Temperature Controller

FZ110/FZ400/FZ900

Instruction Manual [Part1: Hardware]

NOTICE

- This manual assumes that the reader has a fundamental knowledge of the principles of electricity, process control, computer technology and communications.
- The figures, diagrams and numeric values used in this manual are only for explanation purpose.
- RKC is not responsible for any damage or injury that is caused as a result of using this instrument, instrument failure or indirect damage.
- RKC is not responsible for any damage and/or injury resulting from the use of instruments made by imitating this instrument.
- Periodic maintenance is required for safe and proper operation of this instrument. Some components have a limited service life, or characteristics that change over time.
- Every effort has been made to ensure accuracy of all information contained herein. RKC makes no warranty, expressed or implied, with respect to the accuracy of the information. The information in this manual is subject to change without prior notice.
- No portion of this document may be reprinted, modified, copied, transmitted, digitized, stored, processed or retrieved through any mechanical, electronic, optical or other means without prior written approval from RKC.
- Various symbols are used on the equipment, and they have the following meaning.

∴ : Alternating current

: Reinforced insulation

1: Safety precaution

This symbol is used where the instruction manual needs to be consulted for the safety of both the operator and the equipment. Carefully read the cautions in this manual before using the instrument.

- Windows is a trademark of Microsoft Corporation.
- Modbus is a registered trademark of Schneider Electric.
- Company names and product names used in this manual are the trademarks or registered trademarks
 of the respective companies.

Safety Precautions

■ Pictorial Symbols (safety symbols)

Various pictorial symbols are used in this manual to ensure safe use of the product, to protect you and other people from harm, and to prevent damage to property. The symbols are described below.

Be sure you thoroughly understand the meaning of the symbols before reading this manual.



WARNING: This mark indicates precautions that must be taken if there is danger of electric shock, fire taken if there is danger of electric shock, fire, etc., which could result in loss of life or injury.



: This mark indicates that if these precautions and operating procedures are not taken, damage to the instrument may result.



: This mark indicates that all precautions should be taken for safe usage.



- To prevent injury to persons, damage to the instrument and the equipment, a suitable external protection device shall be required.
- All wiring must be completed before power is turned on to prevent electric shock, fire or damage to the instrument and the equipment.
- This instrument must be used in accordance with the specifications to prevent fire or damage to the instrument and the equipment.
- This instrument is not intended for use in locations subject to flammable or explosive gases.
- Do not touch high-voltage connections such as power supply terminals, etc. to avoid electric shock.
- RKC is not responsible if this instrument is repaired, modified or disassembled by other than factory-approved personnel. Malfunction may occur and warranty is void under these conditions.

i-1 IMR03A04-E11



- This product is intended for use with industrial machines, test and measuring equipment. (It is not designed for use with medical equipment and nuclear energy plant.)
- This is a Class A instrument. In a domestic environment, this instrument may cause radio interference, in which case the user may be required to take additional measures.
- This instrument is protected from electric shock by reinforced insulation. Provide reinforced insulation between the wire for the input signal and the wires for instrument power supply, source of power and loads.
- Be sure to provide an appropriate surge control circuit respectively for the following:
 - If input/output or signal lines within the building are longer than 30 meters.
 - If input/output or signal lines leave the building, regardless the length.
- This instrument is designed for installation in an enclosed instrumentation panel. All high-voltage connections such as power supply terminals must be enclosed in the instrumentation panel to avoid electric shock to operating personnel.
- All precautions described in this manual should be taken to avoid damage to the instrument or equipment.
- If the equipment is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.
- All wiring must be in accordance with local codes and regulations.
- To prevent instrument damage as a result of failure, protect the power line and the input/output lines from high currents with a suitable overcurrent protection device with adequate breaking capacity such as a fuse, circuit breaker, etc.
- A malfunction in this product may occasionally make control operations impossible or prevent alarm outputs, resulting in a possible hazard. Take appropriate measures in the end use to prevent hazards in the event of malfunction.
- Prevent metal fragments or lead wire scraps from falling inside instrument case to avoid electric shock, fire or malfunction.
- Tighten each terminal screw to the specified torque found in the manual to avoid electric shock, fire or malfunction.
- For proper operation of this instrument, provide adequate ventilation for heat dissipation.
- Do not connect wires to unused terminals as this will interfere with proper operation of the instrument.
- Turn off the power supply before cleaning the instrument.
- Do not use a volatile solvent such as paint thinner to clean the instrument. Deformation or discoloration may occur. Use a soft, dry cloth to remove stains from the instrument.
- To avoid damage to the instrument display, do not rub with an abrasive material or push the front panel with a hard object.

For Proper Disposal

When disposing of each part used for this instrument, always follows the procedure for disposing of industrial wastes stipulated by the respective local community.

i-2 IMR03A04-E11

Symbols

■ Pictorial Symbols (safety symbols)



 \mathbf{NOTE} : This mark indicates important information on installation, handling and operating procedures.



: This mark indicates supplemental information on installation, handling and operating procedures.



: This mark indicates where additional information may be located.

■ Character Symbols

11-segment character

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Minus	Period
		2	3	4	5	5	7	8	9	-	
Α	B (b)	С	С	D (d)	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K
R	Ь	Ε		4	Е	F	L	Н	1	J	K
L	М	N	n	O (o)	Р	Q	R	S	Т	t	U
L	M	N	П	o	Ρ		R	5	Γ	F	Ш
u	V	W	Х	Y	Z	Degree	/	Prime	(Asterisk)	→	
u	V	W	X	4	7	0	/	1	X	÷	

7-segment character

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Minus	Period
	1	2	3	4	5	5	7	8	9	-	
А	B (b)	С	С	D (d)	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	К
R	Ь	Ε	C	Ъ	Ε	F	G	Н	1	J	F
L	М	N (n)	O (o)	Р	Q	R	S	Т	t	U	u
L	ō	П	o	P	9	r	5	Γ	Ŀ	Ц	ш
V	W	Х	Υ	Z	Degree	/	Prime	(Asterisk)			

i-3 IMR03A04-E11

■ Abbreviation symbols

These abbreviations are used in this manual:

Abbreviation symbols	Name	Abbreviation symbols	Name
PV	Measured value	TC (input)	Thermocouple (input)
SV	Set value	RTD (input)	Resistance temperature detector (input)
MV	Manipulated output value	V (input)	Voltage (input)
AT	Autotuning	I (input)	Current (input)
ST	Startup tuning	HBA (1, 2)	Heater break alarm (1, 2)
OUT (1 to 3)	Output (1 to 3)	CT (1, 2)	Current transformer (1, 2)
DI (1 to 6)	Digital input (1 to 6)	LBA	Control loop break alarm
DO (1 to 4)	Digital output (1 to 4)	LBD	LBA deadband
FBR	Feedback resistance		

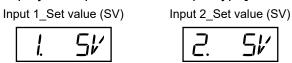
■ Screens used in this manual

It should be noted that this manual describes various screens of FZ110/400/900 according to the following rules.

FZ110/400/900 are available in two types: single input type and dual input type.

The dual input type is further categorized into two types: Dual PV type (for FZ400/900) and PV + Remote setting type (for FZ110/400/900). For a dual input model, the same parameter may exist in both Input 1 and Input 2. "1." or "2." is added to the top of the parameters for identification. "1." is not added to the top of the parameters list for the single input type.

[Display example of the dual input type]



[Display example of a single input type]

Set value (SV)

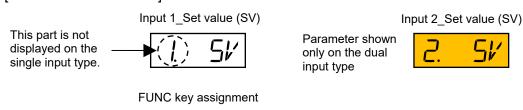


This manual uses the dual inputs for explanation. For other types such as a single input type, ignore the first character "1." at the top of the parameter.

The parameters used only on FZ400 and FZ900 (including parameters used only on the dual input type) are displayed in the colored background ().

[Notation in this manual]

Parameters used only on FZ400/900 regardless of the number of inputs.



i-4 IMR03A04-E11

Document Configuration

There are seven manuals pertaining to this product. Please be sure to read all manuals specific to your application requirements.

The following manuals can be downloaded from the official RKC website: https://www.rkcinst.co.jp/english/download-center/

Manual	Manual Number	Remarks
FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Installation Manual	IMR03A01-E□	This manual is enclosed with instrument. This manual explains the mounting and wiring.
FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Quick Operation Manual	IMR03A02-E□	This manual is enclosed with instrument. This manual explains the basic key operation, mode menu, and data setting.
FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Parameter List	IMR03A03-E□	This manual is enclosed with instrument. This list is a compilation of the parameter data of each mode.
FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Part 1: Hardware]	IMR03A04-E11	This manual you are reading now. This manual describes installation, wiring, troubleshooting and product specification.
FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Part 2: Parameters/Functions]	IMR03A05-E□	Parameters: This manual describes how to switch the operation modes and parameters, the range of parameters, and initialization/automatic conversion associated with the change of settings.
		Functions: This manual describes how to set up and each function.
FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Host Communication]	IMR03A07-E□	This manual explains RKC communication protocol (ANSI X3.28-1976) and Modbus relating to communication parameters setting.
FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [PLC Communication]	IMR03A08-E□	This manual describes how to set up the instrument for communication with a programmable controller (PLC).



Read this manual carefully before operating the instrument. Please place the manual in a convenient location for easy reference.

IMR03A04-E11 i-5

About This Manual

This manual consists of the following 7 chapters and index; Parts description, Model code, Mounting, Wiring and other basic handling of the instrument. If you are looking for basic handling information, you may be able to find one in the following table of contents.

[This manual (Part1: Hardware)]

What do you want to do?	See the following section for more details
I want to check the features, the instrument, and the model code.	1. OUTLINE
I want to check the mounting caution and how to mount and remove.	2. MOUNTING *
I want to check the external dimensions and the panel cutout details	2. MOUNTING *
I want to check wiring caution, terminal layout, wiring to each terminal, etc.	3. WIRING *
I want to check the connection information of the loader communication.	3. WIRING *
I want to check how to use terminal covers (optional).	3. WIRING
I want to check the front appearance.	4. PARTS DESCRIPTION
I want to check the modes available.	AND
I want to know the basic operation such as setting a set value.	BASIC OPERATION *
I want to know what to do when I use the instrument for the first time.	5. OPERATION *
I want to know the error indications and the error codes.	6. TROUBLESHOOTING *
I want to know what actions I should take in case of errors.	6. TROUBLESHOOTING
I want to check the instrument information (ROM version, model code, instrument number).	6. TROUBLESHOOTING
I want to know the specification of the instrument.	7. SPECIFICATIONS *
I want to know how to replace a waterproof/dustproof gasket (optional)	A. APPENDIX
I want to know the external dimension of the current transformer (CT).	A. APPENDIX

^{*} Checking is possible using a concise manual supplied with the product.

[Major topics contained in other manuals]

What do you want to do?	See the following section for more details
I want to know the functions and how to use them.	[Part 2: Parameters/Functions]
I want to check the parameter names and their setting range.	[Part 2: Parameters/Functions] Parameter List (This manual is enclosed with instrument.)
I want to know how to connect this instrument to a host computer.	[Host Communication]
I want to know how to connect this instrument to a programmable logic controller (PLC).	[PLC Communication]

i-6 IMR03A04-E11

Contents

	Page
NOTICE	
Safety Precautions	i-1
■ Pictorial Symbols (safety symbols)	i-1
WARNING	i-1
CAUTION	
For Proper Disposal	i-2
Symbols	
■ Pictorial Symbols (safety symbols)	i-3
■ Character Symbols	
■ Abbreviation symbols	
■ Screens used in this manual	
Document Configuration	
About This Manual	I-b
1. OUTLINE	1-1
Chapter 1 describes features, package contents, model code, etc.	
1.1 Features	1-2
1.2 Checking the Product	1-3
1.3 Model Code	1-4
1.3.1 Suffix code	
■ FZ110	
■ FZ400/900	
1.3.2 Quick start code (Initial setting code)	1-8
1.3.3 Range Code Table	1-10
2. MOUNTING	2-1
Chapter 2 describes mounting cautions, dimensions and mounting procedures.	
2.1 Mounting Cautions	2-2
2.2 Dimensions	2-3
2.3 Procedures of Mounting and Removing	
■ The mounting position of the mounting brackets	
Mounting procedures (Standard type)	
■ Mounting procedures (Waterproof/Dustproof type)	
■ Removal procedures	2-8

IMR03A04-E11 i-7

3. WIRING	Page 3-1
Chapter 3 describes wiring cautions, wiring layout and wiring of terminals.	
3.1 Wiring Cautions	3-2
3.2 Terminal Layout	
■ FZ110	
■ FZ400	
■ FZ900	3-7
■ Isolations of input and output	3-8
3.3 Wiring of Each Terminal [FZ110]	3-9
3.3.1 Power supply	
3.3.2 Measured input (Thermocouple/RTD/Voltage/Current)	
3.3.3 Output 1 (OUT1)/Output 2 (OUT2)	3-11
3.3.4 Digital output (DO1/DO2)	3-13
3.3.5 Option 1	3-14
■ Option 1: A [Digital input 1 (DI1), Remote setting input]	3-14
■ Option 1: B [Digital input 1 (DI1), Output 3 (OUT3)]	3-15
■ Option 1: C, D, E [Digital input 1 (DI1), Current transformer input 1 (CT1)]	3-17
■ Option 1: F [Digital input 1 to 3 (DI1 to DI3)]	3-19
3.3.6 Option 2	
■ Option 2: A [Communication (RS-485)]	
3.4 Wiring of Each Terminal [FZ400/900]	3-24
3.4.1 Power supply	3-24
3.4.2 Measured input 1 (Thermocouple/RTD/Voltage/Current)	3-25
3.4.3 Output 1 (OUT1)/Output 2 (OUT2)	
3.4.4 Digital output (DO1/DO2/DO3/DO4)	
3.4.5 Option 1	3-30
■ Option 1: T, U, V	
[Current transformer input 1 (CT1), Current transformer input 2 (CT2)]	
■ Option 1: W [Feedback resistance (FBR) input]	
3.4.6 Option 2	
■ Option 2: A [Output 3 (OUT3)]	
■ Option 2: B [Digital input 1 to 6 (DI1 to DI6)]	
■ Option 2: C [Communication (RS-422A)]	
■ Option 2: D [Communication (RS-485)]	
■ Option 2: E [Output 3 (OUT3), Digital input 1 to 6 (DI1 to DI6)]	
■ Option 2: F [Output 3 (OUT3), Communication (RS-422A)]	
■ Option 2: G [Output 3 (OUT3), Communication (RS-485)]■ Option 2: H	3-48
Output 3 (OUT3), Digital input 1 to 4 (DI1 to DI4), Communication (RS-422A)]	3_50
Option 2: J	5-50
[Output 3 (OUT3) Digital input 1 to 6 (DI1 to DI6). Communication (RS-485)]	3_53

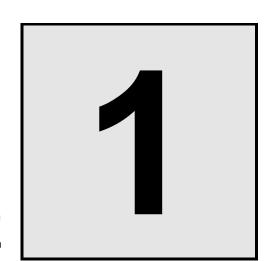
i-8 IMR03A04-E11

	Page
3.4.7 Option 3	3-56
■ Option 3: 1 [Remote setting input]	3-56
■ Option 3: 2 [Measured input 2]	
3.5 Connections for Loader Communication	
3.6 Handling of the Terminal Cover [Optional]	3-61
■ Mounting procedures	
■ Removing procedures	
4. PARTS DESCRIPTION AND BASIC OP	ERATION4-1
Chapter 4 describes name of parts, switching modes, setting and noperations.	nodifying values and other basic
4.1 Parts Description	4-2
4.2 Mode Switching	4-5
4.3 Changing Set Value	4-6
4.4 Operation of the Direct Key (FUNC key) [FZ400/90	0]4-7
4.5 Protecting Setting Data	
5. OPERATION	5-1
Chapter 5 describes caution for first time use, parameter setting requi	red before operation, and others.
5.1 Operating Precautions	
J. I Operating Fredations	5-2
5.2 Setup Procedures	5-3
	5-3 5-4
5.2 Setup Procedures	5-3 5-4
5.2 Setup Procedures	5-3 5-4 ted to the event)5-5
5.2 Setup Procedures	
5.2 Setup Procedures	
5.2 Setup Procedures	
5.2 Setup Procedures 5.3 Initial Setup Before Operation 5.3.1 Initial setting of setup example 1 (Setting parameters related to the input, control, output a setting the Control Set Value [Set value (SV)] 5.5 Setting the Event Set Value	
5.2 Setup Procedures 5.3 Initial Setup Before Operation 5.3.1 Initial setting of setup example 1 (Setting parameters related 5.3.2 Initial setting of setup example 2 (Setting parameters related to the input, control, output a 5.4 Setting the Control Set Value [Set value (SV)]	
5.2 Setup Procedures 5.3 Initial Setup Before Operation 5.3.1 Initial setting of setup example 1 (Setting parameters related 5.3.2 Initial setting of setup example 2 (Setting parameters related to the input, control, output a 5.4 Setting the Control Set Value [Set value (SV)]	
5.2 Setup Procedures	

IMR03A04-E11 i-9

	Page
6.2 Solutions for Problems	6-5
■ Display related errors	6-6
■ Control related errors	6-8
■ Operation related errors	6-10
■ Event related errors	6-11
■ Control loop break alarm (LBA) related errors	6-11
■ Heater break alarm (HBA) related errors	6-12
■ Communication related errors	6-13
6.3 Verifying Instrument Information	6-15
■ How to display the information	
■ How to check	
7. SPECIFICATIONS	7-1
A. APPENDIX	A-1
A.1 Replacing the Waterproof/Dustproof Gasket [Optional]	A-2
A.2 Current Transformer (CT) Dimensions [Optional]	
7.12 Carrette Harlotofffice (OT) Difficiono [Optional]	

IMR03A04-E11



OUTLINE

This chapter describes features, package contents, model code, etc.

1.1 Features	1-2
1.2 Checking the Product	1-3
1.3 Model Code	1-4
1.3.1 Suffix code	1-4
■ FZ110	1-4
■ FZ400/900	1-6
1.3.2 Quick start code (Initial setting code)	1-8
1.3.3 Range Code Table	1-10

IMR03A04-E11 1-1

1.1 Features

This high performance digital controller has the following features:

Cope with various control applications

- PID control (Reverse action) 1
- PID control (Direct action) 1
- Heat/Cool PID control (for Extruder [air cooling]) 1
- Heat/Cool PID control (for Extruder [water cooling]) ¹
- Heat/Cool PID control (Cooling linear type) 1
- Position proportioning PID control (Reverse action) ¹
- Position proportioning PID control (Direct action) 1
- ON/OFF action ²
- Manual control 3
- ¹ Specify when ordering
- ² Proportional band [heat-side] must be set to zero.
- ³ Switch the mode to Manual mode using Auto/Manual transfer

Dual loop control is available (optional)

The following control types are available.

- Remote setting input ¹
- 2-loop control 1,2
- Differential temperature control 1,2
- Control with PV select 1,2
- Cascade control 1,2
- ¹ For details, refer to the separate manual [Part 2].
- ² FZ400/900 only

Can handle various external disturbances

- Suppresses overshoot at startup (at power on, STOP to RUN), set value (SV) change, and occurrence of external disturbances*
- Suppresses overshoot during the transition from ramp to soak when Setting change rate limiter is used *
- Suppresses the bottom at the occurrence of external disturbances caused by Feedforward *

Freely assignable outputs

Output signal (control output, retransmission output, logic calculation output, and instrument status output) is freely assignable to each output of FZ110 (OUT: max. 3, DO: max. 2) and FZ400/900 (OUT: max. 3, DO: max. 4). *

Versatile memory area function

Main settings such as PID, event, and control related settings can be stored in up to 16 areas (Memory area function).

The use of this function offers:

- Simple ramp/soak control *
- Simple sequence operation *
- Control using Level PID *
- * For details, refer to the separate manual [Part 2].

Improved operatability

Function assignable key (FUNC key) * FZ400/900 are supplied with a FUNC key to which a specific function can be assigned. Assigning a function to the FUNC key realizes a direct access.

Desired screens can be grouped for easy access * Up to 16 desired screens can be registered as one mode (Parameter select function).

Communication

- Loader communication connector is supplied as standard on the front panel (FZ110/400/900). Using our USB communication converter (COM-K2 or COM-KG) and our communication tool (PROTEM2)*, the loader communication is possible to easily store and copy the set values.
 - * Download the software from the official RKC website.
- When Communication interface¹ and communication protocol² are specified at the time of order, any one of the following communication functions is possible.
 - Host communication to an upper system³
 - PLC communication to MITSUBISHI MELSEC series ⁴
 - ¹ RS-485 (FZ110/400/900), RS-422A (FZ400/900)
 - ² RKC communication (ANSI X3.28-1976), Modbus-RTU, MITSUBISHI MELSEC series special protocol (QnA-compatible 3C frame format 4)
 - ³ For details, refer to the separate manual [Host Communication].
 - ⁴ For details, refer to the separate manual [PLC Communication].

1-2 IMR03A04-E11

^{*} For details, refer to the separate manual [Part 2].

^{*} For details, refer to the separate manual [Part 2].

^{*} For details, refer to the separate manual [Part 2].

1.2 Checking the Product

Before using this product, check each of the following:

- Model code
- Check that there are no scratches or breakage in external appearance (case, front panel, or terminal, etc.)
- Check that all of the items delivered are complete. (See below)

Accessories		Q'TY		Remarks
	Instrument	1		
	☐ Mounting bracket (with screw)		FZ900 Water	proof/Dustproof type: 4
	□ FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Installation Manual (IMR03A01-E□)		Enclosed with	h instrument
	□ FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Quick Operation Manual (IMR03A02-E□)		Enclosed with	h instrument
	FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Parameter List (IMR03A03-E□)	1	Enclosed with	h instrument
	FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Part 1: Hardware] (IMR03A04-E11)	1	This manual (sold separately)	
	FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Part 2: Parameters/Functions] (IMR03A05-E□)	1	Sold separately	This manual can be downloaded from
	FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Host Communication] (IMR03A07-E□)	1	Sold separately	the official RKC website.
	FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [PLC Communication] (IMR03A08-E□)	1	Sold separately	
	Gasket KRB100-39 (FZ110) KFB400-36 (FZ400) KFB900-36 (FZ900)	1	Optional (Waterproof/Dustproof type)	
	Terminal cover KCA100-517 (FZ110) KFB400-58 (FZ400/900)	Depending on the order quantity	Optional (sold separately)	
	Front cover KFZ100-314 (FZ110) KRB400-36 (FZ400) KRB900-36 (FZ900)	Depending on the order quantity	Optional (sold separately)	
	CT (Current transformer for heater break alarm) CTL-6-P-Z [for 0.0 to 10.0 A] CTL-6-P-N [for 0.0 to 30.0 A] CTL-12-S56-10L-N [for 0.0 to 100.0 A]	Depending on the order quantity	Optional (sol	d separately)

If any of the above are missing, damaged, or if your manual is incomplete, please contact RKC sales office or the agent.

IMR03A04-E11 1-3

1.3 Model Code

Check that the product received is correctly specified by referring to the following model code list: If the product is not identical to the specifications, please contact RKC sales office or the agent.

1.3.1 Suffix code

■ FZ110

FZ110			$-\Box$		□ ;	k 🗌				\Box / \Box
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10) (11)

	Specification					Suf	fix co	de				
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	
	PID control with AT (Reverse action)	F										
	PID control with AT (Direct action)	D										
	Heat/Cool PID control with AT	G										
Control method	Heat/Cool PID control with AT (for Extruder [air cooling])	Α										
	Heat/Cool PID control with AT (for Extruder [water cooling])	W										
	Position proportioning PID control with AT (Reverse action)	Z										
	Position proportioning PID control with AT (Direct action)	С										
Measured input and Range	See Range Code Table (P. 1-10)											
	None			Ν								
	Relay contact output			М								
	Voltage pulse output (0/12 V DC)			V								
	Continuous voltage output (0 to 5 V DC)			4								
Output 1 (OUT1) 1	Continuous voltage output (0 to 10 V DC)			5								
	Continuous voltage output (1 to 5 V DC)			6								
	Current output (0 to 20 mA DC)			7								
	Current output (4 to 20 mA DC)			8								
	Transistor output			В								
	None				N							
	Relay contact output				М							
	Voltage pulse output (0/12 V DC)				٧							
	Continuous voltage output (0 to 5 V DC)				4							
Output 2 (OUT2) 1	Continuous voltage output (0 to 10 V DC)				5							
	Continuous voltage output (1 to 5 V DC)				6							
	Current output (0 to 20 mA DC)				7							
	Current output (4 to 20 mA DC)				8							
	Transistor output				В							
Power supply	24 V AC/DC					3						
voltage	100 to 240 V AC					4						
B: :: 1	None						N					
Digital output (DO) ¹	Digital output [1 point] (DO1)						1					
(50)	Digital output [2 points] (DO1, DO2)						2					
	None							N				
	Digital input [1 point] (DI1) + Remote setting input							Α				
	Digital input [1 point] (DI1) + Output 3 (OUT3)							В				
Option 1 ²	Digital input [1 point] (DI1) + CT input [CTL-6-P-N]							С				
	Digital input [1 point] (DI1) + CT input [CTL-12-S56-10L-N]							D				
	Digital input [1 point] (DI1) + CT input [CTL-6-P-Z]							Е				
	Digital input [3 points] (DI1 to DI3)							F				
Option 2 ³	None								N			
Option 2	Communication (RS-485)								Α			
Display color	Green (Standard)									N		
	White									W		
Waterproof/	None										N	
Dustproof (optional)	Waterproof/Dustproof (IP65)										1	
Outstants 1 1 1	Quick start code not specified											N
Quick start code ¹	Specify quick start code											1

1-4 IMR03A04-E11

¹ The factory set values of Output 1 (OUT1), Output 2 (OUT2), and Digital output will be as follows depending on the suffix code and the initial setting code.

(3) Output 1 (OUT1)	(11) Quick start code	Factory set value	Remarks		
Suffix code Suffix code		i actory set value	Remarks		
N: None	N: Quick start code not specified	No output assignment to OUT1	_		
N: None	1: Specify quick start code	No output assignment to OOTT	ı		
Other than N	N: Quick start code not specified	Input 1_Control output (Heat/Cool PID control: Heat-side,	To be shipped with the output assignment code "1" in the Initial setting code (P. 1-8)		
Other than N	1: Specify quick start code	Position proportioning PID control: Open cide)	Depends on the output assignment code in the Initial setting code (P. 1-8)		
(4) Output 2 (OUT2)	(11) Quick start code				
. , , , ,	. ,	Factory set value	Remarks		
Suffix code	Suffix code	. dotto. j sot valuo	Remarks		

(4) Output 2 (OUT2)	(11) Quick start code	Factory set value	Remarks		
Suffix code Suffix code		i actory set value	Remains		
N: None	N: Quick start code not specified	No output assignment to OUT2	_		
IV. IVOILE	1: Specify quick start code	No output assignment to OC12	_		
Other than N	N: Quick start code not specified	Heater break alarm 1 (HBA1) output Heater break alarm 2 (HBA2) output	To be shipped with the output assignment code "1" in the Initial setting code (P. 1-8)		
Other than N	1: Specify quick start code	(*)	Depends on the output assignment code in the Initial setting code (P. 1-8)		

(*) For Heat/Cool PID control: Input 1_Control output (cool-side) For I

For Position proportioning PID control: Input 1_Control output (close-side)

(6) Digital output (DO)	(11) Quick start code	Factory set value	Remarks				
Suffix code	Suffix code	Factory Set Value	Remarks				
N: None	N: Quick start code not specified	DO1: No assignment	_				
N: None	1: Specify quick start code	DO2: No assignment	_				
1: Digital output [1 point]	N: Quick start code not specified	DO1: Event 1	To be shipped with the output assignment code "1" in the Initial setting code (P. 1-8)				
(DO1)	1: Specify quick start code	DO2: No assignment	Depends on the output assignment code in the Initial setting code (P. 1-8)				
2: Digital output [2 points]	N: Quick start code not specified	DO1: Event 1	To be shipped with the output assignment code "1" in the Initial setting code (P. 1-8)				
(DO1, DO2)	1: Specify quick start code	DO2: Event 2	Depends on the output assignment code in the Initial setting code (P. 1-8)				

Depending on the designation of the suffix code, the factory set values of Digital input, Remote setting input, Output 3 (OUT3), and Current transformer (CT) input in Option 1 will be as follows.

(7) Option 1			Factory	set value		
Suffix code	Digital input Digital input Digital input Remote setting DI1 DI2 DI3 input		Output 3 (OUT3)	CT input		
N: None	_	_	_	_	_	_
A: Digital input [1 point] (DI1) + Remote setting input	Remote/Local transfer	_	_	(NOTE 1)	-	_
B: Digital input [1 point] (DI1) + Output 3 (OUT3)	RUN/STOP transfer	_	_	_	(NOTE 2)	_
C: Digital input [1 point] (DI1) + CT input [CTL-6-P-N]	RUN/STOP transfer	_	_	_	_	Output 1 (OUT1) [CT1 assignment]
D: Digital input [1 point] (DI1) + CT input [CTL-12-S56-10L-N]	RUN/STOP transfer	_	_	_	_	Output 1 (OUT1) [CT1 assignment]
E: Digital input [1 point] (DI1) + CT input [CTL-6-P-Z]	RUN/STOP transfer	_	_	_	_	Output 1 (OUT1) [CT1 assignment]
F: Digital input [3 points] (DI1 to DI3)	RUN/STOP transfer	Auto/Manual transfer	Interlock release	_	_	_

(NOTE 1) The factory set value of the Remote setting input depends on the designation at "Remote setting input type" in the Initial setting code. When "N: Quick start code not specified" is specified in the Initial setting code, the Remote setting input type will be factory preset to "0 to 10V DC" (Input range is the same as Measured input 1).

