined to the COM-ML, set the following conditions:

- Use CH1 to CH4 of "Measured value (PV)" and "Set value (SV)" of the Z-TIO module.
- Setting condition: Measured data items (IN): Measured value (PV), Set value (SV)

Setting data items (OUT): Set value (SV) Assigned destination of communication item:

> Measured value (PV): CH1 or 8020H Set value (SV): CH2 or 8021H

Set value (SV): CH1: 150, CH2: 200, CH3: 250, CH4: 300

Setting of RKC communication (Set value is a decimal number.)

Communication data items

CH1 of identifier QG: 508 [First Modbus register address of Measured value (PV)]

CH2 of identifier QG: 2780 [First Modbus register address of Set value (SV)]

CH3 to 50 of identifier QG: 65535 [Unused]

Number of measured data items (IN)

CH1 of identifier QH,: 4 [Number of Measured value (PV): For 4 channels]

CH2 of identifier QH: 4 [Number of Set value (SV): For 4 channels]

CH3 to 50 of identifier QH: 0 [Unused]

Number of setting data items (OUT)

CH1 of identifier QI: 0 [Unused]

CH2 of Identifier QI: 4 [Number of Set value (SV): For 4 channels]

CH3 to 50 of identifier QI: 0 [Unused]

Data setting of communication items

CH1 of identifier S1: 150 [CH1 of Set value (SV)]

CH2 of identifier S1: 200 [CH2 of Set value (SV)]

CH3 of identifier S1: 250 [CH3 of Set value (SV)]

CH4 of identifier S1: 300 [CH4 of Set value (SV)]

Setting of Modbus

Communication data items

8020H: 01FCH [First Modbus register address of Measured value (PV)]

8021H: 0ADCH [First Modbus register address of Set value (SV)]

8022H to 8051H: FFFFH [Unused]

Number of measured data items (IN)

8052H: 0004H [Number of Measured value (PV): For 4 channels]

8053H: 0004H [Number of Set value (SV): For 4 channels]

8054H to 8083H: 0000H [Unused]

Number of setting data items (OUT)

8084H: 0000H [Unused]

8085H: 0004H [Number of Set value (SV): For 4 channels]

8086H to 80B5H: 0000H [Unused]

Data setting of communication items

0ADCH: 0096H [CH1 of Set value (SV)]

0ADDH: 00C8H [CH2 of Set value (SV)]

0ADEH: 00FAH [CH3 of Set value (SV)]

0ADFH: 012CH [CH4 of set value (SV)]

7.2 Other Communication Data Settings

Set communication data (PID constants and event set values of the Z-TIO module, DO manual output of the Z-DIO module, etc.) other than the items set in **7.1 PROFINET Communication Settings (P. 27)** using host communication or loader communication.

- Host communication or loader communication is used for "PROFINET Communication Settings," and thus if "Other Communication Data Settings" are configured immediately after these settings, the items can be set without changing the communication method.
- For each of the communication setting items, refer to **8. COMMUNICATION DATA LIST** (P. 34).

7.3 IP Address Setting

IP address is automatically assigned by the Engineering software. To set a desired IP address, the Engineering software needs to be used.

7.4 PROFINET Communication Specifications

Below is the specification of the PROFINET communication.

Main family: General
Product family: COM-ML-4
Device ID: 0x0001
Physical slot: 17 slots

Corresponding module: Refer to the table below

Setting contents

Slot	Module	Attribute	Communication items
1	IN_001-016	Reading	Specify using the following settings.
2	IN_017-032	Reading	Communication data items setting
3	IN_033-048	Reading	Number of measured data items (IN)
4	IN_049-064	Reading	The read value from the non-designated
5	IN_065-080	Reading	module (IN ***) becomes "0."
6	IN_081-096	Reading	,
7	IN_097-112	Reading	
8	IN_113-128	Reading	
9	Write_permission	Writing	Setting state selection Bit data Bit 0: Data setting possible/impossible 0: Data setting impossible 1: Data setting possible Bit 1 to Bit 15: Unused
10	OUT_001-016	Writing	Specify using the following settings.
11	OUT_017-032	Writing	Communication data items setting
12	OUT_033-048	Writing	• Number of setting data items (OUT)
13	OUT_049-064	Writing	The written value from the non-designated
14	OUT_065-080	Writing	module (OUT ***) becomes "disabled."
15	OUT_081-096	Writing	\
16	OUT_097-112	Writing	
17	OUT_0113-127	Writing	

The above setting contents are fixed.

■ Setting example (The condition is the same as the setting example on Page 29.)

When one Z-TIO module is connected to the COM-ML, set the following conditions.

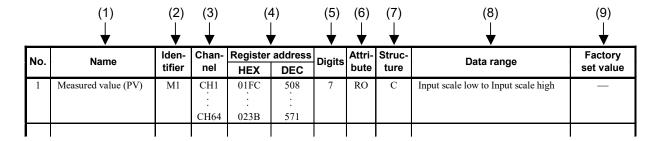
- Use the Measured value (PV) and the Set value (SV) [CH1 to CH4] of the Z-TIO module.
- Communication data items setting: Measured value (PV), Set value (SV)
- Number of measured data items (IN): Measured value (PV): 4 Set value (SV): 4
 - Set value (SV). 1
- Number of setting data items (OUT): Set value (SV): 4
 - Make setting of "Communication data items setting," "Number of measured data items (IN)," and "Number of setting data items (OUT)" through the host communication or through the loader communication.

Content of each module of PROFINET communication

Slot 1	IN_001:	Read out value of the Measured value (PV) CH1
	IN_002:	Read out value of the Measured value (PV) CH2
	IN_003:	Read out value of the Measured value (PV) CH3
	IN_004:	Read out value of the Measured value (PV) CH4
	IN_005:	Read out value of the Set value (SV) CH1
	IN_006:	Read out value of the Set value (SV) CH2
	IN_007:	Read out value of the Set value (SV) CH3
	IN_008:	Read out value of the Set value (SV) CH4
Slot 1 to 8	IN_009 to 128:	0
Slot 9	Write_permissio	on: Setting state selection
		Set Bit 0 to "1" to write data.
Slot 10	OUT_001:	The written value of the set value (SV) CH1
	OUT_002:	The written value of the set value (SV) CH2
	OUT_003:	The written value of the set value (SV) CH3
	OUT_004:	The written value of the set value (SV) CH4
Slot 10 to 1'	7 OUT 005 to 12	27: Invalid writing

8. COMMUNICATION DATA LIST

8.1 Reference to Communication Data List



(1) Name: Communication data name

(2) Identifier: Communication identifier of RKC communication

(3) Channel: Channel number of data of one unit

(4) Register address: Register address of Modbus data item specification

HEX: Hexadecimal DEC: Decimal

(5) Digits: The number of communication data digits in RKC communication

(6) Attribute: A method of how communication data items are read or written when

viewed from the host computer or PLC is described

RO: Read only data

Host computer or PLC ← COM-ML

R/W: Read and Write data

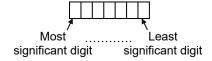
Host computer or PLC ← Data direction COM-ML

(7) **Structure:** C: Data for each channel 1,2

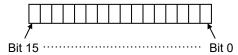
M: Data for each module U: Data for each SRZ unit

(8) Data range: Read or write range of communication data

ASCII code data (Example: 7 digits)



• 16-bit data (bit image)



(9) Factory set value: Factory set value of communication data

¹ On a Z-TIO module (2-channel type), the communication data of the CH3 and CH4 becomes invalid.

² Parameters only used for Heat/Cool control or position proportioning control, therefore data (indicated by ♣ in the name column) for CH2 and CH4 of Z-TIO modules are unused. [Read is possible (0 is shown), but the result of Write is disregarded.]

MARNING

The Engineering setting data should be set according to the application before setting any parameter related to operation. Once the communication data in the Engineering mode are set correctly, no further changes need to be made to parameters for the same application under normal conditions. If they are changed unnecessarily, it may result in malfunction or failure of the instrument. RKC will not bear any responsibility for malfunction or failure as a result of improper changes in the Engineering mode.

NOTE

Some of the communication data of the COM-ML will not be enabled until the power is turned on again, or control is switched from STOP to RUN.

Communication data No. 22 to 25, 27, 33 to 36, 42

NOTE

Communication data includes both "Normal setting data" and "Engineering setting data." During RUN (control), the attribute of Engineering setting data is RO. To configure Engineering setting data, the RUN/STOP switch must be set to STOP (control stopped).

Z-TIO module: Normal setting data No. 1 to 85

Engineering setting data No. 86 to 208

Z-DIO module: Normal setting data No. 1 to 13

Engineering setting data No. 14 to 27

Z-CT module: Normal setting data No. 1 to 16

Engineering setting data No. 17 to 28 *

* No. 17 to 28: When the set lock (Identifier: LK, Resister address: 5E0CH to 5E1BH) is set to "0: Unlock," writing data is possible.

8.2 Communication Data of COM-ML

		lden-	Chan-	Register	address		Attri-	Struc-	_	Factory
No.	Name	tifier	nel	HEX	DEC	Digits	bute	ture	Data range	set value
1	Instrument number (COM-ML)	RX	CH1	_	_	8	RO	M	Serial number (character)	_
2	Instrument number (Function module*)	RZ	CH1 : CH100	_	_	8	RO	М	Serial number (character)	_
3	Model code (COM-ML)	ID	CH1	_	_	32	RO	M	Model code (character)	_
4	Model code (Function module*)	IE	CH1 : CH100	_	_	32	RO	М	Model code (character)	_
5	ROM version (COM-ML)	VR	CH1	_	_	8	RO	M	ROM version	_
6	ROM version (Function module*)	VQ	CH1 : CH100	—	_	8	RO	M	ROM version	_
7	Integrated operating time monitor (COM-ML)	UT	CH1	_	_	7	RO	M	0 to 19999 hours	_
8	Integrated operating time monitor (Function module*)	UV	CH1 : CH100		_	7	RO	М	0 to 19999 hours	_
9	Error code (COM-ML)	ER	СН1	0000	0	7	RO	U	RKC communication Adjustment data error ¹ Data back-up error A/D conversion error ¹ Logic output data error ² Stack overflow ³ S12: Network module error ³ Modbus Bit data Bit 0: Adjustment data error ¹ Bit 1: Data back-up error Bit 2: A/D conversion error ¹ Bit 3 and Bit 4: Unused Bit 5: Logic output data error ²	_
10	Error code (Function module*)	EZ	CH1 : CH100	0001 : 0064	1 : 100	7	RO	M	Bit 6: Stack overflow ³ Bit 7: and Bit 8: Unused Bit 9: Network module error ³ Bit 10 to Bit 15: Unused Data 0: OFF 1: ON [Decimal number: 0 to 615] The error condition is shown by the OR of each module. When multiple errors occur, the error No. is the sum value. ¹ Only the function module ² Only the Z-TIO and Z-DIO module ³ Only the COM-ML	
11	Backup memory state monitor (COM-ML)	EM	CH1	0065	101	1	RO	М	O: The content of the backup memory does not coincide with that of the RAM. 1: The content of the backup memory coincides with that of the RAM.	_

^{*} Function module: Z-TIO module, Z-DIO module or Z-CT module

Continued on the next page.

No.	Nama	lden-	Chan-	Register	address	Dista	Attri-	Struc-	Dete were we	Factory
NO.	Name	tifier	nel	HEX	DEC	Digits	bute	ture	Data range	set value
12	Backup memory state monitor (Function module*)	CZ	CH1 : CH100	0066 : 00C9	102 : 201	1	RO	M	O: The content of the backup memory does not coincide with that of the RAM. 1: The content of the backup memory coincides with that of the RAM.	I
13	Unused	_	_	00CA	202	_	_	_	_	
14	Unused	_	_	00CB	203	_	_		_	
15	Network error code	ES	CH1	00CC	204	7	RO	U	Normal Network operation not possible	_
16	Unused	_	_	00CD : 0131	205 : 305	_	_	_	_	
17	Monitor for the number of connected modules	QK	CH1	0132	306	7	RO	U	0 to 31	
18	RUN/STOP transfer ¹ (COM-ML)	SR	CH1	0133	307	1	R/W	U	0: STOP (Control stop) 1: RUN (Control start)	0
19	RUN/STOP transfer ² (Function module*)	SW	CH1 : CH100	0134 : 0197	308 : 407	1	R/W	М	0: STOP (Control stop) 1: RUN (Control start)	
20	Control RUN/STOP holding setting ² (Function module*)	X1	CH1 : CH100	0198 : 01FB	408 : 507	1	R/W	М	0: Not holding (STOP start) 1: Holding (RUN/STOP hold)	
21	Unused	_		8000 : 8003	32768 : 32771	_	_	_	_	_
22	Host communication protocol ³	VP	CH1	8004	32772	1	R/W	U	0: RKC communication 1: Modbus	0
23	Host communication communication speed ³	VU	CH1	8005	32773	1	R/W	U	0: 4800 bps 1: 9600 bps 2: 19200 bps 3: 38400 bps	2
24	Host communication data bit configuration ³	VW	CH1	8006	32774	7	R/W	U	0 to 5 Refer to Table 1: Data bit configuration	0
25	Host communication interval time	VX	CH1	8007	32775	7	R/W	U	0 to 250 ms	10
26	Unused	_	_	8008 : 8010	32776 : 32784	_	_	_	_	_

^{*} Function module: Z-TIO module, Z-DIO module or Z-CT module

Table 1: Data bit configuration

Set value	Data bit	Parity bit	Stop bit	Settable communication
0	8	Without	1	37. 11
1	8	Even	1	Modbus RKC communication
2	8	Odd	1	Terce communication
3	7	Without	1	
4	7	Even	1	RKC communication
5	7	Odd	1	

Continued on the next page.

¹ When RUN/STOP transfer (Each unit) becomes STOP, the set lock (Identifier: LK, Resister address: 5E0CH to 5E1BH) of the Z-CT module becomes "0: Unlock."

² This item does not support a Z-CT module.

³ Data that are activated by rebooting

No.	Nome	lden-	Chan-	Register	address	Die!t-	Attri-	Struc-	Date remain	Factory
NO.	Name	tifier	nel	HEX	DEC	Digits	bute	ture	Data range	set value
27	Method for setting the number of connected modules	RY	CH1	8011	32785	7	R/W	U	No action Automatically set the maximum number of connected function modules only when power is turned on. Execute automatic setting of the maximum number of connected function modules. (After automatic setting of the number of connected function modules, the value automatically reverts to 0.)	1
28	Unused		—	8012	32786	_	_	_	_	
29	Number of connected modules ¹ (Z-TIO module)	QY	CH1	8013	32787	7	R/W	U	0 to 16 This is the maximum address of the Z-TIO module that is connected to the COM-ML.	_
30	Number of connected modules ¹ (Z-DIO module)	QU	CH1	8014	32788	7	R/W	U	0 to 16 This is the maximum address of the Z-DIO module that is connected to the COM-ML.	_
31	Number of connected modules ¹ (Z-CT module)	QO	CH1	8015	32789	7	R/W	U	0 to 16 This is the maximum address of the Z-CT module that is connected to the COM-ML.	_
32	Unused	_	_	8016 : 801F	32790 : 32799	_	_	_	_	_
33	Communication data items setting	QG	CH1 : CH50	8020 : 8051	32800 : 32849	7	R/W	М	0 to 65535	65535
34	Number of measured data items (IN)	QH	CH1 : CH50	8052 : 8083	32850 : 32899	7	R/W	M	0 to 128 0: Unused	0
35	Number of setting data items (OUT)	QI	CH1 : CH50	8084 : 80B5	32900 : : 32949	7	R/W	М	0 to 127 0: Unused	0
36	Unused	_	_	80B6	32950	_	_	_	_	_
37	Control RUN/STOP holding setting (Each unit) ²	X2	CH1	80B7	32951	1	R/W	U	0: Not holding (STOP start) 1: Holding (RUN/STOP hold)	1
38	Unused	_	_	80B8	32952	_	_	_	_	_
39	Network status			810B9	32953		RO	U	Bit data Bit 0 to Bit 7: Update counter of Read data Bit 8: Toggle counter of Data mapping update Bit 9: Write completion flag Bit 10: Write error flag Bit 11: Error occurring flag Bit 12 to Bit 15: Unused	_

When 1 or 2 is set for the communication identifier RY (method of setting the number of connected modules), the maximum number of connected modules is set automatically. When 0 is set, the maximum number of connected modules is set manually.

Maximum number of connected modules: Maximum address of function modules (address setting switch set value + 1)

COM-ML uses this set value to calculate the number of channels of communication data (RKC communication only).

² Data that are activated by rebooting

8.3 Communication Data of Z-TIO Module

For details of Z-TIO module communication data, refer to SRZ Instruction Manual (IMS01T04-E).

	.,	lden-	Chan-	Register	address	5 ,	Attri-	Struc-	- .	Factory
No.	Name	tifier	nel	HEX	DEC	Digits	bute	ture	Data range	set value
1	Measured value (PV)	M1	CH1	01FC	508	7	RO	С	Input scale low to Input scale high	_
			: CH64	022P	571					
2	Comprehensive event state	AJ	CH64 CH1 : CH64	023B 023C : 027B	571 572 :: 635	7	RO	С	• RKC communication Least significant digit:	
3	Operation mode state monitor	LO	CH1 : CH64	027C : 02BB	636 : 699	7	RO	C	● RKC communication Least significant digit:	
4	Unused	_	_	02BC :	700 :	_	_	_	_	_
5	Manipulated output value (MV) monitor [heat-side]	O1	CH1 : CH64	02CB 02CC : 030B	715 716 : 779	7	RO	C	PID control or Heat/Cool PID control: -5.0 to +105.0 % Position proportioning PID control with feedback resistance (FBR) input: 0.0 to 100.0 %	_
6	Manipulated output value (MV) monitor [cool-side]	O2	CH1 : CH64	030C : 034B	780 : 843	7	RO	С	-5.0 to +105.0 %	_

^{*} Parameters only used for Heat/Cool PID control or Position proportioning PID control, therefore data for CH2 and CH4 of Z-TIO modules are unused.

Continued on the next page.

No.	Name	lden-	Chan-	Register	address	Digits	Attri-	Struc-	Data rongo	Factory
10.	name	tifier	nel	HEX	DEC	פוופוע	bute	ture	Data range	set value
7	Current transformer	M3	CH1	034C	844	7	RO	C	CTL-6-P-N:	_
	(CT) input value monitor		:	:	:				0.0 to 30.0 A CTL-12-S56-10L-N:	
	monitor		CH64	038B	907				0.0 to 100.0 A	
8	Set value (SV)	MS	CH1	038C	908	7	RO	С	Setting limiter low to	_
	monitor		:	÷	:				Setting limiter high	
			CH64	03CB	971					
9	Remote setting (RS)	S2	CH1	03CC	972	7	RO	C	Setting limiter low to	_
	input value monitor		:	:	:				Setting limiter high	
10	D	D.1	CH64	040B	1035	1	D.O.		A OFF	
10	Burnout state monitor	B1	CH1 :	040C :	1036	1	RO	С	0: OFF 1: ON	
			CH64	044B	1099				1. 614	
11	Event 1 state monitor	AA	CH1	044C	1100	1	RO	С	0: OFF	_
	Event I state memor	1	:	:	:	-	110		1: ON	
			CH64	048B	1163					
12	Event 2 state monitor	AB	CH1	048C	1164	1	RO	С	If the Event 3 type is temperature	_
			:	:	:				rise completion, check the temperature rise completion state	
			CH64	04CB	1227				in the comprehensive event state	
13	Event 3 state monitor	AC	CH1	04CC	1228	1	RO	С	(Identifier: AJ, Register address:	_
			: CH64	050B	: 1291				023CH to 027BH). (The Event 3 state monitor does	
14	Event 4 state monitor	AD	CH1	050B	1291	1	RO	С	not turn ON.)	
1 1	Event 4 state monitor	710	:	:	:	1	RO			
			CH64	054B	1355					
15	Heater break alarm	AE	CH1	054C	1356	1	RO	С	0: OFF	_
	(HBA) state monitor		:	i	:				1: ON	
			CH64	058B	1419					
16	Output state monitor	Q1	CH1	058C	1420	7	RO	M	• RKC communication Least significant digit:	_
			: CH16	: 059B	1435				OUT1	
			CIIIO	0376	1433				2nd digit: OUT2	
									3rd digit: OUT3	
									4th digit: OUT4 5th digit to Most significant digit:	
									Unused	
									Data 0: OFF 1: ON	
									• Modbus	
									Bit data Bit 0: OUT1	
									Bit 0: OUT2	
									Bit 2: OUT3	
									Bit 3: OUT4	
									Bit 4 to Bit 15: Unused Data 0: OFF 1: ON	
									[Decimal number: 0 to 15]	
									Valid only for time-proportional control	
									output.	
17	Memory area soak	TR	CH1	059C	1436	7	RO	С	0 minutes 00 seconds to	_
	time monitor			:					199 minutes 59 seconds: RKC communication:	
			CH64	05DB	1499				0:00 to 199:59 (min:sec)	
									Modbus: 0 to 11999 seconds	
									0 hours 00 minutes to	
									99 hours 59 minutes: RKC communication:	
									0:00 to 99:59 (hrs:min)	
									Modbus: 0 to 5999 minutes	
									Data range of Area soak time can be	
		1	1	1	İ		1		selected on the Soak time unit.	1

Continued on the next page.

No.	Name	lden-	Chan-	Register	address	Digits	Attri-	Struc-	Data range	Factory
NO.	Name	tifier	nel	HEX	DEC	Digits	bute	ture	Data range	set value
18	Unused	_	_	05DC	1500	_	_	_	_	_
				:	i :					
10	TT 11: 1 1	7.7	CIII	05EB	1515	7	D.O.	-	10.04 . 100.000	
19	Holding peak value ambient temperature	Нр	CH1 :	05EC :	1516 :	/	RO	С	-10.0 to +100.0 °C (14.0 to 212.0 °F)	_
	monitor		CH64	062B	1579				(= ==)	
20	Unused	_	_	062C	1580	_	_		_	_
				÷	÷					
				063B	1595	_				
21	Logic output monitor 1	ED	CH1 :	063C :	1596 :	7	RO	M	RKC communication Least significant digit:	_
			CH16	064B	1611				Logic output 1 2nd digit: Logic output 2	
									3rd digit: Logic output 3	
									4th digit: Logic output 4	
									5th digit to Most significant digit: Unused	
									Data 0: OFF 1: ON	
									• Modbus	
									Bit data Bit 0: Logic output 1	
									Bit 1: Logic output 2	
									Bit 2: Logic output 3 Bit 3: Logic output 4	
									Bit 4: Logic output 5	
									Bit 5: Logic output 6	
									Bit 6: Logic output 7 Bit 7: Logic output 8	
									Bit 8 to Bit 15: Unused	
									Data 0: OFF 1: ON	
22	T :	FF	CIII			7	RO	24	[Decimal number: 0 to 255] Least significant digit:	
22	Logic output monitor 2	EE	CH1 :	_		/	RO	M	Logic output 5	
			CH16						2nd digit: Logic output 6	
									3rd digit: Logic output 7 4th digit: Logic output 8	
									5th digit to Most significant digit:	
									Unused	
23	Unused	_	_	064C	1612	_	_	_	Data 0: OFF 1: ON —	_
				:	÷					
				080B	2059					
24	PID/AT transfer	G1	CH1	080C	2060	1	R/W	С	0: PID control	0
			: CH64	: 084B	: 2123				1: Autotuning (AT) * * Automatically reverts to 0 after	
									autotuning ends.	
25	Auto/Manual transfer	J1	CH1	084C	2124	1	R/W	С	0: Auto mode 1: Manual mode	0
			: CH64	: 088B	: 2187				1. Ivianuai mouc	
26	Remote/Local transfer	C1	CH1	088C	2188	1	R/W	С	0: Local mode	0
-			:	:	:			_	1: Remote mode	-
			CH64	08CB	2251				When performing remote control by remote setting input and also performing	
									cascade control and ratio setting, transfer to the Remote mode.	
27	Unused	_	_	08CC	2252	_	_	_	<u> </u>	_
				: 08DB	: 2267					
28	Memory area transfer	ZA	CH1	08DC	2268	7	R/W	С	1 to 8	1
			:	:	:					
			CH64	091B	2331					

Continued on the next page.

No.	Nome	lden-	Chan-	Register	address	Diete	Attri-	Struc-	Data remains	Factory
NO.	Name	tifier	nel	HEX	DEC	Digits	bute	ture	Data range	set value
29	Interlock release	AR	CH1 :	091C :	2332 :	1	R/W	С	0: Normal state 1: Interlock release execution	0
			CH64	095B	2395					
30	Event 1 set value (EV1) ★	A1	CH1 :	095C :	2396 :	7	R/W	С	Deviation action, Deviation action between channels, Temperature rise	50 (50.0)
			CH64	099B	2459				completion range: -Input span to +Input span Process action, SV action:	
31	Event 2 set value (EV2) ★	A2	CH1 :	099C :	2460 :	7	R/W	С	Input scale low to Input scale high	50 (50.0)
			CH64	09DB	2523				MV action: -5.0 to +105.0 %	
32	Event 3 set value (EV3) ★	A3	CH1 :	09DC :	2524 :	7	R/W	С	If the Event type corresponds to "0: None," set to RO (Only reading data is possible).	50 (50.0)
			CH64	0A1B	2587				If Event 3 corresponds to "9: Temperature rise completion," the Event 3 set value	
33	Event 4 set value	A4	CH1	0A1C	2588	7	R/W	С	becomes the range for determining temperature rise completion.	50 (50.0)
	(EV4) ★		: CH64	: 0A5B	: 2651				If Event 4 corresponds to "9: Control loop break alarm (LBA)," the Event 4 set value becomes RO (Only reading data is possible).	
34	Control loop break alarm (LBA) time ★	A5	CH1 :	0A5C :	2652 :	7	R/W	С	0 to 7200 seconds (0: Unused)	480
			CH64	0A9B	2715					
35	LBA deadband ★	N1	CH1 :	0A9C :	2716 :	7	R/W	С	0 (0.0) to Input span Varies with the setting of the decimal point position.	0 (0.0)
36	Set value (SV) ★	S1	CH64 CH1	0ADB 0ADC	2779 2780	7	R/W	С	Setting limiter low to	TC/RTD:
	(2) / /		:	:	:	,			Setting limiter high	0(0.0)
			CH64	0B1B	2843				Varies with the setting of the decimal point position.	V/I: 0.0
37	Proportional band	P1	CH1	0B1C	2844	7	R/W	С	TC/RTD inputs:	TC/RTD:
	[heat-side] ★ ♣		: CH64	: 0B5B	: 2907				0 (0.0) to Input span (Unit: °C [°F])	30 (30.0) V/I: 30.0
			21104	(1)	2701				Varies with the setting of the decimal point position selection.	. 71. 50.0
									Voltage (V)/current (I) inputs: 0.0 to 1000.0 % of input span	
									0 (0.0): ON/OFF action	
									(ON/OFF action for both heat and cool actions in case of a Heat/Cool control type.)	
38	Integral time [heat-side]	I1	CH1 :	0B5C :	2908 :	7	R/W	С	PID control or Heat/Cool PID control: 0 to 3600 seconds or	240
	**		СН64	0B9B	2971				0.0 to 1999.9 seconds (0, 0.0: PD action)	
									Position proportioning PID control: 1 to 3600 seconds or 0.1 to 1999.9 seconds	
									Varies with the setting of the Integral/ Derivative time decimal point position.	
39	Derivative time [heat-side]	D1	CH1 :	0B9C :	2972 :	7	R/W	С	0 to 3600 seconds or 0.0 to 1999.9 seconds	60
	**		CH64	0BDB	3035				(0, 0.0: PI action) Varies with the setting of the Integral/ Derivative time decimal point position.	

[★] Parameters which can be used in multi-memory area function

Continued on the next page.

A Parameters only used for Heat/Cool PID control or Position proportioning PID control, therefore data for CH2 and CH4 of Z-TIO modules are unused.

No.	Na	lden-	Chan-	Register	address	Diet	Attri-	Struc-	Data areas	Factory
10.	Name	tifier	nel	HEX	DEC	Digits	bute	ture	Data range	set value
40	Control response parameter ★ ♣	CA	CH1 : CH64	0BDC : 0C1B	3036 : : 3099	1	R/W	С	0: Slow 1: Medium 2: Fast When the P or PD action is selected, this setting becomes invalid.	PID control, Position proportioning PID control: 0 Heat/Cool PID control: 2
41	Proportional band [cool-side]	P2	CH1 : CH64	0C1C : 0C5B	3100 : 3163	7	R/W	С	TC/RTD inputs: 1 (0.1) to Input span (Unit: °C [°F]) Varies with the setting of the decimal point position selection. Voltage (V)/current (I) inputs: 0.1 to 1000.0 % of input span If control is other than Heat/Cool PID control, set to RO (Only reading data is possible).	TC/RTD: 30 (30.0) V/I: 30.0
42	Integral time [cool-side] ★ ♣	12	CH1 : CH64	0C5C : 0C9B	3164 : 3227	7	R/W	С	0 to 3600 seconds or 0.0 to 1999.9 seconds (0, 0.0: PD action) Varies with the setting of the Integral/Derivative time decimal point position selection. If control is other than Heat/Cool PID control, set to RO (Only reading data is possible).	240
43	Derivative time [cool-side] ★ ♣	D2	CH1 : CH64	0C9C : 0CDB	3228 : : 3291	7	R/W	С	0 to 3600 seconds or 0.0 to 1999.9 seconds (0, 0.0: PI action) Varies with the setting of the Integral/ Derivative time decimal point position selection. If control is other than Heat/Cool PID control, set to RO (Only reading data is possible).	60
44	Overlap/Deadband ★ ♣	V1	CH1 : CH64	0CDC : 0D1B	3292 : : 3355	7	R/W	С	TC/RTD inputs: -Input span to +Input span (Unit: °C [°F]) Voltage (V)/current (I) inputs: -100.0 to +100.0 % of input span Minus (-) setting results in overlap. However, the overlapping range is within the proportional range. If control is other than Heat/Cool PID control, set to RO (Only reading data is possible).	0 (0.0)
45	Manual reset ★	MR	CH1 : CH64	0D1C : 0D5B	3356 : 3419	7	R/W	С	-100.0 to +100.0 % If the integral function is valid, set to RO (Only reading data is possible). When integral action (heating or cooling side) is zero, manual reset value is added to the control output.	0.0
46	Setting change rate limiter (up) ★	НН	CH1 :: CH64	0D5C : 0D9B	3420 : 3483	7	R/W	С	0 (0.0) to Input span/unit time * 0 (0.0): Unused	0 (0.0)
47	Setting change rate limiter (down) ★	HL	CH1 : CH64	0D9C : 0DDB	3484 : 3547	7	R/W	С	* Unit time: 60 seconds (factory set value)	0 (0.0)

 $[\]bigstar$ Parameters which can be used in multi-memory area function

Continued on the next page.

^{*} Parameters only used for Heat/Cool PID control or Position proportioning PID control, therefore data for CH2 and CH4 of Z-TIO modules are unused.

NI ~	Name	lden-	Chan-	Register	address	Di~!t-	Attri-	Struc-	Doto rong	Factory
No.	Name	tifier	nel	HEX	DEC	Digits	bute	ture	Data range	set value
48	Area soak time ★	TM	CH1 : CH64	0DDC : 0E1B	3548 : 3611	7	R/W	С	0 minutes 00 seconds to 199 minutes 59 seconds: RKC communication: 0:00 to 199:59 (min:sec) Modbus: 0 to 11999 seconds	RKC communication 0:00 Modbus: 0
									0 hours 00 minutes to 99 hours 59 minutes: RKC communication: 0:00 to 99:59 (hrs:min) Modbus: 0 to 5999 minutes Data range of Area soak time can be	
									selected on the Soak time unit.	
49	Link area number ★	LP	CH1 :	0E1C :	3612 :	7	R/W	С	0 to 8 (0: No link)	0
50	Heater break alarm	A7	CH64 CH1	0E5B 0E5C	3675 3676	7	R/W	С	When CT is CTL-6-P-N:	0.0
	(HBA) set value		: CH64	: 0E9B	÷ 3739	,			0.0 to 30.0 A (0.0: Not used) When CT is CTL-12-S56-10L-N:	
									0.0 to 100.0 A (0.0: Not used) If there is no current transformer (CT) or CT is assigned to "0: None," set to RO (Only reading data is possible).	
51	Heater break determination point	NE	CH1 : CH64	0E9C : 0EDB	3740 : 3803	7	R/W	С	0.0 to 100.0 % of HBA set value (0.0: Heater break determination is invalid)	30.0
				V 222	3003				If there is no current transformer (CT) or CT is assigned to "0: None," set to RO (Only reading data is possible). If Heater break alarm (HBA) corresponds to "0: Type A," set to RO (Only reading data is possible).	
52	Heater melting determination point	NF	CH1 : CH64	0EDC : 0F1B	3804 : : 3867	7	R/W	С	0.0 to 100.0 % of HBA set value (0.0:Heater melting determination is invalid)	30.0
									If there is no current transformer (CT) or CT is assigned to "0: None," set to RO (Only reading data is possible). If Heater break alarm (HBA) corresponds to "0: Type A," set to RO (Only reading data is possible).	
53	PV bias	PB	CH1 : CH64	0F1C : 0F5B	3868 : 3931	7	R/W	С	-Input span to +Input span Varies with the setting of the decimal point position.	0 (0.0)
54	PV digital filter	F1	CH1 :	0F5C :	3932 :	7	R/W	С	0.0 to 100.0 seconds (0.0: Unused)	0.0
	777	- nn	CH64	0F9B	3995		D ///	-	0.500 . 1.500	1.000
55	PV ratio	PR	CH1 : CH64	0F9C : 0FDB	3996 : 4059	7	R/W	С	0.500 to 1.500	1.000
56	PV low input cut-off	DP	CH04 CH1 : CH64	0FDC : 101B	4060 : 4123	7	R/W	С	0.00 to 25.00 % of input span If the Square root extraction corresponds to "0: Unused," set to RO (Only reading data is possible).	0.00
57	RS bias ¹	RB	CH1 :	101C :	4124 :	7	R/W	С	-Input span to +Input span Varies with the setting of the decimal point position.	0 (0.0)
58	RS digital filter ²	F2	CH64 CH1 :: CH64	105B 105C : 109B	4187 4188 : 4251	7	R/W	С	0.0 to 100.0 seconds (0.0: Unused)	0.0

 $[\]bigstar$ Parameters which can be used in multi-memory area function

Continued on the next page.

When the cascade control is selected, this is used as the cascade bias. When the ratio setting is selected, this is used as the ratio setting bias.

When the cascade control is selected, this is used as the cascade digital filter. When the ratio setting is selected, this is used as the ratio setting digital filter.

N۱۵	Nome	lden-	Chan-	Register	address	Dicita	Attri-	Struc-	Doto reman	Factory
No.	Name	tifier	nel	HEX	DEC	Digits	bute	ture	Data range	set value
59	RS ratio *	RR	CH1 :	109C :	4252 :	7	R/W	С	0.001 to 9.999	1.000
			: CH64	: 10DB	4315					
60	Output distribution	DV	CH1	10DC	4316	1	R/W	С	0: Control output	0
	selection		:	:	:				1: Distribution output	
			CH64	111B	4379					
61	Output distribution bias	DW	CH1 :	111C :	4380 :	7	R/W	С	-100.0 to +100.0 %	0.0
			CH64	115B	4443					
62	Output distribution ratio	DQ	CH1 :	115C :	4444 :	7	R/W	С	–9.999 to +9.999	1.000
			CH64	119B	4507					
63	Proportional cycle	T0	CH1	119C	4508	7	R/W	C	0.1 to 100.0 seconds	Relay contac
	time		: CH64	: 11DB	: 4571				This item becomes RO (Only reading data is possible) for the Voltage/Current	output: 20.0 Voltage pulse
									output specification.	output, triac
									This parameter is valid when "0: Control output" has been selected at No.95 "Output assignment."	output and open collecto output: 2.0
64	Minimum ON/OFF	VI	CH1	11DC	4572	7	R/W	С	0 to 1000 ms	0
	time of proportioning		:	:	:	,		_	This item becomes RO (Only reading	
	cycle		CH64	121B	4635				data is possible) for the Voltage/Current output specification.	
65	Manual manipulated output value	ON	CH1 : CH64	121C : 125B	4636 : 4699	7	R/W	C	PID control: Output limiter low to Output limiter high Heat/Cool PID control: -Cool-side output limiter (high) to +Heat-side output limiter (high) Position proportioning PID control: When there is feedback resistance (FBR) input and it does not break: Output limiter low to Output limiter high When there is no feedback resistance (FBR) input or the feedback resistance (FBR) input is disconnected: 0: Close-side output OFF, Open-side output OFF 1: Close-side output OFF 2: Close-side output OFF 2: Close-side output OFF, Open-side output OFF, Open-side output OFF,	0.0
66	Area soak time stop function	RV	CH1 : CH64	125C : 129B	4700 : 4763	1	R/W	С	0: No function 1: Event 1 2: Event 2 3: Event 3 4: Event 4	0
67	EDS mode (for disturbance 1)	NG	CH1 :	129C :	4764 :	1	R/W	С	0: No function 1: EDS function mode 2: Learning mode	0
			CH64	12DB	4827				2: Learning mode 3: Tuning mode	
68	EDS mode (for disturbance 2)	NX	CH1 :	12DC :	4828 :	1	R/W	С	EDS function: External disturbance suppression function	0

^{*} When the cascade control is selected, this is used as the cascade ratio. When the ratio setting is selected, this is used as the ratio setting ratio.

Continued on the next page.

Parameters only used for Heat/Cool PID control or Position proportioning PID control, therefore data for CH2 and CH4 of Z-TIO modules are unused.

Nic	Nome	lden-	Chan-	Register	address	Die!t-	Attri-	Struc-	Doto	Factory
No.	Name	tifier	nel	HEX	DEC	Digits	bute	ture	Data range	set value
69	EDS value 1	NI	CH1	131C	4892	7	R/W	С	-100.0 to +100.0 %	0.0
	(for disturbance 1)		:	:	:					
70	EDG 1 1	277	CH64	135B	4955	-	D /XX	-		0.0
70	EDS value 1 (for disturbance 2)	NJ	CH1 :	135C :	4956 :	7	R/W	С		0.0
	(101 distancement 2)		CH64	139B	5019					
71	EDS value 2	NK	CH1	139C	5020	7	R/W	С	-100.0 to +100.0 %	0.0
	(for disturbance 1)		:	:	:					
	EDG 1 0	20.6	CH64	13DB	5083		T. 777			0.0
72	EDS value 2 (for disturbance 2)	NM	CH1 :	13DC :	5084	7	R/W	С		0.0
	(101 distancement 2)		CH64	141B	5147					
73	EDS transfer time	NN	CH1	141C	5148	7	R/W	С	0 to 3600 seconds or	0
	(for disturbance 1)		:	:	:				0.0 to 1999.9 seconds	
7.4	EDG : C :	NO	CH64	145B	5211	-	D /XX	-		
74	EDS transfer time (for disturbance 2)	NO	CH1 :	145C :	5212 :	7	R/W	С		0
	(101 distancemies 2)		CH64	149B	5275					
75	EDS action time	NQ	CH1	149C	5276	7	R/W	С	1 to 3600 seconds	600
	(for disturbance 1)		:	:	:					
76	EDS action time	NL	CH64 CH1	14DB 14DC	5339 5340	7	R/W	С		600
70	(for disturbance 2)	NL	:	:	:	,	IX/ W			000
	,		CH64	151B	5403					
77	EDS action wait time	NR	CH1	151C	5404	7	R/W	С	0.0 to 600.0 seconds	0.0
	(for disturbance 1)		CHA	155D	5467					
78	EDS action wait time	NY	CH64 CH1	155B 155C	5467 5468	7	R/W	С		0.0
70	(for disturbance 2)	111	:	:	:	,	10 11			0.0
			CH64	159B	5531					
79	EDS value learning	NT	CH1	159C	5532	7	R/W	С	0 to 10 times	1
	times		: CH64	: 15DB	: 5595				(0: No learning mode)	
80	EDS start signal	NU	CH1	15DC	5596	1	R/W	С	0: EDS start signal OFF	0
	Č		:	:	:				1: EDS start signal ON	
			CH64	161B	5659				(for disturbance 1) 2: EDS start signal ON	
									(for disturbance 2)	
81	Operation mode	EI	CH1	161C	5660	1	R/W	С	0: Unused	3
			CHA	1650	:				1: Monitor 2: Monitor + Event function	
			CH64	165B	5723				3: Control	
82	Startup tuning (ST)	ST	CH1	165C	5724	1	R/W	С	0: ST unused	0
			:	:	:				1: Execute once * 2: Execute always	
			CH64	169B	5787				* When the Startup tuning (ST) is	
									finished, the setting will automatically returns to "0: ST unused."	
									The Startup tuning (ST) function is	
									activated according to the ST start condition selected.	
									If control is Position proportioning PID	
									control, set to RO (Only reading data is possible).	
83	Automatic	Y8	CH1	169C	5788	1	R/W	С	0: Unused	0
	temperature rise		:	:	:				1: Learning *	
	learning		CH64	16DB	5851				* When the automatic temperature rise	
									learning is finished, the setting will automatically returns to "0: Unused."	

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Name	lden-	Chan-	Register		Digits	Attri-	Struc-	Data rango	Factory
ivallie	tifier	nel	HEX	DEC	טוטונא	bute	ture	Data range	set value
Communication switch for logic	EF	CH1 : CH16	16DC : 16EB	5852 : 5867	7	R/W	M	RKC communication Least significant digit: Communication switch 1 2nd digit: Communication switch 2 3rd digit: Communication switch 3 4th digit: Communication switch 4 5th digit to Most significant digit: Unused Data 0: OFF 1: ON Modbus Bit data Bit 0: Communication switch 1 Bit 1: Communication switch 2 Bit 2: Communication switch 3 Bit 3: Communication switch 4 Bit 4 to Bit 15: Unused Data 0: OFF 1: ON [Decimal number: 0 to 15]	0
Unused	_	_	16EC	5868	_	_	_		_
			: 196B	: 6507					
	Set data No	o. 86 or			eering	settin	g [Writa	ble in the STOP mode]	
Input type	XI	CH1	196C	6508	7	R/W	С	0: TC input K	Based on
input type	AI	CH1 : CH64	196C : 19AB	6508 : 6571		K W		1: TC input J 2: TC input R 3: TC input R 3: TC input S 4: TC input B 5: TC input E 6: TC input N 7: TC input T 8: TC input W5Re/W26Re 9: TC input PLII 12: RTD input Pt100 13: RTD input JPt100 14: Current input 0 to 20 mA DC 15: Current input 4 to 20 mA DC 16: Voltage (high) input 0 to 10 V DC 17: Voltage (high) input 1 to 5 V DC 18: Voltage (high) input 1 to 5 V DC 19: Voltage (low) input 0 to 1 V DC 20: Voltage (low) input 0 to 100 mV DC 21: Voltage (low) input 0 to 100 mV DC 22: Feedback resistance input 100 to 150 Ω 23: Feedback resistance input	Based on model code When not specifying: 0
Display unit	PU	CH1 :	19AC :	6572 :	7	R/W	C	151 Ω to 6 kΩ If changed to Voltage (high) input from TC/RTD/Current/Voltage (low)/ Feedback resistance input, select the hardware by the input selector switch at the side of the module. Refer to SRZ Instruction Manual (IMS01T04-Ε□). 0: °C 1: °F	Based on model code When not
Display	unit	unit PU	unit PU CH1 : CH64						Refer to SRZ Instruction Manual (IMS01T04-E□). unit

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No.	Nome	lden-	Chan-	Register	address	Diete	Attri-	Struc-	Data reserve	Factory
NO.	Name	tifier	nel	HEX	DEC	Digits	bute	ture	Data range	set value
88	Decimal point position	XU	CH1 : CH64	19EC : 1A2B	6636 : 6699	7	R/W	С	0: No decimal place 1: One decimal place 2: Two decimal places 3: Three decimal places 4: Four decimal places TC input: • K, J, T, E: Only 0 or 1 can be set. • R, S, B, N, PLII, W5Re/W26Re: Only 0 can be set. RTD input: Only 0 or 1 can be set. Voltage (V)/Current (I) inputs: From 0 to 4 can be set.	Based on model code When not specifying: TC/RTD: 1 V/I: 1
89	Input scale high	XV	CH1 : CH64	1A2C : 1A6B	6700 : 6763	7	R/W	С	TC/RTD inputs: Input scale low to Maximum value of the selected input range Voltage (V)/Current (I) inputs: -19999 to +19999 (However, a span is 20000 or less.) Varies with the setting of the decimal point position.	TC/RTD: Maximum value of the selected input range V/I: 100.0
90	Input scale low	XW	CH1 : CH64	1A6C : 1AAB	6764 : 6827	7	R/W	С	TC/RTD inputs: Minimum value of the selected input range to Input scale high Voltage (V)/Current (I) inputs: –19999 to +19999 (However, a span is 20000 or less.) Varies with the setting of the decimal point position.	TC/RTD: Minimum value of the selected input range V/I: 0.0
91	Input error determination point (high)	AV	CH1 : CH64	1AAC : 1AEB	6828 : 6891	7	R/W	С	Input error determination point (low limit) to (Input range high + 5 % of Input span) Varies with the setting of the decimal point position.	Input range high + (5 % of Input span)
92	Input error determination point (low)	AW	CH1 : CH64	1AEC : 1B2B	6892 : 6955	7	R/W	С	(Input range low – 5 % of Input span) to Input error determination point (high limit) Varies with the setting of the decimal point position.	Input range low – (5 % of Input span)
93	Burnout direction	BS	CH1 : CH64	1B2C : 1B6B	6956 : 7019	1	R/W	С	0: Upscale 1: Downscale Valid only when the TC input and voltage (low) input are selected.	0
94	Square root extraction	XH	CH1 : CH64	1B6C : 1BAB	7020 : 7083	1	R/W	С	0: Unused 1: Used	0
95	Output assignment (Logic output selection function)	Е0	CH1 : CH64	1BAC : 1BEB	7084 : 7147	1	R/W	С	0: Control output 1: Logic output result 2: FAIL output	0
96	Energized/ De-energized (Logic output selection function)	NA	CH1 : CH64	1BEC : 1C2B	7148 : 7211	1	R/W	С	0: Energized 1: De-energized	0

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Ma	Na	lden-	Chan-	Register	address	Diet	Attri-	Struc-	Deta de la	Factory
No.	Name	tifier	nel	HEX	DEC	Digits	bute	ture	Data range	set value
97	Event I type	tifier XA	nel CH1 : CH64	HEX 1C2C :: 1C6B	7212 :: 7275	7	R/W	C	0: None 1: Deviation high (Using SV monitor value) 1 2: Deviation low (Using SV monitor value) 1 3: Deviation high/low (Using SV monitor value) 1 4: Band (Using SV monitor value) 1 5: Process high 1 6: Process low 1 7: SV high 8: SV low 9: Unused 10: MV high [heat-side] 1,2 11: MV low [heat-side] 1,2 12: MV high [cool-side] 1 13: MV low [cool-side] 1 14: Deviation high (Using local SV value) 1 15: Deviation low (Using local SV value) 1 16: Deviation high/low (Using local SV value) 1 17: Band (Using local SV value) 1 17: Band (Using local SV value) 1 18: Deviation between channels high 1 19: Deviation between channels low 1 20: Deviation between channels high/low 1 21: Deviation between channels band 1 1 Event hold action is available. 2 If there is feedback resistance (FBR) input in Position proportioning PID control, set to the feedback resistance (FBR) input value.	Based on model code When not specifying:
98	Event 1 channel setting	FA	CH1 : CH64	1C6C : 1CAB	7276 : 7339	1	R/W	С	1: Channel 1 3: Channel 3 2: Channel 2 4: Channel 4 This function is valid when "deviation between channels" is selected.	1
99	Event 1 hold action	WA	CH1 : CH64	1CAC : 1CEB	7340 : 7403	1	R/W	С	O: OFF 1: Hold action ON (when power turned on; when transferred from STOP to RUN) 2: Re-hold action ON (when power turned on; when transferred from STOP to RUN; SV changed) This function is valid when input value, deviation or manipulated value action has been selected. In case of a deviation action, this function is not available while in remote mode and while setting changing rate limiter is working.	Based on model code When not specifying: 0
100	Event 1 interlock	LF	CH1 :: CH64	1CEC : 1D2B	7404 : 7467	1	R/W	С	0: Unused 1: Used	0
101	Event 1 differential gap	НА	CH1 : CH64	1D2C : 1D6B	7468 : 7531	7	R/W	С	 Deviation, process, set value, or Deviation action between channels: 0 (0.0) to Input span (Unit: °C [°F]) Varies with the setting of the decimal point position. MV: 0.0 to 110.0 % 	①: 1 ②: 1.0
102	Event 1 delay timer	TD	CH1 : CH64	1D6C : 1DAB	7532 : 7595	7	R/W	С	0 to 18000 seconds	0

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No.	Nome	lden-	Chan-	Register	address	Digits	Attri-	Struc-	Data rango	Factory
INU.	Name	tifier	nel	HEX	DEC	פוופוט	bute	ture	Data range	set value
103	Force ON of Event 1 action	OA	CH1 : CH64	1DAC : 1DEB	7596 : 7659	7	R/W	C	 RKC communication Least significant digit: Event output turned on at input error occurrence 2nd digit: Event output turned on in manual mode 3rd digit: Event output turned on during the Autotuning (AT) function is being executed 4th digit: Event output turned on during the setting change rate limiter is being operated 5th digit to Most significant digit: Unused Data 0: Invalid 1: Valid • Modbus Bit data Bit 0: Event output turned on at input error occurrence Bit 1: Event output turned on in manual mode Bit 2: Event output turned on during the Autotuning (AT) function is being executed Bit 3: Event output turned on during the Setting change rate limiter is being operated Bit 4 to Bit 15: Unused Data 0: Invalid 1: Valid 	0
104	Event 2 type	XB	CH1 : CH64	1DEC : 1E2B	7660 : 7723	7	R/W	C	[Decimal number: 0 to 15] 0: None 1: Deviation high (Using SV monitor value) 1 2: Deviation low (Using SV monitor value) 1 3: Deviation high/low (Using SV monitor value) 1 4: Band (Using SV monitor value) 1 5: Process high 1 6: Process high 1 6: Process high 1 8: SV low 9: Unused 10: MV high [heat-side] 1.2 11: MV low [heat-side] 1.2 11: MV low [heat-side] 1 13: MV low [cool-side] 1 13: MV low [cool-side] 1 14: Deviation high (Using local SV value) 1 15: Deviation low (Using local SV value) 1 17: Band (Using local SV value) 1 17: Band (Using local SV value) 1 18: Deviation between channels high 1 19: Deviation between channels high/low 1 20: Deviation between channels high/low 1 21: Deviation between channels high/low 1 21: Deviation between channels band 1 1 Event hold action is available. 2 If there is feedback resistance (FBR) input in Position proportioning PID control, set to the feedback resistance (FBR) input value.	Based on model code When not specifying:

Continued on the next page.