(NOTE 2) Output 3 (OUT3) will be factory preset as follows.

Universal output type selection (OUT3) (LIN a): Current output (4 to 20 mA DC) OUT3 function selection (a5L3): Retransmission output

Retransmission output 3 type (Ro3): Input 1_Measured value (PV)

When "N: Quick start code not specified" is specified in the Initial setting code, the protocol of "Communication (RS-485)" at Option 2 type will be factory preset to RKC communication (ANSI X3.28-1976). The digit of the communication data depends on the Input range code.

IMR03A04-E11 1-5

FZ4	1N	n.	a	n	Λ
T Z '	Ŧυ	u	IJ	v	u

FZ400		(2)	- 🗆		□ *							
rZ900	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)

			-	-				code					
	Specification	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
	PID control with AT (Reverse action)	F											
	PID control with AT (Direct action)	D											
	Heat/Cool PID control with AT	G											
Control method	Heat/Cool PID control with AT (for Extruder [air cooling])	Α											
	Heat/Cool PID control with AT (for Extruder [water cooling])	W											
	Position proportioning PID control with AT (Reverse action)	Z											
	Position proportioning PID control with AT (Direct action)	С											
Measured input and Range	See Range Code Table (P. 1-10)		000										
	None			N									
	Relay contact output			М									
	Voltage pulse output (0/12 V DC)			V									
	Continuous voltage output (0 to 5 V DC)			4									
Output 1	Continuous voltage output (0 to 10 V DC)			5									
(OUT1) ¹	Continuous voltage output (1 to 5 V DC)			6									
	Current output (0 to 20 mA DC)			7									
	Current output (4 to 20 mA DC)			8									
	Transistor output			В									
	None				N								
	Relay contact output				M								
	Voltage pulse output (0/12 V DC)				V								
	Continuous voltage output (0 to 5 V DC)				4								
Output 2	Continuous voltage output (0 to 5 V DC) Continuous voltage output (0 to 10 V DC)				5								
(OUT2) ¹	<u> </u>				6								
	Continuous voltage output (1 to 5 V DC)												
	Current output (0 to 20 mA DC)				7								
	Current output (4 to 20 mA DC)				В								
D	Transistor output				В	_							
Power supply voltage	24 V AC/DC					3							
	100 to 240 V AC					4							
Digital output	Digital output [1 point] (DO1)						1						
(DO) ¹	Digital output [4 points] (DO1 to DO4)						4						
	None							N					
	CT input [2 points] (CT1, CT2) [CTL-6-P-N]							Т					
Option 1 ²	CT input [2 points] (CT1, CT2) [CTL-12-S56-10L-N]							U					
	CT input [2 points] (CT1, CT2) [CTL-6-P-Z]							V					
	Feedback resistance (FBR) input							W					
	None								N				
	Output 3 (OUT3)								Α				
	Digital input [6 points] (DI1 to DI6)								В				
	Communication (RS-422A)								С				
Option 2 ³	Communication (RS-485)								D				
	Output 3 (OUT3) + Digital input [6 points] (DI1 to DI6)								Е				
	Output 3 (OUT3) + Communication (RS-422A)								F				
	Output 3 (OUT3)+ Communication (RS-485)								G				
	Output 3 (OUT3) + Digital input [4 points] (DI1 to DI4) + Con								Н				
	Output 3 (OUT3) + Digital input [6 points] (DI1 to DI6) + Com	nmuni	cation (RS-48	35)				J				
	None									N			
Option 3 4,5	Remote setting input									1			
	Measured input 2									2			
Display color	Green (Standard)										N		
	White										W		
Waterproof/	None											N	
Dustproof(optional)												1	
Quick start	Quick start code not specified												N
code 1	Specify quick start code												1
	apasing quient start sould												

1-6 IMR03A04-E11

¹ The factory set values of Output 1 (OUT1), Output 2 (OUT2), and Digital output will be as follows depending on the suffix code and the initial setting code.

the initial setting code.						
(3) Output 1 (OUT1)	(12) Quick start code	Factory set value	Remarks			
Suffix code	Suffix code	Factory Set Value	rtemarks			
N: None	N: Quick start code not specified	No output assignment to OUT1	_			
N: None	1: Specify quick start code N: Quick start code not specified Input 1_Control output		_			
Other than N			To be shipped with the output assignment code "1" in the Initial setting code (P. 1-8)			
Other than N	1: Specify quick start code	Position proportioning PID control: Open-side)	Depends on the output assignment code in the Initial setting code (P. 1-8)			
(4) Output 2 (OUT2)	(12) Quick start code					
(4) Output 2 (OUT2) Suffix code	(12) Quick start code Suffix code	Factory set value	Remarks			
Suffix code	, ,	,	Remarks			
	Suffix code	Factory set value No output assignment to OUT2	Remarks			
Suffix code	Suffix code N: Quick start code not specified	,	Remarks — — To be shipped with the output assignment code "1" in the Initial setting code (P. 1-8)			

(*) The content of the assignment depends on the control action and the selection of Option 3. (See P. 1-9)

(6) Digital output (DO)	(12) Quick start code	Factory set value	Remarks				
Suffix code	Suffix code	Factory Set Value	i veillai ks				
1: Digital output [1 point]	N: Quick start code not specified	DO1: Event 1	To be shipped with the output assignment code "1" in the Initial setting code (P. 1-8)				
(DO1)	1: Specify quick start code	DO2 to DO4: No assignment	Depends on the output assignment code in the Initial setting code (P. 1-8)				
4: Digital output [4 points]	N: Quick start code not specified	DO1: Event 1 DO2: Event 2	To be shipped with the output assignment code "1" in the Initial setting code (P. 1-8)				
(DO1 to DO4)	1: Specify quick start code	DO3: Event 3 DO4: Event 4	Depends on the output assignment code in the Initial setting code (P. 1-8)				

When "CT input [2 points] (CT1, CT2)" is specified at Option 1, the instrument will be shipped configured as follows. CT1 assignment: Output 1 (OUT1)

CT2 assignment: Depends on the control action type.

PID control (without Measured input 2): Output 1 (OUT1) Heat/Cool PID control: Output 2 (OUT2)

PID control (with Measured input 2): Output 2 (OUT2) Position proportioning PID control: Output 2 (OUT2)

³ Depending on the designation of the suffix code, the factory set values of Output3 (OUT3), Digital input, and Communication in Option 2 will be as follows.

(8) Option 2				Factory	set value			
Suffix code	DI1	DI2	DI3	DI4	DI5	DI6	OUT3	Communication
N: None	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
A: Output 3 (OUT3)	_	_	_	-	_	_	(NOTE 1)	_
B: Digital input [6 inputs] (DI1 to DI6)	Area 8 points (**)	Area 8 points (**)	Area 8 points (**)	RUN/STOP transfer *	Auto/Manual transfer **	Interlock release	-	_
C: Communication (RS-422A)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(NOTE 2)
D: Communication (RS-485)	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	(NOTE 2)
E: Output 3 (OUT3) + Digital input [6 inputs] (DI1 to DI6)	Area 8 points (**)	Area 8 points (**)	Area 8 points (**)	RUN/STOP transfer *	Auto/Manual transfer **	Interlock release	(NOTE 1)	_
F: Output 3 (OUT3) + Communication (RS-422A)	_	_	_	_	_	_	(NOTE 1)	(NOTE 2)
G: Output 3 (OUT3) + Communication (RS-485)	ı	1	1	1	_	-	(NOTE 1)	(NOTE 2)
H: Output 3 (OUT3) + Digital input [4 inputs] (DI1 to DI4) + Communication (RS-422A)	Area 8 points (**)	Area 8 points (**)	Area 8 points (**)	RUN/STOP transfer *	_	_	(NOTE 1)	(NOTE 2)
J: Output 3 (OUT3) + Digital input [6 inputs] (DI1 to DI6) + Communication (RS-485)	Area 8 points	Area 8 points	Area 8 points	RUN/STOP transfer *	Auto/Manual transfer **	Interlock release	(NOTE 1)	(NOTE 2)

(**): Without area set signal

* When "1: Remote setting input" is specified at Option 3, this will be configured to "Remote/Local transfer".

** When "2: Measured input 2" is specified at Option 3, "Auto/Manual transfer" will be assigned to Input 1 and Input 2.

(NOTE 1) Output 3 (OUT3) will be factory preset as follows.

Universal output type selection (OUT3) (᠘// a): Current output (4 to 20 mA DC) OUT3 function selection (a5L∃): Retransmission output 3 type (Яa∃): Input 1_Measured value (PV)

(NOTE 2) When "N: Quick start code not specified" is specified in the Initial setting code, the protocol of "Communication (RS-422A)" and "Communication (RS-485)" at Option 2 type will be factory preset to RKC communication (ANSI X3.28-1976). The digit of the communication data depends on the Input range code.

When Heat/Cool PID control or position proportioning PID control is specified at Control action, "2: Measured input 2" in the Specification code is not selectable.

When "Remote setting input" or "Measured input 2" is specified at OUT3 the instrument will be shipped configured as follows. Remote setting input: The factory set value of the Remote setting input depends on the designation at "Remote setting input type" in the Initial setting code. When "N: Quick start code not specified" is specified in the Initial setting code, the Remote setting input type will be factory preset to "0 to 10V DC" (Input range is the same as Measured input 1).

Measured input 2: Select function for input 2 (2PV) will be shipped configured as "2-loop control."

The default value of the Input range and the Control action will be the same as Measured input 1.

IMR03A04-E11 1-7

1.3.2 Quick start code (Initial setting code)

Quick start code tells the factory to ship with each parameter preset to the values detailed as specified by the customer. Quick start code is not necessarily specified when ordering, unless the preset is requested.

These parameters are software selectable items and can be re-programmed in the field following procedures found in the manual.

		- 🔲				- 🗆
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)

	Charification			Initial	setting	code		
	Specification	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Output assignment	OUT1, OUT2, DO1 to DO4							
	[See Output Assignment Code Table (P. 1-9)]							
	None		N					
	Voltage input (0 to 1 V DC)		3					
	Voltage input (0 to 5 V DC)		4					
	Voltage input (0 to 10 V DC)		5					
Remote setting input type ^a	Voltage input (1 to 5 V DC)		6					
1,700	Current input (0 to 20 mA DC)		7					
	Current input (4 to 20 mA DC)		8					
	Voltage input (–5 to +5 V DC)		9					
	Voltage input (-10 to +10 V DC)	-10 to +10 V DC) A N						
	None		1	N				
	Deviation high			Α				
	Deviation low			В				
	Deviation high/low			С				
	Band							
	Deviation high with hold action	Е						
	Deviation low with hold action	F						
	Deviation high/low with hold action			G				
	Process high			Н				
	Process low							
	Process high with hold action							
	Process low with hold action							
Event 1 type b, c	Deviation high with re-hold action							
	Deviation low with re-hold action							
	Deviation high/low with re-hold action							
	Band (High/low individual setting)							
	SV high							
	SV low							
	Deviation high/low (High/low individual setting)							
	Deviation high/low with hold action (High/low individual setting)			Y				
	Deviation high/low with re-hold action (High/low individual setting)			Z				
	MV high			1 2				
	MV low MV high (Cool-side)			3				
	MV low (Cool-side) MV low (Cool-side)			4				
	None			4	N			
Event 2 type b, c	Event 2 type (The code is same as Event 1 type)							
						N		
Event 3 type b, c Event 3 type (The code is same as Event 1 type) None Event 3 type (The code is same as Event 1 type)								
	None					_	N	
Event 4 type b, c	Event 4 type (The code is same as Event 1 type)							
	None							N
Communication	RKC communication (ANSI X3.28-1976)							1
protocol d	Modbus							
	PLC communication: MITSUBISHI MELSEC series special protocol (QnA-compatible 3C frame format 4)							3

^a When "Remote setting input" is not specified as an option, only "N: None" is selectable.

1-8 IMR03A04-E11

^b When the designation in the Initial setting code is "N: Quick start code not specified," the instrument will be shipped with the configuration of "A: Deviation high."

 $^{^{\}circ}\,$ The input assignment of the event will be configured as "Input 1."

^d When "Communication" is not specified as an option, only "N: None" is selectable as the communication protocol.

Output Assignment Code Table

Code	OUT1	OUT2 *	DO1	DO2	DO3	DO4
1	MV1	HBA1/HBA2	EV1	EV2	EV3	EV4
2	MV1	HBA1/HBA2	EV1	LBA1/LBA2	EV3	EV4
3	MV1	FAIL	EV1	HBA1/HBA2	EV3	LBA1/LBA2
4	MV1	HBA1/HBA2	EV1	FAIL	EV3	EV4
5	MV1	EV1	LBA1/LBA2	HBA1/HBA2	EV3	EV4
6	MV1	HBA1/HBA2	LBA1/LBA2	FAIL	EV3	EV4
7	MV1	EV1	HBA1/HBA2	FAIL	EV3	EV4
8	MV1	EV2/EV4	EV1/EV3	HBA1/HBA2	LBA1/LBA2	FAIL

MV1: Input 1_Control output (Heat/Cool PID control: Heat-side, Position proportioning PID control: Open-side)

HBA1: Heater break alarm 1 (HBA1) output EV1: Event 1 output HBA2: Heater break alarm 2 (HBA2) output EV2: Event 2 output LBA1: Control loop break alarm 1 (LBA1) output EV3: Event 3 output LBA2: Control loop break alarm 2 (LBA2) output EV4: Event 4 output

FAIL: FAIL output

If two or more items are assigned to the same output, the resultant output is OR.

* OUT2 assignment

The output assignment depends on the Control action and the selection of Option 3.

Control action	Option 3 (FZ400/900)	OUT2 assignment
PID control	Option 3: None or Remote setting input	One item from the above Output Assignment Code Table.
	Measured input 2	Input 2_Control output
Heat/Cool PID control or Position proportioning PID control	Option 3: None or Remote setting input	Input 1_Control output (Heat/Cool PID control: Cool-side Position proportioning PID control: Close-side

: FZ400/900 only

IMR03A04-E11 1-9

1.3.3 Range Code Table

The input range can be changed later within the range of the input range table* even if the input range is specified at the time of order.

• Thermocouple (TC) input

Input type		Range	See Note
K	K01	0 to 200 °C	4
	K02	0 to 400 °C	4
	K03	0 to 600 °C	4
	K04	0 to 800 °C	4
	K06	0 to 1200 °C	4
	K07	0 to 1372 °C	4
	K08	−199.9 to +300.0 °C	4
	K09	0.0 to 400.0 °C	4
	K10	0.0 to 800.0 °C	4
	K14	0 to 300 °C	4
	K41	−200 to +1372 °C	4
	K42	−200.0 to +1372.0 °C	5
	KA1	0 to 800 °F	4
	KA2	0 to 1600 °F	4
	KA3	0 to 2502 °F	4
J	J01	0 to 200 °C	4
	J02	0 to 400 °C	4
	J03	0 to 600 °C	4
	J04	0 to 800 °C	4
	J08	0.0 to 400.0 °C	4
	J29	−200.0 to +1200.0 °C	5
	JA1	0 to 800 °F	4
	JA3	0 to 2192 °F	4
	JA6	0 to 400 °F	4

Input type	Code	Range	See Note
T	T01	−199.9 to +400.0 °C	4
	T02	−199.9 to +100.0 °C	4
	T03	−100.0 to +200.0 °C	4
	T19	−200.0 to +400.0 °C	5
R	R01	0 to 1600 °C	4
	R07	−50 to +1768 °C	4
	R08	−50.0 to +1768.0 °C	5
	R09	0.0 to 1600.0 °C	5
S	S06	−50 to +1768 °C	4
	S07	−50.0 to +1768.0 °C	5
В	B03	0 to 1800 °C	4
	B04	0.0 to 1800.0 °C	5
Е	E01	0 to 800 °C	4
	E23	0.0 to 800.0 °C	4
N	N02	0 to 1300 °C	4
	N05	0.0 to 1300.0 °C	5
W5Re/ W26Re	W03	0 to 2300 °C	4
PL II	A01	0 to 1300 °C	4
	A05	0.0 to 1300.0 °C	5
U	U01	−199.9 to +600.0 °C	4
L	L04	0.0 to 900.0 °C	4
PR40-20	F02	0 to 1800 °C	5
	FA2	0 to 3200 °F	5

RTD input

Input type	Code	Range	See Note
Pt100	D01	−199.9 to +649.0 °C	4
	D04	−100.0 to +100.0 °C	4
	D05	−100.0 to +200.0 °C	4
	D06	0.0 to 50.0 °C	4
	D07	0.0 to 100.0 °C	4
	D08	0.0 to 200.0 °C	4
	D09	0.0 to 300.0 °C	4
	D10	0.0 to 500.0 °C	4
	D12	−199.9 to +600.0 °C	4
	D21	−200.0 to +200.0 °C	5

Input type	Code	Range	See Note
Pt100	D27	0.00 to 50.00 °C	4
	D34	−100.00 to +100.00 °C	5
	D35	−200.0 to +850.0 °C	5
	D48	−100.00 to +850.00 °C	5
	DA1	−199.9 to +999.9 °F	4
	DA9	0.0 to 500.0 °F	4
JPt100	P08	0.0 to 200.0 °C	4
	P29	−100.00 to +100.00 °C	5
	P30	−200.0 to +640.0 °C	5
	P36	−100.00 to +640.00 °C	5

Voltage/Current input

Input type	Code	Range	See Note
0 to 10 mV DC	101	Programmable	5
0 to 100 mV DC	201	range	5
0 to 1 V DC	301	-19999 to +99999	5
0 to 5 V DC	401	Factory set value	5
0 to 10 V DC	501	0.0 to 100.0	5

Input type	Code	Range	See Note
1 to 5 V DC	601	Programmable	5
0 to 20 mA DC	701	range	5
4 to 20 mA DC	801	-19999 to +99999	5
-10 to +10 V DC	904	Factory set value	5
−5 to +5 V DC	905	0.0 to 100.0	5

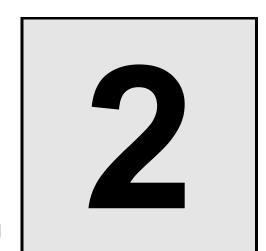
Note The number of displayed digits of the measured value.

In case of RKC communication, if the displayed data is 4 digits, it is handled as 6-digit data. If the displayed data is 5 digits, it is handled as 7-digit data. In case of Modbus communication, the 4-digit display is handled as a "single word" and the 5-digit display is handled as a "double word *".

1-10 IMR03A04-E11

^{*} Refer to the separate manual [Part 2: Parameters/Functions].

^{*} Order of data transfer: upper word to lower word



MOUNTING

This chapter describes mounting cautions, dimensions and mounting procedures.

2.1 Mounting Cautions	2-2
2.2 Dimensions	2-3
2.3 Procedures of Mounting and Removing	2-5
■ The mounting position of the mounting brackets	2-5
■ Mounting procedures (Standard type)	2-6
■ Mounting procedures (Waterproof/Dustproof type)	2-7
■ Removal procedures	2-8

IMR03A04-E11 2-1

2.1 Mounting Cautions

⚠ WARNING

To prevent electric shock or instrument failure, always turn off the power before mounting or removing the instrument.

(1) This instrument is intended to be used under the following environmental conditions. (IEC 61010-1) [OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY II, POLLUTION DEGREE 2]

(2) Use this instrument within the following environment conditions:

Allowable ambient temperature: -10 to +55 °C
 Allowable ambient humidity: 5 to 95 %RH

(Absolute humidity: MAX.W.C 29 g/m³ dry air at 101.3 kPa)

• Installation environment conditions: Indoor use

Altitude up to 2000 m

Short-term temporary overvoltage: 1440 V Long-term temporary overvoltage: 490 V

(3) Avoid the following conditions when selecting the mounting location:

- Rapid changes in ambient temperature which may cause condensation.
- Corrosive or inflammable gases.
- Direct vibration or shock to the mainframe.
- Water, oil, chemicals, vapor or steam splashes.
- Excessive dust, salt or iron particles.
- Excessive induction noise, static electricity, magnetic fields or noise.
- Direct air flow from an air conditioner.
- Exposure to direct sunlight.
- Excessive heat accumulation.
- (4) Mount this instrument in the panel considering the following conditions:
 - Provide adequate ventilation space so that heat does not build up.
 - Ensure at least 50 mm space on top and bottom of the instrument for maintenance and environmental reasons.
 - Do not mount this instrument directly above the equipment that generates large amount of heat (heaters, transformers, thyristor units, large-wattage resistors.)
 - If the ambient temperature rises above 55 °C, cool this instrument with a forced air cooling fan, cooling unit, etc. Cooled air should not blow directly on this instrument.
 - In order to improve safety and the immunity to withstand noise, mount this instrument as far away as possible from high voltage equipment, power lines, and rotating machinery.

High voltage equipment: Do not mount within the same panel.

Power lines: Separate at least 200 mm.
Rotating machinery: Separate as far as possible.

- For correct functioning mount this instrument in a horizontal position.
- (5) In case this instrument is connected to a supply by means of a permanent connection, a switch or circuit-breaker shall be included in the installation. This shall be in close proximity to the equipment and within easy reach of the operator. It shall be marked as the disconnecting device for the equipment.

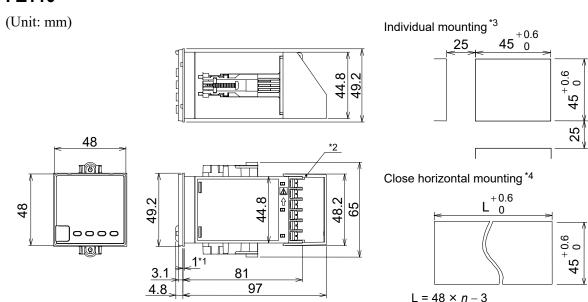
2-2 IMR03A04-E11

2.2 Dimensions

Panel thickness: 1 to 10 mm

(When mounting multiple FZ110/400/900 controllers close together, the panel strength should be checked to ensure proper support.)

■ FZ110



- *1 Gasket (optional)
- *2 Terminal cover (optional) [sold separately]
- *3 To keep the instrument as waterproof as possible, make sure that the panel surface has no burr or distortion where the hole is to be cut out.

n =Number of controllers (2 to 6)

*4 Remove the gasket. When the FZ110/400 is mounted closely protection will be compromised and they will not meet IP65 standards.

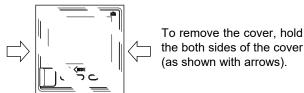
Handling precautions for front cover for the FZ110 (sold separately)

■ Mounting

When installing a front cover for the FZ110 (P/N: KFZ100-314, sold separately), hold the cover horizontally against the installation panel, place it over the instrument, and push it until it is fixed. Make sure the front cover is firmly fixed in place.

■ Removal

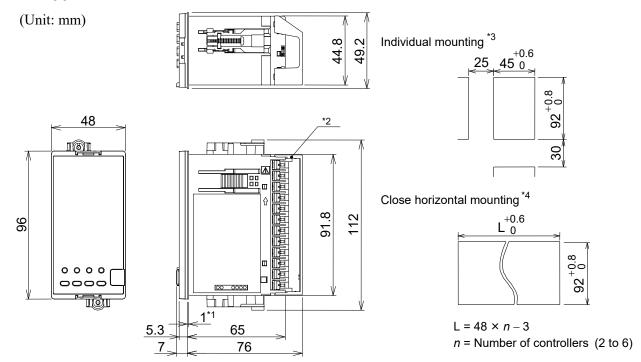
To remove the front cover, hold the both sides of the cover and pull the cover toward you pressing it inward.



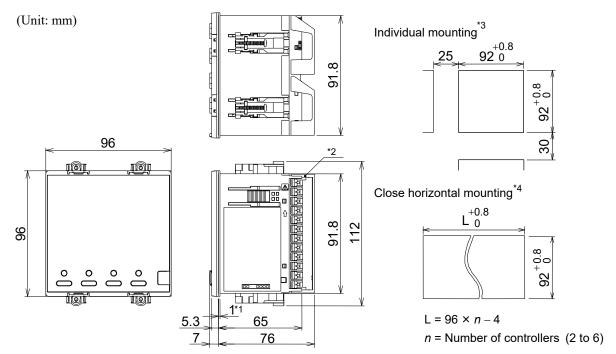
An image of the front cover for the FZ110 (KFZ100-314) which is placed over the instrument.

IMR03A04-E11 2-3

■ FZ400



■ FZ900



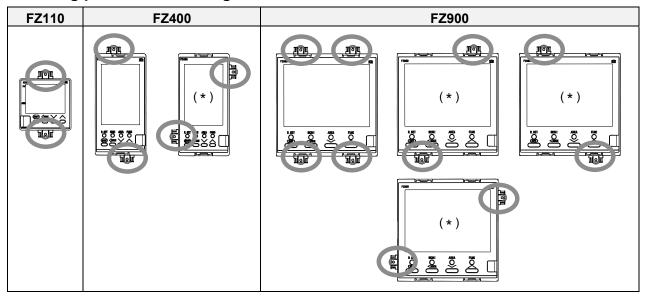
- *1 Gasket (optional)
- *2 Terminal cover (optional) [sold separately]
- *3 To keep the instrument as waterproof as possible, make sure that the panel surface has no burr or distortion where the hole is to be cut out.

2-4 IMR03A04-E11

^{*4} Remove the gasket. When the FZ900 is mounted closely protection will be compromised and they will not meet IP65 standards.

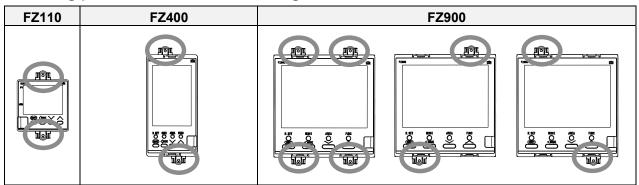
2.3 Procedures of Mounting and Removing

- The mounting position of the mounting brackets
- Mounting positions for a single controller



(*) FZ400 with mounting brackets attached on the side and FZ900 mounted with two mounting brackets do not provide water and dustproof protection.

Mounting positions for close mounting



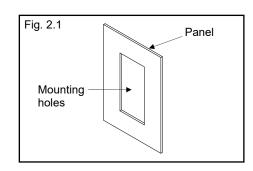
When mounted closely, the controllers are not waterproof or dustproof.

IMR03A04-E11 2-5

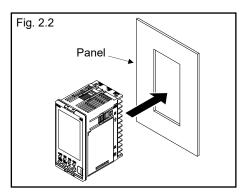
■ Mounting procedures (Standard type)

1. Prepare the panel cutout as specified in Fig. 2.1. (Panel thickness: 1 to 10 mm)

See 2.2 Dimensions (P. 2-3).

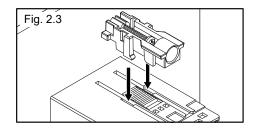


2. Insert the instrument through the panel cutout. (Fig. 2.2)



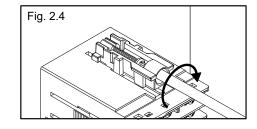
3. Insert the mounting bracket into the mounting groove of the instrument. (Fig. 2.3)

Do not push the bracket forcibly forward.



4. Tighten up the screw for the mounting bracket with a Phillips screwdriver so that the mounting bracket is firmly secured in place. (Fig. 2.4)

Give the screw another turn when the tip of the screw touches the panel.



Do not overtighten the screw. It may turn idle. In case the screw has been overtightened to turn idle, loosen the screw, then tighten the screw again until the instrument is firmly fixed.

5. The other mounting bracket(s) should be installed in the same way as described in 3 and 4.

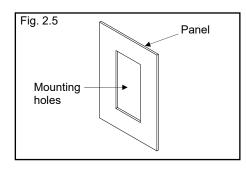
2-6 IMR03A04-E11

■ Mounting procedures (Waterproof/Dustproof type)

The front of the instrument conforms to **IP65** [Specify when ordering] when mounted on the panel. For effective Waterproof/Dustproof, the gasket must be securely placed between the instrument and the panel without any gap. If a gasket is damaged, please contact RKC sales office or the agent.

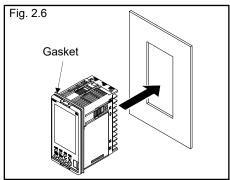
1. Prepare the panel cutout as specified in Fig. 2.5. (Panel thickness: 1 to 10 mm)

See 2.2 Dimensions (P. 2-3).



2. Set the waterproof/dustproof gasket (optional) on the case from the back side of the instrument as shown in Fig. 2.6.

Insert the instrument through the panel cutout.

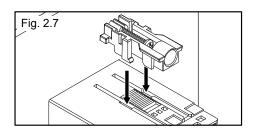


3. Insert the mounting bracket into the mounting groove of the instrument. (Fig. 2.7)

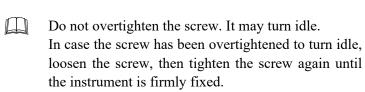
Do not push the bracket forcibly forward.

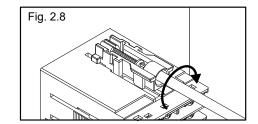


For waterproof and dustproof protection, two mounting brackets (P. 2-5) must be placed on the top and the bottom side of the instrument. If the mounting brackets are placed on the sides of the controller, waterproof and dustproof protection will not be guaranteed.