No.	Name	lden-	Chan-		address	Digits	Attri-		Data range	Factory
10.	Name	tifier	nel	HEX	DEC	Digits	bute	ture	Data laliye	set value
105	Event 2 channel setting	FB	CH1 : CH64	1E2C : 1E6B	7724 : 7787	1	R/W	С	1: Channel 1 2: Channel 2 3: Channel 3 4: Channel 4	1
									This function is valid when "deviation between channels" is selected.	
106	Event 2 hold action	WB	CH1 : CH64	1E6C : 1EAB	7788 : 7851	1	R/W	С	O: OFF 1: Hold action ON (when power turned on; when transferred from STOP to RUN) 2: Re-hold action ON (when power turned on; when transferred from STOP to RUN; SV changed) This function is valid when input value, deviation or manipulated value action has been selected. In case of a deviation action, this function is not available while in remote mode and while setting changing rate limiter is working.	Based on model code When not specifying 0
107	Event 2 interlock	LG	CH1 : : CH64	1EAC : 1EEB	7852 : 7915	1	R/W	С	0: Unused 1: Used	0
108	Event 2 differential gap	НВ	CH1 : : CH64	1EEC : 1F2B	7916 : 7979	7	R/W	С	① Deviation, process, set value, or Deviation action between channels: 0 (0.0) to Input span (Unit: °C [°F]) Varies with the setting of the decimal point position. ② MV: 0.0 to 110.0 %	①: 1 ②: 1.0
109	Event 2 delay timer	TG	CH1 : : CH64	1F2C : 1F6B	7980 : 8043	7	R/W	С	0 to 18000 seconds	0
110	Force ON of Event 2 action	OB	CH1 :: CH64	1F6C : 1FAB	8044 : 8107	7	R/W	С	● RKC communication Least significant digit: Event output turned on at input error occurrence 2nd digit: Event output turned on in manual mode 3rd digit: Event output turned on during the Autotuning (AT) function is being executed 4th digit: Event output turned on during the setting change rate limiter is being operated 5th digit to Most significant digit: Unused Data 0: Invalid 1: Valid ● Modbus Bit data Bit 0: Event output turned on at input error occurrence Bit 1: Event output turned on in manual mode Bit 2: Event output turned on during the Autotuning (AT) function is being executed Bit 3: Event output turned on during the setting change rate limiter is being operated Bit 4 to Bit 15: Unused Data 0: Invalid 1: Valid [Decimal number: 0 to 15]	0

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No	Nome	lden-	Chan-	Register	address	Diaita	Attri-	Struc-	Data ranga	Factory
NO.	name	tifier	nel	HEX	DEC	Digits	bute	ture	Data range	set value
No.	Name Event 3 type					7			0: None 1: Deviation high (Using SV monitor value) 1 2: Deviation low (Using SV monitor value) 1 3: Deviation high/low (Using SV monitor value) 1 4: Band (Using SV monitor value) 1 5: Process high 1 6: Process low 1 7: SV high 8: SV low 9: Unused 10: MV high [heat-side] 1, 2 11: MV low [heat-side] 1, 2 12: MV high [cool-side] 1 13: MV low [cool-side] 1 13: MV low [cool-side] 1 14: Deviation high (Using local SV value) 1 15: Deviation low (Using local SV value) 1 16: Deviation high/low (Using local SV value) 1 17: Band (Using local SV value) 1 18: Deviation between channels high 1 19: Deviation between channels low 1 20: Deviation between channels high/low 1 21: Deviation between channels band 1 1 Event hold action is available. 2 If there is feedback resistance (FBR) input in Position proportioning PID control, set to the feedback resistance	-
112	Event 3 channel setting	FC	CH1 : CH64	1FEC : : 202B	8172 : 8235	1	R/W	С	(FBR) input value. 1: Channel 1 2: Channel 2 3: Channel 3 4: Channel 4 This function is valid when "deviation between channels" is selected.	1
113	Event 3 hold action	WC	CH1 : CH64	202C : 206B	8236 : 8299	1	R/W	С	O: OFF 1: Hold action ON (when power turned on; when transferred from STOP to RUN) 2: Re-hold action ON (when power turned on; when transferred from STOP to RUN; SV changed) This function is valid when input value, deviation or manipulated value action has been selected. In case of a deviation action, this function is not available while in remote mode and while setting changing rate limiter is working.	Based on model code When not specifying: 0
114	Event 3 interlock	LH	CH1 : CH64	206C : 20AB	8300 : 8363	1	R/W	С	0: Unused 1: Used	0
115	Event 3 differential gap	НС	CH04 CH1 : CH64	20AC : : 20EB	8364 : 8427	7	R/W	С	① Deviation, process, set value, or Deviation action between channels: 0 (0.0) to Input span (Unit: °C [°F]) Varies with the setting of the decimal point position. ② MV: 0.0 to 110.0 %	①: 1 ②: 1.0
116	Event 3 delay timer	TE	CH1 : CH64	20EC : : 212B	8428 : 8491	7	R/W	С	0 to 18000 seconds If Event 3 corresponds to "9: Temperature rise completion," the Event 3 delay timer becomes the temperature rise completion soak time.	0

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No.	Nama	lden-	Chan-	Register	address	Digits	Attri-	Struc-	Data range	Factory
INU.	Name	tifier	nel	HEX	DEC	פוופוע	bute	ture	Data range	set value
117	Force ON of Event 3 action	OC	CH1 : CH64	212C : 216B	8492 : 8555	7	R/W	C	RKC communication Least significant digit: Event output turned on at input error occurrence 2nd digit: Event output turned on in manual mode 3rd digit: Event output turned on during the Autotuning (AT) function is being executed 4th digit: Event output turned on during the setting change rate limiter is being operated 5th digit to Most significant digit: Unused Data 0: Invalid 1: Valid Modbus Bit data Bit 0: Event output turned on at input error occurrence Bit 1: Event output turned on in manual mode Bit 2: Event output turned on during the Autotuning (AT) function is being executed Bit 3: Event output turned on during the setting change rate limiter is being operated Bit 4 to Bit 15: Unused Data 0: Invalid 1: Valid	0
118	Event 4 type	XD	CH1 : CH64	216C : 21AB	8556 : 8619	7	R/W	C	[Decimal number: 0 to 15] 0: None 1: Deviation high (Using SV monitor value) 1 2: Deviation low (Using SV monitor value) 1 3: Deviation high/low (Using SV monitor value) 1 4: Band (Using SV monitor value) 1 5: Process high 1 6: Process low 1 7: SV high 8: SV low 9: Control loop break alarm (LBA) 10: MV high [heat-side] 1, 2 11: MV low [heat-side] 1 12: MV low [cool-side] 1 13: MV low [cool-side] 1 13: MV low [cool-side] 1 14: Deviation high (Using local SV value) 1 15: Deviation low (Using local SV value) 1 16: Deviation high/low (Using local SV value) 1 17: Band (Using local SV value) 1 18: Deviation between channels high 1 19: Deviation between channels low 1 20: Deviation between channels high/low 1 21: Deviation between channels band 1 1 Event hold action is available. 2 If there is feedback resistance (FBR) input in Position proportioning PID control, set to the feedback resistance (FBR) input value.	Based on model code When not specifying:

Continued on the next page.

No.	Nome	lden-	Chan-	Register	address	Dieite	Attri-	Struc-	Doto rema	Factory
NO.	Name	tifier	nel	HEX	DEC	Digits	bute	ture	Data range	set value
119	Event 4 channel setting	FD	CH1 : CH64	21AC : 21EB	8620 : 8683	1	R/W	С	1: Channel 1 2: Channel 2 3: Channel 3 4: Channel 4 This function is valid when "deviation between channels" is selected.	1
120	Event 4 hold action	WD	CH1 : CH64	21EC : 222B	8684 : 8747	1	R/W	С	O: OFF 1: Hold action ON (when power turned on; when transferred from STOP to RUN) 2: Re-hold action ON (when power turned on; when transferred from STOP to RUN; SV changed) This function is valid when input value, deviation or manipulated value action has been selected. In case of a deviation action, this function is not available while in remote mode and while setting changing rate limiter is working.	Based on model cod When not specifying 0
121	Event 4 interlock	LI	CH1 : : CH64	222C : 226B	8748 : 8811	1	R/W	С	0: Unused 1: Used	0
122	Event 4 differential gap	HD	CH1 : CH64	226C : 22AB	8812 : 8875	7	R/W	С	① Deviation, process, set value, or Deviation action between channels: 0 (0.0) to Input span (Unit: °C [°F]) Varies with the setting of the decimal point position. ② MV: 0.0 to 110.0 % Becomes invalid when the Event 4 type corresponds to "9: Control loop break alarm (LBA)."	①: 1 ②: 1.0
123	Event 4 delay timer	TF	CH1 : CH64	22AC : 22EB	8876 : 8939	7	R/W	С	0 to 18000 seconds	0
124	Force ON of Event 4 action	OD	CH1 : CH64	22EC : : 232B	8940 : 9003	7	R/W	С	● RKC communication Least significant digit: Event output turned on at input error occurrence 2nd digit: Event output turned on in manual mode 3rd digit: Event output turned on during the Autotuning (AT) function is being executed 4th digit: Event output turned on during the setting change rate limiter is being operated 5th digit to Most significant digit: Unused Data 0: Invalid 1: Valid ● Modbus Bit data Bit 0: Event output turned on at input error occurrence Bit 1: Event output turned on in manual mode Bit 2: Event output turned on during the Autotuning (AT) function is being executed Bit 3: Event output turned on during the Setting change rate limiter is being operated Bit 4 to Bit 15: Unused Data 0: Invalid 1: Valid [Decimal number: 0 to 15]	0

Continued on the next page.

NI.	Ma	lden-	Chan-	Register	address	D: "	Attri-	Struc-	D-4-	Factory
No.	Name	tifier	nel	HEX	DEC	Digits	bute	ture	Data range	set value
125	CT ratio	XS	CH1 : CH64	232C : 236B	9004 : 9067	7	R/W	С	0 to 9999	CTL-6-P-N: 800 CTL-12-S56- 10L-N:
126	CT assignment	ZF	CH1 : CH64	236C : 23AB	9068 : 9131	1	R/W	С	0: None 1: OUT1 2: OUT2 3: OUT3 4: OUT4	CH1: 1, CH2: 2 CH3: 3, CH4: 4 (for each Z-TIO module)
127	Heater break alarm (HBA) type	ND	CH1 : CH64	23AC : 23EB	9132 : 9195	1	R/W	С	0: Heater break alarm (HBA) type A (Time-proportional control output) 1: Heater break alarm (HBA) type B (Continuous control output)	Set value is based on the Output type specified at ordering.
128	Number of heater break alarm (HBA) delay times	DH	CH1 : CH64	23EC : 242B	9196 : 9259	7	R/W	С	0 to 255 times	5
129	Hot/Cold start	XN	CH1 : CH64	242C : 246B	9260 : 9323	1	R/W	С	0: Hot start 1 1: Hot start 2 2: Cold start	0
130	Start determination point	SX	CH1 : CH64	246C : 24AB	9324 : 9387	7	R/W	С	0 (0.0) to Input span (The unit is the same as input value.) 0 (0.0): Action depending on the Hot/Cold start selection Varies with the setting of the decimal point position.	Based on specification
131	SV tracking	XL	CH1 : CH64	24AC : 24EB	9388 : 9451	1	R/W	С	0: Unused 1: Used	1
132	MV transfer function [Action taken when changed to Manual mode from Auto mode]	OT	CH1 : CH64	24EC : : 252B	9452 : 9515	1	R/W	С	0: MV in Auto mode is used. [Balanceless-bumpless function] 1: MV in previous Manual mode is used.	0
133	Control action	XE PK	CH1 : CH64	252C : 256B	9516 : 9579	1	R/W	С	O: Brilliant II PID control (Direct action) 1: Brilliant II PID control (Reverse action) 2: Brilliant II Heat/Cool PID control [Water cooling type] 3: Brilliant II Heat/Cool PID control [Air cooling type] 4: Brilliant II Heat/Cool PID control [Cooling gain linear type] 5: Brilliant II position proportioning PID control Odd channel: From 0 to 5 can be set. Even channel: Only 0 or 1 can be set. * In Heat/Cool PID control and Position proportioning PID control, control action is not performed. Only PV monitor and event action is performed. 0: 1 second setting	Based on model code When not specifying: 1
	Integral/Derivative time decimal point position		: CH64	: 25AB	÷ 9643				(No decimal place) 1: 0.1 seconds setting (One decimal place)	
135	Derivative action	KA	CH1 : CH64	25AC : 25EB	9644 : 9707	1	R/W	С	Measured value derivative Deviation derivative	0

Parameters only used for Heat/Cool PID control or Position proportioning PID control, therefore data for CH2 and CH4 of Z-TIO modules are unused.

Continued on the next page.

NI a		lden-	Chan-	Register	address	D: "	Attri-	Struc-	D-4-	Factory
No.	Name	tifier	nel	HEX	DEC	Digits	bute	ture	Data range	set value
136	Undershoot suppression factor	KB	CH1 : CH64	25EC : 262B	9708 : 9771	7	R/W	С	0.000 to 1.000	Water cooling: 0.100 Air cooling: 0.250 Cooling gain
137	Derivative gain	DG	CH1	262C	9772	7	R/W	С	0.1 to 10.0	linear type: 1.000 6.0
	*		: CH64	: 266B	÷ 9835					
138	ON/OFF action differential gap (upper)	IV	CH1 : CH64	266C : 26AB	9836 : 9899	7	R/W	С	TC/RTD inputs: 0 (0.0) to Input span (Unit: °C [°F]) Varies with the setting of the	TC/RTD: 1 V/I: 0.1
139	ON/OFF action differential gap (lower)	IW	CH1 : CH64	26AC : 26EB	9900 : 9963	7	R/W	С	decimal point position. Voltage (V)/Current (I) inputs: 0.0 to 100.0 % of input span	TC/RTD: 1 V/I: 0.1
140	Action (high) at input error	WH	CH1 : CH64	26EC : 272B	9964 : 10027	1	R/W	С	O: Normal control 1: Manipulated output value at Input error	0
141	Action (low) at input error	WL	CH1 : CH64	272C : 276B	10028 : 10091	1	R/W	С		0
142	Manipulated output value at input error	OE	CH1 : CH64	276C : 27AB	10092 : 10155	7	R/W	С	-105.0 to +105.0 % Actual output values become those restricted by the output limiter. Position proportioning PID control: If there is no feedback resistance (FBR) input or the feedback resistance (FBR) input is disconnected, an action taken when abnormal is in accordance with the value action setting during STOP.	0.0
143	Manipulated output value at STOP mode [heat-side]	OF	CH1 : CH64	27AC : 27EB	10156 : : 10219	7	R/W	С	-5.0 to +105.0 % Position proportioning PID control: Only when there is feedback resistance (FBR) input and it does not break, the	-5.0
144	Manipulated output value at STOP mode [cool-side]	OG	CH1 : CH64	27EC : : 282B	10220 : 10283	7	R/W	С	manipulated output value [heat-side] at STOP is output.	-5.0
145	Output change rate limiter (up) [heat-side]	PH	CH1 : CH64	282C : : 286B	10284 : 10347	7	R/W	С	0.0 to 100.0 % of manipulated output/seconds (0.0: OFF) Becomes invalid when in Position	0.0
146	Output change rate limiter (down) [heat-side]	PL	CH1 : CH64	286C : 28AB	10348 : 10411	7	R/W	С	proportioning PID control.	0.0
147	Output limiter (high) [heat-side]	ОН	CH1 : CH64	28AC : : 28EB	10412 : : 10475	7	R/W	С	Output limiter (low) to 105.0 % Position proportioning PID control: Becomes valid only when there is feedback resistance (FBR) input and it does not break.	105.0
148	Output limiter (low) [heat-side]	OL	CH1 : CH64	28EC : : 292B	10476 : : 10539	7	R/W	С	-5.0 % to Output limiter (high) Position proportioning PID control: Becomes valid only when there is feedback resistance (FBR) input and it does not break.	-5.0

A Parameters only used for Heat/Cool PID control or Position proportioning PID control, therefore data for CH2 and CH4 of Z-TIO modules are unused.

Continued on the next page.

N.c.	Nome	lden-	Chan-	Register	address	Diete	Attri-	Struc-	Data remain	Factory
No.	Name	tifier	nel	HEX	DEC	Digits	bute	ture	Data range	set value
149	Output change rate limiter (up) [cool-side]	PX	CH1 :	292C :	10540 :	7	R/W	С	0.0 to 100.0 % of manipulated output/seconds (0.0: OFF)	0.0
			CH64	296B	10603				Becomes invalid when in Position	
150	Output change rate limiter (down) [cool-side]	PY	CH1 : CH64	296C : 29AB	10604 : 10667	7	R/W	С	proportioning PID control.	0.0
151	Output limiter (high) [cool-side]	OX	CH1 :	29AC :	10668	7	R/W	С	Output limiter low [cool-side] to 105.0 %	105.0
	*		CH64	29EB	10731					
152	Output limiter (low) [cool-side]	OY	CH1 : CH64	29EC : 2A2B	10732 : 10795	7	R/W	С	-5.0 % to Output limiter high [cool-side]	-5.0
153	AT bias	GB	CH1	2A2C	10796	7	R/W	С	-Input span to +Input span	0 (0.0)
	*		: CH64	: 2A6B	: 10859				Varies with the setting of the decimal point position.	` '
154	AT cycles	G3	CH1 : CH64	2A6C : 2AAB	10860 : : 10923	1	R/W	С	0: 1.5 cycles 1: 2.0 cycles 2: 2.5 cycles 3: 3.0 cycles	1
155	Output value with AT turned on	OP	CH1 :	2AAC :	10924 :	7	R/W	С	Output value with AT turned off to +105.0 %	105.0
	*		CH64	2AEB	10987				Actual output values become those restricted by the output limiter. Position proportioning PID control:	
									Becomes valid only when there is feedback resistance (FBR) input and it does not break (high limit of feedback resistance input at AT).	
156	Output value with AT turned off	OQ	CH1 :	2AEC :	10988 :	7	R/W	С	-105.0 % to Output value with AT turned on	-105.0
	*		CH64	2B2B	11051				Actual output values become those restricted by the output limiter.	
									Position proportioning PID control: Becomes valid only when there is feedback resistance (FBR) input and it does not break (low limit of feedback resistance input at AT).	
157	AT differential gap time	GH	CH1 : CH64	2B2C : 2B6B	11052 : 11115	7	R/W	С	0.0 to 50.0 seconds	10.0
158	Proportional band adjusting factor	KC	CH1 :	2B6C :	11116	7	R/W	С	0.01 to 10.00 times	1.00
	[heat-side]		CH64	2BAB	11179					
159	Integral time adjusting factor	KD	CH1 :	2BAC :	11180 :	7	R/W	С	0.01 to 10.00 times	1.00
	[heat-side]		CH64	2BEB	11243					
160	Derivative time adjusting factor	KE	CH1 :	2BEC :	11244 :	7	R/W	С	0.01 to 10.00 times	1.00
	[heat-side]		CH64	2C2B	11307					
161	Proportional band adjusting factor [cool-side]	KF	CH1 :	2C2C :	11308 :	7	R/W	С	0.01 to 10.00 times	1.00

A Parameters only used for Heat/Cool PID control or Position proportioning PID control, therefore data for CH2 and CH4 of Z-TIO modules are unused.

Continued on the next page.

No.	Name	lden-	Chan-	Register	address	Dieita	Attri-	- Struc-	Data range	Factory
NO.	name	tifier	nel	HEX	DEC	Digits	bute	ture	Data range	set value
162	Integral time adjusting factor	KG	CH1 :	2C6C :	11372 :	7	R/W	С	0.01 to 10.00 times	1.00
	[cool-side]		CH64	2CAB	11435					
163	Derivative time adjusting factor	KH	CH1 :	2CAC :	11436 :	7	R/W	С	0.01 to 10.00 times	1.00
	[cool-side]		CH64	2CEB	11499					
164	Proportional band limiter (high)	P6	CH1 :	2CEC :	11500 :	7	R/W	С	TC/RTD inputs: 0 (0.0) to Input span	TC/RTD: Input span
	[heat-side]		CH64	2D2B	11563				(Unit: °C [°F]) Varies with the setting of the decimal point position selection.	V/I: 1000.0
165	Proportional band limiter (low)	P7	CH1	2D2C	11564	7	R/W	С	Voltage (V)/Current (I) inputs: 0.0 to 1000.0 % of input span	TC/RTD:
	[heat-side]		: CH64	: 2D6B	: 11627				0 (0.0): ON/OFF action (ON/OFF action for both heat and	0 (0.0) V/I: 0.0
	*								cool actions in case of a Heat/Cool PID control type.)	171. 0.0
166	Integral time limiter (high) [heat-side]	16	CH1 :	2D6C :	11628 :	7	R/W	С	PID control or Heat/Cool PID control:	3600
	*		СН64	2DAB	11691				0 to 3600 seconds or 0.0 to 1999.9 seconds	
167	Integral time limiter (low) [heat-side]	I7	CH1 :	2DAC :	11692 :	7	R/W	С	Position proportioning PID control: 1 to 3600 seconds or 0.1 to	PID control, Heat/Cool PII
			CH64	2DEB	11755				1999.9 seconds Varies with the setting of the	control: 0 Position
									Integral/Derivative time decimal point position selection.	proportioning PID control: 1
168	Derivative time limiter (high)	D6	CH1 :	2DEC :	11756 :	7	R/W	С	0 to 3600 seconds or 0.0 to 1999.9 seconds	3600
	[heat-side]		CH64	2E2B	11819				Varies with the setting of the	
169	Derivative time limiter (low)	D7	CH1 :	2E2C :	11820 :	7	R/W	С	Integral/Derivative time decimal point position selection.	0
	[heat-side]		CH64	2E6B	11883				position selection.	
170	Proportional band limiter (high)	P8	CH1 :	2E6C :	11884 :	7	R/W	С	TC/RTD inputs: 1(1.0) to Input span	TC/RTD: Input span
	[cool-side]		СН64	2EAB	11947				(Unit: °C [°F]) Varies with the setting of the decimal	V/I: 1000.0
171	Proportional band limiter (low)	Р9	CH1 :	2EAC :	11948 :	7	R/W	С	point position selection. Voltage (V)/Current (I) inputs:	TC/RTD: 1 (0.1)
	[cool-side]		СН64	2EEB	12011				0.1 to 1000.0 % of input span	V/I: 0.1
172	Integral time limiter (high) [cool-side]	18	CH1 :	2EEC :	12012	7	R/W	С	0 to 3600 seconds or 0.0 to 1999.9 seconds	3600
			: CH64	: 2F2B	12075				Varies with the setting of the Integral/Derivative time decimal point	
173	Integral time limiter	19	CH1	2F2C	12076	7	R/W	С	position selection.	0
	(low) [cool-side] ♣		C1104 21 0D 12137	If control is other than Heat/Cool PID control, set to RO (Only reading data is possible).						
174	Derivative time limiter (high)	D8	CH1 :	2F6C	12140	7	R/W	С	0 to 3600 seconds or 0.0 to 1999.9 seconds	3600
	[cool-side]		: CH64	: 2FAB	12203				Varies with the setting of the Integral/Derivative time decimal point	
175	Derivative time	D9	CH1	2FAC	12204	7	R/W	С	position selection.	0
	limiter (low) [cool-side]		: CH64	: 2FEB	: 12267				If control is other than Heat/Cool PID control, set to RO (Only reading data is possible).	

A Parameters only used for Heat/Cool PID control or Position proportioning PID control, therefore data for CH2 and CH4 of Z-TIO modules are unused.

Continued on the next page.

Na	Nome	lden-	Chan-	Register	address	Dieite	Attri-	Struc-	Data range	Factory
No.	Name	tifier	nel	HEX	DEC	Digits	bute	ture	Data range	set value
176	Open/Close output neutral zone	V2	CH1 :	2FEC :	12268 :	7	R/W	С	0.1 to 10.0 % of output	2.0
	*		CH64	302B	12331					
177	Action at feedback resistance (FBR) input error	SY	CH1 : : CH64	302C : 306B	12332 : 12395	1	R/W	С	O: Action depending on the valve action at STOP Control action continued	0
	*				12373					
178	Feedback adjustment	FV	CH1 : CH64	306C : 30AB	12396 : 12459	1	R/W	С	0: Adjustment end 1: Open-side adjustment start 2: Close-side adjustment start	_
179	Control motor time	TN	CH1 :	30AB 30AC :	12460	7	R/W	С	5 to 1000 seconds	10
			CH64	30EB	12523					
180	Integrated output limiter	OI	CH1 :	30EC :	12524 :	7	R/W	С	0.0 to 200.0 % of control motor time (0.0: OFF)	150.0
	*		СН64	312B	12587				Becomes invalid when there is feedback resistance (FBR) input.	
181	Valve action at STOP ♣	VS	CH1 : CH64	312C : 316B	12588 : 12651	1	R/W	С	O: Close-side output OFF, Open-side output OFF 1: Close-side output ON, Open-side output OFF	0
									2: Close-side output OFF, Open-side output ON	
									Becomes valid when there is no feedback resistance (FBR) input or the feedback resistance (FBR) input is disconnected.	
182	ST proportional band adjusting factor	KI	CH1 :	316C :	12652 :	7	R/W	С	0.01 to 10.00 times	1.00
			CH64	31AB	12715					
183	ST integral time adjusting factor	KJ	CH1 :	31AC :	12716	7	R/W	С	0.01 to 10.00 times	1.00
104	CT 1 : .: .:	17.17	CH64	31EB	12779	7	D/W		0.01 (10.00 (1.00
184	ST derivative time adjusting factor	KK	CH1 : CH64	31EC : 322B	12780 : 12843	7	R/W	С	0.01 to 10.00 times	1.00
185	ST start condition	SU	CH1	322B 322C	12843	1	R/W	С	0: Activate the Startup tuning (ST)	0
100	51 June 100	50	: CH64	: 326B	12907	•	10 11	C	function when the power is turned on; when transferred from STOP to RUN; or when the Set value (SV) is changed.	Ü
									Activate the Startup tuning (ST) function when the power is turned on; or when transferred from STOP to RUN.	
									2: Activate the Startup tuning (ST) function when the Set value (SV) is changed.	
186	Automatic temperature rise group	Y7	CH1 :	326C :	12908	7	R/W	С	0 to 16 (0: Automatic temperature rise function OFF)	0
187	Automatic temperature	RT	CH64 CH1	32AB 32AC :	12971 12972 :	7	R/W	С	0.1 to 1999.9 seconds	10.0
	1150 dead time		: CH64	: 32EB	13035					
188	Automatic temperature	R2	CH1	32EC	13036	7	R/W	С	0.1 to Input span/minutes	1.0
	rise gradient data		: CH64	: 332B	: 13099				Varies with the setting of the decimal point position.	

^{*} Parameters only used for Heat/Cool PID control or Position proportioning PID control, therefore data for CH2 and CH4 of Z-TIO modules are unused.

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NI a	Norre	lden-	Chan-	Register	address	Dieite	Attri-	Struc-	Dete serve	Factory
No.	Name	tifier	nel	HEX	DEC	Digits	bute	ture	Data range	set value
189	EDS transfer time decimal point position	NS	CH1 : CH64	332C : 336B	13100 : 13163	1	R/W	С	0: 1 second setting (No decimal place) 1: 0.1 seconds setting (One decimal place)	0
190	Output average processing time for EDS	NV	CH1 :	336C :	13164	7	R/W	С	0.1 to 200.0 seconds	1.0
191	Responsive action trigger point for EDS	NW	CH64 CH1 : CH64	33AB 33AC : : 33EB	13227 13228 : 13291	7	R/W	С	TC/RTD inputs: 0 (0.0) to Input span (Unit: °C [°F]) Varies with the setting of the decimal point position selection. Voltage (V)/Current (I) inputs:	TC/RTD: 1 (1.0) V/I: 1.0
192	Setting change rate limiter unit time	HU	CH1 :	33EC :	13292 :	7	R/W	С	0.0 to Input span (Unit: %) 1 to 3600 seconds	60
193	Soak time unit	RU	CH64 CH1 : CH64	342B 342C : 346B	13355 13356 : 13419	7	R/W	С	RKC communication 0: 0:00 to 99:59 (hrs:min) [0 hours 00 minutes to 99 hours 59 minutes] 1: 0:00 to 199:59 (min:sec) [0 minutes 00 seconds to 199 minutes 59 seconds] Modbus 0: 0 to 5999 minutes [0 hours 00 minutes to 99 hours 59 minutes] 1: 0 to 11999 seconds [0 minutes 00 seconds to 199 minutes 59 seconds] Set the data range of Memory area soak time monitor and Area soak time.	1
194	Setting limiter high	SH	CH1 : CH64	346C : 34AB	13420 : 13483	7	R/W	С	Setting limiter low to Input scale high Varies with the setting of the decimal point position.	Input scale high
195	Setting limiter low	SL	CH1 : CH64	34AC : 34EB	13484 : 13547	7	R/W	С	Input scale low to Setting limiter high Varies with the setting of the decimal point position.	Input scale low
196	PV transfer function	TS	CH1 : CH64	34EC : 352B	13548 : 13611	1	R/W	С	0: Unused 1: Used	0
197	Operation mode assignment 1 (Logic output selection function) Logic output 1 to 4	EA	CH1 : CH64	352C : 356B	13612 : 13675	7	R/W	С	0: No assignment 1: Operation mode (monitor, control) 2: Operation mode (monitor, event function, control) 3: Auto/Manual 4: Remote/Local 5: Unused (Do not set this one)	0
198	Operation mode assignment 2 (Logic output selection function) Logic output 5 to 8	ЕВ	CH1 : CH64	356C : 35AB	13676 : : 13739	7	R/W	С	0: No assignment 1: Operation mode (monitor, control) 2: Operation mode (monitor, event function, control) 3: Auto/Manual 4: Remote/Local 5: Unused (Do not set this one)	0

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No.	Name	lden-	Chan-	Register	address	Digita	Attri-	Struc-	Data range	Factory
NO.	мате	tifier	nel	HEX	DEC	Digits	bute	ture	Data range	set value
199	SV select function	KM	CH1 :	35AC :	13740 :	1	R/W	С	0: Remote SV function 1: Cascade control function	0
			CH64	35EB	13803				2: Ratio setting function 3: Cascade control 2 function	
200	Remote SV function master channel module address	MC	CH1 :	35EC :	13804 :	7	R/W	С	-1 (Master channel is selected from itself) 0 to 99	-1
	module address		CH64	362B	13867				(Master channel is selected from other modules)	
201	Remote SV function master channel	MN	CH1 :	362C :	13868 :	7	R/W	С	1 to 99	1
	selection		CH64	366B	13931					
202	Output distribution master channel	DY	CH1 :	366C :	13932 :	7	R/W	С	-1 (Master channel is selected from itself)	-1
	module address		CH64	36AB	13995				0 to 99 (Master channel is selected from other modules)	
203	Output distribution master channel selection	DZ	CH1 : CH64	36AC : 36EB	13996 : 14059	7	R/W	С	1 to 99	1
204	Address of interacting	RL	CH1	36EC	14060	7	R/W	C	-1	-1
	modules		: CH64	: 372B	: 14123				(Interact with its own module address) 0 to 99	
									(Interact with the addresses of other modules)	
205	Channel selection of interacting modules	RM	CH1 :	372C :	14124	7	R/W	С	1 to 99	1
			СН64	376B	14187				Becomes valid when the selected module is "Z-TIO module."	
206	Selection switch of interacting modules	RN	CH1 :	376C :	14188 :	7	R/W	С	RKC communication Least significant digit:	0
			CH64	37AB	14251				Memory area number 2nd digit:Operation mode 3rd digit: Auto/Manual 4th digit: Remote/Local 5th digit EDS start signal 6th digit Interlock release Most significant digit: Suspension of area soak time	
									Data 0: No interaction 1: Interact with other channels • Modbus Bit data	
									Bit 0: Memory area number Bit 1: Operation mode Bit 2: Auto/Manual Bit 3: Remote/Local Bit 4: EDS start signal Bit 5: Interlock release Bit 6: Suspension of area soak time	
									Bit 7 to Bit 15: Unused Data 0: No interaction 1: Interact with other channels [Decimal number: 0 to 127]	
207	TIO Interval time	VG	CH1 :	37AC :	14252 :	7	R/W	M	0 to 250 ms	10
200	Hansad		CH16	37BB	14267					
208	Unused			37BC : 386B	14268 : 14443				-	_

8.4 Memory Area Data Address of Z-TIO Module (only for Modbus)

The register addresses, 386CH to 3DABH are used for checking and changing each set value belonging to the memory area.

No.	Name	Chan-	Register	address	Attri-	Struc-	Data rongo	Factory
NO.	Name	nel	HEX	DEC	bute	ture	Data range	set value
1	Setting memory area	CH1	386C	14444	R/W	С	1 to 8	1
	number	1	i i	:				
		CH64	38AB	14507				
2	Event 1 set value (EV1)	CH1	38AC	14508	R/W	С	Deviation action, Deviation action between channels,	50 (50.0)
		: CH64	: 38EB	: 14571			Temperatue rise completion range:	
3	Event 2 set value (EV2)	CH1	38EC	14572	R/W	С	-Input span to +Input span	50 (50.0)
5	Event 2 set varae (E v 2)	:	:	:	10 11		Varies with the setting of the decimal point position.	30 (30.0)
		CH64	392B	14635			Process action, SV action:	
4	Event 3 set value (EV3)	CH1	392C	14636	R/W	С	Input scale low to Input scale high	50 (50.0)
			÷	:			Varies with the setting of the decimal point	
		CH64	396B	14699			position.	
5	Event 4 set value (EV4)	CH1	396C	14700	R/W	С	MV action:	50 (50.0)
		: CH64	: 39AB	: 14763			-5.0 to +105.0 %	
6	Control loop break alarm	CH1	39AB	14763	R/W	С	0 to 7200 seconds	480
Ü	(LBA) time	:	:	:	10 11		(0: Unused)	100
		CH64	39EB	14827				
7	LBA deadband	CH1	39EC	14828	R/W	С	0 (0.0) to Input span	0 (0.0)
		:	÷	i i			Varies with the setting of the decimal point position.	
		CH64	3A2B	14791				
8	Set value (SV)	CH1	3A2C	14892	R/W	С	Setting limiter low to Setting limiter high	TC/RTD:
		: CH64	: 3A6B	: 14955			Varies with the setting of the decimal point position.	0 (0.0) V/I: 0.0
9	Proportional band	CH1	3A6C	14956	R/W	С	TC/RTD inputs:	
,	[heat-side]	:	3A0C	:	IV W		0 (0.0) to Input span (Unit: °C [°F])	TC/RTD: 30 (30.0)
		CH64	3AAB	15019			Varies with the setting of the decimal point	V/I: 30.0
							position.	V/1. 30.0
							Voltage (V)/Current (I) inputs: 0.0 to 1000.0 % of input span	
							0 (0.0): ON/OFF action	
							(ON/OFF action for both heat and cool actions	
							in case of a Heat/Cool PID control type.)	
10	Integral time [heat-side]	CH1	3AAC	15020	R/W	С	PID control or Heat/Cool PID control:	240
		:	:	:			0 to 3600 seconds or 0.0 to 1999.9 seconds (0, 0.0: PD action)	
		CH64	3AEB	15083			Position proportioning PID control:	
							1 to 3600 seconds or 0.1 to 1999.9 seconds	
11	Derivative time	CH1	3AEC	15084	R/W	С	0 to 3600 seconds or 0.0 to 1999.9 seconds	60
	[heat-side]	:	:	:			(0, 0.0: PI action)	
		CH64	3B2B	15147				
12	Control response	CH1	3B2C	15148	R/W	C	0: Slow	PID control,
	parameter	:	:	15011			1: Medium 2: Fast	Position proportioning
		CH64	3B6B	15211				PID control: 0
							When the P or PD action is selected, this setting becomes invalid.	Heat/Cool
				4				PID control: 2
13	Proportional band	CH1	3B6C	15212	R/W	С	TC/RTD inputs: 1 to Input span or 0.1 to Input span	TC/RTD:
	[cool-side]	: CH64	: 3BAB	: 15275			(Unit: °C [°F])	30 (30.0)
		C1104	JDAD	132/3			Varies with the setting of the decimal point	V/I: 30.0
		1					position.	
							Voltage (V)/Current (I) inputs:	

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No.	Name	Chan-	Register	address	Attri-	Struc-	Data way wa	Factory
NO.	name	nel	HEX	DEC	bute	ture	Data range	set value
14	Integral time [cool-side]	CH1	3BAC	15276	R/W	C	0 to 3600 seconds or 0.0 to 1999.9 seconds	240
		:	:	:			(0, 0.0: PD action)	
		CH64	3BEB	15339				
15	Derivative time	CH1	3BEC	15340	R/W	C	0 to 3600 seconds or 0.0 to 1999.9 seconds	60
	[cool-side]	:	:	:			(0, 0.0: PI action)	
		CH64	3C2B	15403		_		
16	Overlap/Deadband	CH1	3C2C	15404	R/W	С	TC/RTD inputs: —Input span to +Input span (Unit:°C [°F])	0 (0.0)
		: CH64	: 3C6B	: 15467			Varies with the setting of the decimal point position.	
							Voltage (V)/Current (I) inputs: -100.0 to +100.0 % of input span	
17	Manual reset	CH1	3C6C	15468	R/W	С	-100.0 to +100.0 %	0.0
		:	:	:				
		CH64	3CAB	15531				
18	Setting change rate limiter	CH1	3CAC	15532	R/W	C	0 (0.0) to Input span/unit time *	0 (0.0)
	(up)	:	:	:			0 (0.0): Unused	
		CH64	3CEB	15595			Varies with the setting of the decimal point position.	
19	Setting change rate limiter (down)	CH1	3CEC	15596	R/W	C	* Unit time: 60 seconds (factory set value)	0 (0.0)
	(down)	:	; 2D2D	:				
20	Area soak time	CH64 CH1	3D2B 3D2C	15659 15660	R/W	С	0 minutes 00 seconds to 199 minutes 59 seconds:	0
20	Area soak time	:	3D2C :	13000	IC/ W		0 to 11999 seconds	U
		CH64	3D6B	15723			0 hours 00 minutes to 99 hours 59 minutes:	
		CIIO	3505	13,23			0 to 5999 minutes	
21	Link area number	CH1	3D6C	15724	R/W	С	0 to 8	0
		:	:	:			(0: No link)	
		CH64	3DAB	15787				
22	Unused	_	3DAC	15788	_	_	_	_
			÷	:				
			3E6B	15979				

8.5 Communication Data of Z-DIO Module

For details of Z-DIO module communication data, refer to SRZ Instruction Manual (IMS01T04-E□).

NI.	Nama	lden-	Chan-	Register	address	Dimite	Attri-	Struc-	Data was se	Factory
No.	Name	tifier	nel	HEX	DEC	Digits	bute	ture	Data range	set value
1	Digital input (DI) state 1	LI	CH1 : CH16	3E6C : 3E7B	15980 : 15995	7	RO	M	RKC communication Least significant digit: DI1 2nd digit: DI2 3rd digit: DI3 4th digit: DI4 5th digit to Most significant digit: Unused Data 0: Contact open 1: Contact closed Modbus Bit data Bit 0: DI1 Bit 1: DI2 Bit 2: DI3 Bit 3: DI4 Bit 4: DI5 Bit 5: DI6 Bit 6: DI7 Bit 7: DI8 Bit 8 to Bit 15: Unused Data 0: Contact open 1: Contact closed	
2	Digital input (DI) state 2	L6	CH1 : CH16	_		7	RO	M	RKC communication Least significant digit: DI5 2nd digit: DI6 3rd digit: DI7 4th digit: DI8 5th digit to Most significant digit: Unused Data 0: Contact open 1: Contact closed	_
3	Digital output (DO) state 1	Q2	CH1 : CH16	3E7C : 3E8B	15996 : 16011	7	RO	M	• RKC communication Least significant digit: DO1 2nd digit: DO2 3rd digit: DO3 4th digit: DO4 5th digit to Most significant digit: Unused Data 0: OFF 1: ON • Modbus Bit data Bit 0: DO1 Bit 1: DO2 Bit 2: DO3 Bit 3: DO4 Bit 4: DO5 Bit 5: DO6 Bit 6: DO7 Bit 7: DO8 Bit 8 to Bit 15: Unused Data 0: OFF 1: ON [Decimal number: 0 to 255]	
4	Digital output (DO) state 2	Q3	CH1 : CH16	_	_	7	RO	M	RKC communication Least significant digit: DO5 2nd digit: DO6 3rd digit: DO7 4th digit: DO8 5th digit to Most significant digit: Unused Data 0: OFF 1: ON	_

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No.	Name	lden-	Chan-	Register	address	Digits	Attri-	Struc-	Data range	Factory
		tifier	nel	HEX	DEC	Digits	bute	ture	Data range	set value
5	Unused	_	—	3E8C	16012	_	_	_	_	_
				: 3FDB	16347					
6	DO manual output 1	Q4	CH1	3FDC	16348	7	R/W	M	RKC communication	0
			:	:	:	·			Least significant digit:	
			CH16	3FEB	16363				DO1 manual output	
									2nd digit: DO2 manual output 3rd digit: DO3 manual output	
									4th digit: DO4 manual output	
									5th digit to Most significant digit:	
									Unused Data 0: OFF 1: ON	
									• Modbus	
									Bit data	
									Bit 0: DO1 manual output	
									Bit 1: DO2 manual output Bit 2: DO3 manual output	
									Bit 3: DO4 manual output	
									Bit 4: DO5 manual output	
									Bit 5: DO6 manual output Bit 6: DO7 manual output	
									Bit 7: DO8 manual output	
									Bit 8 to Bit 15: Unused	
									Data 0: OFF 1: ON	
7	DO manual output 2	Q5	CH1			7	R/W	M	[Decimal number: 0 to 255] • RKC communication	0
/	DO manuai output 2	Q3	:			/	IC/ W	IVI	Least significant digit:	0
			CH16						DO5 manual output	
									2nd digit: DO6 manual output 3rd digit: DO7 manual output	
									4th digit: DO8 manual output	
									5th digit to Most significant digit:	
									Unused Data 0: OFF 1: ON	
8	DO output	DO	CH1	3FEC	16364	1	R/W	С	0: DO output	0
0	distribution selection	ЪО	:	3FEC :	10304	1	IX/ W		1: Distribution output	U
			CH128	406B	16491				•	
9	DO output	O8	CH1	406C	16492	7	R/W	С	-100.0 to +100.0 %	0.0
	distribution bias		÷	÷	i					
10	70		CH128	40EB	16619		D 777	-	0.000	1.000
10	DO output distribution ratio	O9	CH1 :	40EC :	16620 :	7	R/W	С	-9.999 to +9.999	1.000
	distribution ratio		CH128	416B	16747					
11	DO proportional cycle	V0	CH1	416C	16748	7	R/W	С	0.1 to 100.0 seconds	Relay contact
	time		:	÷	i					output: 20.0
			CH128	41EB	16875					Open collector output: 2.0
12	DO minimum	VJ	CH1	41EC	16876	7	R/W	С	0 to 1000 ms	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
14	ON/OFF time of	' '	:	:	:	,	17. 44		0.00 1000 1115	
	proportioning cycle		CH128	426B	17003					
13	Unused	_	_	426C	17004	_	_	_	_	_
				:	:					
	Set data No. 14 or later are for engine							a [Writs	able in the STOP model	
	361		CH1	433C	17212	7	R/W	M	0 to 29	Depends on
14	DI function	H2	CIII							
14	DI function assignment	H2	:	:	:	,			(Refer to P. 67 .)	model code.
14		H2		: 434B	: 17227	·			(Refer to P. 67 .)	

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No.	Nome	lden-	Chan-	Register	address	Dieite	Attri-	Struc-	Data range	Factory
NO.	Name	tifier	nel	HEX	DEC	Digits	bute	ture	Data range	set value
15	Memory area setting signal	E1	CH1 :	434C :	17228 :	1	R/W	M	0: Valid 1: Invalid	1
			CH16	435B	17243				1. Invalid	
16	DO signal assignment	LQ	CH1	435C	17244	7	R/W	M	-1, 0 to 99	-1
	module address 1 [DO1 to DO4]		: CH16	: 436B	: 17259				When "-1" is selected, all of the signals of the same type (except temperature rise completion and DO manual output value) are <i>OR</i> -operated and produced as outputs from DO.	
17	DO signal assignment	LR	CH1	436C	17260	7	R/W	M	-1, 0 to 99	-1
	module address 2 [DO5 to DO8]		: CH16	: 437B	: 17275				When "-1" is selected, all of the signals of the same type (except temperature rise completion and DO manual output value) are <i>OR</i> -operated and produced as outputs from DO.	
18	DO output	LT	CH1	437C	17276	7	R/W	M	0 to 13	Based on
	assignment 1 [DO1 to DO4]		: CH16	: 438B	: 17291				(Refer to P. 68 .)	model code. When not specifying:
										0
19	DO output assignment 2	LX	CH1 :	438C :	17292 :	7	R/W	M	0 to 13 (Refer to P. 68 .)	Based on model code.
	[DO5 to DO8]		CH16	439B	17307					When not specifying:
20	DO	NB	CH1	439C	17308	7	R/W	С	0: Energized	0
	energized/de-energized		: CH128	: 441B	: 17435				1: De-energized	
21	DO output distribution master channel module	DD	CH1	441C	17436	7	R/W	С	-1	-1
	address		: CH128	: 449B	: 17563				(Master channel is selected from itself) 0 to 99 (Master channel is selected from other modules)	
22	DO output distribution	DJ	CH1	449C	17564	7	R/W	С	1 to 99	1
	master channel selection		:	45170	17(01					
23	DO manipulated	OJ	CH128 CH1	451B 451C	17691 17692	7	R/W	С	-5.0 to +105.0 %	-5.0
23	output value (MV) at STOP mode	03	: CH128	459B	17819	,	10 11		3.0 to 1103.0 70	3.0
24	DO output limiter	D3	CH1	459C	17820	7	R/W	С	DO output limiter (low) to 105.0 %	105.0
	(high)		÷	÷	:				. , ,	
2.5	DO 11 11 11	70.4	CH128	461B	17947		D (111	-	500/- 70	7.0
25	DO output limiter (low)	D4	CH1 :	461C :	17948 :	7	R/W	С	-5.0 % to DO output limiter (high)	-5.0
	(10.11)		CH128	469B	18075					
26	Z-DIO Interval time	VF	CH1	469C	18076	7	R/W	M	0 to 250 ms	10
			:	:	:					
27	Unused		CH16	46AB 46AC	18091					
21	Onuscu	_		40AC	18092 :				_	
				46BB	18107					

Table 1: DI assignment table

Set value	DI1	DI2	DI3	DI4	DI5	DI6	DI7	DI8	
0				No a	ssignment				
1								AUTO/MAN ⁴	
2								REM/LOC ⁴	
3							Interlock release	EDS start signal 1	
4								Soak stop	
5								RUN/STOP ⁴	
6								REM/LOC ⁴	
7							AUTO/MAN ⁴	EDS start signal 1	
8					Operatio	n mode ³		Soak stop	
9								RUN/STOP 4	
10								EDS start signal 1	
11							REM/LOC ⁴	Soak stop	
12								RUN/STOP 4	
13	N	lemory area transfer (1 to 8) ¹	Area set 2			EDS start signal 1	Soak stop	
14							ED3 start signal 1	RUN/STOP ⁴	
15							Soak stop	KON/310F	
16								EDS start signal 1	
17					Interlock release	AUTO/MAN ⁴	REM/LOC 4	Soak stop	
18								RUN/STOP ⁴	
19							EDS start signal 1	Soak stop	
20							LDO start signal 1	RUN/STOP 4	
21							Soak stop	1014/01/01	
22							EDS start signal 1	Soak stop	
23					AUTO/MAN	REM/LOC	LDO start signal 1		
24							Soak stop	RUN/STOP ⁴	
25					REM/LOC	EDS start signal 1	ooak stop		
26	Memory area transfer (1, 2) 1	Area set ²	Interlock release	RUN/STOP 4	AUTO/MAN ⁴	REM/LOC 4	Operatio	n mode ³	
27	Men	nory area transfer (1 to	8) 1	Area set ²	Operatio	n mode ³			
28	Memory area transfer (1, 2) 1	Area set ²	Interlock release	RUN/STOP ⁴	AUTO/MAN ⁴ REM/LOC ⁴		EDS start signal 1	EDS start signal 2	
29	EDS start signal 1	EDS start signal 2					Operatio	n mode ³	

RUN/STOP: RUN/STOP transfer (Contact closed: RUN)
AUTO/MAN: Auto/Manual transfer (Contact closed: Manual mode)
REM/LOC: Remote/Local transfer (Contact closed: Remote mode)
Interlock release (Interlock release when rising edge is detected)
EDS start signal 1 (EDS start signal ON when rising edge is detected [for disturbance 1])
EDS start signal 2 (EDS start signal ON when rising edge is detected [for disturbance 2])
Soak stop (Contact closed: Soak stop)

DI signal will become valid at rising edge after the closed contact is held for 250 ms. 250 ms or more Contact closed (Rising edge) Contact open

¹ Memory area transfer

(x:Contact open -: Contact closed)

				Memory ar	ea number						
	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8										
DI1	×	_	×	_	×	_	×	_			
DI2	×	×	-	-	×	×	-	_			
DI3	×	×	×	×	-	-	-	_			

² Area set becomes invalid prior to factory shipment.

³ Operation mode transfer

(x:Contact open -: Contact closed)

		Operation	on mode	
	Unused	Monitor	Monitor + Event function	Control
DI5 (DI7)	×	-	×	-
DI6 (DI8)	×	×	-	-

⁴ Actual device states (AUTO/MAN, REM/LOC, RUN/STOP)

	DI-switched state	Communication-switched state	Actual device state
	Manual (Contact alocad)	Manual → Auto	Manual mode
Auto/Manual transfer a	Manual (Contact closed)	Auto → Manual	Manual mode
(AUTO/MAN)	Auto (Contact open)	Manual → Auto	Auto mode
	Auto (Contact open)	Auto → Manual	Auto mode
	Remote (Contact closed)	Remote → Local	Remote mode
Remote/Local transfer ^a	Kemote (Contact closed)	Local → Remote	Kemote mode
(REM/LOC)	Local (Contact open)	Remote → Local	Local mode
	Eccur (Contact open)	Local → Remote	Local mode
	RUN (Contact closed)	$STOP \rightarrow RUN$	RUN
RUN/STOP b	Row (Contact Closed)	$RUN \rightarrow STOP$	STOP
1.01,0101	STOP (Contact open)	$STOP \rightarrow RUN$	STOP

a Device state when AUTO/MAN or REM/LOC assigned to DI is set so that the Z-TIO module and Z-DIO module are linked using the Master-slave mode of

^b STOP of RUN/STOP switching is given priority regardless of communication or DI switching.

Table 2: DO assignment table

[DO1 to DO4]

Set value	DO1	DO2	DO3	DO4
0		No a	ssignment	
1	DO1 manual output	DO2 manual output	DO3 manual output	DO4 manual output
2	Event 1 comprehensive output 1	Event 2 comprehensive output 2	Event 3 comprehensive output 3	Event 4 comprehensive output 4
3	Event 1 (CH1)	Event 2 (CH1)	Event 3 (CH1)	Event 4 (CH1)
4	Event 1 (CH2)	Event 2 (CH2)	Event 3 (CH2)	Event 4 (CH2)
5	Event 1 (CH3)	Event 2 (CH3)	Event 3 (CH3)	Event 4 (CH3)
6	Event 1 (CH4)	Event 2 (CH4)	Event 3 (CH4)	Event 4 (CH4)
7	Event 1 (CH1)	Event 1 (CH2)	Event 1 (CH3)	Event 1 (CH4)
8	Event 2 (CH1)	Event 2 (CH2)	Event 2 (CH3)	Event 2 (CH4)
9	Event 3 (CH1)	Event 3 (CH2)	Event 3 (CH3)	Event 3 (CH4)
10	Event 4 (CH1)	Event 4 (CH2)	Event 4 (CH3)	Event 4 (CH4)
11	HBA (CH1) of Z-TIO module	HBA (CH2) of Z-TIO module	HBA (CH3) of Z-TIO module	HBA (CH4) of Z-TIO module
12	Burnout status (CH1)	Burnout status (CH2)	Burnout status (CH3)	Burnout status (CH4)
13	Temperature rise completion 5	HBA comprehensive output 6	Burnout state comprehensive output 7	DO4 manual output

[DO5 to DO8]

Set value	DO5	DO6	DO7	DO8
0		No a	assignment	
1	DO5 manual output	DO6 manual output	DO7 manual output	DO8 manual output
2	Event 1 comprehensive output 1	Event 2 comprehensive output 2	Event 3 comprehensive output 3	Event 4 comprehensive output 4
3	Event 1 (CH1)	Event 2 (CH1)	Event 3 (CH1)	Event 4 (CH1)
4	Event 1 (CH2)	Event 2 (CH2)	Event 3 (CH2)	Event 4 (CH2)
5	Event 1 (CH3)	Event 2 (CH3)	Event 3 (CH3)	Event 4 (CH3)
6	Event 1 (CH4)	Event 2 (CH4)	Event 3 (CH4)	Event 4 (CH4)
7	Event 1 (CH1)	Event 1 (CH2)	Event 1 (CH3)	Event 1 (CH4)
8	Event 2 (CH1)	Event 2 (CH2)	Event 2 (CH3)	Event 2 (CH4)
9	Event 3 (CH1)	Event 3 (CH2)	Event 3 (CH3)	Event 3 (CH4)
10	Event 4 (CH1)	Event 4 (CH2)	Event 4 (CH3)	Event 4 (CH4)
11	HBA (CH1) of Z-TIO module	HBA (CH2) of Z-TIO module	HBA (CH3) of Z-TIO module	HBA (CH4) of Z-TIO module
12	Burnout status (CH1)	Burnout status (CH2)	Burnout status (CH3)	Burnout status (CH4)
13	Temperature rise completion 5	HBA comprehensive output 6	Burnout state comprehensive output 7	DO8 manual output

To output the HBA signal of a Z-CT module from DO, set "13." For details of the Z-CT module, refer to Z-CT Instruction Manual [Detailed version] (IMS01T21-E□).