- **4.** Tighten up the screw for the mounting bracket with a Phillips screwdriver so that the mounting bracket is firmly secured in place. (Fig. 2.8)
 - Give the screw another turn when the tip of the screw touches the panel.



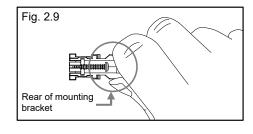


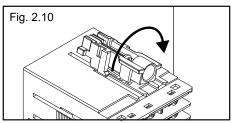
- 5. The other mounting bracket(s) should be installed in the same way as described in 3 and 4.
- For replacing of the gasket, see APPENDIX A.1 Replacing the Waterproof/Dustproof Gasket (P. A-2).

IMR03A04-E11 2-7

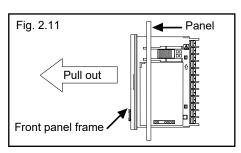
■ Removal procedures

- 1. Turn the power OFF.
- 2. Remove the wiring.
- 3. Loosen the screw of the mounting bracket.
- **4.** Hold the rear of the mounting bracket (Fig.2.9), and lift up one side to remove it from the case. (Fig. 2.10)
- 5. The other mounting bracket(s) should be removed in the same way as described in 3 and 4.

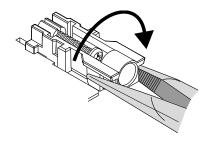




6. Pull out the instrument from the mounting cutout while holding the front panel frame of this instrument. (Fig. 2.11)



Use long-nose pliers to remove mounting brackets from the instrument that is installed in a narrow place or installed tightly in a vertical position.



2-8 IMR03A04-E11



WIRING

This chapter describes wiring cautions, wiring layout and wiring of terminals.

3.1 Wiring Cautions	3-2
3.2 Terminal Layout	3-5
3.3 Wiring of Each Terminal [FZ110]	3-9
3.3.1 Power supply	3-9
3.3.2 Measured input (Thermocouple/RTD/Voltage/Current)	3-10
3.3.3 Output 1 (OUT1)/Output 2 (OUT2)	3-11
3.3.4 Digital output (DO1/DO2)	3-13
3.3.5 Option 1	3-14
3.3.6 Option 2	3-20
3.4 Wiring of Each Terminal [FZ400/900]	3-24
3.4.1 Power supply	3-24
3.4.2 Measured input 1 (Thermocouple/RTD/Voltage/Current)	3-25
3.4.3 Output 1 (OUT1)/Output 2 (OUT2)	3-26
3.4.4 Digital output (DO1/DO2/DO3/DO4)	3-28
3.4.5 Option 1	3-30
3.4.6 Option 2	3-33
3.4.7 Option 3	3-56
3.5 Connections for Loader Communication	3-59
3.6 Handling of the Terminal Cover [Optional]	3-61

IMR03A04-E11 3-1

3.1 Wiring Cautions

MARNING

To prevent electric shock or instrument failure, do not turn on the power until all wiring is completed. Make sure that the wiring is correct before applying power to the instrument.

- For thermocouple input, use the appropriate compensation wire.
- For RTD input, use low resistance lead wire with no difference in resistance between the three lead wires.
- Signal connected to Voltage input and Current input shall be low voltage defined as "SELV" circuit per IEC 60950-1.
- To avoid noise induction, keep input signal wire away from instrument power line, load lines and power lines of other electric equipment.
- If there is electrical noise in the vicinity of the instrument that could affect operation, use a noise filter.
 - Shorten the distance between the twisted power supply wire pitches to achieve the most effective noise reduction.
 - Always install the noise filter on a grounded panel. Minimize the wiring distance between the noise filter output and the instrument power supply terminals to achieve the most effective noise reduction.
 - Do not connect fuses or switches to the noise filter output wiring as this will reduce the effectiveness of the noise filter.
- Allow approximately 5 seconds for contact output when the instrument is turned on. Use a delay relay when the output line is used for an external interlock circuit.
- Power supply wiring must be twisted and have a low voltage drop.
- For an instrument with 24 V power supply input, supply power from a "SELV" circuit defined as IEC 60950-1.
- This instrument is not provided with an overcurrent protection device. For safety, install an overcurrent protection device (such as a fuse) with adequate breaking capacity close to the instrument.

Fuse type: Time-lag fuse (Approved fuse according IEC 60127-2 and/or UL 248-14)

Fuse rating: Rated voltage 250 V AC

Rated current 0.5 A (24 V AC/DC type) 1 A (100 to 240 V AC type)

• Use the solderless terminal appropriate to the screw size.

Screw size: $M3 \times 7$ (with 5.8×5.8 square washer)

Recommended tightening torque:

0.4 N·m (4 kgf·cm)

Applicable wire: Solid/twisted wire of 0.25 to 1.65 mm²

Specified dimension: See Fig. 3.1 Specified solderless terminal:

Circular terminal with isolation

V1.25-MS3

Manufactured by J.S.T MFG CO., LTD.

Fig. 3.1

\$\phi 5.9 (MAX)\$

\$\phi 3.2 (MIN)\$

3.2 mm (MIN)

5.6 mm

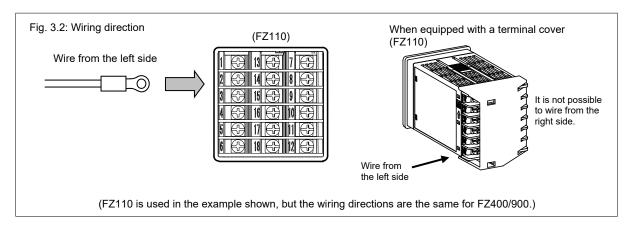
5.6 mm

• Make sure that during field wiring parts of conductors cannot come into contact with adjacent conductive parts.

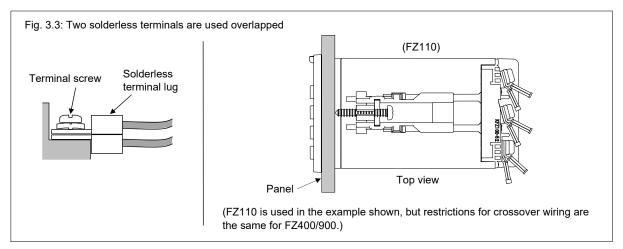
3-2 IMR03A04-E11

• When wiring FZ110/400/900, wire from the left direction toward the backside terminals as shown in Fig. 3.2. For FZ110, the wiring surfaces of the central and the right side lines of terminals are inclined to make it easier to wire from the left side.

When using the terminal cover (Figs. 3.2, 3.4), it is not possible to wire from the right side. When wiring from the left and right with a close mounting, there are cases where adjacent instruments cannot be wired.



• Up to two solderless terminal lugs can be connected to one terminal screw. **The requirements of reinforced insulation can be still complied with in this condition.** When actually doing this, place one solderless terminal lug over the other as illustrated below.



- If solderless terminal lugs other than the recommended dimensions are used, terminal screws may not be tightened. In that case, bend each solderless terminal lug before wiring. If the terminal screw is forcibly tightened, it may be damaged.
- In case of FZ110, if two solderless terminal lugs are connected to one terminal screw, a terminal cover cannot be used.
- When tightening a screw of the instrument, make sure to fit the screwdriver properly into the screw head mounted tilted or flat as shown in the right figure. Tightening the screw with excessive torque may damage the screw thread.



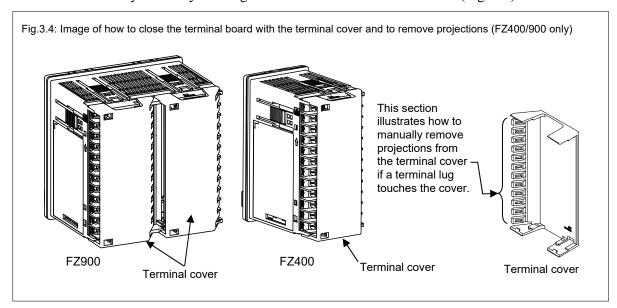


Tilted terminal

Flat terminal

IMR03A04-E11 3-3

- Caution for using the terminal cover:
 - To prevent electric shock or instrument failure, always turn off the power before mounting or removing the terminal cover.
 - When mounting and removing the terminal cover, apply pressure very carefully to avoid damage to the terminal cover.
 - If a solderless terminal lug touches the FZ400/900 common terminal cover, remove the projection from the terminal cover by manually bending it back and forth until it breaks off. (Fig. 3.4)



For the mounting and removing of the terminal cover, see 3.6 Handling of the Terminal Cover [Optional] (P. 3-61).

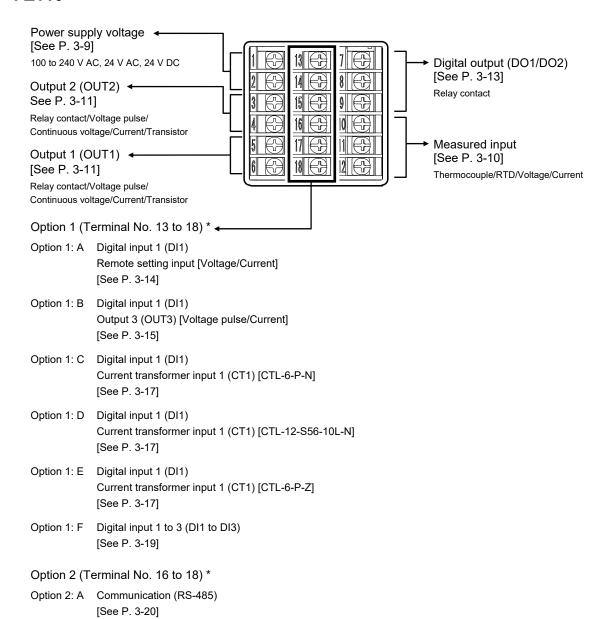
3-4 IMR03A04-E11

3.2 Terminal Layout

The terminal layout is as follows.

To prevent malfunctioning, do not connect wires to unused terminals.

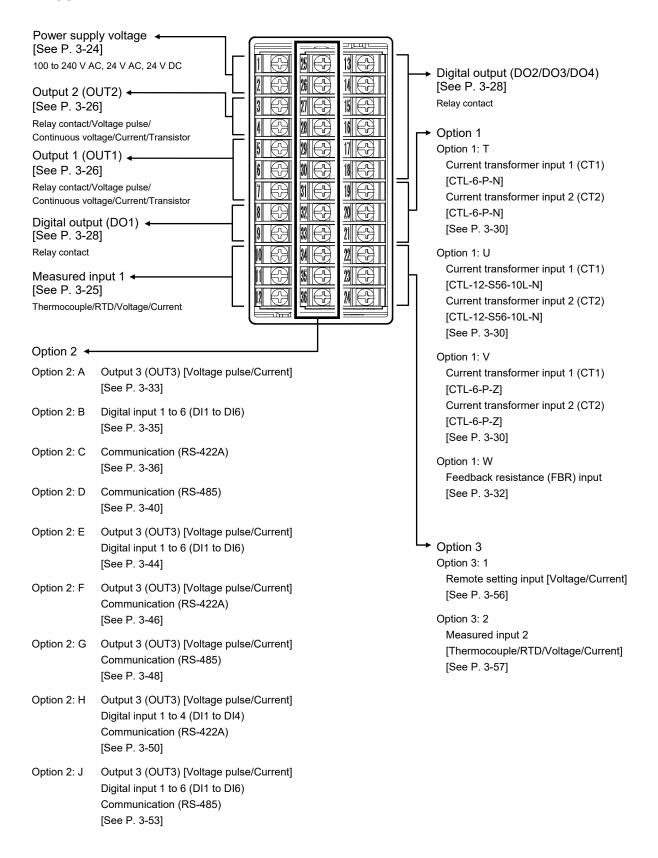
■ FZ110



^{*} Terminal No.16 is a common terminal for COM (-) of the Digital input and the SG of the Communication.

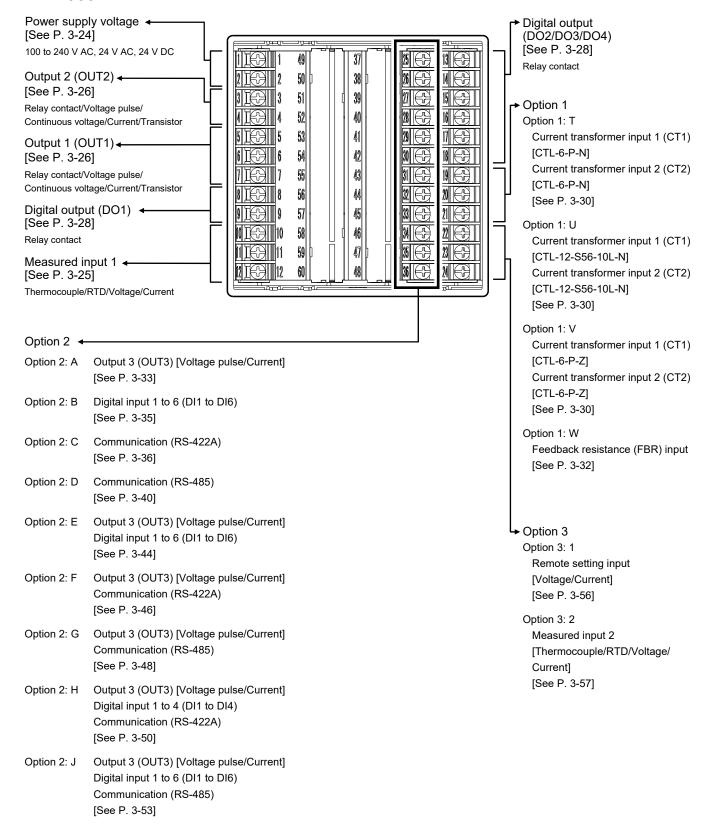
IMR03A04-E11 3-5

■ FZ400



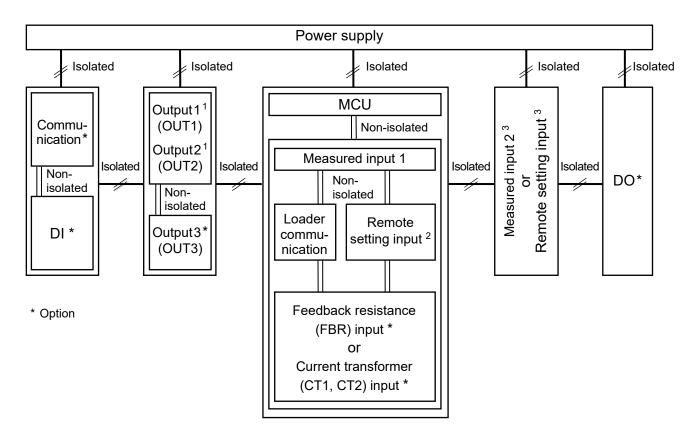
3-6 IMR03A04-E11

■ FZ900



■ Isolations of input and output

For the Input/Output isolation block of this instrument, see the following:



Outputs are isolated if either OUT1 or OUT2 is "relay contact output." If both outputs are not "relay contact output," outputs are not isolated.

3-8 IMR03A04-E11

² For FZ110 (optional)

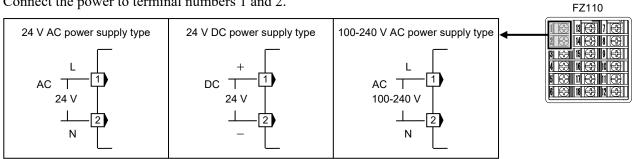
³ For FZ400/900 (optional)

3.3 Wiring of Each Terminal [FZ110]

Always check the polarity of each terminal prior to wiring.

3.3.1 Power supply

• Connect the power to terminal numbers 1 and 2.



• Power supply voltage for the controller must be within the range shown below.



Suffix code	Power supply type	Power consumption	Rush current
3	20.4 to 26.4 V AC [Including power supply voltage variation] (Rated: 24 V AC) Power supply frequency: 50/60 Hz Frequency variation: 50 Hz (-10 to +5 %) 60 Hz (-10 to +5 %)	5.3 VA max. (at 24 V AC)	16.3 A or less (at 24 V AC)
3	20.4 to 26.4 V DC [Including power supply voltage variation] (Rated: 24 V DC)	129 mA max. (at 24 V DC)	11.5 A or less (at 24 V DC)
4	85 to 264 V AC [Including power supply voltage variation] (Rated: 100 to 240 V DC) Power supply frequency: 50/60 Hz Frequency variation: 50 Hz (-10 to +5 %) 60 Hz (-10 to +5 %)	5.3 VA max. (at 100 V AC) 8.3 VA max. (at 240 V AC)	5.6 A or less (at 100 V AC) 13.3 A or less (at 240 V AC)

- If there is electrical noise in the vicinity of the instrument that could affect operation, use a noise filter.
- Power supply wiring must be twisted and have a low voltage drop.
- For an instrument with 24 V power supply input, supply power from a "SELV" circuit defined as IEC 60950-1.
- This instrument is not provided with an overcurrent protection device. For safety, install an overcurrent protection device (such as a fuse) with adequate breaking close to the instrument.

Fuse type: Time-lag fuse (IEC 60127-2, UL 248-14)

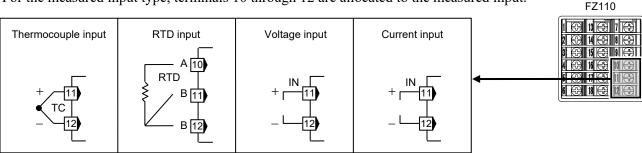
Fuse rating: Rated voltage 250 V AC

Rated current 0.5 A (24 V AC/DC type) 1 A (100 to 240 V AC type)

3-9 IMR03A04-E11

3.3.2 Measured input (Thermocouple/RTD/Voltage/Current)

• For the measured input type, terminals 10 through 12 are allocated to the measured input.



• The input types (input group) are as follows.



Suffix code	Input group	Input type
See Range Code Table	Thermocouple (TC) input	K, J, T, S, R, E, B, N (JIS C1602-1995), PLII (NBS), W5Re/W26Re (ASTM-E988-96 [Reapproved 2002]), U, L (DIN43710-1985),
(P. 1-10)	Thermocoupie (TC) input	PR40-20 (ASTM-E1751-00)
	RTD input	Pt100 (JIS C1604-1997), JPt100 (JIS C1604-1997, Pt100 of JIS C1604-1981)
	Low voltage input	0 to 10 mV DC, 0 to 100 mV DC
	High voltage input	0 to 1 V DC, 0 to 5 V DC, 1 to 5 V DC, 0 to 10 V DC, -5 to +5 V DC, -10 to +10 V DC
	Current input	0 to 20 mA DC, 4 to 20 mA DC

NOTE

When the input type is changed from current or high voltage input to TC, RTD or low voltage input, remove the wirings of the measured input before attempting the input change. Changing the input type with the signal applied to the instrument may lead to a failure of the instrument.

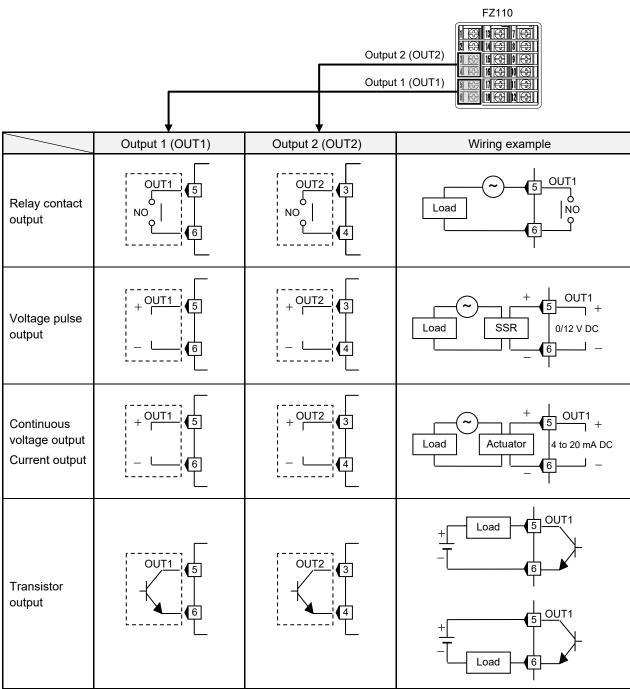
For details on changing the Input type, refer to the separate FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Parts 2: Parameters/Functions].

- For thermocouple input, use the appropriate compensation wire.
- For RTD input, use low resistance lead wire with no difference in resistance between the three lead wires.
- Signal connected to Voltage input and Current input shall be low voltage defined as "SELV" circuit per IEC 60950-1.
- To avoid noise induction, keep input signal wire away from instrument power line, load lines and power lines of other electric equipment.

3-10 IMR03A04-E11

3.3.3 Output 1 (OUT1)/Output 2 (OUT2)

- Terminal 5 and 6 are used for Output 1 (OUT1); and Terminal 3 and 4 are used for Output 2 (OUT2).
- Connect an appropriate load according to the output type of Output 1 (OUT1) and Output 2 (OUT2). (Specify when ordering)



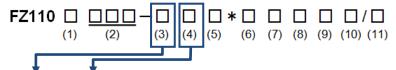
NO: Normally open

 $\begin{bmatrix} --- \\ --- \end{bmatrix}$: The dotted box diagram describes the output state inside the instrument.

• Outputs are isolated if Output 1 (OUT1) or Output 2 (OUT2) is relay contact output. If both outputs are not relay contact output, outputs are not isolated.

Continued on the next page.

• Number of outputs and output types must be specified when ordering. The specifications of each output are as follows.



Suffix	code					
Output 1 (OUT1)	Output 2 (OUT2)	Output type		Specifications		
N	N	None				
М	М	Relay contact output	Contact type: Contact rating (Resistive load) Electrical life: Mechanical life:	a contact : 250 V AC 3 A, 30 V DC 1 A 100,000 times or more (Rated load) 20 million times or more (Switching: 300 times/min)		
V	V	Voltage pulse output	0/12 V DC (Allowable load re-	sistance: 500 Ω or more)		
4	4	Continuous voltage	0 to 5 V DC (Allowable load resistance: 1 kΩ or more)			
5	5	Continuous voltage output	0 to 10 V DC (Allowable load resistance: 1 kΩ or more)			
6	6	cusput	1 to 5 V DC (Allowable load r	resistance: 1 kΩ or more)		
7	7	Current output	0 to 20 mA DC (Allowable loa	ad resistance: 500 Ω or less)		
8	8	Current output	4 to 20 mA DC (Allowable loa	ad resistance: 500 Ω or less)		
В	В	Transistor output	Allowable load current: Load voltage: Voltage drop at ON: Leakage current at OFF:	100 mA 30 V DC or less 2 V or less (at allowable load current) 0.1 mA or less		

- Output signals (function) can be assigned to each output (OUT, OUT2). Output signal (function) assignment is available either Initial setting code at the time of order or reconfiguration in the Engineering mode.
 - For the details of Output signals (function) assignment, refer to the separate FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Parts 2: Parameters/Functions].

Outputs (OUT1, OUT2) and Output signals (function)

(√: Assignable)

1 ()	,								(,
			OUT1 ¹			OUT2 ¹				
Output signal (function)		Voltage pulse	Current	Continuous voltage	Transistor	Relay contact	Voltage pulse	Current	Continuous voltage	Transistor
Input 1_Control output (Heat-side) ²	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Input 1_Control output (Cool-side) ²	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Input 1_Control output (Position proportioning) ²	✓	✓			✓	✓	✓			✓
Logic calculation output (Event output) 2,4	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Logic calculation output (Control loop break alarm (LBA) output) ^{2,4}	✓	✓	√	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Logic calculation output (Heater break alarm (HBA) output) ^{2, 4}	√	√	√	✓	√	✓	✓	√	✓	✓
RUN state output ³	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Output of the communication monitoring result ³	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Manual mode state output ³	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Remote mode state output ³	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
AT state output ³	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Output while Set value (SV) is changing ³	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
FAIL output ²	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Retransmission output ³			✓	✓				✓	✓	

¹ The following table shows factory set values of Output signals (function) which are assigned to OUT1 and OUT2 when the suffix code other than "N" is specified.

other than 11 to opcomed.				
Control action Factory set value				
PID control	OUT1: Input 1_Control output	OUT2: Heater break alarm 1 (HBA1) output		
	. – .	Heater break alarm 2 (HBA2) output		
Heat/Cool PID control	OUT1: Input 1_Control output (Heat-side)	OUT1: Input 1_Control output (Cool-side)		
Position proportioning PID control	OUT1: Input 1 Control output (Open-side)	OUT1: Input 1 Control output (Close-side)		

² Factory preset is available by specifying the Initial setting code at the time of order. [1.3.2 Quick start code (Initial setting code) (P. 1-8)]

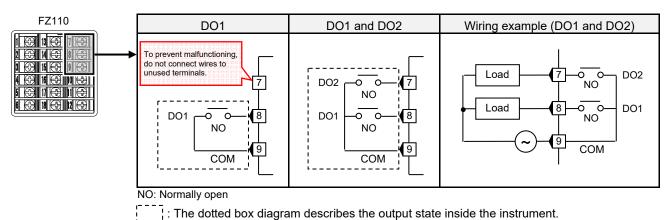
3-12 IMR03A04-E11

³ Configurable at "OUT1 function selection" and "OUT2 function selection" in the Engineering mode.

⁴ Multiple functions can be specified for "OUT1 logic calculation selection" and "OUT2 logic calculation selection" in the Engineering mode. (*OR-output*)

3.3.4 Digital output (DO1/DO2)

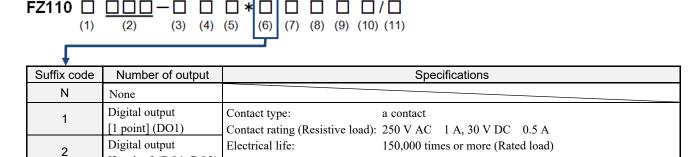
- Terminals 7 through 9 are used for Digital outputs (DO1, DO2). (specify when ordering)
- Connect the load(s) according to the number of output (specify when ordering) of Digital outputs (DO1 and DO2).



Mechanical life:

• Output type is only relay contact output.

[2 points] (DO1, DO2)



- Output signals (function) can be assigned to each Digital output (DO1, DO2). Output signal (function) assignment is available either Initial setting code at the time of order or reconfiguration in the Engineering mode.
 - For the details of Output signals (function) assignment, refer to the separate FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Parts 2: Parameters/Functions].

Digital outputs (DO1, DO2) and Output signals (function)

(√: Assignable)

20 million times or more (Switching: 300 times/min)

Output signals (function)	DO1 ¹	DO2 1	Remarks
Logic calculation output (Event output) ^{2, 4}	✓	✓	¹ The following table shows factory set values of Output signals (function) which are assigned to DO1 and DO2 when the suffix code
Logic calculation output (Control loop break alarm (LBA) output) ^{2,4}	✓	✓	other than "N" is specified. Digital output 1point (DO1):
Logic calculation output (Heater break alarm (HBA) output) ^{2, 4}	✓	✓	DO1: Event 1, DO2: No assignment Digital output 2points (DO1, DO2):
RUN state output ³	✓	✓	DO1: Event 1, DO2: Event 2
Output of the communication monitoring result ³	✓	✓	² Factory preset is available by specifying the Initial setting code at the time of order. [1.3.2 Quick start code (Initial setting code) (P. 1-8)]
Manual mode state output ³	✓	✓	
Remote mode state output ³	✓	✓	³ Configurable at "DO1 function selection" and "DO2 function selection" in the Engineering mode.
AT state output ³	✓	✓	⁴ Multiple functions can be specified for "DO1 logic calculation selection"
Output while Set value (SV) is changing ³	✓	✓	and "DO2 logic calculation selection" in the Engineering mode.
FAIL output ²	✓	✓	(OR-output)

3.3.5 Option 1

- Terminal Nos. 13 to 16 are for Option 1.
- The Option 1 types are as follows.

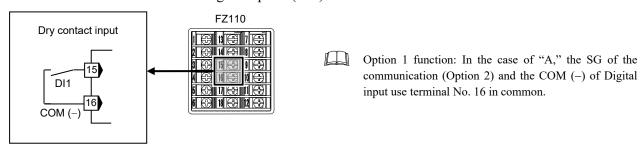


Suffix code	Contents of Option 1	See page
N	None	
Α	Digital input [1 point] (DI1)+Remote setting input	P. 3-14 to 3-15
В	Digital input [1 point] (DI1)+Output 3 (OUT3)	P. 3-15 to 3-16
С	Digital input [1 point] (DI1)+CT input [CTL-6-P-N]	P. 3-17
D	Digital input [1 point] (DI1)+CT input [CTL-12-S56-10L-N]	P. 3-17
E	Digital input [1 point] (DI1)+CT input [CTL-6-P-Z]	P. 3-17
F	Digital input [3 points] (DI1 to DI3)	P. 3-19

■ Option 1: A [Digital input 1 (DI1), Remote setting input]

Digital input 1 (DI1):

• Terminal 15 and 16 are used for Digital input 1 (DI1).



• Digital input from external devices or equipment should be dry contact input. If it is not dry contact input, the input should meet the specifications below.

Contact specifications:

At OFF (contact open): $50 \text{ k}\Omega$ or more At ON (contact closed): $1 \text{ k}\Omega$ or less Contact current: 3.3 mA DC or less Capture judgment time: Within 200 ms

• The following functions can be assigned to Digital input 1 (DI1). Function assignment for Digital input 1 (DI1) can be done in the Engineering mode.