¹ Logical OR of Event 1 (ch1 to ch4)
2 Logical OR of Event 2 (ch1 to ch4)
3 Logical OR of Event 3 (ch1 to ch4)
4 Logical OR of Event 4 (ch1 to ch4)
5 Temperature rise completion status (ON when temperature rise completion occurs for all channels for which event 3 is set to temperature rise

⁶ The following signals are output depending on the setting of the DO signal assignment module address.

[·] Logical OR of HBA (ch1 to ch4) of Z-TIO module

[·] Logical OR of HBA (ch1 to ch12) of Z-CT module

[·] Logical OR of HBA (ch1 to ch4) of Z-TIO module and HBA (ch1 to ch12) of Z-CT module

⁷ Logical *OR* of burnout state (ch1 to ch4)

8.6 Communication Data of Z-CT Module

For details of Z-CT module communication data, refer to **Z-CT Instruction Manual [Detailed version] (IMS01T21-E**.

		lden-	Chan-	Resister	address	D: 14	Attri-	Struc-	D /	Factory
No.	Name	tifier	nel	HEX	DEC	Digits	bute	ture	Data range	set value
1	Current transformer (CT) input value monitor	M4	CH1 : CH192	46BC : 477B	18108 : 18299	7	RO	С	CTL-6-P-Z: 0.0 to 10.0 A CTL-6-P-N: 0.0 to 30.0 A CTL-12-S56-10L-N: 0.0 to 100.0 A	_
2	Load factor conversion CT monitor	M5	CH1 : CH192	477C : 483B	18300 : : 18491	7	RO	С	0.0 to 100.0 A	_
3	Heater break alarm (HBA) state monitor	AF	CH1 : CH192	483C : 48FB	18492 : 18683	1	RO	С	0: Normal 1: Break 2: Melting	_
4	Heater overcurrent alarm state monitor	AG	CH1 : CH192	48FC : 49BB	18684 : 18875	1	RO	С	0: Normal 1: Heater overcurrent	_
5	Automatic setting state monitor ¹	CJ	CH1 : CH16	49BC : 49CB	18876 : 18891	1	RO	М	Normal state Automatic setting execution Automatic setting failure	_
6	Unused	_	_	49CC : 4FCB	18892 : : 20427	_	_	_	_	_
7	Heater break/Heater overcurrent alarm automatic setting selection	BT	CH1 : CH192	4FCC : 508B	20428 : 20619	1	R/W	С	O: Automatic setting is disabled. (Alarm set value cannot be automatically set by the push button and communication.) 1: Automatic setting for heater break alarm (HBA) is enabled. 2: Automatic setting for heater overcurrent alarm set value is enabled. 3: Automatic setting for heater break alarm (HBA) and heater overcurrent alarm set values are enabled.	1
8	Automatic setting transfer ²	BU	CH1 : CH192	508C : 514B	20620 : : 20811	1	R/W	С	O: Normal state 1: Automatic setting execution When automatic setting ends normally, this reverts to "0: Normal state." 2: Automatic setting failure (RO)	0
9	Heater break alarm (HBA) set value	A8	CH1 : CH192	514C : 520B	20812 : : 21003	7	R/W	С	0.0 to 100.0 A 0.0: Heater break alarm function (HBA) OFF (HBA function OFF: The current transformer (CT) input value monitoring is available.)	0.0
10	Heater break alarm (HBA) selection	BZ	CH1 : CH192	520C : 52CB	21004 : : 21195	1	R/W	С	0: Heater break alarm (HBA) unused 1: Heater break alarm (HBA) 2: Heater break alarm (HBA) (With alarm interlock function)	1

¹ This is linked to the solid lighting or blinking state of the automatic setting state indication lamp (SET).

Continued on the next page.

² Automatic setting is only possible for channels that have been set to other than "0: Automatic setting is disabled" in heater break/heater overcurrent alarm automatic setting selection.

Continued from the previous page.

Nic	Nems	lden-	Chan-	Resister	address	Diete	Attri-	Struc-	Data remain	Factory
No.	Name	tifier	nel	HEX	DEC	Digits	bute	ture	Data range	set value
11	Heater overcurrent alarm set value	A6	CH1 :	52CC :	21196 :	7	R/W	С	0.0 to 105.0 A 0.0: Heater overcurrent alarm function OFF	0.0
			CH192	538B	21387			_		
12	Heater overcurrent alarm selection	ВО	CH1 : CH192	538C : 544B	21388 : : 21579	1	R/W	С	Heater overcurrent alarm unused Heater overcurrent alarm Heater overcurrent alarm (With alarm interlock function)	1
13	Heater break alarm (HBA) interlock release	CX	CH1 : CH192	544C : 550B	21580 : : 21771	1	R/W	С	O: Normal state I: Interlock release execution After the interlock is released, this automatically returns to "0."	0
14	Heater overcurrent alarm interlock release	CY	CH1 : CH192	550C : 55CB	21772 : : 21963	1	R/W	С	Normal state Interlock release execution After the interlock is released, this automatically returns to "0."	0
15	Unused		_	55CC : 5E0B	21964 : 24075	_	_	_	_	-
16	Set lock ¹	LK	CH1 : : CH16	5E0C : 5E1B	24076 : : 24091	1	R/W	M	0: Unlock 1: Lock	0
	Se	t data N				neering	settine	g [Writa	ble in the STOP mode]	
17	CT type ²	BV	CH1 : CH192	5E1C : 5EDB	24092 : : 24283	1	R/W ³	С	0: CTL-6-P-N (0.0 to 30.0 A) 1: CTL-12-S56-10L-N (0.0 to 100.0 A) 2: CTL-6-P-Z (0.0 to 10.0 A)	Based on model code. When not specifying: 0
18	CT ratio ⁴ (CT number of winds)	XT	CH1 : CH192	5EDC : 5F9B	24284 : : 24475	7	R/W ³	С	0 to 9999	CTL-6-P-N, CTL-6-P-Z: 800 CTL-12- S56-10L-N: 1000
19	Number of heater break alarm (HBA) delay times	DI	CH1 : CH192	5F9C : 605B	24476 : 24667	7	R/W ³	С	0 to 255 times	5
20	Automatic setting factor for heater break alarm (HBA)	BW	CH1 : : : :	605C : 611B	24668 : : 24859	7	R/W ³	С	1 to 100 %	75
21	Automatic setting factor for heater overcurrent alarm	В9	CH1 : : : : :	611C : 61DB	24860 : 25051	7	R/W ³	С	100 to 1000 %	200
22	Determination current value for automatic setting	BP	CH1 : CH192	61DC : 629B	25052 : 25243	7	R/W ³	С	0.0 to 100.0 A	1.0
23	Automatic setting time	BQ	CH1 : CH192	629C : 635B	25244 : 25435	7	R/W ³	С	10 to 250 seconds	60

¹ When the RUN/STOP transfer (Identifier: SR, Resister address: 0133H) of the COM-ML becomes STOP, set lock becomes "0: Unlock." (i.e. The engineering setting data is writable.)

Continued on the next page.

² When using a non-specified CT, set to "1: CTL-12-S56-10L-N (0.0 to 100.0 A)."

³ When the set lock (Identifier: LK, Resister address: 5E0CH to 5E1BH) is set to "0: Unlock" (the RUN/STOP transfer of the COM-ML becomes STOP), writing data is possible.

 $^{^{\}rm 4}$ When using a non-specified CT, set the number of winds of the CT.

Continued from the previous page.

No.	Name	lden- tifier	Chan- nel	Resister	address	Digits	Attri- bute	Struc- ture	Data range	Factory set value
				HEX	DEC					
24	Module address assignments for CT input	BX	CH1 : CH192	635C : 641B	25436 : 25627	7	R/W 1	С	0 to 99	0
25	Module channel assignments for CT input	BY	CH1 : CH192	641C : 64DB	25628 : 25819	7	R/W 1	С	1 to 99	1
26	Load factor conversion method ²	IC	CH1 : CH192	64DC : 659B	25820 : 26011	1	R/W 1	С	Mean conversion Root mean squared value conversion	0
27	CT Interval time	VH	CH1 : CH16	659C : 65AB	26012 : : 26027	7	R/W 1	M	0 to 250 ms	10
28	Unused	_	_	65AC : 666B	26028 : 26219	_	_	_	_	

¹ When the set lock (Identifier: LK, Resister address: 5E0CH to 5E1BH) is set to "0: Unlock" (the RUN/STOP transfer of the COM-ML becomes STOP), writing data is possible.

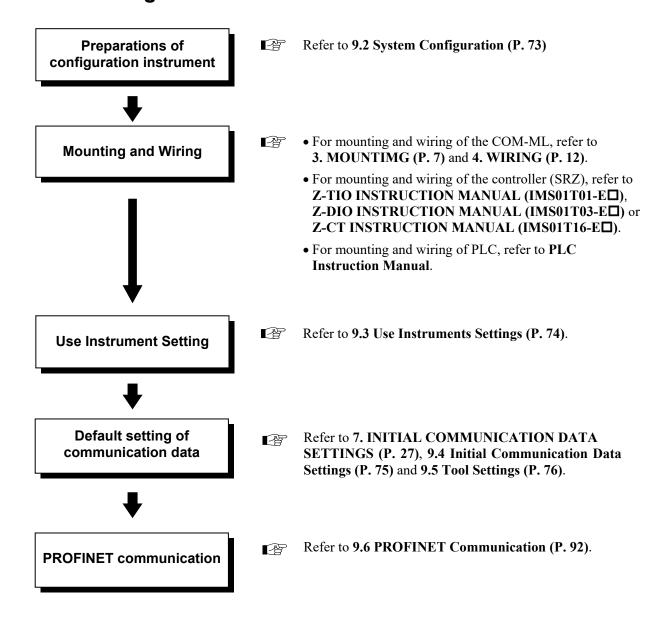
- Module address assignments for CT input must be set.
- Module channel assignments for CT input must be set.
- The heater break alarm (HBA) value must be set to other than "0.0."

² For monitoring using "0: Mean conversion" or "1: Root mean squared value conversion," the following settings are required:

9. USAGE EXAMPLE

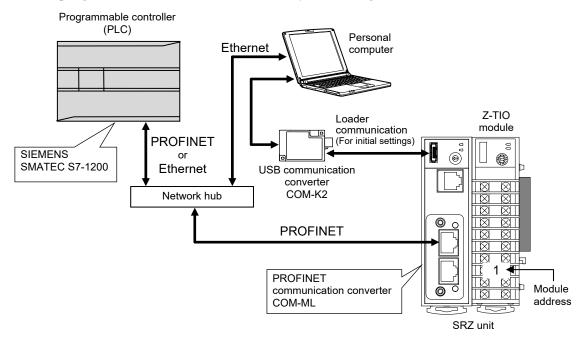
This chapter describes an usage example of PROFINET communication when connected with the COM-ML and controller (SRZ) with the PLC set to a PROFINET master.

9.1 Handling Procedures



9.2 System Configuration

The example given in this section is based on the system configuration below.



Loader communication is used for the initial communication data settings.

■ Devices used

• PROFINET communication converter:

- Programmable controller (PLC)

SMATEC S7-1200 (SIEMENS)

- CPU module: CPU 1211C (6ES7 211-1BE40-0XB0)................ 1
- USB communication converter:

COM-K2 (or loader communication)

- Network hub
- Various cables
- Personal computer

STEP 7 Basic or STEP 7 Professional engineering software (SIEMENS) must be installed.

To use our communication tool PROTEM2 for the loader communication, download the relevant software from our website.

https://www.rkcinst.co.jp/english/download-center/

9.3 Use Instruments Settings

■ COM-ML setting

There is not the setting of the hardware.

In this example the initial settings for COM-ML communication data are configured using loader communication, and thus COM-ML host communication settings are not necessary.

■ Controller (SRZ) setting

The COM-ML and controllers (Z-TIO modules) are connected by internal communication, and settings for the Z-TIO modules such as communication speed, protocol, and data bit configuration are not necessary.

The only setting that is configured for the controllers is the module address. The same is true when a Z-DIO module and a Z-CT module are used.

- Module address: Z-TIO module: 1
- For the procedure for module address settings, refer to **Z-TIO Host Communication**Quick Instruction Manual (IMS01T02-E□), **Z-DIO INSTRUCTION MANUAL**(IMS01T03-E□) and **Z-CT INSTRUCTION MANUAL** (IMS01T16-E□).

■ PLC setting

There is not the setting of the hardware. Use engineering software to configure PROFINET settings.

For details, 9.5 Tool Settings (P. 76).

9.4 Initial Communication Data Settings

Use loader communication to configure the initial communication data settings.

[Set value]

• PROFINET communication settings:

Measured data items (IN): Measured value (PV) [4 channels]

Set value (SV) [4 channels]

Setting data items (OUT): Set value (SV) [4 channels]

Assigned destination of communication item:

Measured value (PV): CH1 or 8020H Set value (SV): CH2 or 8021H

• Other communication data: Set other required items.

Setting of RKC communication (Set value is a decimal number.)

Communication data items

CH1 of identifier QG: 508 [First Modbus register address of Measured value (PV)] CH2 of identifier QG: 2780 [First Modbus register address of Set value (SV)]

CH3 to 50 of identifier QG: 65535 [Unused]

Number of measured data items (IN)

CH1 of identifier QH;
4 [Number of Measured value (PV): For 4 channels]
CH2 of identifier QH:
4 [Number of Set value (SV): For 4 channels]

CH3 to 50 of identifier QH: 0 [Unused]

Number of setting data items (OUT)

CH1 of identifier QI: 0 [Unused]

CH2 of Identifier QI: 4 [Number of Set value (SV): For 4 channels]

CH3 to 50 of identifier QI: 0 [Unused]

For the setting procedures, refer to 7. INITIAL COMMUNICATION DATA SETTINGS (P. 27). For information on each communication item, refer to 8. COMMUNICATION DATA LIST (P. 34).

■ Download of GSDML file

To recognize the COM-ML with the Engineering software, a GSDML (GSD Markup Language) file is required.

The GSDML file can be downloaded from the official RKC website:

https://www.rkcinst.co.jp/english/field_network_category/profinet/

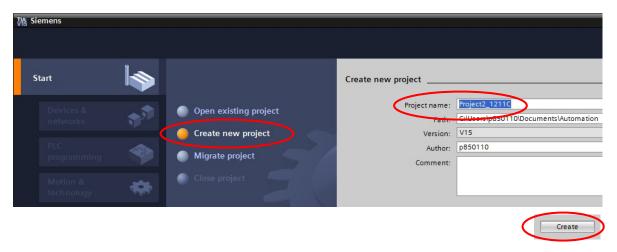
9.5 Tool Settings

STEP 7 engineering software are used to configure the various settings.

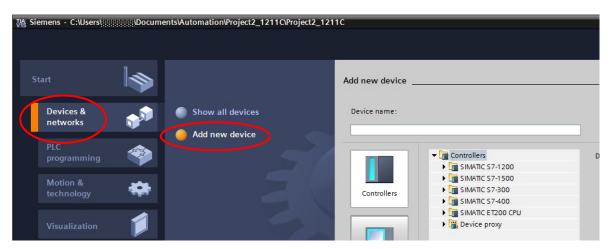
■ Create a new project and add a CPU

Add a PLC and a COM-ML to the software to enable PROFINET communication.

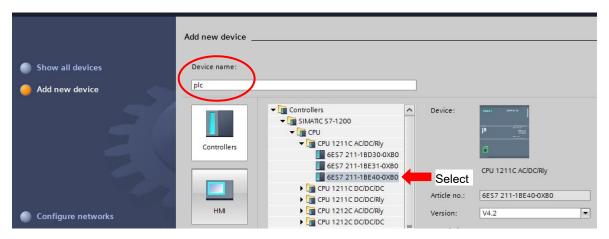
- 1. Start STEP 7 (TIA PORTAL).
- 2. To create a new project, enter a new project name in "Create new project" and click on the "Create" button.



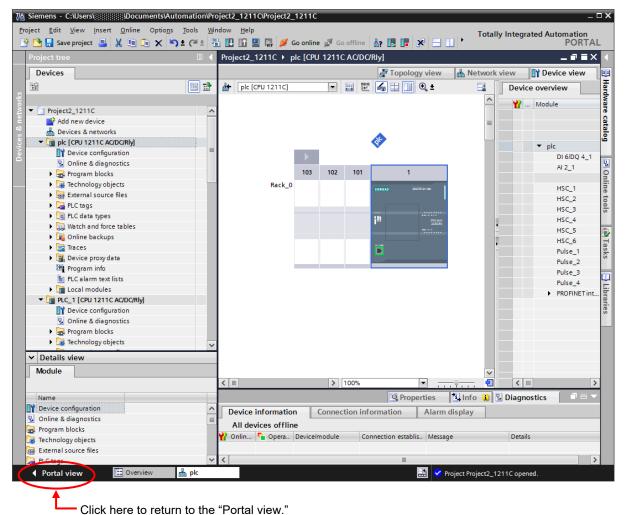
3. Select "Devices & networks" and click "Add new device."



4. Choose a CPU module you use, and change the Device name, if necessary. Double click on the selected CPU module.

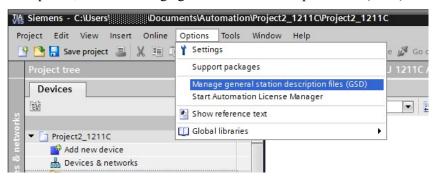


5. The screen is switched from "Portal view" to "Project view."

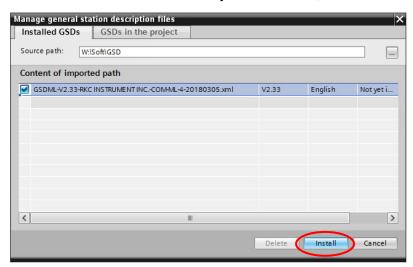


■ Added of COM-ML-4

6. Install the GSDML file for COM-ML-4.
Under "Options," click "Manage general station description files (GSD)."



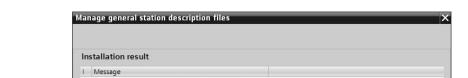
7. Select the GSDML file for COM-ML-4 that you downloaded, and click on the "Install" button.



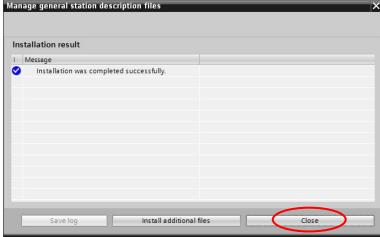


Installation is in progress.





8. Make sure the installation is successfully completed, and click on the "Close."

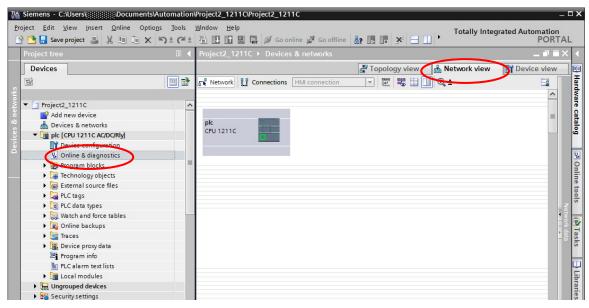




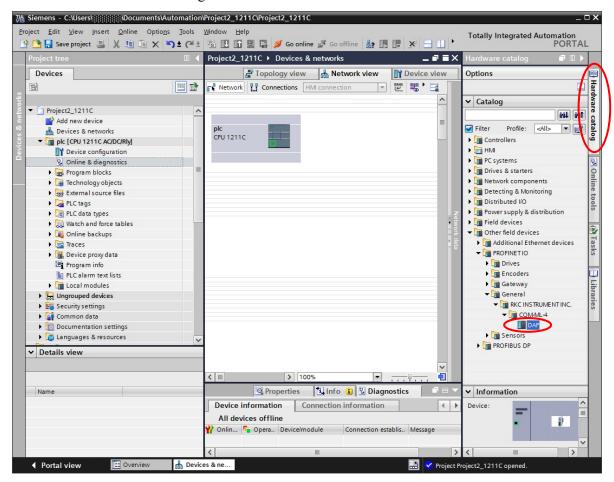
The hardware catalog is now updated.



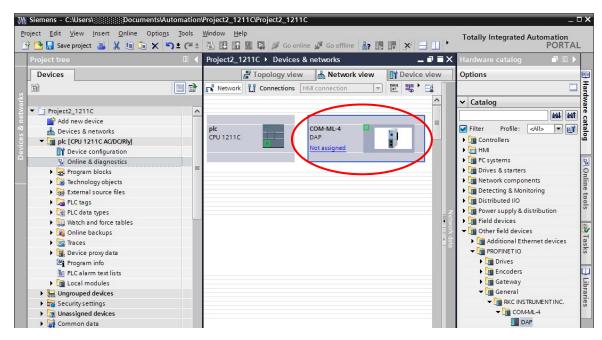
9. Select the "Online & diagnostics" and click on the "Network View."



10. Click on the "Hardware catalog" and double click on the "DAP" of the COM-ML-4.

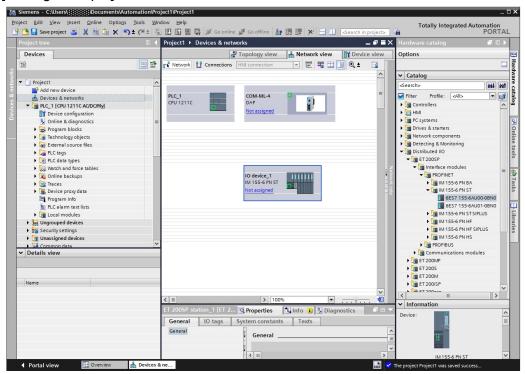






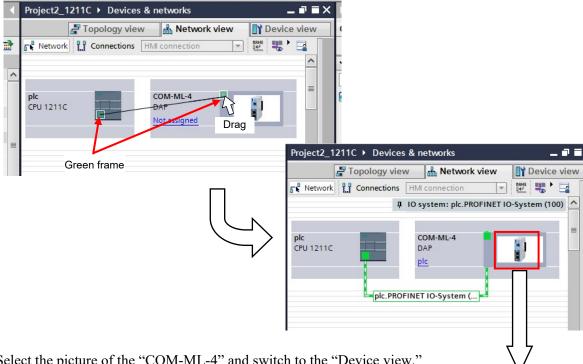
Repeat the same procedure to add other devices.

[Setting example]

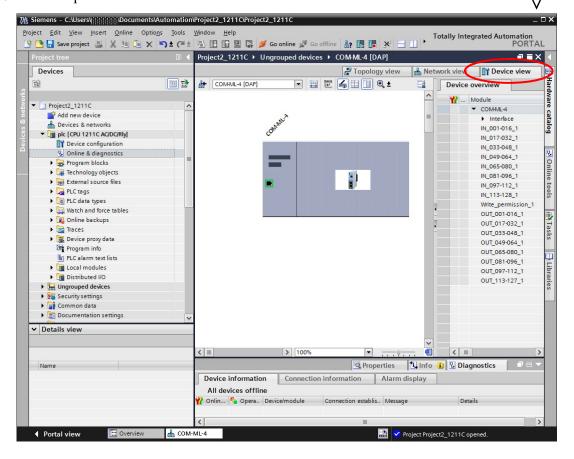


■ Connect COM-ML-4

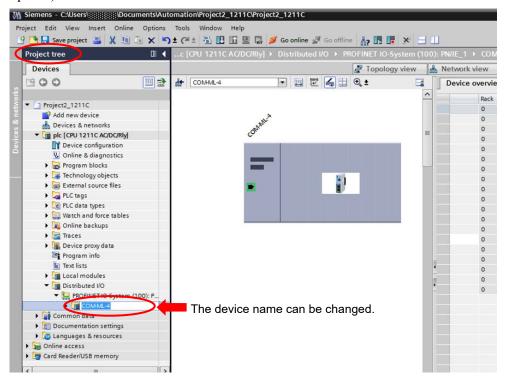
12. Drag between the two green frames. They look like as if they are connected to each other over the PROFINET.



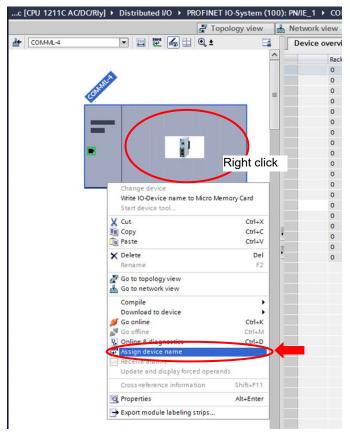
13. Select the picture of the "COM-ML-4" and switch to the "Device view."



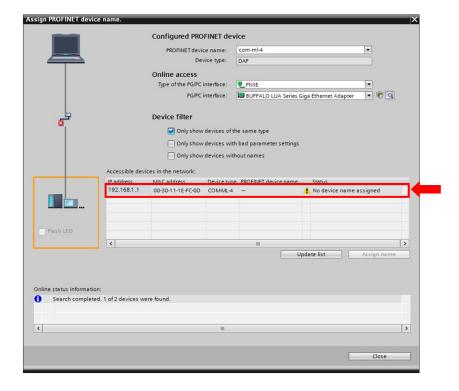
14. You can change the device name of COM-ML-4 in the "Project tree." (Just leave it if no change is required)



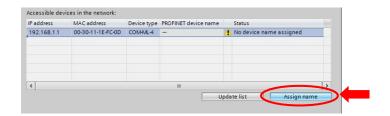
15. To set the device name, right click on the picture of the COM-ML-4 in the "Device view", and click on the "Assign device name" in the displayed menu.



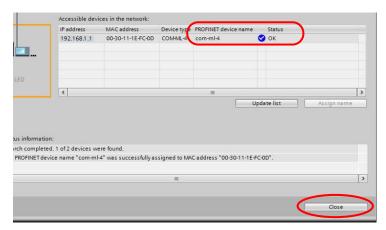
16. The "Assign PROFINET device name" window opens. Click to select the item shown in the red frame.



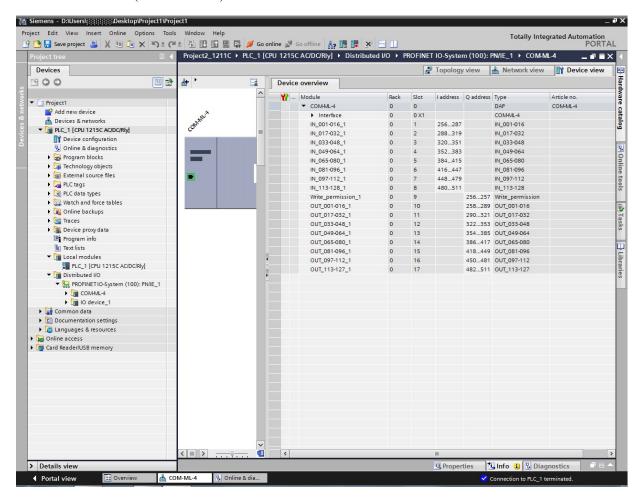
17. Click "Assign name."



18. Check to see if the "Status" is "OK" and if the "PROFINET device name" is changed to the device name you set. If so, rename is completed. Click on the "Close" to close the window.

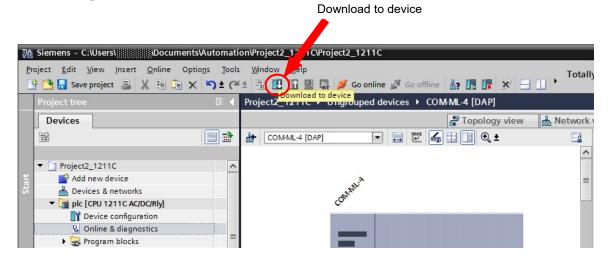


19. You can see in the "Device overview" of the "Device view" that modules are set to each slot with the "I address" and the "Q address" of the corresponding registers. You can change the address to the desired one, but modules in each slot are permanently assigned and are not deletable. The register address of "I address" and "Q address" is used as a setting for the actual communication. (Refer to P. 93)

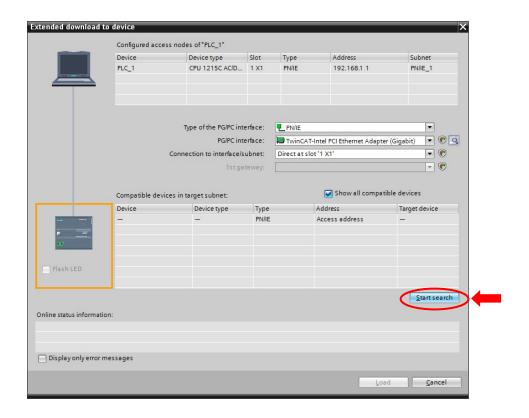


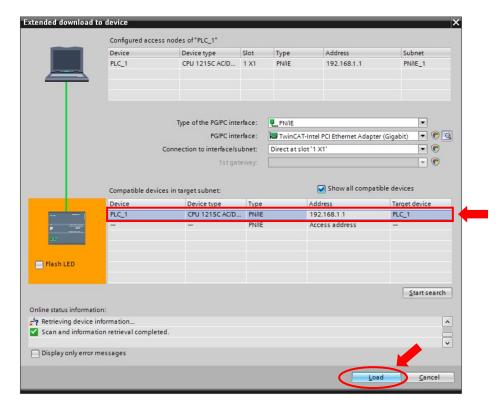
■ Online setting

20. Click on the icon "Download to device" in the toolbar, then the "Extended download to device" window opens.



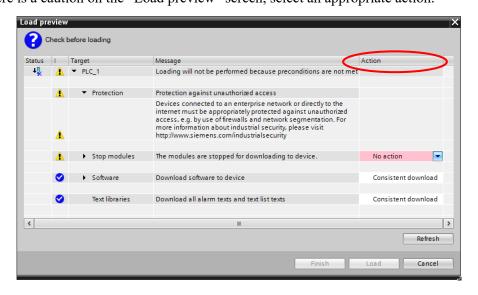
21. Click "Start search."



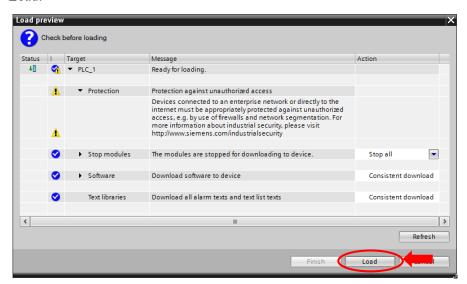


22. Select the detected CPU module and click on the "Load" button.

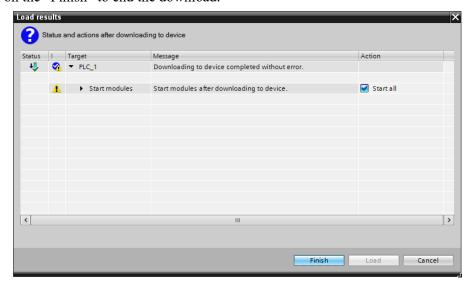
23. If there is a caution on the "Load preview" screen, select an appropriate action.



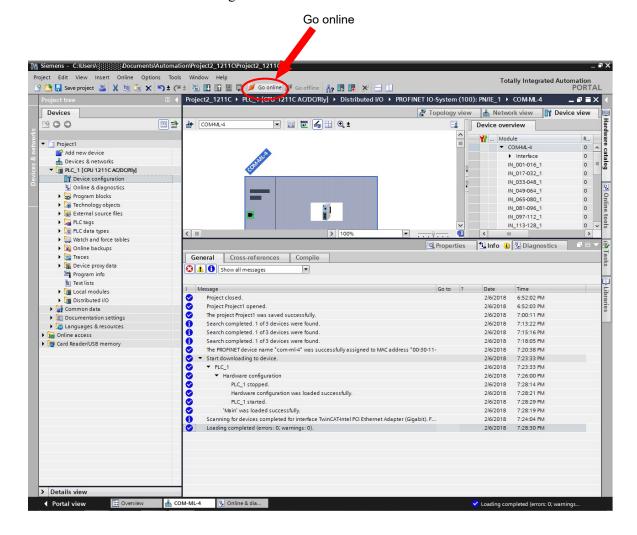
24. Click "Load."



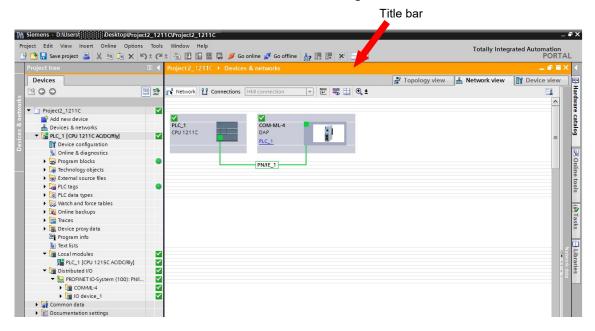
25. Click on the "Finish" to end the download.



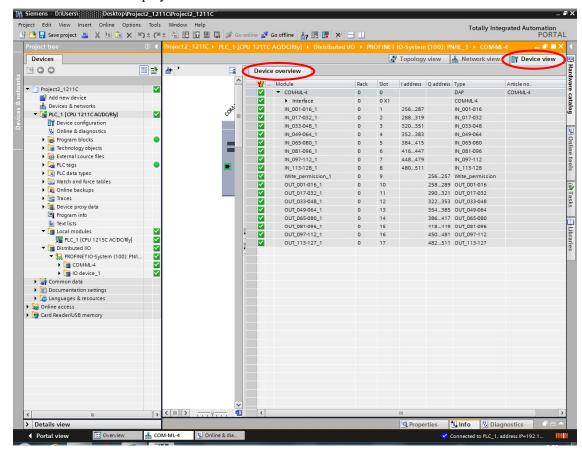
26. Confirm that there is no warning nor an error. Click on the "GO online" on the toolbar.

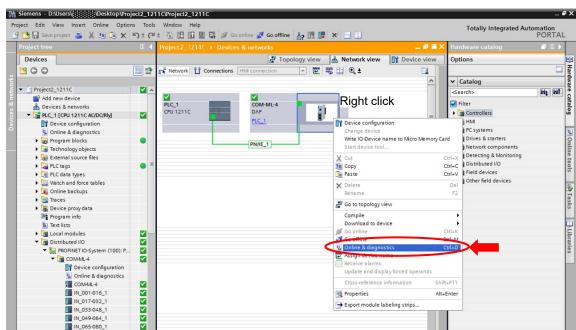


27. When all is displayed in green, it means that the PROFINET communication is properly handled. In the on-line state, the color of the internal title bar changes.



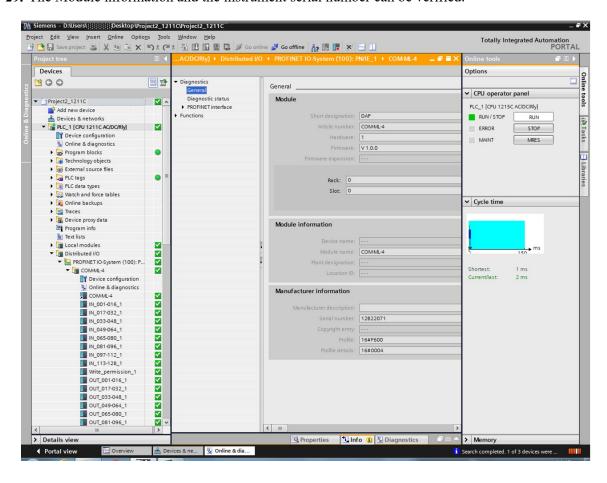
Device overview is displayed in the "Deviation view."





28. Right click on the picture of COM-ML-4, and click on the "Online & diagnostics."

29. The Module information and the instrument serial number can be verified.

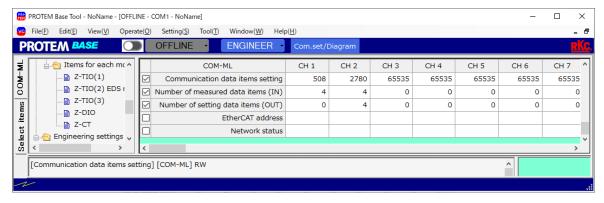


9.6 PROFINET Communication

This part will show how to read four channels of the Measured values (PV) and the Set values (SV), and how to write the 4ch Set values (SV).

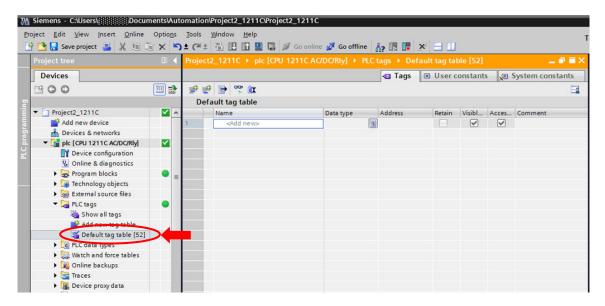
1. Set in advance the content of 9.4 Initial Communication Data Settings (Page 75) over the loader communication.

[Setting example]

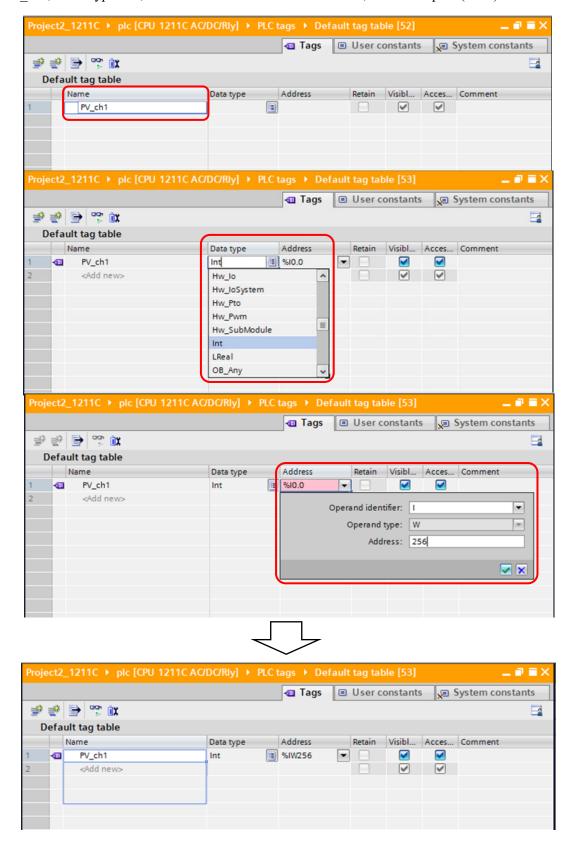


2. Set the data to read/write.

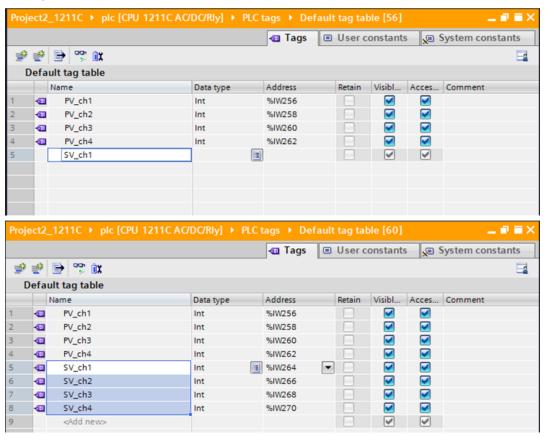
Double click on the "Default tag table" in the "Project tree" to display the input screen of the tag table.



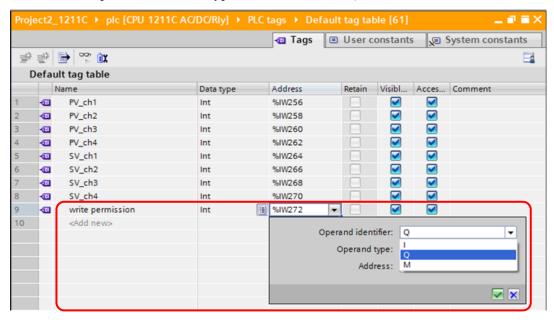
3. In the tag table, enter the data for each communication item. First, start with the data to read. In the following example, values for the following parameter for the channel 1 are entered; Name "PV ch1," Data type "Int," Address "%IW256." For the Address, refer to Step 19 (P. 85) for details.



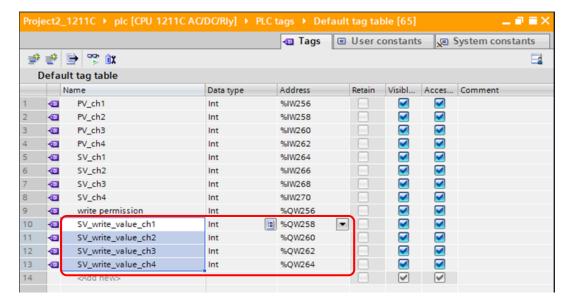
4. Then, enter the measured values (PV, for 4 channels), followed by the set values (SV, for 4 channels)



5. Then, enter the data to write.
Start with the Write permission (switching the setting state).
Enter Name "write permission," Data type "Int," Address "%QW256."

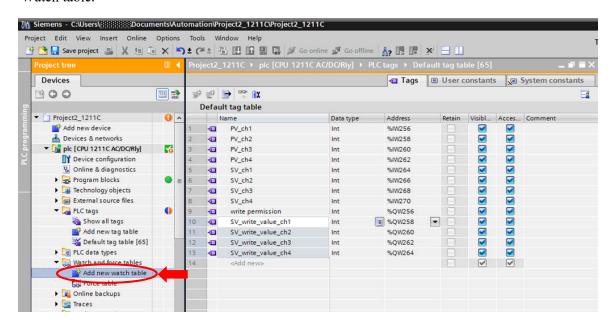


6. Then, enter the data for the set values (SV, for four channels). This completes data setting for read/write.

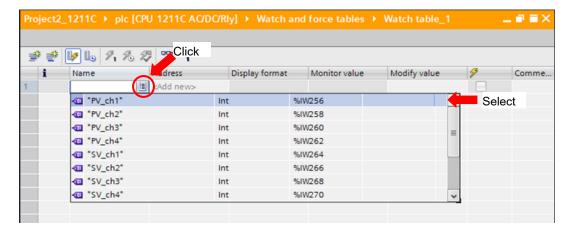


7. Then, you do read and write the data.

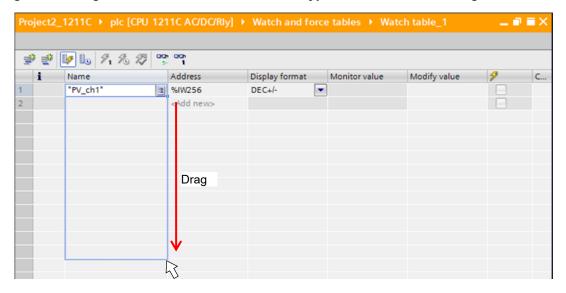
Double click on the "Add new watch table" in the "Project tree" to display the input screen of the Watch table.

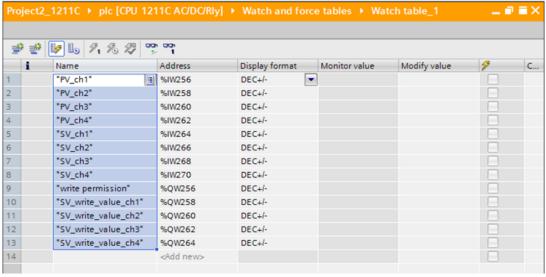


8. Click on the icon at the right edge of the Name column. The data entered in the tag table are shown. Select one data to monitor. In the following example, "PV ch1" is selected.

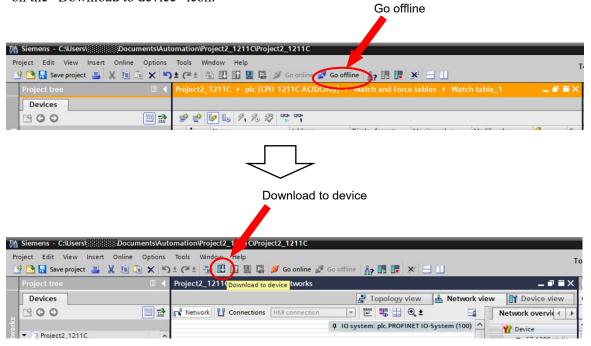


9. Drag the lower right corner of the Name column to copy the data entered in the tag table.





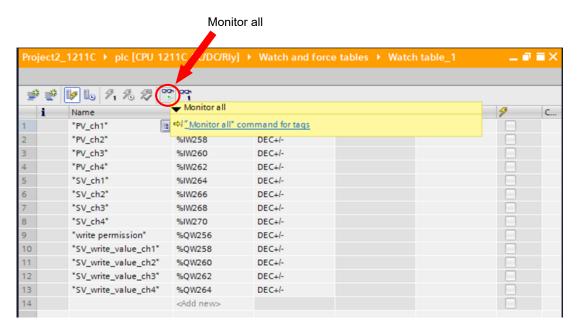
10. To download the data, go offline first. Click on the "GO offline" on the toolbar, and then click on the "Download to device" icon.



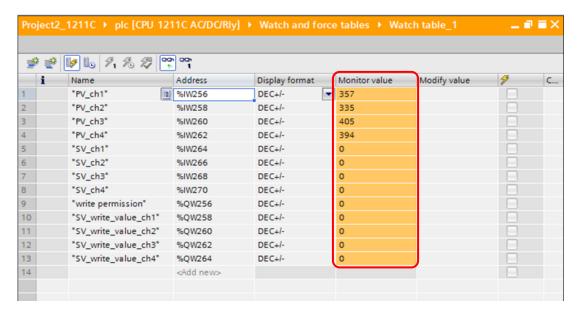
11. Go back online again. Click on the "GO online" on the toolbar.



12. To start monitoring, click on the "Monitor all" icon on the internal toolbar.

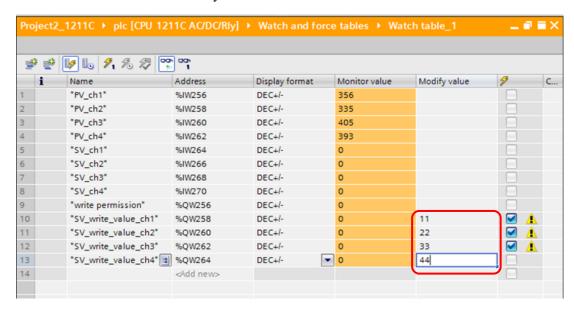


13. The read out data will be displayed in the column of "Monitor value."

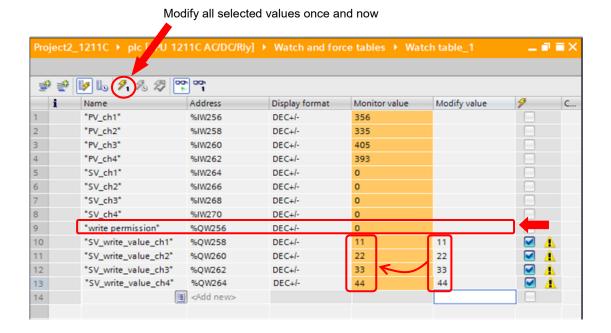


14. Attempt to write a data into the Set value (SV).

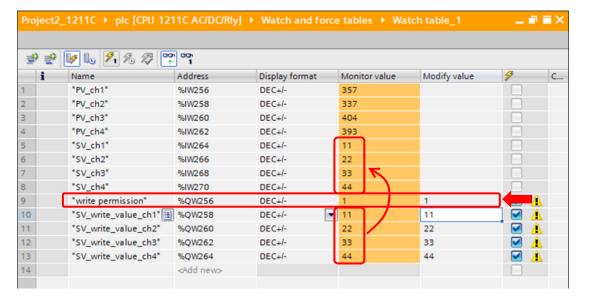
Enter the set value into the "Modify value" of the channel where the data is written into.



15. When you click on the icon "Modify all selected values once and now" on the internal toolbar, the "Modify value" will be taken into the "Monitor value" for writing Set values (SV). In the following example, as the "Write permission" is "0", even if the "Modify value" is set, the value at the "Monitor value" for monitoring the set values remains unchanged.



16. Write "1" to "write permission". Then, the data is written and the Monitor value becomes equal to the Modify value.



10. TROUBLESHOOTING

This section explains possible causes and solutions if any abnormality occurs in the instrument. For any inquiries or to confirm the specifications of the product, please contact RKC sales office or the agent.

If the instrument needs to replaced, always strictly observe the warnings below.

∕ WARNING

- To prevent electric shock or instrument failure, always turn off the system power before replacing the instrument.
- To prevent electric shock or instrument failure, always turn off the power before mounting or removing the instrument.
- To prevent electric shock or instrument failure, do not turn on the power until all the wiring is completed. Make sure that the wiring is correct before applying power to the instrument.
- To prevent electric shock or instrument failure, do not touch the inside of the instrument.
- All wiring must be performed by authorized personnel with electrical experience in this type of work.

⚠ CAUTION

All wiring must be completed before power is turned on to prevent electric shock, instrument failure, or incorrect action.



When replacing the module with a new one, always use the module with the same model code. If the module is replaced, it is necessary to re-set each data item.

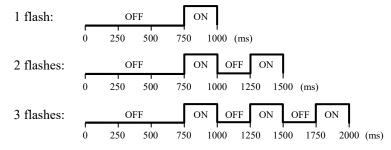
■ COM-ML

Problem	Probable cause	Solution		
FAIL/RUN lamp does not	Power not being supplied	Check external breaker etc.		
light up	Appropriate power supply voltage not being supplied	Check the power supply		
	Power supply terminal contact defect	Retighten the terminals		
	Power supply section defect	Replace COM-ML		
The FAIL/RUN lamp flashes (green): Recoverable fault occur	Data bac-kup error (Error code 2) EEPROM read/write error	Turn off the power to the instrument. If the same error occurs when the power is turned back on, please contact		
	Stack overflow (Error code 64) Runaway of the program, etc.	RKC sales office or the agent.		
	Network module error (Error code 512) Operational failure of the network module in the COM-ML	Confirm the wiring, remove the noise, and turn off the power to the instrument. If the same error occurs when the power is turned back on, please contact RKC sales office or the agent.		
The FAIL/RUN lamp flashes (red): Major fault occur	RAM value abnormal Power suooly voltage monitoring error Watchdog timer error	Turn off the power to the instrument. If the same error occurs when the power is turned back on, please contact RKC sales office or the agent.		

■ PROFINET

Problem	Probable cause	Solution	
No response	Wrong connection, no connection or disconnection of the communication cable	Confirm the connection method or condition and connect correctly	
	Breakage, wrong wiring, or imperfect contact of the communication cable	Confirm the wiring or connector and repair or replace the wrong one	
NS lamp: OFF	No connection with IO Controller (PROFINET master)	Confirm the connection method and condition and connect the IO Controller correctly.	
NS lamp: A green lamp is 1 flash *	IO Controller (PROFINET master) in STOP state, or IO data bad	Get the IO Controller (PROFINET master) into RUN state.	
NS lamp: A red lamp is 1 flash *	Station Name not set	Set the Station Name using the engineering software.	
NS lamp: A red lamp is 2 flashes *	IP address not set	Set IP address using the engineering software.	
NS lamp: A red lamp is 3 flashes *	Configuration error (Expected Identification differs from Real Identification)	Make a proper configuration using the engineering software.	
NS lamp: ON (red)	Module error	Turn off the power to the instrument. If the same error occurs when the	
MS lamp: A green lamp is 1 flash *	Diagnostic event(s) present	power is turned back on, please contac RKC sales office or the agent.	
MS lamp: ON (red)	Major fault (COM-ML failure)	Replace COM-ML	
Link/Activity lamp: OFF	Link has not been established. Destination is not on the line.	Confirm that the power supply is ON and the Ethernet cable is connected correctly. Then permit the connection of the destination device.	