RUN/STOP transfer
 Autotuning (AT) ON/OFF
 Auto/Manual transfer
 Set data Unlock/Lock

Remote/Local transfer
 Direct/Reverse action transfer

Interlock release
 Memory area transfer 2 points (Without area set signal) *

Peak/Bottom holds releaseArea jump *

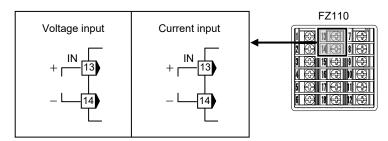
* Settable only at DI1 function selection in the Engineering mode

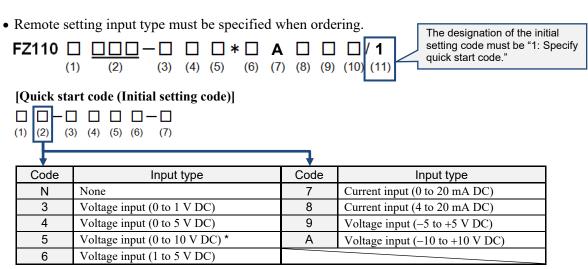
To assign functions to Digital input 1 (DI1), refer to the separate FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Parts 2: Parameters/Functions].

3-14 IMR03A04-E11

Remote setting input:

- Terminal 13 and 14 are used for Remote setting input.
- Connect an appropriate input to terminals 13 and 14 according to the specification of the Remote setting input.





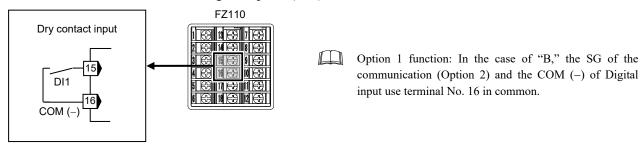
^{*} Factory set value when the Initial setting code (11) is "N: None."

• Remote setting input is not isolated from the Measured input 1.

■ Option 1: B [Digital input 1 (DI1), Output 3 (OUT3)]

Digital input 1 (DI1):

• Terminal 15 and 16 are used for Digital input 1 (DI1).



• Digital input from external devices or equipment should be dry contact input. If it is not dry contact input, the input should meet the specifications below.

Contact specifications: At OFF (contact open): $50 \text{ k}\Omega$ or more At ON (contact closed): $1 \text{ k}\Omega$ or less Contact current: 3.3 mA DC or less Capture judgment time: Within 200 ms

Continued on the next page.

• The following functions can be assigned to Digital input 1 (DI1). Function assignment for Digital input 1 (DI1) can be done in the Engineering mode.

RUN/STOP transfer
 Autotuning (AT) ON/OFF
 Auto/Manual transfer
 Set data Unlock/Lock

Remote/Local transfer
 Direct/Reverse action transfer

Interlock release
 Memory area transfer 2 points (Without area set signal) *

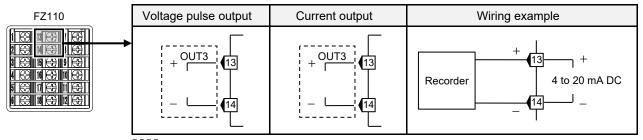
Peak/Bottom holds releaseArea jump *

* Settable only at DI1 function selection in the Engineering mode

To assign functions to Digital input 1 (DI1), refer to the separate FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Parts 2: Parameters/Functions].

Output 3 (OUT3):

- Terminal 13 and 14 are used for Output 3 (OUT3).
- Connect a recorder, a load, etc according to the Output type of Output 3 (OUT3).



: The dotted box diagram describes the output state inside the instrument.

- Output 3 (OUT3) is a universal output. Even after the delivery of the instrument, the output type (see the table below) can be changed at "Universal output type selection (OUT3)" in the Engineering mode.
 - For the details of changing the Output 3 (OUT3), refer to the separate FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Parts 2: Parameters/Functions].

OUT3 type	Specifications	
Voltage pulse output	0/14 V DC (Allowable load resistance: 600 Ω or more)	
Current output	4 to 20 mA DC (Allowable load resistance: 500 Ω or less)	[Factory set value]
Current output	0 to 20 mA DC (Allowable load resistance: 500 Ω or less)	

- Output signal (function) can be assigned to Output 3 (OUT3). Output signal (function) assignment is available in the Engineering mode.
 - For the details of Output signal (function) assignment, refer to the separate FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Parts 2: Parameters/Functions].

Output 3 (OUT3) and Output signals (function)

(√: Assignable)

		JT3		OL	JT3
Output signals (function)	nals (function) Voltage pulse Current Output signals (function)		Voltage pulse	Current	
Input 1_Control output (Heat-side)	✓	✓	RUN state output	✓	✓
Input 1_Control output (Cool-side)	✓	✓	Output of the communication monitoring result	✓	✓
Input 1_Control output (Position proportioning)	✓		Manual mode state output	✓	✓
Logic calculation output (Event output)	✓	✓	Remote mode state output	✓	✓
Logic calculation output	1	./	AT state output	✓	✓
(Control loop break alarm (LBA) output)	•	•	FAIL output	✓	✓
Logic calculation output	1	./	Output while Set value (SV) is changing	✓	✓
(Heater break alarm (HBA) output)	•	•	Retransmission output *		✓

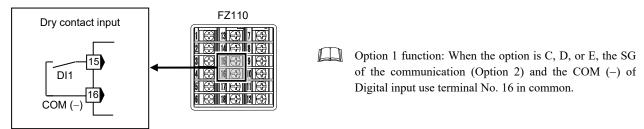
^{*} Factory set value of the output signal (function) assigned to OUT3. The retransmission output of OUT3 corresponds to Retransmission output 3.

3-16 IMR03A04-E11

■ Option 1: C, D, E [Digital input 1 (DI1), Current transformer input 1 (CT1)]

Digital input 1 (DI1):

• Terminal 15 and 16 are used for Digital input 1 (DI1).



• Digital input from external devices or equipment should be dry contact input. If it is not dry contact input, the input should meet the specifications below.

Contact specifications: At OFF (contact open): $50 \text{ k}\Omega$ or more At ON (contact closed): $1 \text{ k}\Omega$ or less Contact current: 3.3 mA DC or less

• The following functions can be assigned to Digital input 1 (DI1). Function assignment for Digital input 1 (DI1) can be done in the Engineering mode.

RUN/STOP transfer
 Autotuning (AT) ON/OFF
 Auto/Manual transfer
 Set data Unlock/Lock

Remote/Local transfer
 Direct/Reverse action transfer

Capture judgment time: Within 200 ms

Interlock release
 Memory area transfer 2 points (Without area set signal) *

Peak/Bottom holds releaseArea jump *

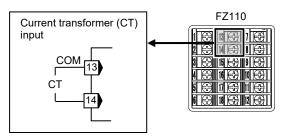
* Settable only at DI1 function selection in the Engineering mode

To assign functions to Digital input 1 (DI1), refer to the separate FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Parts 2: Parameters/Functions].

Current transformer input 1 (CT1):

• Terminal 13 and 14 are used for Current transformer input 1 (CT1).

Connect the current transformer (CT) specified at the time of order to the relevant terminal.



Current transformer model code:

When Option "C" is specified:

CTL-6-P-N

[Measurable current range: 0.0 to 30.0 A] (sold separately)

When Option "D" is specified:

CTL-12-S56-10L-N

[Measurable current range: 0.0 to 100.0 A] (sold separately)

When Option "E" is specified:

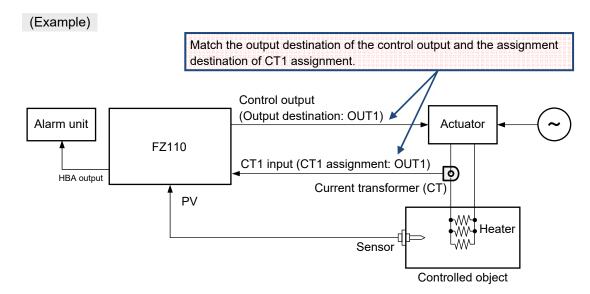
CTL-6-P-Z

[Measurable current range: 0.0 to 10.0 A] (sold separately)

- Current transformer input 1 (CT1) is not isolated from the Measured input 1.
- Even after the delivery of the instrument, the type of the current transformer 1 (CT1) can be changed at "CT1 type" in the Engineering mode.
 - For details on changing the CT type, refer to the separate FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Parts 2: Parameters/Functions].

Continued on the next page.

• When using Heater break alarm (HBA), set the same output for the control output detected by the current transformer (CT) [to be configured at "CT1 assignment"] and the control output of the instrument. The CT1 assignment can be done in the Engineering mode.

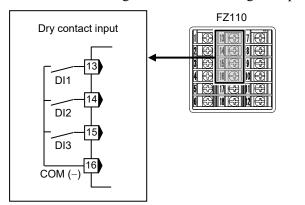


For the Heater break alarm (HBA) function, refer to the separate FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Parts 2: Parameters/Functions].

3-18 IMR03A04-E11

■ Option 1: F [Digital input 1 to 3 (DI1 to DI3)]

• Terminals 13 through 16 are used for Digital inputs 1 to 3 (DI1 to DI3).



Option 1 function: In the case of "F," the SG of the communication (Option 2) and the COM (–) of Digital input use terminal No. 16 in common.

• Digital input from external devices or equipment should be dry contact input. If it is not dry contact input, the input should meet the specifications below.

Contact specifications: At OFF (contact open): $50 \text{ k}\Omega$ or more

At ON (contact closed): $1~k\Omega$ or less Contact current: 3.3 mA DC or less Capture judgment time: Within 200 ms

• The following functions can be assigned to Digital inputs 1 to 3 (DI1 to DI3). Function assignment of Digital inputs 1 to 3 (DI1 to DI3) can be done in the Engineering mode.

– RUN/STOP transfer– Set data Unlock/Lock

Auto/Manual transfer
 Direct/Reverse action transfer

- Remote/Local transfer - Memory area transfer 2 points (Without area set signal) *

Interlock release
 Memory area transfer 8 points (Without area set signal) *

– Peak/Bottom holds release– Area jump *

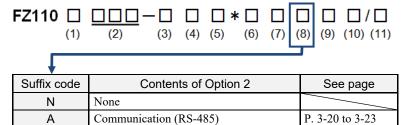
Autotuning (AT) ON/OFF

* Settable only at DI1 function selection in the Engineering mode

For the details of function assignment of Digital inputs 1 to 3 (DI1 to DI3), refer to the separate FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Parts 2: Parameters/Functions].

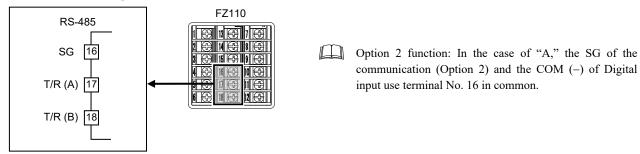
3.3.6 Option 2

- Terminal Nos. 16 to 18 are for Option 2.
- The Option 2 types are as follows.

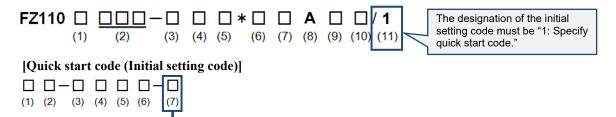


■ Option 2: A [Communication (RS-485)]

• Terminals 16 through 18 are used for Communication (RS-485).



• The Communication protocol is either specified by Quick start code (Initial setting code) when the order is placed, or set in Engineering mode.



Code	Communication protocol	Wiring example
N	None	
1	RKC communication (ANSI X3.28-1976) *	P. 3-21 to 3-22
2	Modbus	P. 3-21 to 3-22
3	PLC communication: MITSUBISHI MELSEC series special protocol (QnA-compatible 3C frame format 4)	P. 3-23

^{*} Factory set value when the Initial setting code (11) is "N: None."

For the details of communication (For example, protocol setting in the Engineering mode), refer to the following manuals.

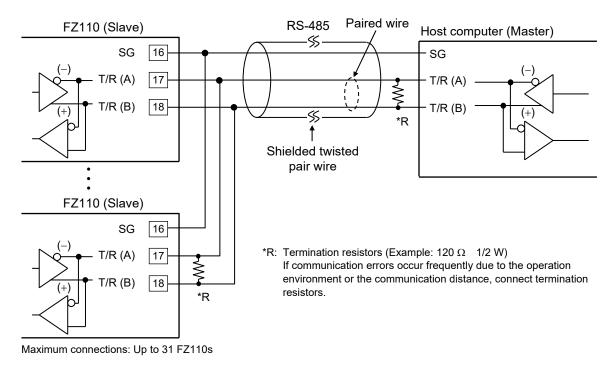
FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Host Communication] FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [PLC Communication]

Continued on the next page.

3-20 IMR03A04-E11

Wiring example 1

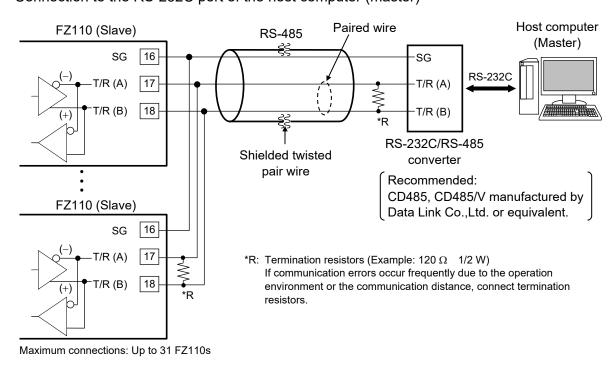
Connection to the RS-485 port of the host computer (master)



The communication cable and termination resistor(s) must be provided by the customer.

Wiring example 2

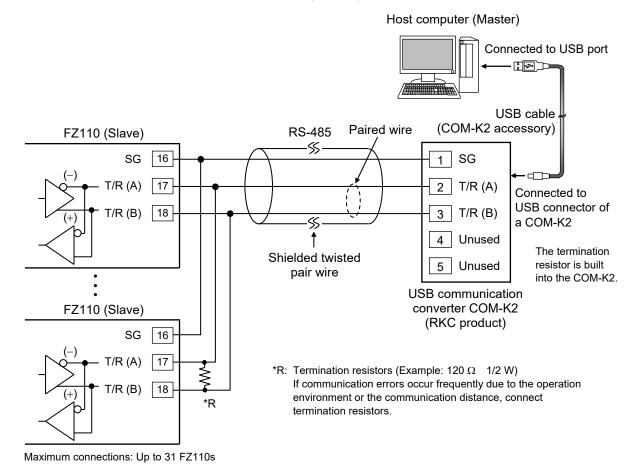
Connection to the RS-232C port of the host computer (master)



The communication cable and termination resistor(s) must be provided by the customer.

Wiring example 3

Connection to the USB of the host computer (master)



- The communication cable and termination resistor(s) must be provided by the customer.
- Recommended USB communication converter: **COM-K2** or **COM-KG** (RKC product) For the COM-K2, refer to the **COM-K2 Instruction Manual**. For the COM-KG, refer to the **COM-KG Instruction Manual**.

3-22 IMR03A04-E11

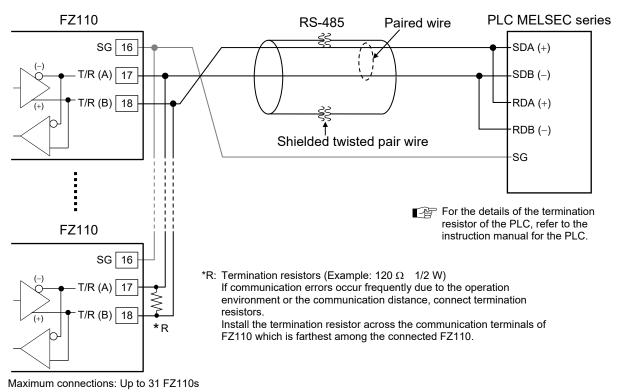
• Wiring example 4

When the PLC to be connected is MITSUBISHI MELSEC series

NOTE

Note that the signal polarity symbols (A and B) are opposite to each other between the PLC (MELSEC series) and the FZ series controller. Normally A is connected to A and B to B. However, in this case, A must be connected to B, and B must be connected to A.

FZ110			PL	C MELSEC series
Signal ground	SG		SDA	Send data (+)
Send data/Receive data (-)	T/R (A)	 	SDB	Send data (-)
Send data/Receive data (+)	T/R (B)	├ /	RDA	Receive data (+)
		_ \	RDB	Receive data (-)
			SG	Signal ground

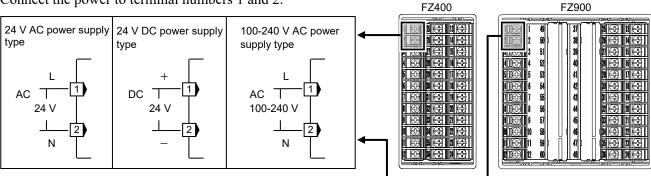


3.4 Wiring of Each Terminal [FZ400/900]

Always check the polarity of each terminal prior to wiring.

3.4.1 Power supply

• Connect the power to terminal numbers 1 and 2.



• Power supply voltage for the controller must be within the range shown below.



Suffix code	Power supply type	Power consumption	Rush current
3	20.4 to 26.4 V AC [Including power supply voltage variation] (Rated: 24 V AC) Power supply frequency: 50/60 Hz Frequency variation: 50 Hz (-10 to +5 %) 60 Hz (-10 to +5 %)	FZ400: 6.9 VA max. (at 24 V AC) FZ900: 7.4 VA max. (at 24 V AC)	16.3 A or less (at 24 V AC)
3	20.4 to 26.4 V DC [Including power supply voltage variation] (Rated: 24 V DC)	FZ400: 175 mA max. (at 24 V DC) FZ900: 190 mA max. (at 24 V DC)	11.5 A or less (at 24 V DC)
4	85 to 264 V AC [Including power supply voltage variation] (Rated: 100 to 240 V AC) Power supply frequency: 50/60 Hz Frequency variation: 50 Hz (-10 to +5 %) 60 Hz (-10 to +5 %)	FZ400: 6.8 VA max. (at 100 V AC) 10.1 VA max. (at 240 V AC) FZ900: 7.4 VA max. (at 100 V AC) 10.9 VA max. (at 240 V AC)	5.6 A or less (at 100 V AC) 13.3 A or less (at 240 V AC)

- If there is electrical noise in the vicinity of the instrument that could affect operation, use a noise filter.
- Power supply wiring must be twisted and have a low voltage drop.
- For an instrument with 24 V power supply input, supply power from a "SELV" circuit defined as IEC 60950-1.
- This instrument is not provided with an overcurrent protection device. For safety, install an overcurrent protection device (such as a fuse) with adequate breaking close to the instrument.

Fuse type: Time-lag fuse (IEC 60127-2, UL 248-14)

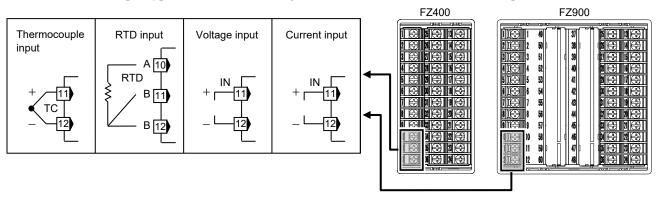
Fuse rating: Rated voltage 250 V AC

Rated current 0.5 A (24 V AC/DC type) 1 A (100 to 240 V AC type)

3-24 IMR03A04-E11

3.4.2 Measured input 1 (Thermocouple/RTD/Voltage/Current)

• For the measured input type, terminals 10 through 12 are allocated to the measured input.



• The input types (input group) are as follows.



Suffix code	Input group	Input type
See Range Code Table (P. 1-10)	Thermocouple (TC) input	K, J, T, S, R, E, B, N (JIS C1602-1995), PLII (NBS), W5Re/W26Re (ASTM-E988-96 [Reapproved 2002]), U, L (DIN43710-1985), PR40-20 (ASTM-E1751-00)
	RTD input	Pt100 (JIS C1604-1997), JPt100 (JIS C1604-1997, Pt100 of JIS C1604-1981)
	Low voltage input	0 to 10 mV DC, 0 to 100 mV DC
	High voltage input	0 to 1 V DC, 0 to 5 V DC, 1 to 5 V DC, 0 to 10 V DC, -5 to +5 V DC, -10 to +10 V DC
	Current input	0 to 20 mA DC, 4 to 20 mA DC

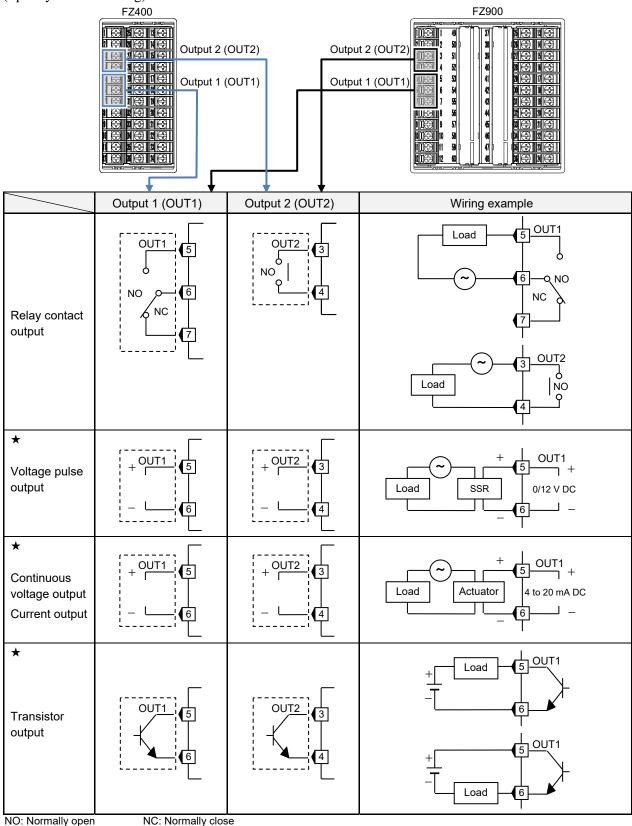


When the input type is changed from current or high voltage input to TC, RTD or low voltage input, remove the wirings of the measured input before attempting the input change. Changing the input type with the signal applied to the instrument may lead to a failure of the instrument.

- For details on changing the Input type, refer to the separate FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Parts 2: Parameters/Functions].
- For thermocouple input, use the appropriate compensation wire.
- For RTD input, use low resistance lead wire with no difference in resistance between the three lead wires.
- Signal connected to Voltage input and Current input shall be low voltage defined as "SELV" circuit per IEC 60950-1.
- To avoid noise induction, keep input signal wire away from instrument power line, load lines and power lines of other electric equipment.

3.4.3 Output 1 (OUT1)/Output 2 (OUT2)

- Terminals 5 through 7 are used for Output 1 (OUT1); and Terminal 3 and 4 are used for Output 2 (OUT2).
- Connect an appropriate load according to the output type of Output 1 (OUT1) and Output 2 (OUT2). (Specify when ordering)



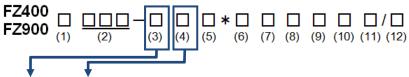
★: To prevent malfunctioning, do not connect wires to unused terminals (terminal No. 7).

Continued on the next page.

3-26

[:] The dotted box diagram describes the output state inside the instrument.

- Outputs are isolated if Output 1 (OUT1) or Output 2 (OUT2) is relay contact output. If both outputs are not relay contact output, outputs are not isolated.
- Number of outputs and output types must be specified when ordering. The specifications of each output are as follows.



Suffix	code						
Output 1 (OUT1)	Output 2 (OUT2)	Output type		Specifications			
N	Ν	None					
М	M	Relay contact output	Contact type: Contact rating (Resistive load): Electrical life: Mechanical life:	c contact (OUT1) a contact (OUT2) : 250 V AC 3 A, 30 V DC 1 A 300,000 times or more (Rated load) 50 million times or more (Switching: 180 times/min)			
V	V	Voltage pulse output	0/12 V DC (Allowable load resistance: 500 Ω or more)				
4	4	G ti	0 to 5 V DC (Allowable load resistance: 1 kΩ or more)				
5	5	Continuous voltage output	0 to 10 V DC (Allowable load	resistance: $1 \text{ k}\Omega$ or more)			
6	6	σαιραί	1 to 5 V DC (Allowable load r	esistance: 1 kΩ or more)			
7	7	Comment	0 to 20 mA DC (Allowable loa	ad resistance: 500 Ω or less)			
8	8	Current output	4 to 20 mA DC (Allowable load resistance: 500Ω or less)				
В	В	Transistor output	Allowable load current: Load voltage: Voltage drop at ON: Leakage current at OFF:	100 mA 30 V DC or less 2 V or less (at allowable load current) 0.1 mA or less			

- Output signals (function) can be assigned to each output (OUT, OUT2). Output signal (function) assignment is available either Initial setting code at the time of order or reconfiguration in the Engineering mode.
 - For the details of Output signals (function) assignment, refer to the separate FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Parts 2: Parameters/Functions].

Outputs (OUT1, OUT2) and Output signals (function)

(✓: Assignable)

			OUT1 ¹			OUT2 ¹				
Output signal (function)	Relay contact	Voltage pulse	Current	Continuous voltage	Transistor	Relay contact	Voltage pulse	Current	Continuous voltage	Transistor
Input 1_Control output (Heat-side) ²	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Input 1_Control output (Cool-side) ²	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Input 1_Control output (Position proportioning) ²	✓	✓			✓	✓	✓			✓
Logic calculation output (Event output) 2,4	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Logic calculation output (Control loop break alarm (LBA) output) ^{2, 4}	✓	✓	✓	✓	√	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Logic calculation output (Heater break alarm (HBA) output) ^{2, 4}	√	✓	✓	✓	√	✓	✓	✓	√	√
RUN state output ³	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Output of the communication monitoring result ³	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Manual mode state output ³	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Remote mode state output ³	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
AT state output ³	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Output while Set value (SV) is changing ³	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
FAIL output ²	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Retransmission output ³			✓	✓				✓	✓	

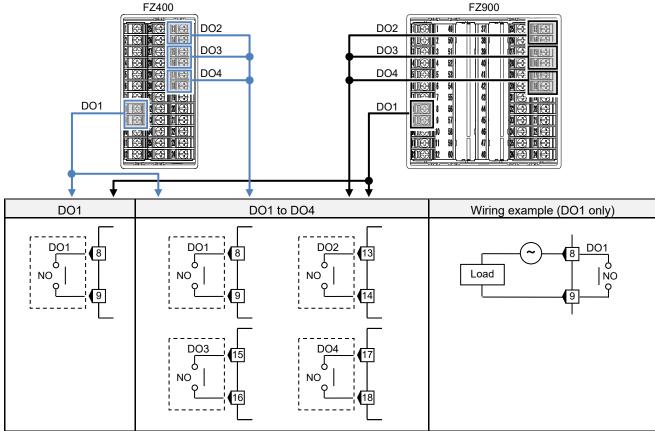
¹ The following table shows factory set values of Output signals (function) which are assigned to OUT1 and OUT2 when the suffix code other than "N" is specified.

Control action	Option 3 [Suffix code (9)]	Fa	Factory set value			
PID control	N: None or 1: Remote setting input	OUT1: Input 1_Control output	OUT2: Heater break alarm 1 (HBA1) output Heater break alarm 2 (HBA2) output			
	2: Measured input 2	OUT1: Input 1_Control output	OUT2: Input 2_Control output			
Heat/Cool PID control N: None or		OUT1: Input 1_Control output (Heat-side)	OUT2: Input 1_Control output (Cool-side)			
Position proportioning PID control	1: Remote setting input	OUT1: Input 1_Control output (Open-side)	OUT2: Input 1_Control output (Close-side)			

² Factory preset is available by specifying the Initial setting code at the time of order. [1.3.2 Quick start code (Initial setting code) (P. 1-8)]

3.4.4 Digital output (DO1/DO2/DO3/DO4)

- Terminal 8 and 9 are used for DO1; and Terminals 13 through 18 are used for DO2 to DO4.
- Connect the load(s) according to the number of output (specify when ordering) of Digital outputs (DO1 to DO4).



NO: Normally open

: The dotted box diagram describes the output state inside the instrument.

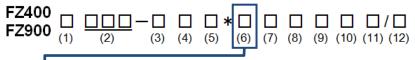
Continued on the next page.

3-28 IMR03A04-E11

³ Configurable at "OUT1 function selection" and "OUT2 function selection" in the Engineering mode.

⁴ Multiple functions can be specified for "OUT1 logic calculation selection" and "OUT2 logic calculation selection" in the Engineering mode. (*OR-output*)

• Output type is only relay contact output.



Suffix code	Number of output	Specifications					
1	Digital output	Contact type:	a contact				
'	[1 point] (DO1)	Contact rating (Resistive load):	250 V AC 1 A, 30 V DC 0.5 A				
4	Digital output	Electrical life:	150,000 times or more (Rated load)				
4	[4 points] (DO1 to DO4)	Mechanical life:	20 million times or more (Switching: 300 times/min)				

- Output signals (function) can be assigned to each Digital output (DO1 to DO4). Output signal (function) assignment is available either Initial setting code at the time of order or reconfiguration in the Engineering mode.
 - For the details of Output signals (function) assignment, refer to the separate FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Parts 2: Parameters/Functions].