* The following flashing sequence is repeated.



■ Host communication (RKC communication)

Problem	Probable cause	Solution		
No response	Wrong connection, no connection or disconnection of the communication cable	Confirm the connection method or condition and connect correctly		
	Breakage, wrong wiring, or imperfect contact of the communication cable	Confirm the wiring or connector and repair or replace the wrong one		
	Mismatch of the setting data of Communication speed and Data bit configuration with those of the host computer	Confirm the settings and set them correctly		
	Wrong address setting			
	Error in the data format	Reexamine the communication program		
Transmission line is not set to the receive state after data send				
EOT return	The specified identifier is invalid	Confirm the identifier is correct or that with the correct function is specified. Otherwise correct it		
	Error in the data format	Reexamine the communication program		
NAK return	Error occurs on the line (parity bit error, framing error, etc.)	Confirm the cause of error, and solve the problem appropriately. (Confirm the transmitting data, and resend data)		
	BCC error			
	The data exceeds the setting range	Confirm the setting range and transmit correct data		
	The block data length of the transmission exceeds 136 bytes	Divide the block using ETB before sending it		
	The specified identifier is invalid	Confirm the identifier is correct or that with the correct function is specified. Otherwise correct it		

■ Host communication (Modbus)

Problem	Probable cause	Solution		
No response	Wrong connection, no connection or disconnection of the communication cable	Confirm the connection method or condition and connect correctly		
	Breakage, wrong wiring, or imperfect contact of the communication cable	Confirm the wiring or connector and repair or replace the wrong one		
	Mismatch of the setting data of Communication speed and Data bit configuration with those of the host computer	Confirm the settings and set them correctly		
	Wrong address setting			
	The length of query message exceeds set range			
	A transmission error (overrun error, framing error, parity error or CRC-16 error) is found in the query message	Re-transmit after time-out occurs or verify communication program		
	The time interval between adjacent data in the query message is too long, exceeding 24-bit time			
Error code 1	Function cod error (Specifying nonexistent function code)	Confirm the function code		
Error code 2	When the mismatched address (9000H to FFFFH) is specified	Confirm the address of holding register		
Error code 3	 When the specified number of data items in the query message exceeds the maximum number of data items available When the data written exceeds the setting range 	Confirm the setting data		
Error code 4	Self-diagnostic error	Turn off the power to the instrument. If the same error occurs when the power is turned back on, please contact RKC sales office or the agent.		

11. SPECIFICATIONS

■ Ethernet communication

PROFINET

Physical layer: 100BASE-TX
User layer: PROFINET

Adapted network: PROFINET IO communication

Corresponding function: IO data

Connector type: RJ-45 (2 ports) **Real time class:** RT CLASS 1

Conformance class: Base on Conformance Class B

■ Host communication

• RKC communication

Interface: Based on RS-485, EIA standard

Based on RS-422A, EIA standard

Communication method: RS-485: 2-wire system, half-duplex multi-drop connection

RS-422A: 4-wire system, half-duplex multi-drop connection

Synchronous method: Start/Stop synchronous type

Communication speed: 4800 bps, 9600 bps, 19200 bps, 38400 bps

Data bit configuration: Start bit: 1

Data bit: 7 or 8

Parity bit: Without, Odd or Even

Stop bit: 1

Protocol: ANSI X3.28-1976 subcategories 2.5 and B1

Polling/Selecting type

Error control: Vertical parity (With parity bit selected)

Horizontal parity (BCC check)

Communication code: JIS/ASCII 7-bit code

Interval time: 0 to 250 ms

Maximum connections: 16 SRZ units per communication port of host computer

Connection method: Modular juck (6-pin)

Termination resistor: External connection is necessary (Example: 120Ω , 1/2 W)

Modbus

Interface: Based on RS-485, EIA standard

Based on RS-422A, EIA standard

Communication method: RS-485: 2-wire system, half-duplex multi-drop connection

RS-422A: 4-wire system, half-duplex multi-drop connection

Synchronous method: Start/Stop synchronous type

Communication speed: 4800 bps, 9600 bps, 19200 bps, 38400 bps

Data bit configuration: Start bit: 1

Data bit: 8

Parity bit: Without, Odd or Even

Stop bit: 1

Protocol: Modbus

Signal transmission mode: Remote Terminal Unit (RTU) mode

Function code: 03H (Read holding registers)

06H (Preset single register) 08H (Diagnostics: loopback test) 10H (Preset multiple registers)

Error check method: CRC-16

Error code: 1: Function code error

(An unsupported function code was specified)When the mismatched address is specified.

3: • When the data written exceeds the setting range.

• When the specified number of data items in the query message

exceeds the maximum number of data items available

4: Self-diagnostic error response

Interval time: 0 to 250 ms

Maximum connections: 16 SRZ units per communication port of host computer

Connection method: Modular juck (6-pin)

Termination resistor: External connection is necessary (Example: 120Ω , 1/2 W)

■ Loader communication

Connection method: Connection with a loader communication cable for our USB

communication converter COM-K2 or COM-KG (sold separately).

Protocol: RKC communication (ANSI X3.28-1976 subcategories 2.5 and B1)

Synchronous method: Start/Stop synchronous type

Communication speed: 38400 bps **Data bit configuration:** Start bit: 1

Data bit: 8

Parity bit: Without

Stop bit: 1

Maximum connections: One SRZ unit

■ Self-diagnostic function

Major fault

Action stop: RAM value abnormal

Power supply voltage monitoring error

Watchdog timer error

Instrument status: Display: A red lamp (FAIL/RUN) is on

Host communication:

Receive mode

Network communication:

Receive mode

Error recovery: Recovery by device power restart after cause of error is removed

Recoverable fault

Data back-up error: Display: A green lamp (FAIL/RUN) frashes

Status: Error code 2

Stack overflow: Display: A green lamp (FAIL/RUN) frashes

Status: Error code 64

Network module error: Display: A green lamp (FAIL/RUN) frashes

Status: Error code 512

General specifications

Power supply voltage: 21.6 to 26.4 V DC [Including power supply voltage variation]

(Rating 24 V DC)

Power consumption: 120 mA max. (at 24 V DC)

Rush current: 12 A or less

Insulation resistance: Between power supply terminal and grounding:

 $20 \text{ M}\Omega$ or more at 500 V DC

Between host communication and grounding:

 $20~\text{M}\Omega$ or more at 500~V DC

Between power supply terminal and host communication:

 $20 \text{ M}\Omega$ or more at 500 V DC

Between power supply terminal and network communication:

 $20 \text{ M}\Omega$ or more at 250 V DC

Withstand voltage: Refer to table shown below

Time: 1 min.	1	2	3
① Grounding			
② Power supply terminal	750 V AC		
③ Host communication	750 V AC	750 V AC	
4 Network communication	750 V AC	250 V AC	750 V AC

Power failure: A power failure of 4 ms or less will not affect the control action.

Memory backup: Backed up by non-volatile memory

Number of writing: Approx. 1,000,000 times

Data storage period: Approx. 10 years

Vibration: Equivalent to JIS C1805-3 Clause 7 conformance test

Frequency range: 10 to 150 Hz Amplitude: < 0.075 mm Acceleration: < 9.8 m/s²

Each direction of XYZ axes

Shock: Free fall: Height 50 mm or less

Each direction of XYZ axes (de-energized state)

Allowable ambient temperature:

 $-10 \text{ to } +50 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$

Allowable ambient humidity: 5 to 95 %RH

(Absolute humidity: MAX.W.C 29.3 g/m³ dry air at 101.3 kPa)

Installation environment conditions:

Indoor use

Altitude up to 2000 m

Operating environment: Avoid the following conditions when selecting the mounting location.

Rapid changes in ambient temperature which may cause condensation.

Corrosive or inflammable gases.

Water, oil, chemicals, vapor or steam splashes.

Direct air flow from an air conditioner.

Exposure to direct sunlight. Excessive heat accumulation.

Weight: Approx. 130 g

Dimensions: $30.0 \times 100.0 \times 81.6 \text{ mm (W} \times H \times D) \text{ (Not including protruding parts)}$

APPENDIX. HOST COMMUNICATION PROTOCOL

A.1 Communication Requirements

■ Processing times during data send/receive

When the host computer is using either the polling or selecting procedure for communication, the following processing times are required for SRZ unit to send data:

- Response wait time after SRZ unit sends BCC in polling procedure
- Response wait time after SRZ unit sends ACK or NAK in selecting procedure

RKC communication (Polling procedure)

<u> </u>	
Procedure details	Time
Response send time after controller receives ENQ	60 ms max.
Response send time after controller receives ACK	60 ms max.
Response send time after controller receives NAK	60 ms max.
Response send time after controller sends BCC	2 ms max.

RKC communication (Selecting procedure)

Procedure details	Time
Response send time after controller receives BCC	60 ms max. 1, 2
Response wait time after controller sends ACK	2 ms max.
Response wait time after controller sends NAK	2 ms max.

Modbus

Procedure details	Time
Read holding registers [03H] Response send time after the slave receives the query message	60 ms max.
Preset single register [06H] Response send time after the slave receives the query message	100 ms max.
Diagnostics (loopback test) [08H] Response send time after the slave receives the query message	30 ms max.
Preset multiple registers [10H] Response send time after the slave receives the query message	100 ms max. ²

- * 1 When selecting is performed for 128 or more channels on a Z-CT module, the maximum time is 90 ms.
- * ² In the case of RKC communication (selecting procedure), the time will be "the time after BCC reception until an acknowledgment [ACK] is sent."
 - When successive changes are made to the setting of the same item [Example] Successive changes to a Set value (SV), control by manual manipulated output value, etc.
 - When successive changes are made to multiple items [Example] Configuring initial settings

Processing times (Varies with the function module types.)

Function module (When connected maximum connection number)	Time
Setting items of the Z-TIO module	750 ms max.
Setting items of the Z-DIO module	2000 ms max.
Setting items of the Z-CT module	5000 ms max.

Caution for selecting

When selecting of the following communication data of a Z-TIO module is performed, the next selecting procedure for the changed Z-TIO module will not be possible for 4 to 6 seconds.

For this reason, when there are many channels to be changed, do not perform selecting for each channel individually; perform selecting for all channels at once. Note that if the communication data exceeds 136 bytes, the data will be separated into blocks by ETB.

- Input type
- Decimal point position
- Integral/Derivative time decimal point position

■ RS-485 (2-wire system) send/receive timing

RS-485 communication is conducted through two wires, therefore the transmission and reception of data requires precise timing.

Polling procedure

Host	Send data (Possible/Impossible)	Possible Impossible
computer	Sending status	E O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O
SRZ unit	Send data (Possible/Impossible)	Possible a b c c c
OI (Z dillit	Sending status	ST BCC

- a: Response send time after the controller receives [ENQ] + Interval time
- b: Response send time after the controller sends BCC
- c: Response send time after the controller receives [ACK] + Interval time or Response send time after the controller receives [NAK] + Interval time

Selecting procedure

olicoting procedure				
	Send data	Possible		
Host	(Possible/Impossible)	Impossible		
computer	Sending status	S T X		
SRZ unit	Send data (Possible/Impossible)	Possible a b b		
Or VZ urini	Sending status	Or A K		

- a: Response send time after the controller receives BCC + Interval time
- b: Response wait time after the controller sends ACK or Response wait time after the controller sends NAK
 - To switch the host computer from transmission to reception, send data must be on line.
 - The following processing times are requires for the SRZ unit to process data.
 - In Polling procedure, Response wait time after the SRZ unit sends BCC
 - In Selecting procedure, Response wait time after the SRZ unit sends ACK or NAK

■ Fail-safe

A transmission error may occur with the transmission line disconnected, shorted or set to the high-impedance state. In order to prevent the above error, it is recommended that the fail-safe function be provided on the receiver side of the host computer. The fail-safe function can prevent a framing error from its occurrence by making the receiver output stable to the MARK (1) when the transmission line is in the high-impedance state.

A.2 RKC Communication Protocol

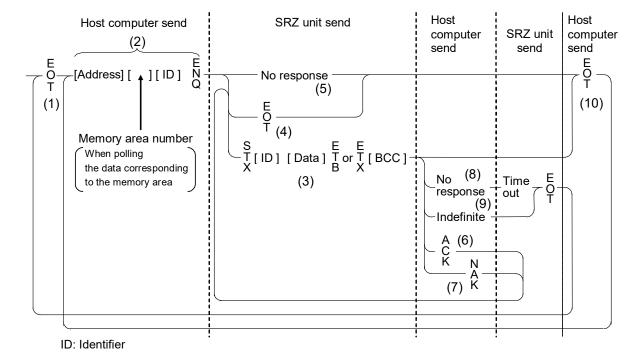
RKC communication uses the Polling/Selecting method to establish a data link. The basic procedure is followed ANSI X3.28-1976 subcategories 2.5 and B1 basic mode data transmission control procedure (Fast selecting is the selecting method used in SRZ unit).

- The Polling/Selecting procedures are a centralized control method where the host computer controls the entire process. The host computer initiates all communication so the SRZ unit responds according to queries and commands from the host.
- The code use in communication is 7-bit ASCII code including transmission control characters. **Transmission control characters used in SRZ unit:** EOT (04H), ENQ (05H), ACK (06H), NAK (15H), STX (02H), ETB (17H), ETX (03H)
 - (): Hexadecimal
 - Data send/receive state (communication data monitoring and setting) of RKC communication can be checked by using the following software:
 - Communication Tool "PROTEM2"

The software can be downloaded from the official RKC website: https://www.rkcinst.co.jp/download-center/

A.2.1 Polling procedures

Polling is the action where the host computer requests one of the connected SRZ units to transmit data. An example of the polling procedure is shown below:



(1) Data link initialization

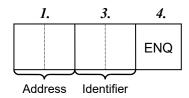
Host computer sends EOT to the controllers to initiate data link before polling sequence.

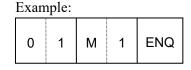
(2) Data sent from host computer - Polling sequence

The host computer sends the polling sequence in the following two types of formats:

- Format in which no memory area number is specified, and
- Format in which the memory area number is specified.
- When no memory area number is specified

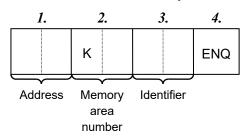
To be sent in this format for any identifier not corresponding to the memory area.





• When the memory area number is specified

To be sent in this format for any identifier corresponding to the memory area.



Example:							
0	1	К	1	S	1	ENQ	

1. Address (2 digits)

This data is a host communication address of the COM-ML for polled and must be the same as the unit address set value in item **5.1 Address Setting (P. 21)**.

The polling address which transmitted a message once becomes effective so long as data link is not initialized by transmit and receive of EOT.

2. Memory area number (2 digits)

This is the identifier to specify the memory area number. It is expressed by "K1" to "K8" to each memory area number (from 1 to 8). If the memory area number is assigned with "K0," this represents that control area is specified.

The memory area now used for control is called "Control area."

If the memory area number is not specified when polling the identifier corresponding to the memory area, this represents that the control area is specified.

If any identifier not corresponding to the memory area is assigned with a memory area number, this memory area number is ignored.

3. Identifier (2 digits)

The identifier specifies the type of data that is requested from the SRZ unit. Always attach the ENQ code to the end of the identifier.

Refer to 8. COMMUNICATION DATA LIST (P. 34).

4. ENQ

The ENQ is the transmission control character that indicates the end of the polling sequence. The host computer then must wait for a response from the SRZ unit.

(3) Data sent from the SRZ unit

If the polling sequence is received correctly, the SRZ unit sends data in the following format:

1.	2.	3.	4.	6.
STX	Identifie	Data	ETB	всс
		or		
<i>1</i> .	<i>2</i> .	3.	<i>5</i> .	6.
STX	Identifie	Data	ETX	всс

If the length of send data (from STX to BCC) exceeds 136 bytes, it is divided into blocks by ETB. In this case, the succeeding divided data is sent after STX.

1. STX

STX is the transmission control character which indicates the start of the text transmission (identifier and data).

2. Identifier (2 digits)

The identifier indicates the type of data (measured value, status and set value) sent to the host computer.

Refer to 8. COMMUNICATION DATA LIST (P. 34).

3. Data

Data which is indicated by an identifier of SRZ unit, consisting of channel numbers, data, etc. Each channel number and data are delimited by a space (20H). The data and the next channel number are delimited by a comma (2CH).

- Channel number: 3-digit ASCII code, not zero-suppressed. Channels without channel numbers may exist depending on the type of identifier.
- Data: ASCII code, zero-suppressed with spaces (20H). The number of digits varies depending on the type of identifier.

- Memory area soak time monitor and area soak time become the following data:
 - When data range is 0 hour 00 minute to 99 hours 59 minutes: Data range is 0:00 to 99:59, punctuation of time unit is expressed in colon ": (3AH)."
 - When data range is 0 minute 00 second to 199 minutes 59 seconds: Data range is 0:00 to 199:59, punctuation of time unit is expressed in colon ": (3AH)."
- "0" (without a decimal point) is sent for unused channels and for data that is invalid due to the function selection.

4. ETB

Transmission control character indicating the end of the block.

5. ETX

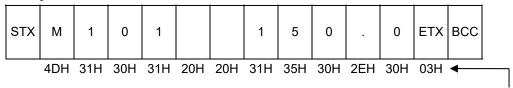
Transmission control character indicating the end of the text.

6. BCC

BCC (Block Check Character) detects error by using horizontal parity (even number).

Calculation method of BCC: *Exclusive OR* all data and characters from STX through ETB or ETX, not including STX.

Example:



Hexadecimal numbers

BCC = 4DH \oplus 31H \oplus 30H \oplus 31H \oplus 20H \oplus 20H \oplus 31H \oplus 35H \oplus 30H \oplus 2EH \oplus 30H \oplus 03H = 54H (\oplus : Exclusive OR)

Value of BCC becomes 54H

(4) EOT send (Ending data transmission from the SRZ unit)

In the following cases, the SRZ unit sends EOT to terminate the data link:

- When the specified identifier is invalid
- When there is an error in the data format
- When all the data has been sent
- When the module that relates to the identifier is not connected

(5) No response from the SRZ unit

The SRZ unit will not respond if the polling address is not received correctly. It may be necessary for the host computer to take corrective action such as a time-out.

(6) ACK (Acknowledgment)

An acknowledgment ACK is sent by the host computer when data received is correct. When the SRZ unit receives ACK from the host computer, the SRZ unit will send any remaining data of the next identifier without additional action from the host computer. When host computer determines to terminate the data link, EOT is sent from the host computer.

- When ACK is received after ETX and BCC are sent, the next identifier data is sent according to the order of the communication data list.
- When ACK is received after ETB and BCC are sent, the data after ETB is sent.

(7) NAK (Negative acknowledge)

If the host computer does not receive correct data from the SRZ unit, it sends a negative acknowledgment NAK to the SRZ unit. The SRZ unit will re-send the same data when NAK is received. This cycle will go on continuously until either recovery is achieved or the data link is corrected at the host computer.

The format of the data that an SRZ unit re-sends is as follows.

STX	Identifier	Data	ETB or ETY	всс
	l i			

(8) No response from host computer

When the host computer does not respond within approximately three seconds after the SRZ unit sends data, the SRZ unit sends EOT to terminate the data link (time-out time: about 3 seconds).

(9) Indefinite response from host computer

The SRZ unit sends EOT to terminate the data link when the host computer response is indefinite.

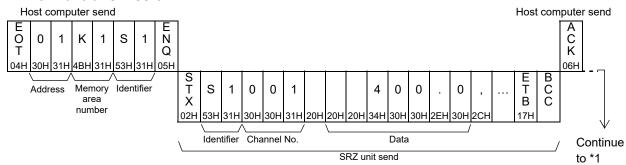
(10) EOT (Data link termination)

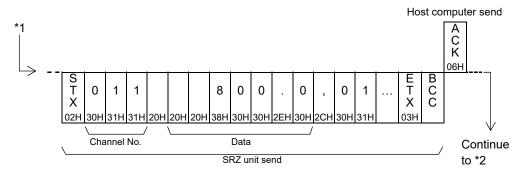
The host computer sends EOT message when it is necessary to suspend communication with the SRZ unit or to terminate the data link due lack of response from the SRZ unit.

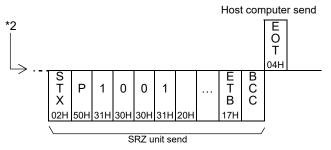
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■ Polling procedure example (When the host computer requests data)

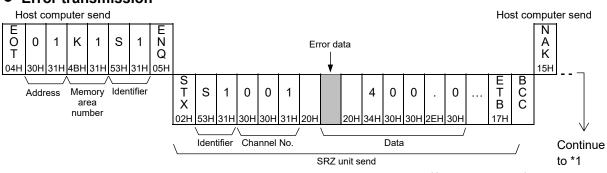
Normal transmission

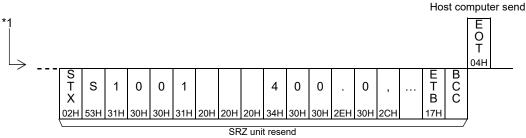






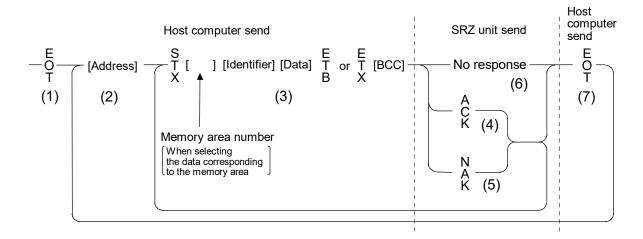
• Error transmission





A.2.2 Selecting procedures

Selecting is the action where the host computer requests one of the connected SRZ units to receive data. An example of the selecting procedure is shown below:



(1) Data link initialization

Host computer sends EOT to the SRZ unit to initiate data link before selecting sequence.

(2) Sending selecting address from the host computer

Host computer sends selecting address for the selecting sequence.

Address (2 digits):

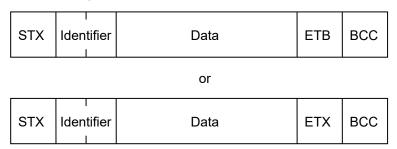
This data is a host communication address of the COM-ML to be selected and must be the same as the unit address set value in item **5.1 Address Setting (P. 21)**.

As long as the data link is not initialized by sending or receiving EOT, the selecting address once sent becomes valid.

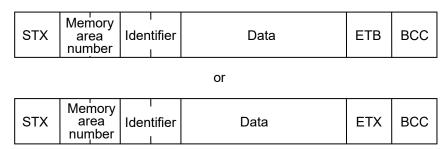
(3) Data sent from the host computer

The host computer sends data for the selecting sequence with the following format:

• When no memory area number is specified



· When the memory area number is specified



- For the STX, Memory area number Identifier, Data, ETB, ETX and BCC, refer to **A.2.1 Polling** procedures (P. 112).
- If the length of send data (from STX to BCC) exceeds 136 bytes, it is divided into blocks by ETB. In this case, the succeeding divided data is sent after STX.
- Area soak time set data as the following:
 - When data range is 0 hour 00 minute to 99 hours 59 minutes: Data range is 0:00 to 99:59, punctuation of time unit is expressed in colon ": (3AH)."
 - When data range is 0 hour 00 minute to 99 hours 59 minutes: Data range is 0:00 to 99:59, punctuation of time unit is expressed in colon ": (3AH)."

In addition to above, when minute and second data are set in more than 60, become as the following:

Example: 1:65 (1 hour 65 minutes) \rightarrow 2:05 (2 hours 05 minutes) 0:65 (0 minute 65 seconds) \rightarrow 1:05 (1 minute 05 seconds)

About numerical data

[The data that receipt of letter is possible]

• Data with numbers below the decimal point omitted or zero-suppressed data can be received.

(Number of digits: Within 7 digits)

<Example>

When data send with -001.5, -01.5, -1.5, -1.50, -1.500 at the time of -1.5, SRZ unit can receive a data.

• When the host computer sends data with decimal point to item of without decimal point, the SRZ unit receives a message with the value that cut off below the decimal point.

<Example>

When setting range is 0 to 200, the SRZ unit receives as a following.

Send data	0.5	100.5	
Receive data	0	100	

• The SRZ unit receives value in accordance with decided place after the decimal point. The value below the decided place after the decimal point is cut off.

<Example>

When setting range is -10.00 to +10.00, the controller receives as a following.

Send data	5	058	.05	-0
Receive data	-0.50	-0.05	0.05	0.00

If the host computer sends "decimal point only (.)" or "minus sign and decimal point only (-.)," the SRZ unit receives this as "0." However, the decimal point position will be the same as the decimal point position of the transmitted data item.

[The data that receipt of letter is impossible]

The SRZ unit sends NAK when received a following data.

+	Plus sign and the data that gained plus sing
_	Only minus sign (there is no figure)

(4) ACK (Acknowledgment)

An acknowledgment ACK is sent by the SRZ unit when data received is correct. When the host computer receives ACK from the SRZ unit, the host computer will send any remaining data. If there is no more data to be sent to the SRZ unit, the host computer sends EOT to terminate the data link.

(5) NAK (Negative acknowledge)

If the SRZ unit does not receive correct data from the host computer, it sends a negative acknowledgment NAK to the host computer. Corrections, such as re-send, must be made at the host computer.

The send conditions of NAK (after reception of ETX or BCC)

- When an error occurs on communication the line (parity, framing error, etc.)
- When a BCC check error occurs
- When the specified identifier is invalid
- When receive data exceeds the setting range
- When receive data is the identifier of RO (read only)
- When the module related to the identifier received by the SRZ is not connected

The send conditions of NAK (after reception of ETB or BCC)

• When a BCC check error occurs

(6) No response from SRZ unit

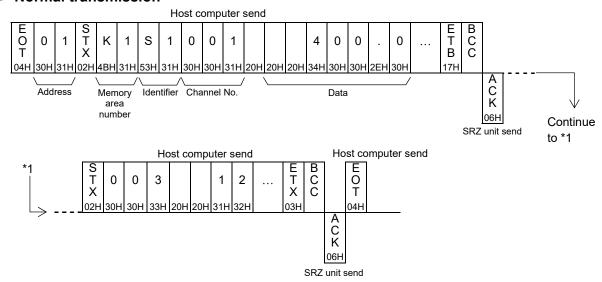
The SRZ unit does not respond when it cannot receive the selecting address, STX, ETB, ETX or BCC.

(7) EOT (Data link termination)

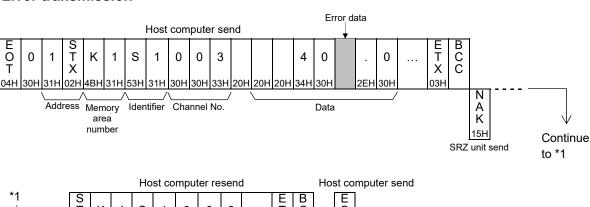
The host computer sends EOT when there is no more data to be sent from the host computer or there is no response from the SRZ unit.

■ Selecting procedure example (when the host computer sends data)

Normal transmission



• Error transmission



A.2.3 Communication data structure

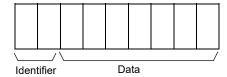
■ Data description



Part of the data above is shown below.

• Data for each unit (Without channel)

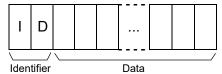
Data length 7 digits







Data length 32 digits (Model code)



Data length 8 digits (ROM version)

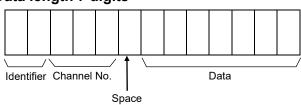


Example) Data structure for control RUN/STOP switching in each SRZ unit

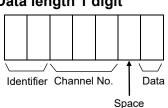


Data for each module

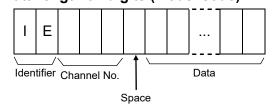




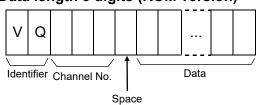




Data length 32 digits (Model code)

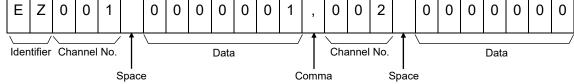


Data length 8 digits (ROM version)



Continued on the next page.

Example) Data structure of error codes of Z-TIO, Z-DIO and Z-CT modules Ε 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 Ζ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0



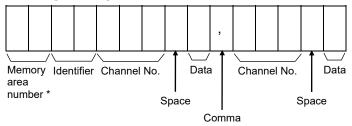
For the calculation method of the channel number, refer to 6.2 Temperature Control Channel of the SRZ (P. 24) and 6.3 Digital Input/Output Channel of Z-DIO Module (P. 25).

Data for each channel

Data length 7 digits



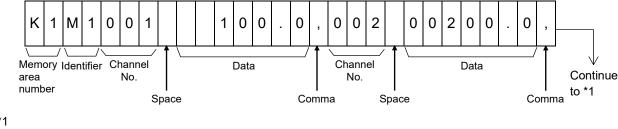
Data length 1 digit

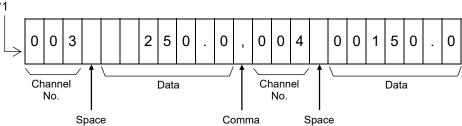


* To select data corresponding to a memory area, specify the number of the appropriate memory area.

If a memory area number is specified for data that does not correspond to a memory area, the specification will be invalid.

Example) Data configuration of measured value (PV) of Z-TIO module





For the calculation method of the channel number, refer to 6.2 Temperature Control Channel of the SRZ (P. 24) and 6.3 Digital Input/Output Channel of Z-DIO Module (P. 25).

A.3 Modbus Protocol

The master controls communication between master and slave. A typical message consists of a request (query message) sent from the master followed by an answer (response message) from the slave (SRZ unit). When master begins data transmission, a set of data is sent to the slave in a fixed sequence. When it is received, the slave decodes it, takes the necessary action, and returns data to the master.

Data send/receive state (communication data monitoring and setting) of Modbus can be checked by using the following software:

Communication Tool "PROTEM2"

The software can be downloaded from the official RKC website:

https://www.rkcinst.co.jp/download-center/

A.3.1 Message format

The message consists of four parts: slave address, function code, data, and error check code which are always transmitted in the same sequence.

Slave address
Function code
Data
Error check (CRC-16)

Message format

■ Slave address

The slave address is a number from 0 to F manually set at the address setting switch located at the front of COM-ML.

For details, refer to 5.1 Address Setting (P. 21).

Although all connected slave units receive the query message sent from the master, only the slave with the slave address coinciding with the query message will accept the message.

■ Function code

The function codes are the instructions set at the master and sent to the slave describing the action to be executed. The function codes are included when the slave responds to the master.

For details, refer to A.3.2 Function code (P. 126).

■ Data

The data to execute the function specified by the function code is sent to the slave and corresponding data returned to the master from the slave.

For details, refer to A.3.6 Register read and write (P. 131), A.3.7 Caution for handling communication data (P. 135) and 8. COMMUNICATION DATA LIST (P. 34).

■ Error check

An error checking code (CRC-16: Cyclic Redundancy Check) is used to detect an error in the signal transmission.

For details, refer to A.3.5 Calculating CRC-16 (P. 128).

A.3.2 Function code

• Function code contents

Function code (Hexadecimal)	Function	Contents
03H	Read holding registers	Measured value, control output value, current transformer input value, Event status, etc.
06H	Preset single register	Set value, PID constants, event set value, etc.
08H	Diagnostics (loopback test)	Loopback test
10H	Preset multiple registers	Set value, PID constants, event set value, etc.

• Message length of each function (Unit: byte)

Function code	Function	Query message		Response message	
(Hexadecimal)	Function	Min	Max	Min	Max
03H	Read holding registers	8	8	7	255
06H	Preset single register	8	8	8	8
08H	Diagnostics (loopback test)	8	8	8	8
10H	Preset multiple registers	11	255	8	8

A.3.3 Communication mode

Signal transmission between the master and slaves is conducted in Remote Terminal Unit (RTU) mode.

Items	Contents
Data bit length	8-bit (Binary)
Start mark of message	Unused
End mark of message	Unused
Message length	Refer to A.3.2 Function code
Data time interval	Less than 24 bits' time *
Error check	CRC-16 (Cyclic Redundancy Check)

^{*} When sending a command message from the master, set intervals of data configuring one message to time shorter than the 24 bits' time. If time intervals become time longer than the 24 bits' time the relevant slave assumes that message sending from the master is terminated to deform the message format. As a result, the slave does not make a response.

A.3.4 Slave responses

(1) Normal response

- In the response message of the Read Holding Registers, the slave returns the read out data and the number of data items with the same slave address and function code as the query message.
- In the response message of the Preset Single Register, the slave returns the same message as the query message.
- In the response message of the Diagnostics (Loopback test), the slave returns the same message as the query message.
- In the response message of the Preset Multiple Registers, the slave returns the slave address, the function code, starting number, and number of holding registers in the multi-query message.

(2) Defective message response

• If the query message from the master is defective, except for transmission error, the slave (SRZ unit) returns the error response message without any action.

Example: If there is a problem in the data range of CH3 when writing data of four channels, the data of CH1 and CH2 will be written. The data of CH3 and CH4 will be disregarded and an error response message will be returned.

- If the self-diagnostic function of the slave (SRZ unit) detects an error, the slave (SRZ unit) will return an error response message to all query messages.
- The function code of each error response message is obtained by adding 80H to the function code of the query message.

Slave address	
Function code	
Error code	
Error check CRC-16	

Error response message

Error code	Contents	
1	Function code error (An unsupported function code was specified)	
2	When the mismatched address (9000H to FFFFH) is specified.	
3	When the specified number of data items in the query message exceeds the maximum number of data items available When the data written exceeds the setting range	
4	Self-diagnostic error response	

(3) No response

The slave (SRZ unit) ignores the query message and does not respond when:

- The slave address in the query message does not coincide with any slave address settings.
- The CRC code of the master does not coincide with that of the slave.
- Transmission error such as overrun, framing, parity and etc., is found in the query message.
- Data time interval in the query message from the master exceeds 24 bit's time.

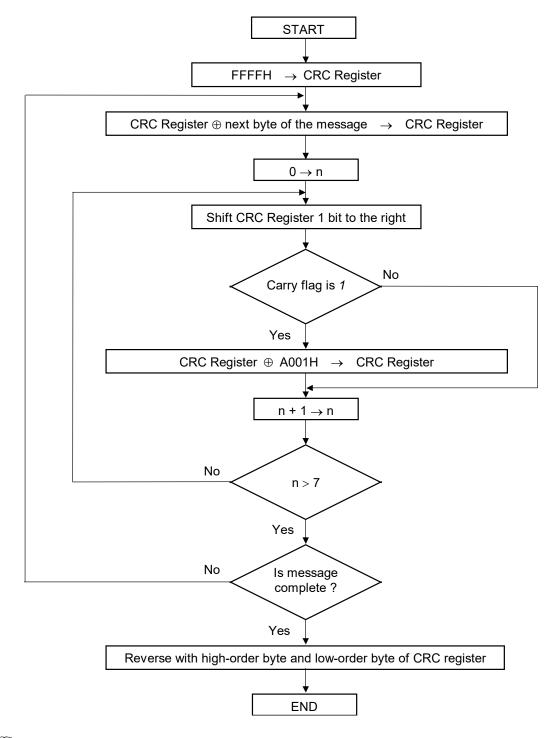
A.3.5 Calculating CRC-16

The Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC) is a 2 byte (16-bit) error check code. After constructing the data message, not including start, stop, or parity bit, the master calculates a CRC code and appends this to the end of the message. The slave will calculate a CRC code from the received message, and compare it with the CRC code from the master. If they do not match, a communication error has occurred and the slave does not respond.

The CRC code is formed in the following sequence:

- 1. Load FFFFH to a 16-bit CRC register.
- 2. Exclusive OR (\oplus) the first byte (8 bits) of the message with the CRC register. Return the result to the CRC register.
- 3. Shift the CRC register 1 bit to the right.
- 4. If the carry flag is 1, exclusive OR the CRC register with A001 hex and return the result to the CRC register. If the carry flag is 0, repeat step 3.
- 5. Repeat step 3 and 4 until there have been 8 shifts.
- 6. Exclusive OR the next byte (8 bits) of the message with the CRC register.
- 7. Repeat step 3 through 6 for all bytes of the message (except the CRC).
- **8.** The CRC register contains the 2 byte CRC error code. When they are appended to the message, the low-order byte is appended first, followed by the high-order byte.

■ The flow chart of CRC-16



The \oplus symbol indicates an *exclusive OR* operation. The symbol for the number of data bits is n.

■ Example of a CRC calculation in the 'C' language

This routine assumes that the data types 'uint16' and 'uint8' exists. Theses are unsigned 16-bit integer (usually an 'unsigned short int' for most compiler types) and unsigned 8-bit integer (unsigned char). 'z_p' is a pointer to a Modbus message, and 'z_messaage_length' is its length, excluding the CRC. Note that the Modbus message will probably contain NULL characters and so normal C string handling techniques will not work.

```
uint16 calculate crc (byte *z p, unit16 z message length)
/* CRC runs cyclic Redundancy Check Algorithm on input z p */
/* Returns value of 16 bit CRC after completion and
                                                                 */
/* always adds 2 crc bytes to message
                                                                 */
/* returns 0 if incoming message has correct CRC
   uint16 CRC= 0xffff;
   uint16 next;
   uint16 carry;
   uint16 n;
   uint8 crch, crcl;
   while (z messaage length--) {
       next = (uint16) *z p;
       CRC ^= next;
       for (n = 0; n < 8; n++)
           carry = CRC \& 1;
           CRC >>= 1;
           if (carry) {
             CRC ^= 0xA001;
       z p++;
   \operatorname{crch} = \operatorname{CRC} / 256;
   crcl = CRC \% 256
   z p [z messaage length++] = crcl;
   z_p [z_messaage_length] = crch;
   return CRC;
}
```

A.3.6 Register read and write

■ Read holding registers [03H]

The query message specifies the starting register address and quantity of registers to be read. The contents of the holding registers are entered in the response message as data, divided into two parts: the high-order 8-bit and the low-order 8-bit, arranged in the order of the register numbers.

Example: The contents of the four holding registers from 01FCH to 01FFH are the read out from slave address 2.

Query message

Slave address Function code		02H
		03H
Starting number	Starting number High	
	Low	FCH
Quantity	High	00H
Low		04H
CRC-16	High	85H
	Low	F6H

First holding register address

The setting must be between 1 (0001H) and 125 (007DH).

Normal response message

Slave address	02H	
Function code		03H
Number of data		08H
First holding register contents	High	01H
	Low	24H
Next holding register contents	High	01H
	Low	1BH
Next holding register contents	High	01H
	Low	2BH
Next holding register contents	High	01H
	Low	22H
CRC-16	High	AAH
	Low	F3H

 \rightarrow Number of holding registers $\times 2$

Error response message

<u> </u>		
Slave address		02H
80H + Function code		83H
Error code		03H
CRC-16	High	F1H
	Low	31H

■ Preset single register [06H]

The query message specifies data to be written into the designated holding register. The write data is arranged in the query message with high-order 8-bit first and low-order 8-bit next. Only R/W holding registers can be specified.

Example: Data is written into the holding register 0ADCH of slave address 1.

Query message

Slave address		01H
Function code		06H
Holding register number	High	0AH
	Low	DCH
Write data	High	00H
	Low	64H
CRC-16	High	4AH
	Low	03H

Any data within the range

Normal response message

Slave address		01H
Function code		06H
Holding register number	High	0AH
	Low	DCH
Write data	High	00H
	Low	64H
CRC-16	High	4AH
	Low	03H

Contents will be the same as query message data.

Error response message

Slave address		01H
80H + Function code	86H	
Error code	02H	
CRC-16 High		СЗН
	Low	A1H

■ Diagnostics (Loopback test) [08H]

The master's query message will be returned as the response message from the slave (SRZ unit). This function checks the communication system between the master and slave (SRZ unit).

Example: Loopback test for slave address 1

Query message

Slave address		01H	
Function code		08H	
Test code	High	00H	T 1
	Low	00H	Test code must be set to 00.
Data	High	1FH	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
	Low	34H	Any pertinent data
CRC-16	High	E9H	
	Low	ECH	

Normal response message

Slave address		01H
Function code		08H
Test code	High	00H
	Low	00H
Data	High	1FH
	Low	34H
CRC-16	High	E9H
	Low	ECH

Contents will be the same as query message data.

Error response message

Slave address		01H
80H + Function code		88H
Error code	03H	
CRC-16 High		06H
	Low	01H

■ Preset multiple registers [10H]

The query message specifies the starting register address and quantity of registers to be written. The write data is arranged in the query message with high-order 8-bit first and low-order 8-bit next. Only R/W holding registers can be specified.

Example: Data is written into the two holding registers from 0ADCH to 0ADDH of slave address 1.

Query message

Slave address		01H]
Function code		10H	
Starting number	High	0AH	First holding register address
	Low	DCH	This holding register address
Quantity	High	00H	The setting must be between 1 (0001H) and
	Low	02H	∫ 123 (007BH).
Number of data		04H	→ Number of holding registers × 2
Data to first register	High	00H])
	Low	64H	
Data to next register	High	00H	Any pertinent data
	Low	64H]
CRC-16	High	C0H	
	Low	32H	

Normal response message

Slave address		01H
Function code		10H
Starting number	High	0AH
	Low	DCH
Quantity	High	00H
	Low	02H
CRC-16	High	83H
	Low	EAH

Error response message

Slave address	01H	
80H + Function code	90H	
Error code	02H	
CRC-16 High		CDH
Low		C1H

A.3.7 Caution for handling communication data

• The numeric range of data used in Modbus protocol is 0000H to FFFFH. Only the set value within the setting range is effective.

FFFFH represents –1.

• The Modbus protocol does not recognize data with decimal points during communication.

Example1: When Heater break alarm (HBA) set value is 20.0 A, 20.0 is processed as 200, 200 = 00C8H

Heater break alarm (HBA)	High	00H
set value	Low	C8H

Example2: When Set value (SV) is $-20.0 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$, $-20.0 \,^{\circ}\text{S}$ is processed as -200, -200 = 0000H - 00C8H = FF38H

Set value (SV)	High	FFH
	Low	38H

- In this communication, the data that memory area includes handles different address with for Control area and for setting area.
- When an address (9000H to FFFFH), which is outside the address range accessible by the data (holding register), is accessed, an error message is returned.
- Read data of unused item is a default value.
- Any attempt to write to an unused item is not processed as an error. Data cannot be written into an unused item.
- If an error (data range error or address error) is detected in the data writing process, an error is returned. Writing is aborted at and after the addresses where an error occurred. After having completed the setting, check to see if the data was properly written.
- An attribute of the item for functions which are not in the controller is RO (read only). If read action to this item is performed, the read data will be "0." If write action to this item is performed, no error message is indicated and no data is written.

For details, refer to 8. COMMUNICATION DATA LIST (P. 34).

• Send the next command message at time intervals of 24 bits after the master receives the response message.

A.3.8 How to use memory area data

Memory area function can store up to 8 individual sets of SVs and parameters. One of the areas is used for control, and the currently selected area is "Control area."

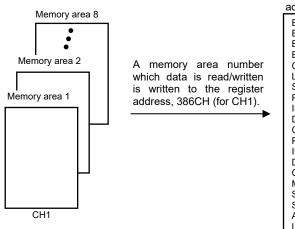
Memory area data can be used to check and change settings that belong to memory areas other than the control area. Reading and writing of memory area data is performed by channel.

■ Read and write of memory area data

If any memory area number to perform data read and write is specified by the setting memory area number (386CH to 38ABH), data corresponding to the specified memory area number is called up to the register addresses from 38ACH to 3DABH. By using these register addresses from 38ACH to 3DABH, it becomes possible to read and write data in any memory area.

		Register address		1		
	CH1	CH2	••••	CH64		
Setting memory area number	386CH	386DH		38ABH	\leftarrow	Register address to specify memory area
Event 1 set value (EV1)	38ACH	38ADH		38EBH	h	
Event 2 set value (EV2)	38ECH	38EDH		392BH	1 \	
Event 3 set value (EV3)	392CH	392DH		396BH	1	
Event 4 set value (EV4)	396CH	396DH		39ABH		
Control loop break alarm (LBA) time	39ACH	39ADH		39EBH	1	
LBA deadband	39ECH	39EDH		3A2BH	1	
Set value (SV)	3A2CH	3A2DH		3A6BH	1	
Proportional band [heat-side]	3A6CH	3A6DH		3AABH	1	
Integral time [heat-side]	3AACH	3AADH		3AEBH	I١	
Derivative time [heat-side]	3AECH	3AEDH		3B2BH	1 >	Register address of memory area data
Control response parameter	3B2CH	3B2DH		3B6BH	1 /	
Proportional band [cool-side]	3B6CH	3B6DH		3BABH	1	
Integral time [cool-side]	3BACH	3BADH		3BEBH		
Derivative time [cool-side]	3BECH	3BEDH		3C2BH	1	
Overlap/Deadband	3C2CH	3C2DH		3C6BH	1	
Manual reset	3C6CH	3C6DH		3CABH		
Setting change rate limiter (up)	3CACH	3CADH		3CEBH	1	
Setting change rate limiter (down)	3CECH	3CEDH		3D2BH	11	
Area soak time	3D2CH	3D2DH		3D6BH		
Link area number	3D6CH	3D6DH		3DABH	リ	

For the Memory area data list, refer to 8.4 Memory Area Data Address of Z-TIO Module (only for Modbus) (P. 62).

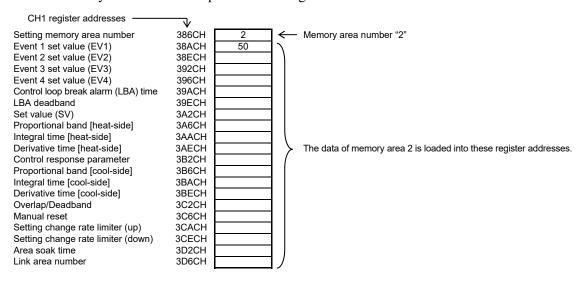


Data corresponding to a specified memory area number is called up to the CH1 register addresses.

Event 1 set value (EV1) (38ACH) Event 2 set value (EV2) (38ECH) Event 3 set value (EV3) (392CH) Event 4 set value (EV4) (396CH) Control loop break alarm (LBA) time (39ACH) LBA deadband (39ECH) Set value (SV) (3A2CH) Proportional band [heat-side] (3A6CH) Integral time [heat-side] (3AACH) Derivative time [heat-side] (3AECH) Control response parameter (3B2CH) Proportional band [cool-side] (3B6CH) Integral time [cool-side] (3BACH) Derivative time [cool-side] (3BECH) Overlap/Deadband (3C2CH) Manual reset (3C6CH) Setting change rate limiter (up) (3CACH) Setting change rate limiter (down) (3CECH) Area soak time (3D2CH) Link area number (3D6CH)

[Example 1] When data on the Event 1 set value in Memory area 2 of CH1 is read

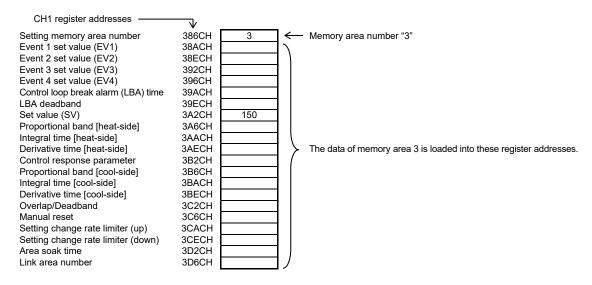
1. The memory area number, "2" is written to the CH1 setting memory area number (386CH). Data in Memory area 2 is called up to the CH1 register addresses.



2. Data "50" on Event 1 set value (38ACH) is read.

[Example 2] When the set value (SV) in Memory area 3 of CH1 is changed to 200

1. The memory area number, "3" is written to the CH1 setting memory area number (386CH). Data in Memory area 3 is called up to the CH1 register addresses.



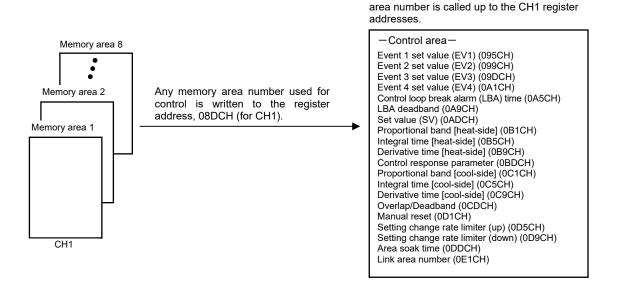
2. "200" is written to the set value (SV) (3A2CH).

■ Control area transfer

Any memory area used for control is specified by the memory area transfer (08DCH to 091BH). The area (095CH to 0E5BH) now used for control is called "Control area."

The memory area number (control area) can be changed at either RUN or STOP.

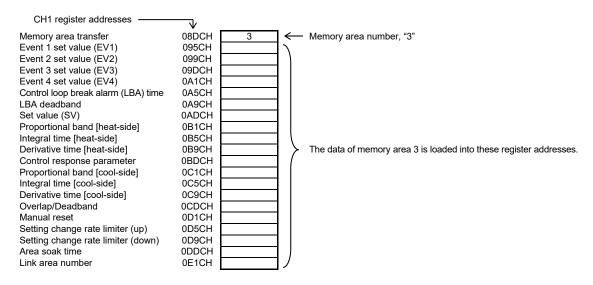
	Register address				1
	CH1	CH2	••••	CH64	1
Memory area transfer	08DCH	08DDH		091BH	Register address to specify control area
Event 1 set value (EV1)	095CH	095DH		099BH	1
Event 2 set value (EV2)	099CH	099DH		09DBH	1 \
Event 3 set value (EV3)	09DCH	09DDH		0A1BH	1
Event 4 set value (EV4)	0A1CH	0A1DH		0A5BH	1
Control loop break alarm (LBA) time	0A5CH	0A5DH		049BH	11
LBA deadband	0A9CH	0A9DH		0ADBH	11
Set value (SV)	0ADCH	0ADDH		0B1BH	1
Proportional band [heat-side]	0B1CH	0B1DH		0B5BH	11
Integral time [heat-side]	0B5CH	0B5DH		0B9BH	1 \
Derivative time [heat-side]	0B9CH	0B9DH		0BDBH	Register address of memory area data
Control response parameter	0BDCH	0BDDH		0C1BH	1 /
Proportional band [cool-side]	0C1CH	0C1DH		0C5BH	1
Integral time [cool-side]	0C5CH	0C5DH		0C9BH	1
Derivative time [cool-side]	0C9CH	0C9DH		0CDBH	1
Overlap/Deadband	0CDCH	0CDDH		0CDCH	1
Manual reset	0D1CH	0D1DH		0D5BH	1
Setting change rate limiter (up)	0D5CH	0D5DH		0D9BH	1
Setting change rate limiter (down)	0D9CH	0D9DH		0DDBH	11
Area soak time	0DDCH	0DDDH		0E1BH	1 /
Link area number	0E1CH	0E1CH		0E5BH	ν



Data corresponding to a specified memory

[Example] When performing control by calling up data in Memory area 3 of CH1

1. The memory area number, "3" is written to the memory area transfer (08DCH). Data in Memory area 3 is called up to the CH1 register addresses.



2. Control of CH1 is performed by using data in the register addresses.



If the memory area transfer (08DCH to 091BH) and the setting memory area number (386CH to 38ABH) are set to the same memory area number, the respective data can be synchronized.

Values in the control areas (095CH to 0E5BH) and the setting memory area number (38ACH to 3DABH) are set to the same memory area number, the respective data can be synchronized.

If data in the control area is changed, data in the memory area is also changed.

If data in the memory area is changed, data in the control area is also changed.

■ Data mapping function

When using a COM-ML joined to function modules, the data mapping function cannot be used.

MEMO

The first edition: MAY 2018 [IMQ00] The second edition: AUG. 2020 [IMQ00]



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IMR02E20-E2 AUG. 2020