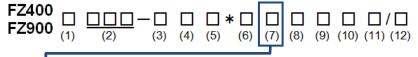
Digital outputs (DO1 to DO4) and Output signals (function)

(✓: Assignable)

			`		(: / toolgitable)
Output signals (function)	DO1 ¹	DO2 ¹	DO3 ¹	DO4 ¹	Remarks
Logic calculation output (Event output) ^{2,4}	✓	~	✓	✓	¹ Factory set values of Output signals (function) assigned to DO1 to DO4 are as follows.
Logic calculation output (Control loop break alarm (LBA) output) ^{2, 4}	✓	~	~	~	Digital output 1point (DO1): DO1: Event 1, DO2 to DO4: No assignment Digital output points (DO1 to DO4):
Logic calculation output (Heater break alarm (HBA) output) ^{2, 4}	✓	✓	✓	✓	DO1: Event 1 DO2: Event 2
RUN state output ³	✓	✓	✓	✓	DO3: Event 3 DO4: Event 4
Output of the communication monitoring result ³	✓	✓	✓	✓	² Factory preset is available by specifying the Initial setting code at the time of order. [1.3.2 Quick start code (Initial
Manual mode state output ³	✓	✓	✓	✓	setting code) (P. 1-8)] ³ Configurable at "DO1 function selection" to "DO4 function
Remote mode state output ³	✓	✓	✓	✓	selection" in the Engineering mode. 4 Multiple functions can be specified for "DO1 logic
AT state output ³	✓	✓	✓	✓	calculation selection" to "DO4 logic calculation selection" in the Engineering mode. (<i>OR-output</i>)
Output while Set value (SV) is changing ³	✓	✓	✓	✓	the Engineering mode. (On output)
FAIL output ²	✓	✓	✓	✓	

3.4.5 Option 1

- Terminal Nos. 19 to 21 are for Option 1.
- The Option 1 types are as follows.



Suffix code	Contents of Option 1	See page
N	None	
Т	CT input [2 points] (CT1, CT2) [CTL-6-P-N]	P. 3-30 to 3-31
U	CT input [2 points] (CT1, CT2) [CTL-12-S56-10L-N]	P. 3-30 to 3-31
V	CT input [2 points] (CT1, CT2) [CTL-6-P-Z]	P. 3-30 to 3-31
W	Feedback resistance (FBR) input	P. 3-32

■ Option 1: T, U, V [Current transformer input 1 (CT1), Current transformer input 2 (CT2)]

• Terminal 19 and 20 are used for Current transformer input 1 (CT1); and Terminal 19 and 21 are used for Current transformer input 2 (CT2).

Connect the current transformer (CT) specified at the time of order to the relevant terminal.

Current transformer model code:

When Option "T" is specified: CTL-6-P-N

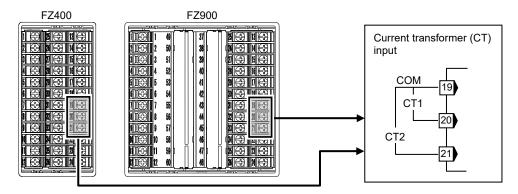
[Measurable current range: 0.0 to 30.0 A] (sold separately)

When Option "U" is specified: CTL-12-S56-10L-N

[Measurable current range: 0.0 to 100.0 A] (sold separately)

When Option "V" is specified: CTL-6-P-Z

[Measurable current range: 0.0 to 10.0 A] (sold separately)

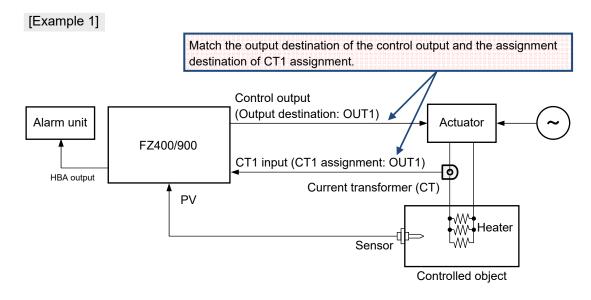


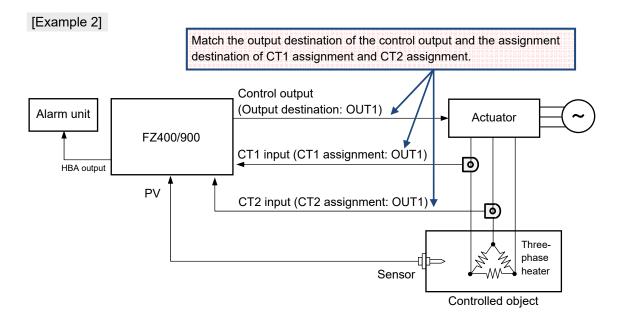
- Current transformer input 1 (CT1) and Current transformer input 2 (CT 2) is not isolated from the Measured input 1.
- Even after the delivery of the instrument, the type of the current transformer 1 (CT1) and the current transformer 2 (CT2) can be changed at "CT1 type" and "CT2 type" in the Engineering mode.

For details on changing the CT type, refer to the separate FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Parts 2: Parameters/Functions].

3-30 IMR03A04-E11

• When using Heater break alarm (HBA), set the same output for the control output detected by the current transformer (CT) [to be configured at "CT1 assignment," "CT2 assignment"] and the control output of the instrument. "CT1 assignment" and "CT2 assignment" can be done in the Engineering mode.

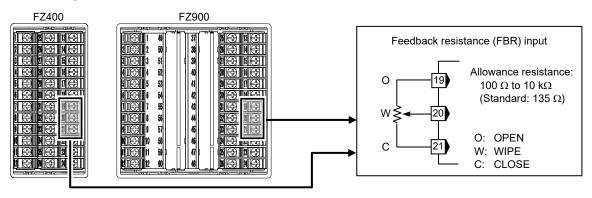


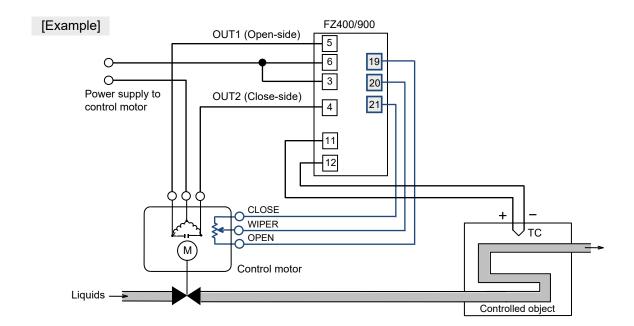


For the Heater break alarm (HBA) function, refer to the separate FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Parts 2: Parameters/Functions].

■ Option 1: W [Feedback resistance (FBR) input]

• Terminals 19 through 21 are used for Feedback resistance (FBR) input. Connect a potentiometer at the relevant terminal.





• Feedback resistance (FBR) input is not isolated from the Measured input 1.

3-32 IMR03A04-E11

3.4.6 Option 2

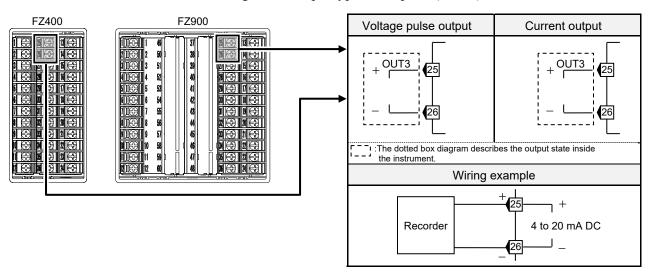
- Terminal Nos. 25 to 36 are for Option 2.
- The Option 2 types are as follows.



Suffix code	Contents of Option 2	See page
N	None	
Α	Output 3 (OUT3)	P. 3-33 to 3-34
В	Digital input [6 points] (DI1 to DI6)	P. 3-35
С	Communication (RS-422A)	P. 3-36 to 3-39
D	Communication (RS-485)	P. 3-40 to 3-43
Е	Output 3 (OUT3)+Digital input [6 points] (DI1 to DI6)	P. 3-44 to 3-45
F	Output 3 (OUT3)+Communication (RS-422A)	P. 3-46 to 3-47
G	Output 3 (OUT3)+Communication (RS-485)	P. 3-48 to 3-49
Н	Output 3 (OUT3)+Digital input [4 points] (DI1 to DI4)+Communication (RS-422A)	P. 3-50 to 3-52
J	Output 3 (OUT3)+Digital input [6 points] (DI1 to DI6)+Communication (RS-485)	P. 3-53 to 3-55

■ Option 2: A [Output 3 (OUT3)]

- Terminal 25 and 26 are used for Output 3 (OUT3).
- Connect a recorder, a load, etc according to the Output type of Output 3 (OUT3).



• Output 3 (OUT3) is a universal output. Even after the delivery of the instrument, the output type (see the table below) can be changed at "Universal output type selection (OUT3)" in the Engineering mode.

For the details of changing the Output 3 (OUT3), refer to the separate FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Parts 2: Parameters/Functions].

OUT3 type	Specifications	
Voltage pulse output	0/14 V DC (Allowable load resistance: 600 Ω or more)	
Current output	4 to 20 mA DC (Allowable load resistance: 500 Ω or less)	[Factory set value]
Current output	0 to 20 mA DC (Allowable load resistance: 500 Ω or less)	

Continued on the next page.

- Output signal (function) can be assigned to Output 3 (OUT3). Output signal (function) assignment is available in the Engineering mode.
 - For the details of Output signal (function) assignment, refer to the separate FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Parts 2: Parameters/Functions].

Output 3 (OUT3) and Output signals (function)

(✓: Assignable)

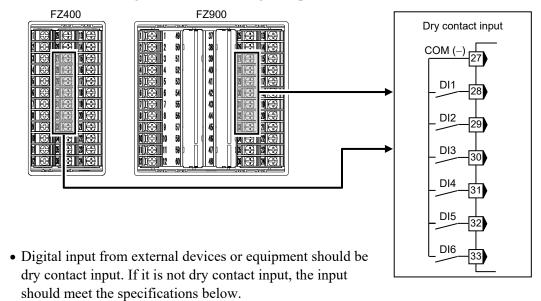
	OL	JT3		OL	JT3
Output signals (function)	Voltage pulse	Current	Output signals (function)	Voltage pulse	Current
Input 1_Control output (Heat-side)	✓	✓	RUN state output	✓	✓
Input 1_Control output (Cool-side)	✓	✓	Output of the communication monitoring result	✓	✓
Input 1_Control output (Position proportioning)	✓		Manual mode state output	✓	✓
Logic calculation output (Event output)	✓	✓	Remote mode state output	✓	✓
Logic calculation output	√	./	AT state output	✓	✓
(Control loop break alarm (LBA) output)	•	•	FAIL output	✓	✓
Logic calculation output	√	./	Output while Set value (SV) is changing	✓	✓
(Heater break alarm (HBA) output)	,		Retransmission output *		✓

^{*} Factory set value of the output signal (function) assigned to OUT3. The retransmission output of OUT3 corresponds to Retransmission output 3.

3-34 IMR03A04-E11

■ Option 2: B [Digital input 1 to 6 (DI1 to DI6)]

• Terminals 27 through 33 are used for Digital inputs 1 to 6 (DI1 to DI6).



Contact specifications:

At OFF (contact open): $50 \text{ k}\Omega$ or more At ON (contact closed): $1 \text{ k}\Omega$ or less Contact current: 3.3 mA DC or less Capture judgment time: Within 200 ms

• The following functions can be assigned to Digital inputs 1 to 6 (DI1 to DI6). Function assignment of Digital inputs 1 to 6 (DI1 to DI6) can be done in the Engineering mode.

- RUN/STOP transfer

Auto/Manual transfer

Remote/Local transfer

- Cascade mode transfer

- PV select transfer

- Interlock release

- Peak/Bottom holds release

- Autotuning (AT) ON/OFF

Set data Unlock/Lock

Direct/Reverse action transfer

- Memory area transfer 2 points (Without area set signal) *

- Memory area transfer 8 points (Without area set signal) *

- Memory area transfer 8 points (With area set signal) *

- 2-loop control/Differential temperature control - Memory area transfer 16 points (Without area set signal) *

- Memory area transfer 16 points (With area set signal) *

- Area jump *

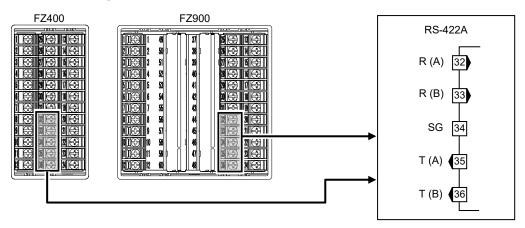
For the details of function assignment of Digital inputs 1 to 6 (DI1 to DI6), refer to the separate FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Parts 2: Parameters/Functions].

3-35 IMR03A04-E11

^{*} Settable only at DI1 function selection in the Engineering mode

■ Option 2: C [Communication (RS-422A)]

• Terminals 32 through 36 are used for Communication (RS-422A).



• The Communication protocol is either specified by Quick start code (Initial setting code) when the order is placed, or set in Engineering mode.

,		ation of the initial e must be "1: Specify code."
п п_г	, n n n n	
(1) (2) (3	3) (4) (5) (6) (7)	
←		
Code	Communication protocol	Wiring example
N	None	
1	RKC communication (ANSI X3.28-1976) *	P. 3-37 to 3-38
2	Modbus	P. 3-37 to 3-38
3	PLC communication:	P. 3-39

MITSUBISHI MELSEC series special protocol (QnA-compatible 3C frame format 4)

For the details of communication (For example, protocol setting in the Engineering mode), refer to the following manuals.

FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Host Communication] FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [PLC Communication]

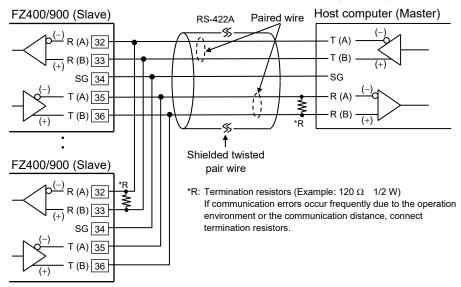
Continued on the next page.

3-36 IMR03A04-E11

^{*} Factory set value when the Initial setting code (12) is "N: None."

Wiring example 1

Connection to the RS-422A port of the host computer (master)

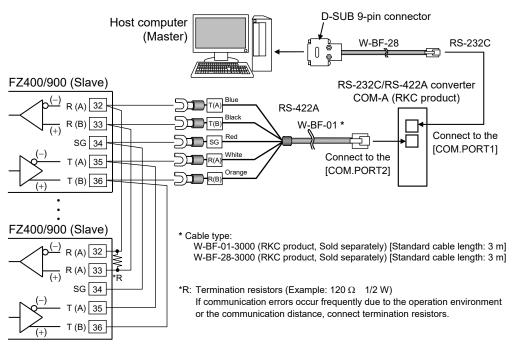


Maximum connections: Up to 31 FZ400/900s

The communication cable and termination resistor(s) must be provided by the customer.

• Wiring example 2

Connection to the RS-232C port of the host computer (master)

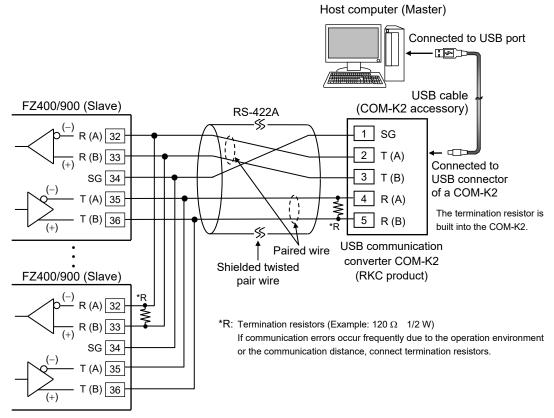


Maximum connections: Up to 31 FZ400/900s

- The communication cable and termination resistor(s) must be provided by the customer.
- W-BF-01 or W-BF-28 communication cable (RKC product) can be used as communication cable (sold separately). If noise is a factor, customer should use a twisted pair cable (not included) or something to that effect.
- Recommended RS-232C/RS-422A converter: **COM-A** (RKC product) For the COM-A, refer to the **COM-A/COM-B Instruction Manual**.

• Wiring example 3

Connection to the USB of the host computer (master)



Maximum connections: Up to 31 FZ400/900s

- The communication cable and termination resistor(s) must be provided by the customer.
- Recommended USB communication converter: **COM-K2** or **COM-KG** (RKC product) For the COM-K2, refer to the **COM-K2 Instruction Manual**. For the COM-KG, refer to the **COM-KG Instruction Manual**.

3-38 IMR03A04-E11

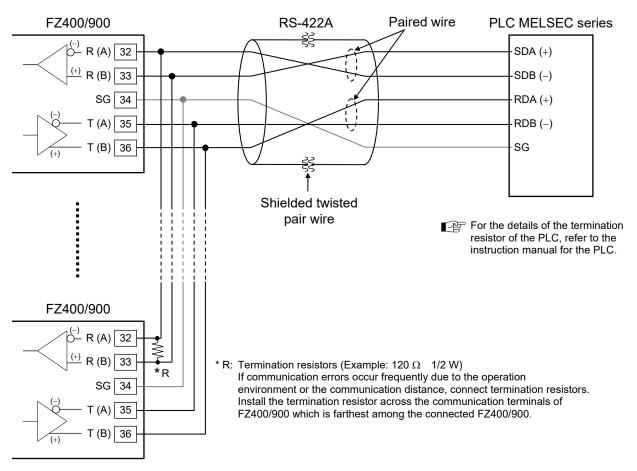
Wiring example 4

When the PLC to be connected is MITSUBISHI MELSEC series

NOTE

Note that the signal polarity symbols (A and B) are opposite to each other between the PLC (MELSEC series) and the FZ series controller. Normally A is connected to A and B to B. However, in this case, A must be connected to B, and B must be connected to A.

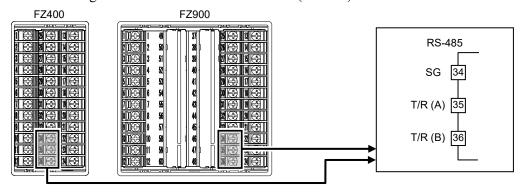
FZ400/900		PLO	C MELSEC series	
Receive data (–)	R (A)		SDA	Send data (+)
Receive data (+)	R (B)		SDB	Send data (-)
Signal ground	SG		RDA	Receive data (+)
Send data (–)	T (A)	X	RDB	Receive data (-)
Send data (+)	T (B)	_/\	SG	Signal ground



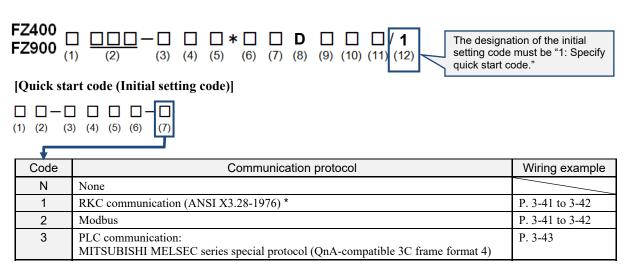
Maximum connections: Up to 31 FZ400/900s

■ Option 2: D [Communication (RS-485)]

• Terminals 34 through 36 are used for Communication (RS-485).



• The Communication protocol is either specified by Quick start code (Initial setting code) when the order is placed, or set in Engineering mode.



^{*} Factory set value when the Initial setting code (12) is "N: None."

For the details of communication (For example, protocol setting in the Engineering mode), refer to the following manuals.

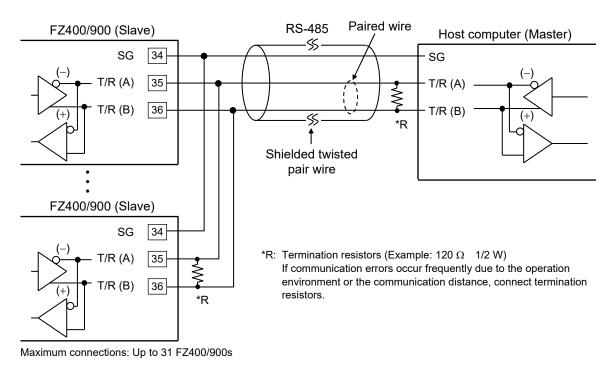
FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Host Communication] FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [PLC Communication]

Continued on the next page.

3-40 IMR03A04-E11

Wiring example 1

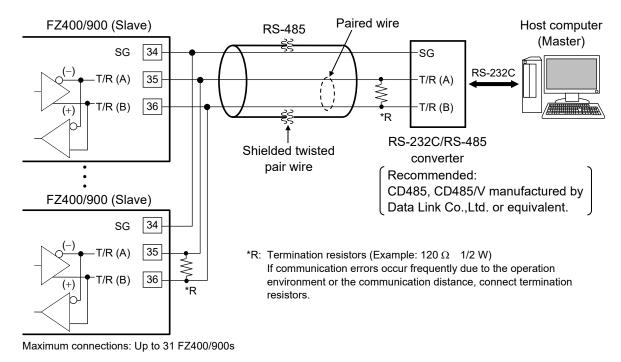
Connection to the RS-485 port of the host computer (master)



The communication cable and termination resistor(s) must be provided by the customer.

Wiring example 2

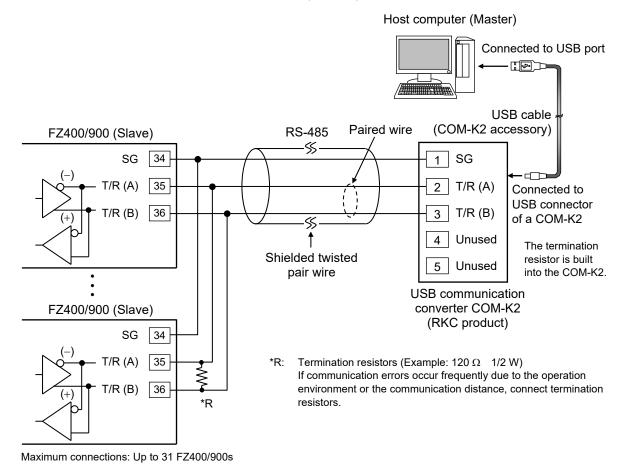
Connection to the RS-232C port of the host computer (master)



The communication cable and termination resistor(s) must be provided by the customer.

• Wiring example 3

Connection to the USB of the host computer (master)



- The communication cable and termination resistor(s) must be provided by the customer.
- Recommended USB communication converter: **COM-K2** or **COM-KG** (RKC product) For the COM-K2, refer to the **COM-K2 Instruction Manual**. For the COM-KG, refer to the **COM-KG Instruction Manual**.

3-42 IMR03A04-E11

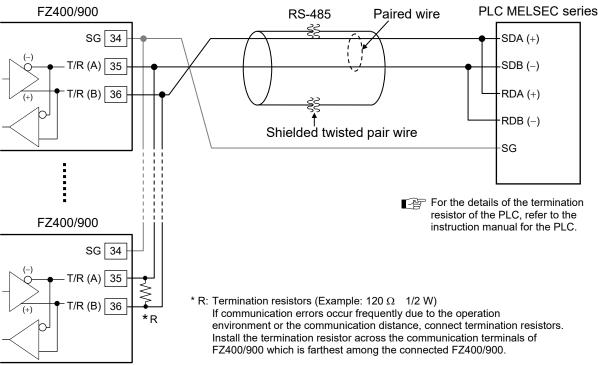
• Wiring example 4

When the PLC to be connected is MITSUBISHI MELSEC series

NOTE

Note that the signal polarity symbols (A and B) are opposite to each other between the PLC (MELSEC series) and the FZ series controller. Normally A is connected to A and B to B. However, in this case, A must be connected to B, and B must be connected to A.

FZ400/900			PL	C MELSEC series
Signal ground	SG		SDA	Send data (+)
Send data/Receive data (-)	T/R (A)	X	SDB	Send data (-)
Send data/Receive data (+)	T/R (B)	├ /	RDA	Receive data (+)
			RDB	Receive data (-)
			SG	Signal ground

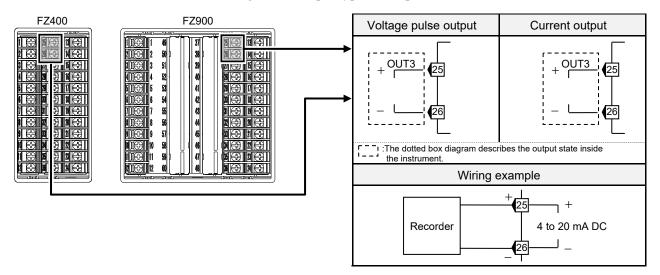


Maximum connections: Up to 31 FZ400/900s

■ Option 2: E [Output 3 (OUT3), Digital input 1 to 6 (DI1 to DI6)]

Output 3 (OUT3):

- Terminal 25 and 26 are used for Output 3 (OUT3).
- Connect a recorder, a load, etc according to the Output type of Output 3 (OUT3).



- Output 3 (OUT3) is a universal output. Even after the delivery of the instrument, the output type (see the table below) can be changed at "Universal output type selection (OUT3)" in the Engineering mode.
 - For the details of changing the Output 3 (OUT3), refer to the separate FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Parts 2: Parameters/Functions].

OUT3 type	Specifications	
Voltage pulse output	0/14 V DC (Allowable load resistance: 600 Ω or more)	
Current output	4 to 20 mA DC (Allowable load resistance: 500 Ω or less)	[Factory set value]
Current output	0 to 20 mA DC (Allowable load resistance: 500Ω or less)	

- Output signal (function) can be assigned to Output 3 (OUT3). Output signal (function) assignment is available in the Engineering mode.
 - For the details of Output signal (function) assignment, refer to the separate FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Parts 2: Parameters/Functions].

Output 3 (OUT3) and Output signals (function)

Surput 3 (0019) and Surput Signals (function)					ignable)
Output signals (function)		JT3		OUT3	
		Current	Output signals (function)		Current
Input 1_Control output (Heat-side)	✓	✓	RUN state output	✓	✓
Input 1_Control output (Cool-side)	✓	✓	Output of the communication monitoring result	✓	✓
Input 1_Control output (Position proportioning)	✓		Manual mode state output	✓	✓
Logic calculation output (Event output)	✓	✓	Remote mode state output	✓	✓
Logic calculation output	1	1	AT state output	✓	✓
(Control loop break alarm (LBA) output)	·		FAIL output	✓	✓
Logic calculation output	√	V	Output while Set value (SV) is changing	✓	✓
(Heater break alarm (HBA) output)		· •	Retransmission output *		✓

^{*} Factory set value of the output signal (function) assigned to OUT3. The retransmission output of OUT3 corresponds to Retransmission output 3.

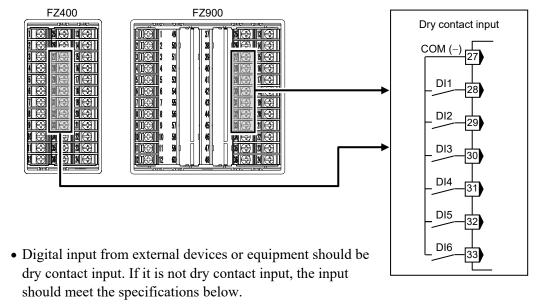
Continued on the next page.

(./: Assignable)

3-44 IMR03A04-E11

Digital input 1 to 6 (DI1 to DI6):

• Terminals 27 through 33 are used for Digital inputs 1 to 6 (DI1 to DI6).



Contact specifications:

At OFF (contact open): $50 \text{ k}\Omega$ or more At ON (contact closed): $1 \text{ k}\Omega$ or less Contact current: 3.3 mA DC or less Capture judgment time: Within 200 ms

• The following functions can be assigned to Digital inputs 1 to 6 (DI1 to DI6). Function assignment of Digital inputs 1 to 6 (DI1 to DI6) can be done in the Engineering mode.

- RUN/STOP transfer

Auto/Manual transfer

Remote/Local transfer

- Cascade mode transfer

- PV select transfer

Interlock release

- Peak/Bottom holds release

Autotuning (AT) ON/OFF

- Set data Unlock/Lock

- Direct/Reverse action transfer

- Memory area transfer 2 points (Without area set signal) *

- Memory area transfer 8 points (Without area set signal) *

- Memory area transfer 8 points (With area set signal) *

-2-loop control/Differential temperature control - Memory area transfer 16 points (Without area set signal) *

- Memory area transfer 16 points (With area set signal) *

- Area jump *

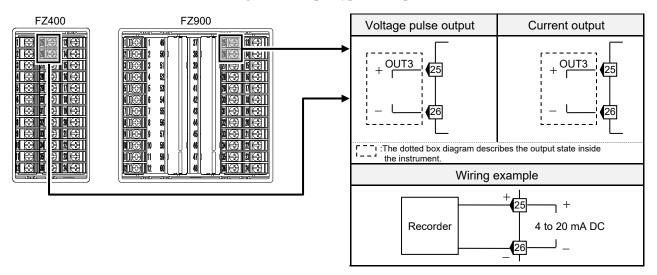
For the details of function assignment of Digital inputs 1 to 6 (DI1 to DI6), refer to the separate FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Parts 2: Parameters/Functions].

^{*} Settable only at DI1 function selection in the Engineering mode

■ Option 2: F [Output 3 (OUT3), Communication (RS-422A)]

Output 3 (OUT3):

- Terminal 25 and 26 are used for Output 3 (OUT3).
- Connect a recorder, a load, etc according to the Output type of Output 3 (OUT3).



- Output 3 (OUT3) is a universal output. Even after the delivery of the instrument, the output type (see the table below) can be changed at "Universal output type selection (OUT3)" in the Engineering mode.
 - For the details of changing the Output 3 (OUT3), refer to the separate FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Parts 2: Parameters/Functions].

OUT3 type	Specifications	
Voltage pulse output	0/14 V DC (Allowable load resistance: 600 Ω or more)	
Current output	4 to 20 mA DC (Allowable load resistance: 500 Ω or less)	[Factory set value]
Current output	0 to 20 mA DC (Allowable load resistance: 500Ω or less)	

- Output signal (function) can be assigned to Output 3 (OUT3). Output signal (function) assignment is available in the Engineering mode.
 - For the details of Output signal (function) assignment, refer to the separate FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Parts 2: Parameters/Functions].

Output 3 (OUT3) and Output signals (function)

Surpar o (00 10) and Surpar signals (lanction)					gnable)
Output signals (function)		JT3		OUT3	
		Current	Output signals (function)	Voltage pulse	Current
Input 1_Control output (Heat-side)	✓	✓	RUN state output	✓	✓
Input 1_Control output (Cool-side)	✓	✓	Output of the communication monitoring result	✓	✓
Input 1_Control output (Position proportioning)	✓		Manual mode state output	✓	✓
Logic calculation output (Event output)	✓	✓	Remote mode state output	✓	✓
Logic calculation output	1	~	AT state output	✓	✓
(Control loop break alarm (LBA) output)	•	•	FAIL output	✓	✓
Logic calculation output	~	~	Output while Set value (SV) is changing	✓	✓
(Heater break alarm (HBA) output)	v	•	Retransmission output *		✓

^{*} Factory set value of the output signal (function) assigned to OUT3. The retransmission output of OUT3 corresponds to Retransmission output 3.

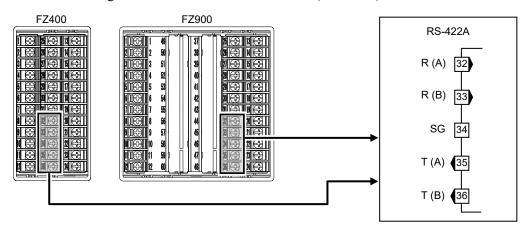
Continued on the next page.

(./: Assignable)

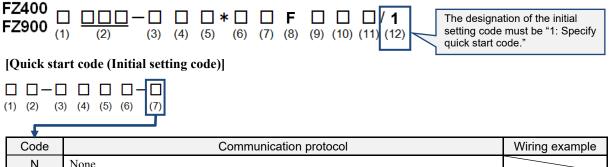
3-46 IMR03A04-E11

Communication (RS-422A):

• Terminals 32 through 36 are used for Communication (RS-422A).



• The Communication protocol is either specified by Quick start code (Initial setting code) when the order is placed, or set in Engineering mode.



Code	Communication protocol	Wiring example
N	None	
1	RKC communication (ANSI X3.28-1976) *	P. 3-37 to 3-38
2	Modbus	P. 3-37 to 3-38
3	PLC communication: MITSUBISHI MELSEC series special protocol (QnA-compatible 3C frame format 4)	P. 3-39

^{*} Factory set value when the Initial setting code (12) is "N: None."

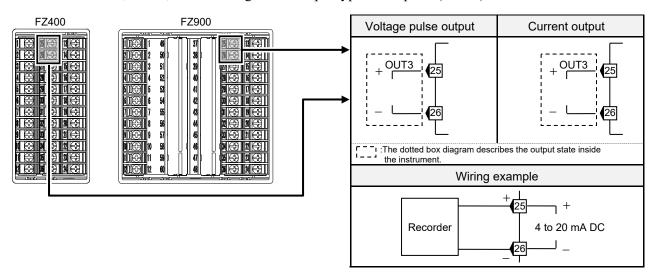
For the details of communication (For example, protocol setting in the Engineering mode), refer to the following manuals.

FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Host Communication] FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [PLC Communication]

■ Option 2: G [Output 3 (OUT3), Communication (RS-485)]

Output 3 (OUT3):

- Terminal 25 and 26 are used for Output 3 (OUT3).
- Connect a recorder, a load, etc according to the Output type of Output 3 (OUT3).



- Output 3 (OUT3) is a universal output. Even after the delivery of the instrument, the output type (see the table below) can be changed at "Universal output type selection (OUT3)" in the Engineering mode.
 - For the details of changing the Output 3 (OUT3), refer to the separate FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Parts 2: Parameters/Functions].

OUT3 type	Specifications	
Voltage pulse output	0/14 V DC (Allowable load resistance: 600 Ω or more)	
Current output	4 to 20 mA DC (Allowable load resistance: 500 Ω or less)	[Factory set value]
Current output	0 to 20 mA DC (Allowable load resistance: 500 Ω or less)	

- Output signal (function) can be assigned to Output 3 (OUT3). Output signal (function) assignment is available in the Engineering mode.
 - For the details of Output signal (function) assignment, refer to the separate FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Parts 2: Parameters/Functions].

Output 3 (OUT3) and Output signals (function)

Surput 3 (0019) and Surput Signals (function)					ignable)
Output signals (function)		JT3		OUT3	
		Current	Output signals (function)		Current
Input 1_Control output (Heat-side)	✓	✓	RUN state output	✓	✓
Input 1_Control output (Cool-side)	✓	✓	Output of the communication monitoring result	✓	✓
Input 1_Control output (Position proportioning)	✓		Manual mode state output	✓	✓
Logic calculation output (Event output)	✓	✓	Remote mode state output	✓	✓
Logic calculation output	1	1	AT state output	✓	✓
(Control loop break alarm (LBA) output)	·		FAIL output	✓	✓
Logic calculation output	√	V	Output while Set value (SV) is changing	✓	✓
(Heater break alarm (HBA) output)		· •	Retransmission output *		✓

^{*} Factory set value of the output signal (function) assigned to OUT3. The retransmission output of OUT3 corresponds to Retransmission output 3.

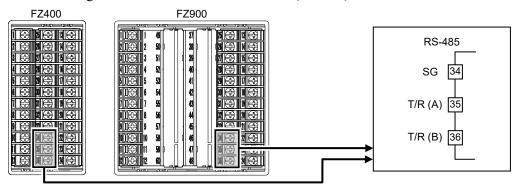
Continued on the next page.

(./: Assignable)

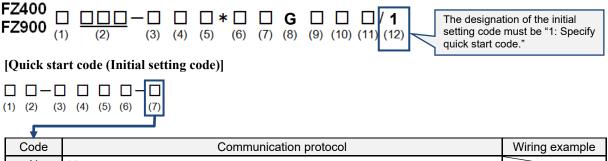
3-48 IMR03A04-E11

Communication (RS-485):

• Terminals 34 through 36 are used for Communication (RS-485).



• The Communication protocol is either specified by Quick start code (Initial setting code) when the order is placed, or set in Engineering mode.



Code	Communication protocol	Wiring example
N	None	
1	RKC communication (ANSI X3.28-1976) *	P. 3-41 to 3-42
2	Modbus	P. 3-41 to 3-42
3	PLC communication: MITSUBISHI MELSEC series special protocol (QnA-compatible 3C frame format 4)	P. 3-43

^{*} Factory set value when the Initial setting code (12) is "N: None."

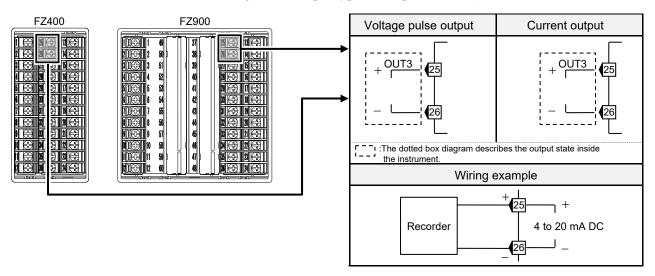
For the details of communication (For example, protocol setting in the Engineering mode), refer to the following manuals.

FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Host Communication] FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [PLC Communication]

■ Option 2: H [Output 3 (OUT3), Digital input 1 to 4 (DI1 to DI4), Communication (RS-422A)]

Output 3 (OUT3):

- Terminal 25 and 26 are used for Output 3 (OUT3).
- Connect a recorder, a load, etc according to the Output type of Output 3 (OUT3).



- Output 3 (OUT3) is a universal output. Even after the delivery of the instrument, the output type (see the table below) can be changed at "Universal output type selection (OUT3)" in the Engineering mode.
 - For the details of changing the Output 3 (OUT3), refer to the separate FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Parts 2: Parameters/Functions].

OUT3 type	Specifications	
Voltage pulse output	0/14 V DC (Allowable load resistance: 600 Ω or more)	
Current output	4 to 20 mA DC (Allowable load resistance: 500 Ω or less)	[Factory set value]
Current output	0 to 20 mA DC (Allowable load resistance: 500 Ω or less)	

- Output signal (function) can be assigned to Output 3 (OUT3). Output signal (function) assignment is available in the Engineering mode.
 - For the details of Output signal (function) assignment, refer to the separate FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Parts 2: Parameters/Functions].

Output 3 (OUT3) and Output signals (function)

(√: Assignable)

	OUT3			OUT3	
Output signals (function)	Voltage pulse	Current	Output signals (function)	Voltage pulse	Current
Input 1_Control output (Heat-side)	✓	✓	RUN state output	✓	✓
Input 1_Control output (Cool-side)	✓	✓	Output of the communication monitoring result	✓	✓
Input 1_Control output (Position proportioning)	✓		Manual mode state output	✓	✓
Logic calculation output (Event output)	✓	✓	Remote mode state output	✓	✓
Logic calculation output	√	√	AT state output	✓	✓
(Control loop break alarm (LBA) output)	•	•	FAIL output	✓	✓
Logic calculation output	1	1	Output while Set value (SV) is changing	✓	✓
(Heater break alarm (HBA) output)	•	•	Retransmission output *		✓

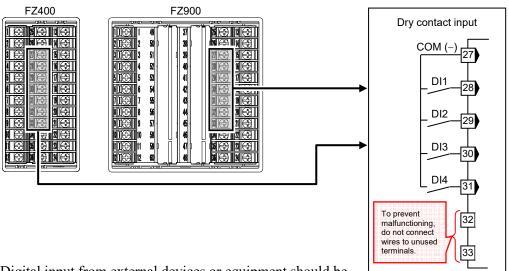
^{*} Factory set value of the output signal (function) assigned to OUT3. The retransmission output of OUT3 corresponds to Retransmission output 3.

Continued on the next page.

3-50 IMR03A04-E11

Digital input 1 to 4 (DI1 to DI4):

• Terminals 27 through 31 are used for Digital inputs 1 to 4 (DI1 to DI4).



• Digital input from external devices or equipment should be dry contact input. If it is not dry contact input, the input should meet the specifications below.

Contact specifications:

At OFF (contact open): $50 \text{ k}\Omega$ or more At ON (contact closed): $1 \text{ k}\Omega$ or less Contact current: 3.3 mA DC or less Capture judgment time: Within 200 ms

• The following functions can be assigned to Digital inputs 1 to 4 (DI1 to DI4). Function assignment of Digital inputs 1 to 4 (DI1 to DI4) can be done in the Engineering mode.

- RUN/STOP transfer

Auto/Manual transfer

- Remote/Local transfer

Cascade mode transfer

- PV select transfer

- 2-loop control/Differential temperature control - Memory area transfer 8 points (With area set signal) *

- Interlock release

- Peak/Bottom holds release

- Autotuning (AT) ON/OFF

Set data Unlock/Lock

- Direct/Reverse action transfer

- Memory area transfer 2 points (Without area set signal) *

- Memory area transfer 8 points (Without area set signal) *

Tremery area transfer o points (Without area set signar)

- Memory area transfer 16 points (Without area set signal) *

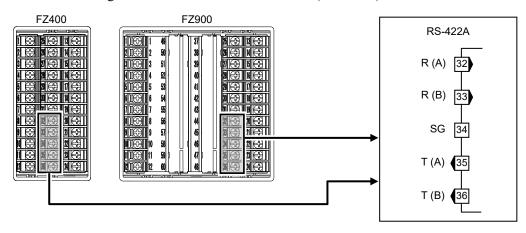
Area jump *

* Settable only at DI1 function selection in the Engineering mode

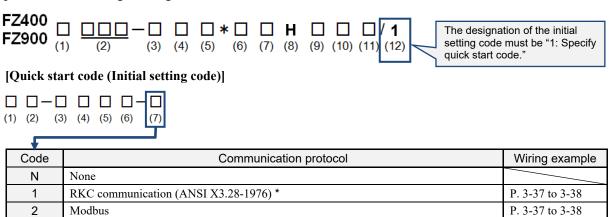
For the details of function assignment of Digital inputs 1 to 4 (DI1 to DI4), refer to the separate FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Parts 2: Parameters/Functions].

Communication (RS-422A):

• Terminals 32 through 36 are used for Communication (RS-422A).



• The Communication protocol is either specified by Quick start code (Initial setting code) when the order is placed, or set in Engineering mode.



^{*} Factory set value when the Initial setting code (12) is "N: None."

PLC communication:

3

For the details of communication (For example, protocol setting in the Engineering mode), refer to the following manuals.

MITSUBISHI MELSEC series special protocol (QnA-compatible 3C frame format 4)

P. 3-39

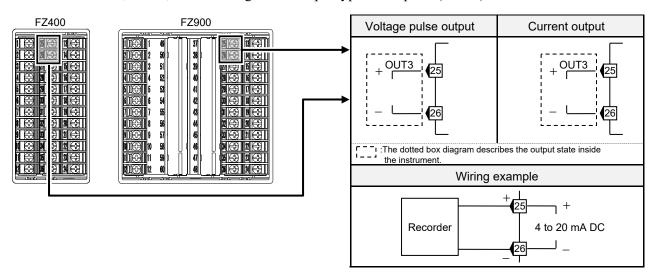
FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Host Communication] FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [PLC Communication]

3-52 IMR03A04-E11

■ Option 2: J [Output 3 (OUT3), Digital input 1 to 6 (DI1 to DI6), Communication (RS-485)]

Output 3 (OUT3):

- Terminal 25 and 26 are used for Output 3 (OUT3).
- Connect a recorder, a load, etc according to the Output type of Output 3 (OUT3).



- Output 3 (OUT3) is a universal output. Even after the delivery of the instrument, the output type (see the table below) can be changed at "Universal output type selection (OUT3)" in the Engineering mode.
 - For the details of changing the Output 3 (OUT3), refer to the separate FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Parts 2: Parameters/Functions].

OUT3 type	Specifications	
Voltage pulse output	0/14 V DC (Allowable load resistance: 600 Ω or more)	
Current output	4 to 20 mA DC (Allowable load resistance: 500 Ω or less)	[Factory set value]
Current output	0 to 20 mA DC (Allowable load resistance: 500 Ω or less)	

- Output signal (function) can be assigned to Output 3 (OUT3). Output signal (function) assignment is available in the Engineering mode.
 - For the details of Output signal (function) assignment, refer to the separate FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Parts 2: Parameters/Functions].

Output 3 (OUT3) and Output signals (function)

(√: Assignable)

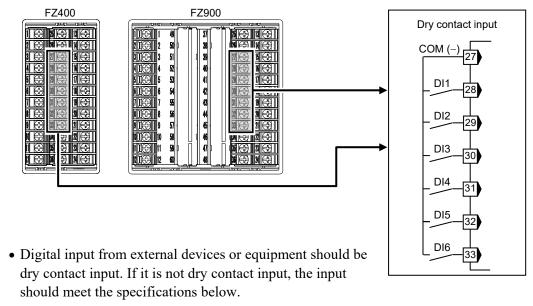
	OUT3			OUT3	
Output signals (function)		Current	Output signals (function)		Current
Input 1_Control output (Heat-side)		✓	RUN state output	✓	✓
Input 1_Control output (Cool-side)	✓ ✓		Output of the communication monitoring result	✓	✓
Input 1_Control output (Position proportioning)			Manual mode state output	✓	✓
Logic calculation output (Event output)		✓	Remote mode state output	✓	✓
Logic calculation output	./	./	AT state output	✓	✓
(Control loop break alarm (LBA) output)		•	FAIL output	✓	✓
Logic calculation output	1	1	Output while Set value (SV) is changing	✓	✓
(Heater break alarm (HBA) output)	•	ľ	Retransmission output *		✓

^{*} Factory set value of the output signal (function) assigned to OUT3. The retransmission output of OUT3 corresponds to Retransmission output 3.

Continued on the next page.

Digital input 1 to 6 (DI1 to DI6):

• Terminals 27 through 33 are used for Digital inputs 1 to 6 (DI1 to DI6).



Contact specifications:

At OFF (contact open): $50 \text{ k}\Omega$ or more At ON (contact closed): $1 \text{ k}\Omega$ or less Contact current: 3.3 mA DC or less Capture judgment time: Within 200 ms

• The following functions can be assigned to Digital inputs 1 to 6 (DI1 to DI6). Function assignment of Digital inputs 1 to 6 (DI1 to DI6) can be done in the Engineering mode.

- RUN/STOP transfer

Auto/Manual transfer

Remote/Local transfer

- Cascade mode transfer

- PV select transfer

Interlock release

- Peak/Bottom holds release

Autotuning (AT) ON/OFF

- Set data Unlock/Lock

- Direct/Reverse action transfer

- Memory area transfer 2 points (Without area set signal) *

- Memory area transfer 8 points (Without area set signal) *

- Memory area transfer 8 points (With area set signal) *

-2-loop control/Differential temperature control - Memory area transfer 16 points (Without area set signal) *

- Memory area transfer 16 points (With area set signal) *

- Area jump *

For the details of function assignment of Digital inputs 1 to 6 (DI1 to DI6), refer to the separate FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Parts 2: Parameters/Functions].

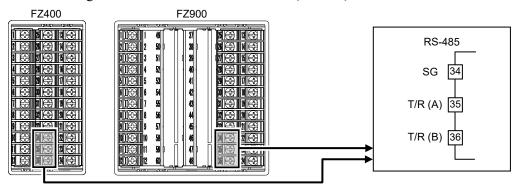
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3-54 IMR03A04-E11

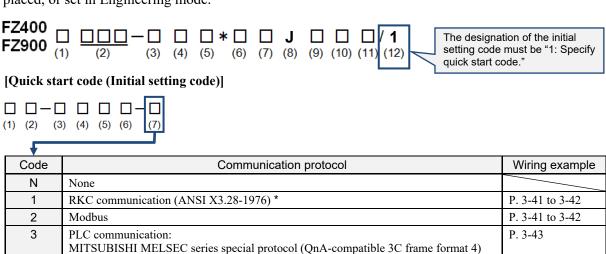
^{*} Settable only at DI1 function selection in the Engineering mode

Communication (RS-485):

• Terminals 34 through 36 are used for Communication (RS-485).



• The Communication protocol is either specified by Quick start code (Initial setting code) when the order is placed, or set in Engineering mode.



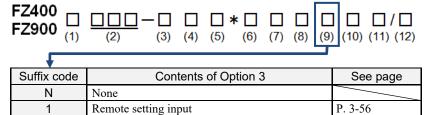
^{*} Factory set value when the Initial setting code (12) is "N: None."

For the details of communication (For example, protocol setting in the Engineering mode), refer to the following manuals.

FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Host Communication] FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [PLC Communication]

3.4.7 Option 3

- Terminal Nos. 22 to 24 are for Option 3.
- The Option 3 types are as follows.

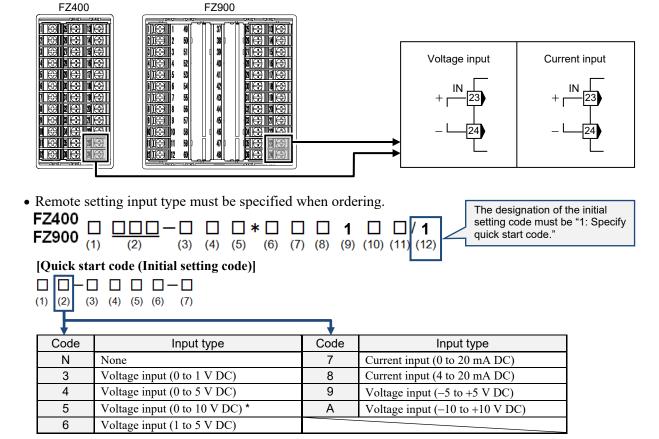


2 Measured input 2 P. 3-57 to 3-58

• Terminal 23 and 24 are used for Remote setting input.

■ Option 3: 1 [Remote setting input]

• Connect an appropriate input to terminals 23 and 24 according to the specification of the Remote setting input.



^{*} Factory set value when the Initial setting code (12) is "N: None."

To select voltage input (0 to 100 mV DC or 0 to 10 mV DC) for Remote setting input, go to "Input 2_Input type" in the Engineering mode. To actually enable this change, the suffix code must be designated as "1: Remote setting input" and the Initial setting code must be designated other than as "N: None."

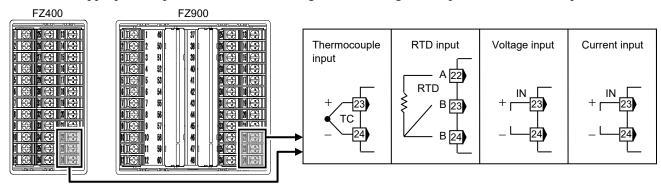
For the Input 2_Input type, refer to the separate FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Parts 2: Parameters/Functions].

• Remote setting input is isolated from the Measured input 1.

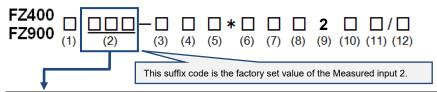
3-56 IMR03A04-E11

■ Option 3: 2 [Measured input 2]

- Terminals 22 through 24 are used for Measured input 2.
- Connect an appropriate input to terminals 22 through 24 according to the specification of the input.



• The input range code specified at the time of order will be the factory set value of the Measured input 2 (same as the factory set value of Measured input 1).



Suffix code	Input group	Input type
See Range Code Table (P. 1-10)	Thermocouple (TC) input	K, J, T, S, R, E, B, N (JIS C1602-1995), PLII (NBS), W5Re/W26Re (ASTM-E988-96 [Reapproved 2002]), U, L (DIN43710-1985), PR40-20 (ASTM-E1751-00)
,	RTD input	Pt100 (JIS C1604-1997), JPt100 (JIS C1604-1997, Pt100 of JIS C1604-1981)
	Low voltage input	0 to 10 mV DC, 0 to 100 mV DC
	High voltage input	0 to 1 V DC, 0 to 5 V DC, 1 to 5 V DC, 0 to 10 V DC, -5 to +5 V DC, -10 to +10 V DC
	Current input	0 to 20 mA DC, 4 to 20 mA DC

NOTE

When the input type is changed from current or high voltage input to TC, RTD or low voltage input, remove the wirings of the measured input before attempting the input change. Changing the input type with the signal applied to the instrument may lead to a failure of the instrument.

- For details on changing the Input type, refer to the separate FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Parts 2: Parameters/Functions].
- When "Measured input 2" is specified at Option 3 type, thermocouple input or RTD input can be specified as Remote setting input. To use thermocouple input or RTD input as Remote setting input, set the Remote setting input at "Select function for input 2" in the Engineering mode.
 - For the Select function for input 2, refer to the separate FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Parts 2: Parameters/Functions].
- When "Remote setting input" is specified at Option 3 type, thermocouple input and RTD input cannot be selected as Remote setting input.

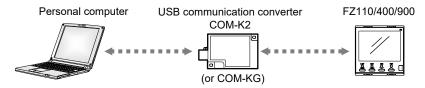
Continued on the next page.

- For thermocouple input, use the appropriate compensation wire.
- For RTD input, use low resistance lead wire with no difference in resistance between the three lead wires.
- Signal connected to Voltage input and Current input shall be low voltage defined as "SELV" circuit per IEC 60950-1.
- To avoid noise induction, keep input signal wire away from instrument power line, load lines and power lines of other electric equipment.
- Measured input 2 is isolated from the Measured input 1.

3-58 IMR03A04-E11

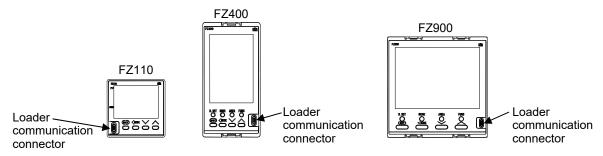
3.5 Connections for Loader Communication

The data of the instrument (FZ110/400/900) can be set via the loader communication using our "Communication tool PROTEM2." To connect the instrument to the personal computer, the USB communication converter COM-K2 or COM-KG (RKC product, sold separately), the loader communication cable and the USB cable are required.



Position of loader communication connector

The loader communication connector can be found on the front of the instrument. In the following picture the connector cover is open.

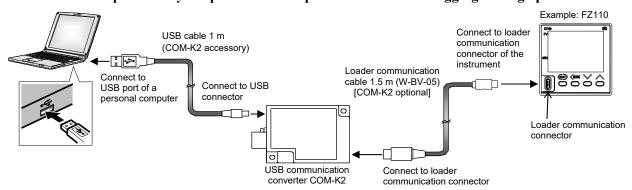


■ Wiring method

Connect the FZ110/400/900, COM-K2 (or COM-KG), and personal computer using a USB cable and a loader communication cable. Make sure the connectors are oriented correctly when connecting.

NOTE

The Loader port is only for parameter setup. Not used for data logging during operation.



Connection example of loader communication

- Communication Tool PROTEM2 Software operation environment: Consult the manual that you downloaded
- Communication settings on the computer (The following values are all fixed)
 Communication speed: 38400 bps

Start bit: 1
Data bit: 8
Parity bit: None
Stop bit: 1

 Communication port of host computer USB port: Based on USB Ver. 2.0



- The device address of the loader communication is fixed at "0." The setting of the device address is disregarded.
- The loader communication corresponds to the RKC communication protocol "Based on ANSI X3.28-1976 subcategories 2.5 and A4."
- Loader communication can be used on a FZ110/400/900 even when the Communication function (optional) is not installed.

For the COM-K2, refer to the **COM-K2 Instruction Manual**. For the COM-KG, refer to the **COM-KG Instruction Manual**.

When using the loader communication, USB driver for COM-K2 must be installed on the personal computer. The USB driver can be downloaded the official RKC website. Installation of the USB driver is not necessary when the COM-KG is used on Windows 10.
When the instrument is powered off, power can be supplied to the instrument from COM-K2 of COM-KG. This function is exclusive for parameter setting, and the instrument functions as follows. • Control is stopped (Output is off, relay remains open). • Host communication is stopped. • The PV/SV monitor shows "LaRd" for the Measured value (PV) display and "" for the Set value (SV) display. The LCD backlight is partially turned off.
While the instrument is powered by COM-K2 or COM-KG, if power is applied to the instrument the instrument will be reset and starts for normal operation.
When the instrument is normally powered, the host communication can be used simultaneously.

3-60 IMR03A04-E11

3.6 Handling of the Terminal Cover [Optional]

When mounting and removing the terminal cover, take the following steps:



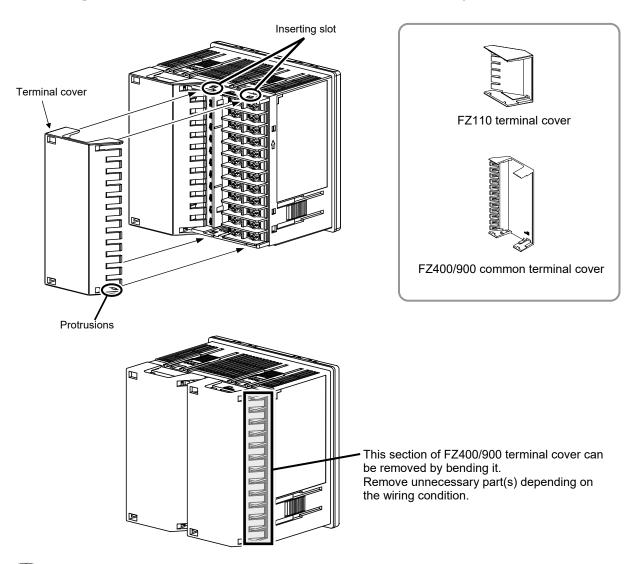
To prevent electric shock or instrument failure, always turn off the power before mounting or removing the terminal cover.

NOTE

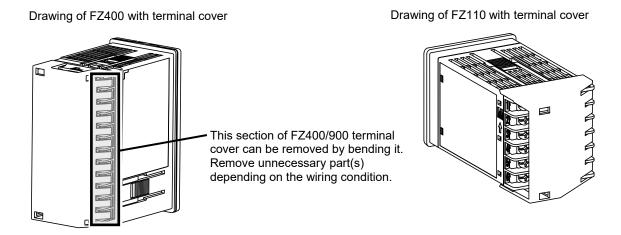
When mounting and removing the terminal cover, apply pressure very carefully to avoid damage to the terminal cover.

■ Mounting procedures

- 1. Check the mounting direction of the terminal cover.
- 2. Push the protrusions of terminal cover into the insertion slots for mounting the terminal cover.

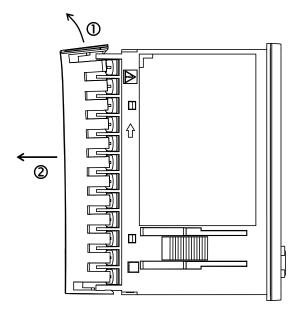


FZ900 is used in the explanatory drawing. The above mounting procedures in the example shown are the same for FZ110 and FZ400.



■ Removal procedures

Release the protrusions of terminal cover from the insertion slots (\mathbb{O}) shown in the following figure, and then pull the terminal cover (\mathbb{O}) to remove it from the case.



3-62 IMR03A04-E11

PARTS DESCRIPTION AND BASIC OPERATION

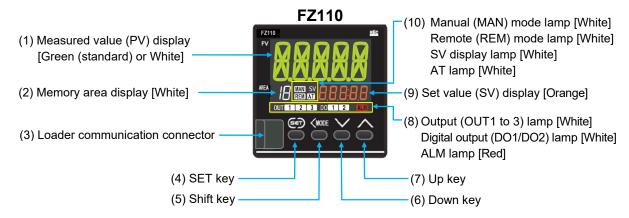
This chapter describes name of parts, switching modes, setting and modifying values and other basic operations.

4.1 Parts Description	4-2
4.2 Mode Switching	4-5
4.3 Changing Set Value	4-6
4.4 Operation of the Direct Key (FUNC key) [FZ400/900]	4-7
4.5 Protecting Setting Data	4-8

4.1 Parts Description

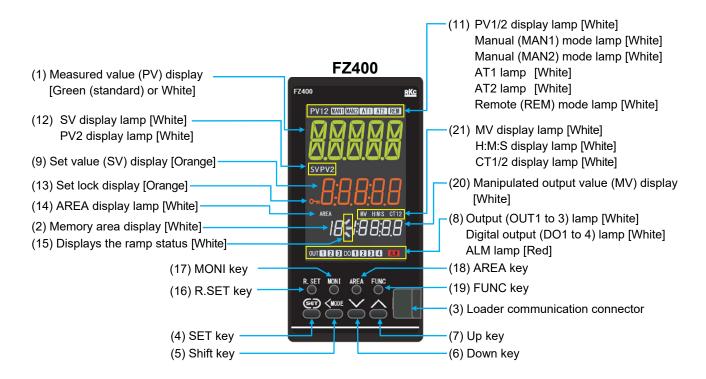
This section describes various display units and the key functions.

■ Front panel view



NOTE

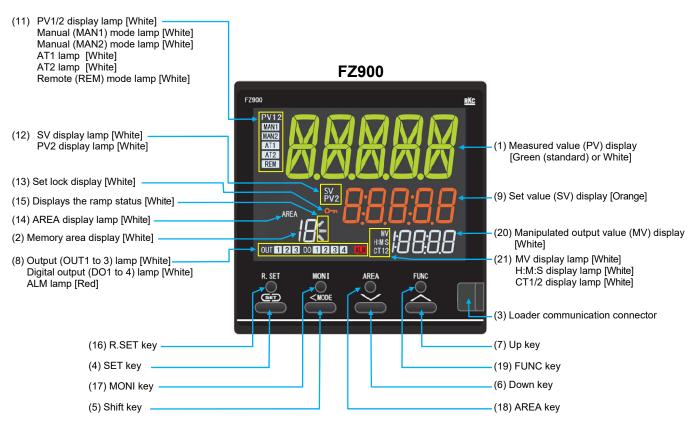
To avoid damage to the instrument, never use a sharp object to press keys.



NOTE

To avoid damage to the instrument, never use a sharp object to press keys.

4-2 IMR03A04-E11



NOTE

To avoid damage to the instrument, never use a sharp object to press keys.

(1)	Measured value (PV) display [Green (standard) or White]		Displays Measured value (PV) or various parameter symbols.
(2)	Memory	area display [White]	Displays the memory area No. (1 to 16).
(3)	3) Loader communication connector		Setting and monitoring on a computer (PC) is possible if the controller is connected with our cable to a PC via our USB communication converter COM-K2 or COM-KG (sold separately) ^a . Our communication software ^b must be installed on the PC. ^a For the COM-K2 or COM-KG, refer to the official RKC website. ^b Only available as a download from the official RKC website.
(4)	E	SET key	Used for calling up parameters and set value registration.
(5)	≺ MODE	Shift key	Shifts digits when settings are changed. Used to switch the modes.
(6)	\	Down key	Decreases numerals.
(7)	^	Up key	Increases numerals.
(8)	OUT1 to	3 lamp [White]	Lights when Outputs 1 to 3 (OUT1 to 3)* are turned on.
	DO1 to 4 lamp [White] ALM lamp [Red]		Lights when Digital outputs 1 to 4 (DO1 to 4)* are turned on. (FZ110: DO1 and DO2)
			Lights when any of the following occurs. • Event 1 to 4 • Heater break alarm (HBA) 1 or 2 • Control loop break alarm (LBA) 1 or 2 • Input error of input 1 or 2
(9)	Set value (SV) display [Orange]		Displays Set value (SV) or various parameter set values.

^{*} Outputs, such as control output, retransmission output, event output, are assigned to Outputs 1 to 3 (OUT1 to 3) and Digital outputs 1 to 4 (DO1 to 4). (Control output can be assigned to OUT1 to 3 only.)

Continued on the next page.

Outputs are assigned in Engineering mode. For detailed, refer to the separate FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Parts 2: Parameters/Functions].

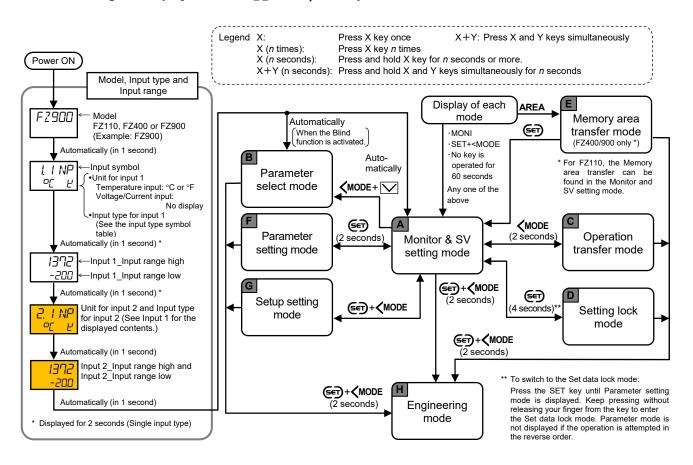
(10)	Manual (MAN) mode lamp	[White]	Lights in Manual (MAN) mode. When lit, the SV display unit shows a manipulated
				output value.
	Remote	(REM) mode lamp	[White]	Lights in Remote (REM) mode. When lit, the SV display unit shows a remote setting input value.
	SV displa	ay lamp	[White]	Lights when the SV display unit shows a Set value (SV).
	AT lamp		[White]	• Flashes when Autotuning (AT) is activated.
				(After AT is completed: AT lamp will go out) • Lights during Startup tuning (ST) execution.
				(After ST is completed: AT lamp will go out)
The b	elow item	s are for FZ400/90	only.	
(11)	PV1/2 di	splay lamp	[White]	PV1 Lights when the Input 1_Measured value (PV) is displayed on the PV display unit. PV2 Lights when the Input 2_Measured value (PV) is displayed on the PV display unit.
	Manual ((MAN1) mode lamp	[White]	Lights when Input 1 is in Manual (MAN) mode. When lit, the SV display unit shows an Input 1_Manual manipulated output value.
	Manual ((MAN2) mode lamp	[White]	Lights when Input 2 is in Manual (MAN) mode. When lit, the SV display unit shows an Input 2_Manual manipulated output value.
	AT1 lam	p	[White]	• Flashes when Autotuning (AT) is activated on Input 1.
				(After AT is completed: AT lamp will go out) • Lights when Startup tuning (ST) is activated on Input 1.
				(After ST is completed: AT lamp will go out)
	AT2 lam	p	[White]	Flashes when Autotuning (AT) is activated on Input 2.
				(After AT is completed: AT lamp will go out)
				Lights when Startup tuning (ST) is activated on Input 2. (After ST is completed: AT lamp will go out)
	Remote (REM) mode lamp [White]			Lights in Remote (REM) mode.
, , , , ,			When lit, the SV display unit shows a remote setting input value.	
(12)	SV display lamp [White]		[White]	Lights when the SV display unit shows a Set value (SV).
	PV2 disp	olay lamp	[White]	PV2 Lights when the Input 2_Measured value (PV) is displayed on the SV display unit.
(13)	Set lock [FZ400:): White]	Lights when the settings are locked or when "Parameter select direct registration" is on.
(14)	AREA di	splay lamp	[White]	Lights when Memory area is displayed.
(15)	Displays the ramp status [White]			SV ramp status is displayed; (rise, soak, fall)
				Rise: Soak: Fall: C
(16)	R.SET	R.SET key		The parameters can be scrolled backwards.
(17)	MONI	MONI key		Used to switch screens. When the MONI key is pressed while any screen other than
(17)		WON Rey		Monitor & SV setting mode is displayed, the screen returns the PV/SV Monitor.
(18)	AREA	AREA key		When the AREA key is pressed, the screen is switched to the Memory area transfer screen.
(19)	FUNC	FUNC key		The selected function can be assigned* to this key for a direct access to it.
(20)	Manipulated output value (MV) display [White]			Displays one of the following 3 *: Manipulated output value (MV), Memory area soak time, or Current transformer (CT) input value.
(21)	MV displ	ay lamp	[White]	Lights when Manipulated output value (MV) is displayed on the MV display.
	H:M:S display lamp [White]		[White]	Lights when time (hour:minute:second) is displayed on the MV display.
	CT1/2 display lamp [White]		[White]	 CT1 lights when the Current transformer 1 (CT1) input value is displayed on the MV display. CT2 lights when the Current transformer 2 (CT2) input value is displayed on the MV

^{*} Functions are configured in the Engineering mode. For detailed, refer to the separate FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Parts 2: Parameters/Functions].

4-4 IMR03A04-E11

4.2 Mode Switching

The instrument has eight different modes (seven modes for FZ110) for operation and setting. Modes can be switched through the key operation of (MODE keys.



Α	Monitor & SV setting mode	In this mode, setting of SV (control target value) and monitoring of PV, SV, and MV can be conducted. Conduct operation in this mode.
В	Parameter select mode	Only desired screens can be grouped for display. When the Blind function is valid, unnecessary modes can be hidden.
С	Operation transfer mode	In this mode, switching between RUN/STOP, Auto/Manual, and Remote/Local can be done as well as conducting AT and ST.
D	Setting lock mode	Set data lock can be set to prevent accidental key operations. Parameter select mode can be set up to group desired screens for display.
Е	Memory area transfer mode	The memory area to be used for control (control area) can be switched in this mode.
F	Parameter setting mode	Parameters related to the control can be set. Parameters in this mode can be used in the memory area function, and up to 16 areas can be set.
G	Setup setting mode	Control related parameters not available in Memory area can be set up here.
Н	Engineering mode	The instrument can be configured to the user's requirements (input, output, control mode, etc).

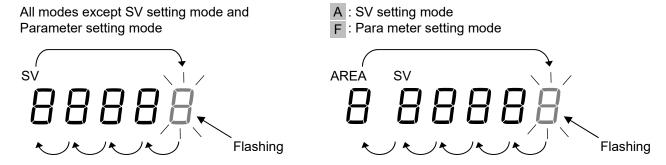
bol
١

Symbol	F	٦	Γ	5	٦	Ε	Ь	П	Р		
		Thermocouple (TC) input									
Input type	K	J	Т	S	R	Е	В	N	PLII		
Symbol	ū	Ц	L	Pr	Pſ	JР	R	1			
	The	ermocoup	le (TC) inp	out	RTD	input			7 \		
Input type	W5Re/ W26Re	U	L	PR40- 20	Pt100	JPt100	Voltage	Current			

For the details of the parameters from A Monitor & SV setting mode to the parameters in the H Engineering mode, refer to the separate FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Parts 2: Parameters/Functions].

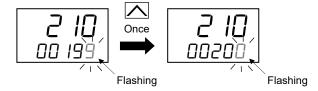
4.3 Changing Set Value

• The flashing digit indicates which digit can be set. Press MODE key to go to a different digit. Every time the shift key is pressed, the flashing digit moves as follows.

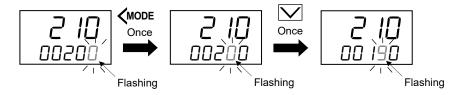


• The following is also available when changing the set value.

Increase SV from 199 °C to 200 °C:



Decrease SV from 200 °C to 190 °C:



Decrease SV from 200 °C to -100 °C:



- To store a new value for the parameter, always press the (ET) key. The display changes to the next parameter and the new value will be stored.
 - The modified data will not be stored only by operating the \bigwedge and \bigvee keys. In the Operation transfer mode, however, the selected mode will be valid only by the operations of these keys.
 - In case of the Set value (SV), the instrument can be configured in the H Engineering mode so that the modified set value will be adopted 2 seconds after the change without pressing the key.
- In case no operation is performed within 60 seconds after the change of the setting, the mode will return to A Monitor & SV setting mode. The modified data will not be registered in this case.

4-6 IMR03A04-E11

4.4 Operation of the Direct Key (FUNC key) [FZ400/900]

FZ400/900 has a FUNC key which allows a specified function to be assigned to it. The action of the FUNC key can be also set (Press once or Press and hold). Function assignment to the FUNC key and the key operation method can be configured at "FUNC key assignment" and "FUNC key operation selection" in the Engineering mode.

For the details of Function assignment to the FUNC key and the key operation method, refer to the separate FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Parts 2: Parameters/Functions].



■ Functions assignable to the FUNC key

Function	*
RUN/STOP transfer (Factory set value)	A
Autotuning (AT) (Common to Input 1 and 2)	В
Input 1_Autotuning (AT)	В
Input 2_Autotuning (AT)	В
Auto/Manual transfer (Common to Input 1 and 2)	A
Input 1_Auto/Manual transfer	A
Input 2_Auto/Manual transfer	A
Remote/Local transfer (Cascade mode transfer, PV select transfer, 2-loop control/Differential temperature control)	A
Control area Local/External transfer	A
Interlock release	С
Hold reset (Common to Input 1 and 2)	С
Input 1_Hold reset	С
Input 2_Hold reset	С
Set data unlock/lock transfer	A
Area jump	D

^{*} Explanation of key action

- A: Mode is changed for every press of the key.
- B: Function is turned on and off for every press of the key.
- C: Function is released or reset by pressing the key.
- D: Pressing the key switches the memory area to the preset area set in the Link area number in the Parameter setting mode.

 When the Link area number is not specified, a memory area with the number of the current control area number +1 will be used.

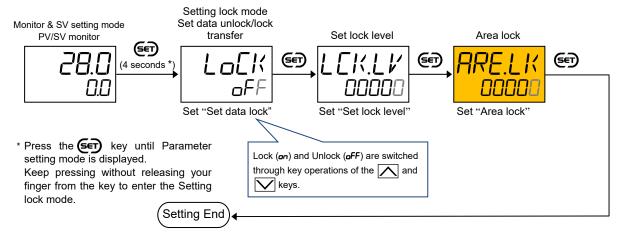
The function assigned to the FUNC key is accessible even when the Set data lock is used.

4.5 Protecting Setting Data

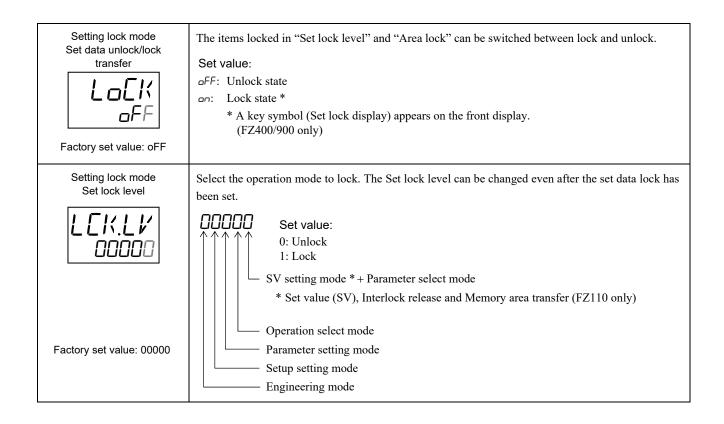
The Set data lock function limits access of unauthorized personnel to the parameters and prevents parameter change by mistake. The Set data lock function enables the restriction of setting changes for each mode (Setting lock level). The Area lock restricts switching the Memory areas. Both functions can be configured in the Setting lock mode.

For details on the Set data lock function, refer to the separate FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Parts 2: Parameters/Functions].

■ Setting procedure



- Next parameter is displayed.
- Press (MODE keys simultaneously to return to the Measured value (PV)/Set value (SV) Monitor. (For FZ400/900, the MONI key may be pressed to return to the Measured value (PV)/Set value (SV) Monitor)



4-8 IMR03A04-E11

Setting lock mode
Area lock

PRELLY

DDDDD

(FZ400/900 only)

Factory set value: 00000

For FZ400/900, select to enable/disable the Memory area switching. For FZ110, locking Memory area switching is available by the Set lock level.

Set value:

0: Memory area is adjustable when the setting data is locked.

1: Memory area is not adjustable when the setting data is locked. (Memory area transfer mode is not displayed)

Switching the Set data lock is available anytime irrespective or RUN or STOP state.

Parameter switching is available during the Set data lock state for checking the data. When the SV setting mode is locked, the Set value (SV) setting screen in the SV setting mode will not be displayed.

Even during the Set data lock state, setting through the communication (optional function) and selection of functions by the FUNC key is possible. It should be noted that when the parameters in the Engineering mode are changed, the instrument must be stopped (or stay in the STOP mode).

MEMO

4-10 IMR03A04-E11

OPERATION

This chapter describes caution for first time use, parameter setting required before operation, and others.

5.1 Operating Precautions	5-2
5.2 Setup Procedures	5-3
5.3 Initial Setup Before Operation	5-4
5.3.1 Initial setting of setup example 1 (Setting parameters related to the event)5.3.2 Initial setting of setup example 2 (Setting parameters related to the input, control, output and event)	
5.4 Setting the Control Set Value [Set value (SV)]5-	-10
5.5 Setting the Event Set Value 5-	-11
5.6 Tuning the PID Parameters (Execution of AT)5-	-13

5.1 Operating Precautions

Before starting the operation, check the following items.

■ Power ON

As soon as the instrument is powered up, operation is started after the display of the input type and the input range. [Factory set value: RUN]

Action at input error

The measures for input errors can be selected from Input burnout direction, Input error determination point, Manipulated output value at input error, PV flashing display at input error, and Input error status output. When this instrument has an input error, actions and outputs are provided according to the setting.

For details on the action at input error, refer to the separate FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Parts 2: Parameters/Functions].

■ Checking each parameter

The settings for the Set value (SV) and all parameters should be appropriate for the controlled system. There are parameters in Engineering mode which cannot be changed when the controller is in RUN mode. Change the RUN/STOP mode from RUN to STOP when a change for the parameters in Engineering mode is necessary.

For details on the RUN/STOP transfer and the each parameter, refer to the separate FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Parts 2: Parameters/Functions].

Operation at power failure

A power failure of 20 ms (24 V DC type: 5 ms) or less will not affect the control action. When a power failure of more than 20 ms (24 V DC type: 5 ms) occurs the instrument assumes that the power has been turned off. When the power returns, the operation of instrument will be re-starts in accordance with the content selected by Hot/Cold start.

For details on the Hot/Cold start, refer to the separate FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Parts 2: Parameters/Functions].

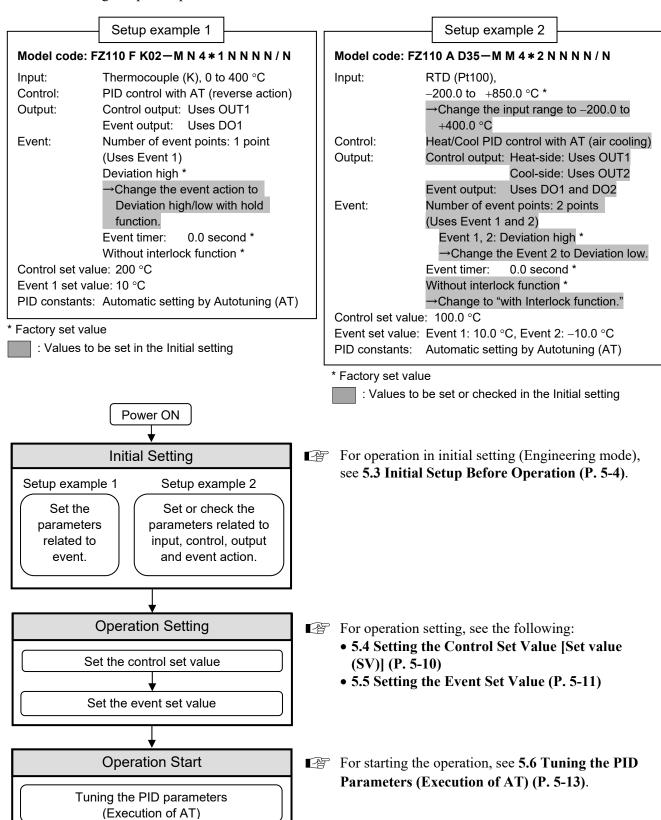
■ Event hold action

- The event hold action is activated when the power is turned on or when transferred from STOP mode to RUN mode.
- The event re-hold action is activated when not only the SV is changed, but also the power is turned on or when transferred from STOP mode to RUN mode.
 - For details on the event hold action, refer to the separate FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Parts 2: Parameters/Functions].

5-2 IMR03A04-E11

5.2 Setup Procedures

Set up the instrument prior to operating it referring to the following operating procedure. See the following setup example.



IMR03A04-E11 5-3

Operation

5.3 Initial Setup Before Operation

Before starting the operation, confirm that the set value of the parameter matches the model code as specified when ordered. Parameters which were not specified when ordered must be set before use.

Some functions may need to be set in the Engineering mode. Read the following part before attempting the setting.



Parameters in the Engineering mode should be set according to the application before setting any parameter related to operation. Once the parameters in the Engineering mode are set correctly, no further changes need to be made to parameters for the same application under normal conditions. If they are changed unnecessarily, it may result in malfunction or failure of the instrument. RKC will not bear any responsibility for malfunction or failure as a result of improper changes in the Engineering mode.



Parameters in Engineering mode are settable only when the controller is in STOP mode.

However, only checking can be made even in the RUN state.

■ Set value change and registration

- The flashing digit indicates which digit can be set. Every time the **MODE** key is pressed, the flashing digit moves.
- To store a new value for the parameter, always press the key. The display changes to the next parameter and the new value will be stored.

The modified data will not be stored only by operating the \bigcap and \bigvee keys. In the Operation transfer mode, however, the selected mode will be valid only by the operations of these keys.

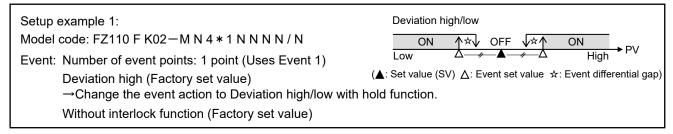
- In case of the Set value (SV), the instrument can be configured in the H Engineering mode so that the modified set value will be adopted 2 seconds after the change without pressing the key.
- In case no operation is performed within 60 seconds after the change of the setting, the mode will return to A Monitor & SV setting mode. The modified data will not be registered in this case.

5-4 IMR03A04-E11

5.3.1 Initial setting of setup example 1 (Setting parameters related to the event)

In the Setup example 1 (see P. 5-3), all default factory set values except event related parameters can be used in actual applications without any changes.

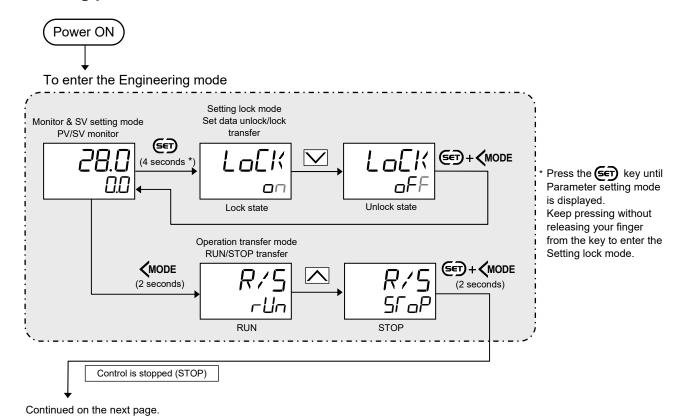
This section describes the Initial setting of the alarm related operation used in the Setup example 1.



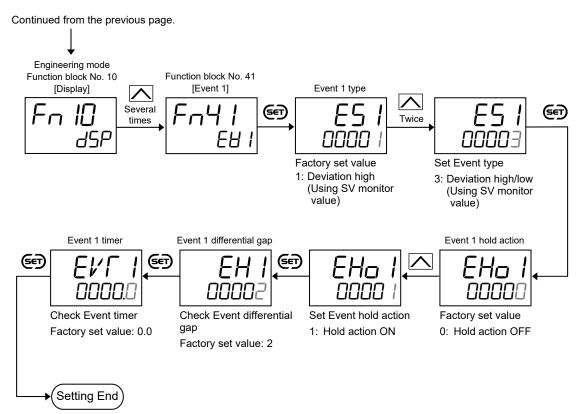
Parameters to be set (Engineering mode):

- Mandatory setting items: Function block No. 41 (Fn4!): Event 1 type (E5!), Event 1 hold action (EHa!)
- Related setting items (Set only when necessary): Function block No. 41 (Fn4 I): Event 1 differential gap (EH I), Event 1 timer (EVT I)
- Items unnecessary to set (Used with factory setting):
 Function block No. 34 (Fn34): DO1 function selection (da54 !), DO1 logic calculation selection (da44 !)
 Function block No. 30 (Fn30): Energized/De-energized selection (E×E), Interlock selection (! L5),
 Output action at control stop (55)

■ Setting procedure



Continued on the next page.

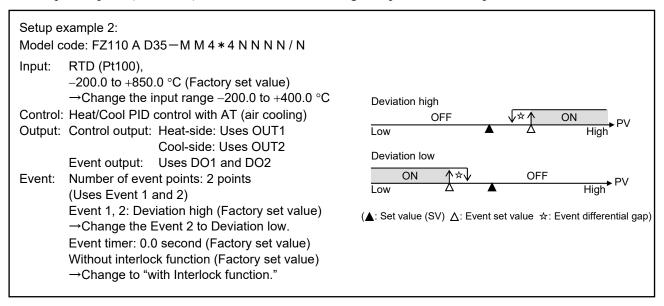


- Next parameter is displayed.
- Press (MODE keys simultaneously to return to the Measured value (PV)/Set value (SV) Monitor. (For FZ400/900, the MONI key may be pressed to return to the Measured value (PV)/Set value (SV) Monitor.)
- Select RUN on the RUN/STOP transfer.
- Select lock on the Set data unlock/lock transfer.

5-6 IMR03A04-E11

5.3.2 Initial setting of setup example 2 (Setting parameters related to the input, control, output and event)

The setup example 2 (see P. 5-3) describes the initial setting of input, control, output and event action.



Parameters to be set (Engineering mode):

```
Mandatory setting items:
```

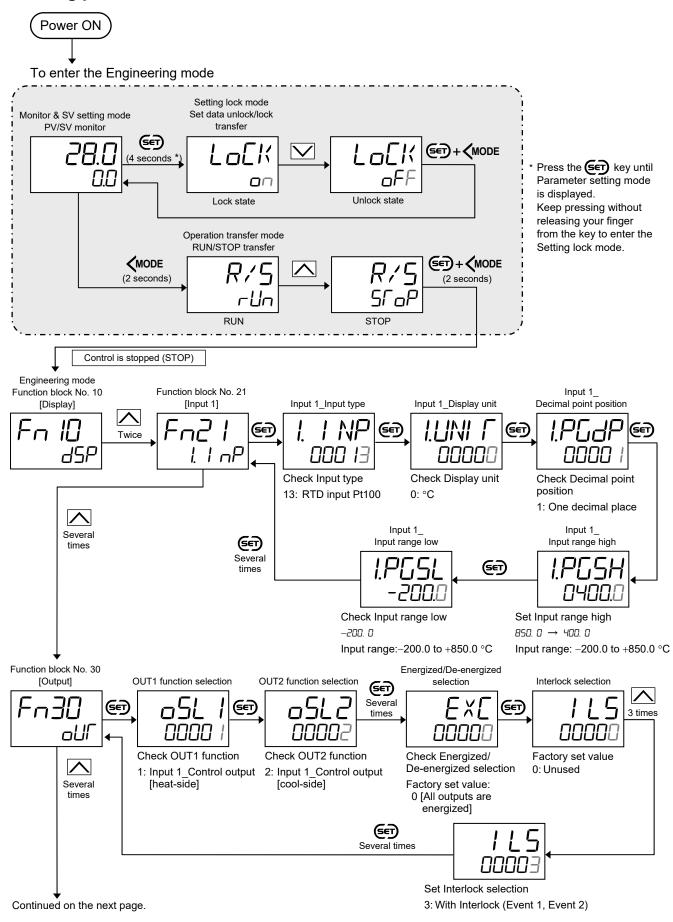
Function block No. 21 ($F \cap 2 \mid$): Input 1 Input type ($\mid . \mid NP$), Input 1 Display unit (1. UNI √), Input 1 Decimal point position (!. PGdP), Input 1 Input range high (!. PG5H), Input 1 Input range low (!. PGSL) Function block No. 30 (Fn30): OUT1 function selection (a5L 1), OUT2 function selection (a5L2), Interlock selection (LLS) Function block No. 34 (Fn34): DO1 function selection (da5L 1), DO2 function selection (da5L2), DO1 logic calculation selection (doL[]), DO2 logic calculation selection (daLG2) Function block No. 41 (Fn4 /): Event 1 type (E5 /) Function block No. 42 (Fn42): Event 2 type (E52) Function block No. 51 (Fn5 !): Input 1 Control action (! o5) Related setting items (Set only when necessary): Function block No. 30 ($F \cap \exists \Omega$): Energized/De-energized selection ($E \times \Sigma$) Function block No. 41 (Fn4 I): Event 1 differential gap (EH I), Event 1 timer (EVF 1) Function block No. 42 (Fn42): Event 2 differential gap (EH2), Event 2 timer ($EV\Gamma = 2$) Function block No. 71 (Fn71): Input 1 Setting limiter high (1. 5LH),

Continued on the next page.

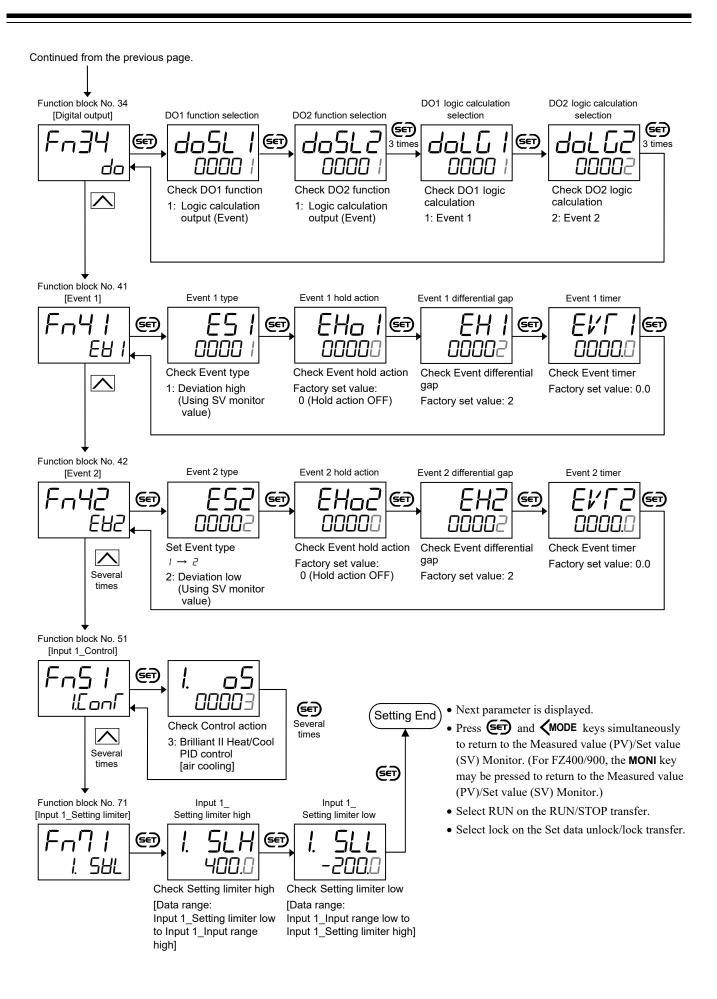
IMR03A04-E11 5-7

Input 1 Setting limiter low (! 5LL)

■ Setting procedure



5-8 IMR03A04-E11



5.4 Setting the Control Set Value [Set value (SV)]

After finishing the initial settings, set the control target value, SV.

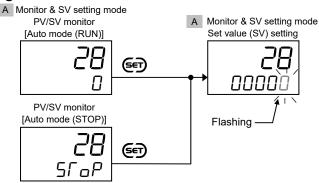
[Setting example: Set Input 1_Set value (SV) to 200 °C]

1. Switch the display to the Set value (SV) setting mode

Press the (or key)* to switch the display to the SV setting screen from the PV/SV monitor of Input 1.

* Valid only when "Direct registration" is set in "Data registration" in Fn11 in the Engineering mode.

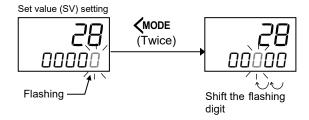
When the instrument is set to "Direct registration" method and no key is operated for 2 seconds on the Set value (SV) setting screen, the screen will return to the PV/SV monitor.



2. Shift the flashing digit to the hundreds digit

Press **MODE** key to shift the flashing digit to the hundreds digit.

The flashing digit indicates which digit can be set.



3. Change the numerical value from "0" to "2"

Press the key twice to change the numerical value from "0" to "2."

Setting range:

Input 1_Setting limiter low to

Input 1_Setting limiter high

Varies with the setting of the Decimal point position.

Factory set value: 0

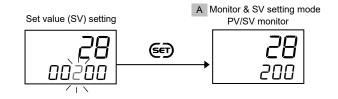
Set value (SV) setting (Twice)

4. Store the set value (SV)

Press the (Exp) key to store the set value.

The display changes to the next parameter.

The parameter displayed after the set value (SV) varies depends on the product specifications.



Set value change and registration

- The flashing digit indicates which digit can be set. Every time the **MODE** key is pressed, the flashing digit moves.
- To store a new value for the parameter, always press the (sep) key. The display changes to the next parameter and the new value will be stored. The modified data will not be stored only by operating the weys.
- In case no operation is performed within 60 seconds after the change of the setting, the mode will return to
 A Monitor & SV setting mode. The modified data will not be registered in this case.

5-10 IMR03A04-E11

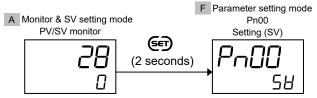
5.5 Setting the Event Set Value

After finishing the initial settings, set the event set values if they are used.

[Setting example: Set the Event 1 set value (EV1) to 20 °C]

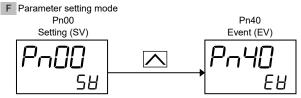
1. Switch the mode to the Parameter setting mode

Press and hold the (SET) key for 2 seconds or more on the PV/SV monitor screen of Input 1 until the first screen (Parameter group No. 00 [Pn00]) in the Parameter setting mode is displayed.



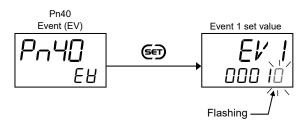
2. Switch the display to Parameter group No. 40

Press the key to switch the display to the Parameter group No. 40 [Pn40] screen from the Parameter group No. 00 [Pn00] screen.



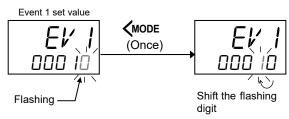
3. Switch the screen to Event 1 set value (EV1)

Press the (set) key to switch the display to the Event 1 set value (EV1) screen from the Parameter group No. 40 [Pn40] screen.



4. Shift the flashing digit to the tens digit

Press **MODE** key to shift the flashing digit to the tens digit. The flashing digit indicates which digit can be set.



5. Change the numerical value from "1" to "2"

Press the key to change the numerical value from "1" to "2."

Setting range:

Deviation (When assigned to Input 1 or Differential temperature input):

-(Input 1 Input span) to +(Input 1 Input span)

Varies with the setting of the Decimal point position.

Factory set value: 10 (at TC/RTD inputs)

Continued on the next page.

For more details of the setting range and the factory set values other than the above, refer to the separate FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Parts 2: Parameters/Functions].

5-11 IMR03A04-E11

6. Store the Event 1 set value

Press the key to store the set value.

The display changes to the next parameter.

The parameter displayed after the Event 1 set value (EV1) varies depends on the product specifications.



Set value change and registration

- The flashing digit indicates which digit can be set. Every time the **MODE** key is pressed, the flashing digit moves.
- To store a new value for the parameter, always press the (sep) key. The display changes to the next parameter and the new value will be stored. The modified data will not be stored only by operating the weys.
- In case no operation is performed within 60 seconds after the change of the setting, the mode will return to
 A Monitor & SV setting mode. The modified data will not be registered in this case.

5-12 IMR03A04-E11

5.6 Tuning the PID Parameters (Execution of AT)

Suitable PID values are automatically calculated by Autotuning (AT) function.

The Autotuning (AT) function automatically measures, computes and sets the optimum PID values.

Before starting the Autotuning, make sure that all required conditions to start the AT are satisfied.

Requirements for Autotuning (AT) start

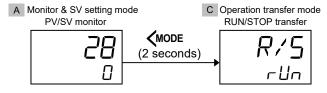
To start Autotuning (AT), go to C Operation transfer mode.

	RUN/STOP transfer	RUN
O	Auto/Manual transfer	Auto mode
Operation state	Remote /Local transfer	Local mode
	Autotuning (AT) setting	PID control (State before starting AT)
Parameter setting	PID control of Input 1 or Position proportioning PID control	Input 1_Output limiter high [heat-side] > 0 % Input 1_Output limiter low [heat-side] < 100 %
	PID control of Input 2	Input 2_Output limiter high > 0 % Input 2_Output limiter low < 100 %
	Heat/Cool PID control	Input 1_Output limiter high [heat-side] > 0 % Input 1_Output limiter low [heat-side] < 100 % Input 1_Output limiter high [cool-side] > 0 % Input 1_Output limiter low [cool-side] < 100 %
Input value state	The Measured value (PV) is not inside the Input error range. [Input error range: Input error determination point (high) ≥ Measured value (PV), Input error determination point (low) ≤ Measured value (PV)]	

For the details of the "Caution for using the Autotuning (AT)" and "Requirements for Autotuning (AT) cancellation," refer to the separate FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Parts 2: Parameters/Functions].

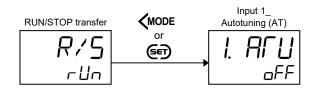
1. Switch the mode to the Operation transfer mode

Press and hold the MODE key for 2 seconds or more on the PV/SV monitor screen of Input 1 until the Operation transfer mode is displayed. The first screen in the Operation transfer mode is RUN/STOP transfer screen.



2. Switch the display to the Autotuning (AT)

Press the **MODE** or the **MODE** or the **RUN/STOP** transfer screen to select the Input 1_Autotuning (AT) screen.



Continued on the next page.

3. Start the Autotuning (AT)

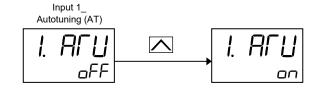
Press the key to switch from "oFF" to "on" to start the Autotuning (AT).

The AT1 (AT1) lamp starts flashing.

Setting range: aFF: PID control

an: Start Autotuning (AT)

Factory set value: aff



To return to the PV/SV monitor screen during the AT, press and hold the MODE key for 2 seconds or more, or press the MODE key while pressing and holding the ED key.

4. Finish the Autotuning (AT)

When the Autotuning (AT) is finished, the control will automatically return to "oFF: PID control" and AT1 (AT1) lamp turns off.

- The Autotuning (AT) can be started by Digital input (DI). Refer to the separate FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Parts 2: Parameters/Functions] for more information on assigning Digital input (DI).
- The Autotuning (AT) can be started on FZ400/900 by a key operation of the direct key (FUNC key). For "FUNC key assignment," refer to the separate FZ110/FZ400/FZ900 Instruction Manual [Parts 2: Parameters/Functions].

5-14 IMR03A04-E11

TROUBLE SHOOTING

This chapter describes error displays and countermeasures for errors.

6.1 Error Displays	6-2
6.2 Solutions for Problems	6-5
6.3 Verifying Instrument Information	6-15

6.1 Error Displays

This Section describes error display when the measured value (PV) exceeds the display range limit and the self-diagnostic error.

■ Input error displays

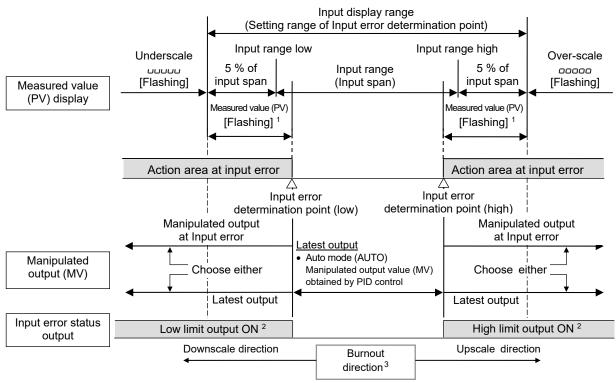
The table below shows displays, description, actions and solutions when the measured value (PV) exceeds the display range.



Before replacing the sensor, always turn OFF the power of the FZ110/400/900 or switch the mode to STOP with RUN/STOP transfer.

Display	Description	Action (Output)	Solution
Measured value (PV) [Flashing]	Measured value (PV) exceeded the input error determination point or the input range. Display does not flash when "Non-flashing display" is set.	• Action at input error: Output depending on the action at Input error (high/low limit)	Check input type, input range, sensor connection and sensor break.
[Flashing]	Over-scale Measured value (PV) exceeded the high limit of display range.	• Event output: Output depending on	
וויטטט [Flashing]	Underscale Measured value (PV) exceeded the low limit of display range.	the event action at input error	

Input error determination point is set within the input range



¹ Flashing can be suppressed by setting "PV flashing display at input error" (Function block No. 10 in the Engineering mode).

RTD input: Upscale

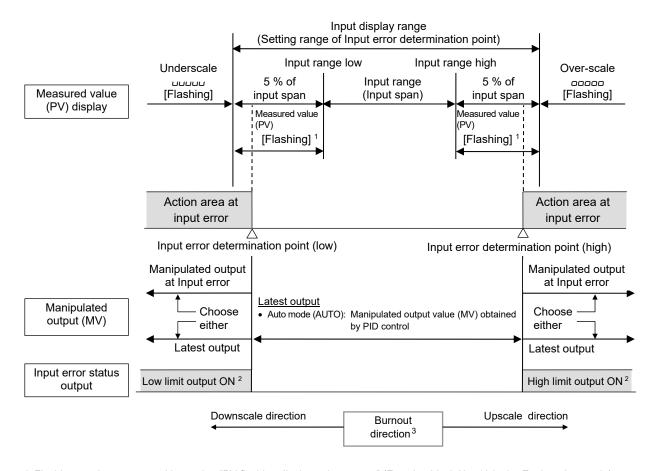
High voltage/Current inputs: Downscale (Indicates value near 0)

6-2 IMR03A04-E11

² For Input error status output, refer to ● Details of OUT1 to 3 as well as DO1 to 4 logic calculation selection (Separate manual [Part 2: Parameters/Functions].

³ Setting Burnout direction is valid for thermocouple input and low voltage input (0 to 10 mV DC, 0 to 100 mV DC). Actions of other input types are fixed as follows.

• Input error determination point is set outside the input range



- ¹ Flashing can be suppressed by setting "PV flashing display at input error" (Function block No. 10 in the Engineering mode).
- ² For Input error status output, refer to Details of OUT1 to 3 as well as DO1 to 4 logic calculation selection (Separate manual [Part 2: Parameters/Functions].
- 3 Setting Burnout direction is valid for thermocouple input and low voltage input (0 to 10 mV DC, 0 to 100 mV DC). Actions of other input types are fixed as follows.

RTD input: Upscale

High voltage/Current inputs: Downscale (Indicates value near 0)

■ Self-diagnostic error

If an error is detected by the Self-diagnostic function, the PV display shows "Err," and the SV display shows the error code. If two or more errors occur simultaneously, the total summation of these error codes are displayed.

Error code	Description	Action	Solution
1	Adjustment data error • Adjusted data range is abnormal.	Display: Error code display Output: All the outputs are OFF	Turn off the power once. If the FZ110/400/900 is restored to normal after the power is
2	Data back-up error Back-up action is abnormal. Data write failure	Communication: Relevant error code to be sent	turned on again, then probable cause may be external noise source affecting the control system. Check for the external
4	 A/D conversion error Error in A/D conversion circuit is detected. Temperature compensation error Out of the temperature measurement range 	<example display="" error="" of=""></example>	noise source. If an error is repeated after the power is turned on again, the FZ110/400/900 may need to be repaired or replaced. Please contact RKC sales office or the agent.

If any of the following errors occur, all actions of the FZ110/400/900 are stopped. In this case the error code is not displayed.

Error code	Description	Action	Solution
No error display	Watchdog timer error • Part of the internal program stops running.	Display: All displays are OFF Output: All outputs are OFF Communication: Stopped	Turn off the power once. If an error is repeated after the power is turned on again, the FZ110/400/900 may need to be repaired or replaced. Please
Power supply voltage is abnormal (power supply voltage monitoring) • Decrease of power supply voltage Display units error	Display: All displays are OFF Output: All outputs are OFF Communication: Stopped	contact RKC sales office or the agent.	
	Display units error	Display: All displays are OFF Output: All outputs are OFF Communication: Sends error code 64	

6-4 IMR03A04-E11

6.2 Solutions for Problems

This section explains possible causes and solutions of the errors. For any inquiries or to confirm the specifications of the product, please contact RKC sales office or the agent.

If the instrument needs to replaced, always strictly observe the warnings below.



- To prevent electric shock or instrument failure, always turn off the system power before replacing the instrument.
- To prevent electric shock or instrument failure, always turn off the power before mounting or removing the instrument.
- To prevent electric shock or instrument failure, do not turn on the power until all wiring is completed. Make sure that the wiring is correct before applying power to the instrument.
- To prevent electric shock or instrument failure, do not touch the inside of the instrument.
- All wiring must be performed by authorized personnel with electrical experience in this type of work.



All wiring must be completed before power is turned on to prevent electric shock, instrument failure, or incorrect action. The power must be turned off before repairing work for input break and output failure including replacement of sensor, contactor or SSR, and all wiring must be completed before power is turned on again.

■ Display related errors

Problem	Possible cause	Solution
No display appears	The internal assembly is not inserted into the case correctly. (FZ400/900 only)	Insert the internal assembly into the case correctly.
	Power supply terminal connection is not correct.	Connect power supply correctly by referring to 3.3 Wiring of Each Terminal [FZ110] (P. 3-9) or 3.4 Wiring of Each Terminal [FZ400/900] (P. 3-24).
	Power supply terminal contact failure.	Retighten the terminal screws.
	Supply voltage is not correct.	Apply proper power supply voltage by referring to ■ General specifications (P. 7-22).
Display is unstable	Noise source is present near the instrument.	Separate the noise source from the instrument. Set the appropriate value at Digital filter according to the input response.
	The terminal block of the instrument (with thermocouple input) is directly exposed to the air flow from an air conditioner.	Do not directly expose the terminal block to the air from the air conditioner.
Measured value (PV) display differs from	Wrong sensor is used.	Check the instrument specification and use a proper sensor.
the actual value	Input type setting is wrong.	Make proper setting by referring to the separate manual [Part 2: Parameters/Functions].
	Connection between the sensor (thermocouple) and the instrument is made with a cable other than compensating wire.	Be sure to use a compensating wire.
	For RTD input, leadwire resistance in three wires between the sensor and the instrument is different from one another.	Use a leadwire with the same resistance among three leadwires.
	PV bias is set.	Set PV bias to "0" by referring to the separate manual [Part 2: Parameters/Functions]. However, this is limited only to when the PV bias setting can be changed.
	PV ratio is set.	Change the PV ratio setting by referring to the separate manual [Part 2: Parameters/Functions]. However, this is limited only to when the PV ratio setting can be changed.
SV display is not displayed.	SV display is set to HIDE.	Set the "Show/Hide Input \square _SV" parameter to "1: Show Input \square _SV" referring to the separate manual [Part2: Parameters/Functions].
	When the control action is a Position proportioning PID control without Feedback resistance (FBR) input, the operation mode has been switched to the Manual mode.	Refer to the separate manual [Part2: Parameters/Functions].
	When the control action is a Position proportioning PID control with Feedback resistance (FBR) input and when the operation mode has been switched to the Manual mode, the Feedback resistance (FBR) input is not connected or broken.	Properly connect the Feedback resistance (FBR) input, referring to ■ Option 1: W [Feedback resistance (FBR) input] (P.3-32).

6-6 IMR03A04-E11

How to check the input

• When the input is configured as Thermocouple input:

Short the input terminals*, and if a temperature around the ambient temperature of the input terminals is displayed, the controller is working properly.

* FZ110: Measured input terminals 11-12 FZ400/900: Measured input 1 terminals 11-12, Measured input 2 terminals 23-24 (optional)

• When the input is configured as RTD input:

Insert a 100 Ω resistor across Input terminals A-B.¹ Short terminals between B-B.² If temperature around 0 °C is displayed, the instrument is working fine.

```
    FZ110: Measured input terminals 10-11
    FZ400/900: Measured input 1 terminals 10-11, Measured input 2 terminals 22-23 (optional)
    FZ110: Measured input terminals 11-12
    FZ400/900: Measured input 1 terminals 11-12, Measured input 2 terminals 23-24 (optional)
```

• When the input is configured as Voltage/Current input:

Input* a certain voltage or current from a voltage/current generator to the controller. If the controller shows the equivalent input value, the input setting and function of the controller is working correctly.

* FZ110: Measured input terminals 11-12 FZ400/900: Measured input 1 terminals 11-12, Measured input 2 terminals 23-24 (optional)

■ Control related errors

Problem	Possible cause	Solution
Control is abnormal	Supply voltage is not correct.	Apply proper power supply voltage by referring to ■ General specifications (P. 7-22).
	Disconnection of sensor or sensor wire.	Turn off the power or STOP the operation by "RUN/STOP transfer" and repair the sensor or replace it.
	The sensor is not wired correctly.	Conduct correct wiring of sensor by referring to 3.3 Wiring of Each Terminal [FZ110] (P. 3-9) or 3.4 Wiring of Each Terminal [FZ400/900] (P. 3-24).
	Wrong sensor is used.	Check the instrument specification and use a proper sensor.
	Input type setting is wrong.	Make proper setting by referring to the separate manual [Part 2: Parameters/Functions].
	Sensor insertion depth is insufficient.	Check the sensor insertion. If insertion is loose, firmly insert the sensor.
	Sensor insertion position is wrong.	Insert the sensor at the specified location.
	Input signal wires are not separated from instrument power and/or load wires.	Separate input signal wires from instrument power and load wires
	Noise source is present near the instrument.	Separate the noise source from the instrument.
	Inappropriate PID constants.	Set appropriate PID constants.
Startup tuning (ST) cannot be activated	Startup tuning (ST) mode is "aFF (ST unused)." (Factory set value: aFF)	Refer to the separate manual [Part 2: Parameters/Functions].
	Requirements for performing the Startup tuning (ST) are not satisfied.	Satisfy the requirements for performing the Startup tuning (ST) by referring to the separate manual [Part 2: Parameters/Functions].
Autotuning (AT) cannot be activated	Requirements for performing the Autotuning (AT) are not satisfied.	Satisfy the requirements for performing the Autotuning (AT) by referring to the separate manual [Part 2: Parameters/Functions].
Autotuning (AT) aborted	Requirements for aborting the Autotuning (AT) are established.	Identify causes for Autotuning (AT) abort by referring to the separate manual [Part 2: Parameters/Functions] and then remove them. Then, execute Autotuning (AT) again.
Optimum PID values cannot be obtained by Autotuning (AT)	Autotuning (AT) does not match the characteristics of the controlled object.	Set PID constants manually by referring to the separate manual [Part 2: Parameters/Functions].

Continued on the next page.

6-8 IMR03A04-E11

Continued from the previous page.

Problem	Possible cause	Solution
Autotuning (AT) cannot be finished normally	Temperature change of the process is too slow (1 °C or less per minute for temperature rise and fall).	Set PID constants manually by referring to the separate manual [Part 2: Parameters/Functions].
	Autotuning (AT) was executed around the ambient temperature or close to the maximum temperature achieved by the load.	
Measured value (PV) overshoots or	Proportional band is narrow. Proportional (P) constant is small.	Increase Proportional (P) value within the acceptable limit of response delay.
undershoots	Integral time is short. Integral (I) constant is small.	Increase Integral (I) value within the acceptable limit of response delay.
	Derivative time is short. Derivative (D) constant is small.	Increase Derivative (D) value within the acceptable limit of process stability.
	The instrument is configured for ON/OFF control.	Change the control mode to Proportional control or PID control.
No stepwise output change	Output change rate limiter is set.	Set the Output change rate limiter to "0.0: OFF" by referring to the separate manual [Part 2: Parameters/Functions]. However, this is limited only to when the Output
Output do so mot vice	Output limiton is not	change rate limiter setting can be changed.
Output does not rise over (or goes below) a certain value	Output limiter is set.	Change the Output limiter setting by referring to the separate manual [Part 2: Parameters/ Functions]. However, this is limited only to when the Output limiter setting can be changed.

■ Operation related errors

Problem	Possible cause	Solution
No setting change can be made by key operation	Set data is locked.	Release the Set data lock by referring to the separate manual [Part 2: Parameters/Functions].
A set value (SV) above (or below) a certain limit cannot be set	Setting limiter is set.	Change the Setting limiter setting by referring to the separate manual [Part 2: Parameters/ Functions]. However, this is limited only to when the Setting limiter setting can be changed.
Set value (SV) does not change immediately when the Set value (SV) is changed	Setting change rate limiter is set.	Set the Setting change rate limiter to "0: No function" by referring to the separate manual [Part 2: Parameters/Functions].
Remote setting input value display differs from the actual value	RS bias is set.	Set the RS bias to "0" by referring to the separate manual [Part 2: Parameters/Functions]. However, this is limited only to when the RS bias setting can be changed.
	RS ratio is set.	Change the RS ratio setting by referring to the separate manual [Part 2: Parameters/ Functions]. However, this is limited only to when the RS ratio setting can be changed.
For Voltage/Current input types, the displayed value for the input voltage or the input current is inverted.	Invert setting is done.	Set the Inverting input to "0: Unused" by referring to the separate manual [Part 2: Parameters/Functions].
Unable to select the 2-loop control (except Remote setting input) such as 2-loop control, Differential temperature control, Control with PV select, Cascade control, or Input circuit error alarm). (FZ400/900 only)	"Remote setting input" is selected at Option 3 type at the time of order.	Check the specification code of Option 3 type. When "Measured input 2" is not specified, switching to 2-loop control (2-loop control, Differential temperature control, Control with PV select, Cascade control, or Input circuit error alarm) is not possible.
Unable to switch to the RUN mode from the STOP mode.	The terminal to which the RUN/STOP transfer of the Digital input (DI) function is assigned may be open. *	Close the applicable terminal. Alternatively, deactivate the digital input (DI) function, referring to the separate manual [Part 2: Parameters/Functions].
Unable to switch to the Auto mode from the Manual mode.	The terminal to which the Auto/Manual transfer of the Digital input (DI) function is assigned may be open. *	

^{*} When "Digital input (DI)" is specified at the time of ordering, functions like "RUN/STOP transfer" or "Auto/Manual transfer" will be automatically assigned to the Digital input (DI) terminal.

To check the assignment of the Digital input (DI) configured at the time of ordering, see P. 1-5 or P. 1-7.

6-10 IMR03A04-E11

■ Event related errors

Problem	Possible cause	Solution
Event function is abnormal	Event function is different from the specification.	Change the Event action type by referring to the separate manual [Part 2: Parameters/ Functions] after the instrument specification is confirmed.
	Event output relay contact action Energized/De-energized is reversed.	Check the setting details by referring to the separate manual [Part 2: Parameters/Functions].
	Setting of Event differential gap is not appropriate.	Set the appropriate Event differential gap by referring to the separate manual [Part 2: Parameters/Functions].
No output of the Event function is turned on	Event is not assigned to the output.	Check the contents of Output assignment by referring to the separate manual [Part 2: Parameters/Functions].
Event hold action is not activated	Setting change rate limiter is set.	Set the Setting change rate limiter to "0: No function" by referring to the separate manual [Part 2: Parameters/Functions]. However, this is limited only to when the Setting limiter setting can be changed.

■ Control loop break alarm (LBA) related errors

Problem	Possible cause	Solution
Control loop break alarm (LBA) is not generated under the alarm condition	LBA time setting is not appropriate. LBA deadband (LBD) setting is not appropriate.	Set an appropriate value by referring to the separate manual [Part 2: Parameters/Functions].
	Autotuning (AT) is in execution.	Wait for Autotuning (AT) to finish or abort Autotuning (AT).
	The instrument stays in control stop (STOP).	Switch the mode to RUN (control) by referring to the separate manual [Part 2: Parameters/Functions]. Attempt this only when the mode is allowed to be transferred to RUN (control start).
	LBA is not assigned to the output.	Check the contents of Output assignment by referring to the separate manual [Part 2: Parameters/Functions].
	LBA does not match the characteristics of the process (controlled object).	Try another type of alarm.
Control loop break alarm (LBA) is	LBA time setting is not appropriate.	Refer to the separate manual [Part 2: Parameters/Functions], and set a suitable value.
generated under the no alarm condition	LBA deadband (LBD) setting is not appropriate.	
	LBA does not match the characteristics of the process (controlled object).	Try another type of alarm.

■ Heater break alarm (HBA) related errors

Problem	Possible cause	Solution
No heater break can be detected	Setting of Heater break alarm (HBA) is not appropriate.	Set the appropriate Heater break alarm value by referring to the separate manual [Part 2: Parameters/Functions].
	CT is not connected.	Connect the CT by referring to 3.3 Wiring of Each Terminal [FZ110] (P. 3-9) or 3.4 Wiring of Each Terminal [FZ400/900] (P. 3-24).
CT input value is abnormal	Proper CT is not used.	Change the CT type by referring to the separate manual [Part 2: Parameters/Functions] after the instrument specification is confirmed.
	The heater is broken.	Check the heater.
	CT wiring improperly.	Conduct CT wiring correctly by referring to 3.3 Wiring of Each Terminal [FZ110] (P. 3-9) or 3.4 Wiring of Each Terminal [FZ400/900] (P. 3-24).
	Input terminal contact defect.	Retighten the terminal screws.
No output of the Heater break alarm (HBA) is turned on	HBA is not assigned to the output.	Check the contents of Output assignment by referring to the separate manual [Part 2: Parameters/Functions].

6-12 IMR03A04-E11

■ Communication related errors

• RKC communication

Problem	Possible cause	Solution
No response	Wrong connection, no connection or disconnection of the communication cable	Check connection and connect cable properly.
	Disconnection, contact failure, or wrong connection of communication cable	Check wiring and connector. Repair or replace, if necessary.
	Communication setting (communication speed, data bit configuration) is different from a host computer	Check setting and make a proper setting.
	Address setting is wrong	
	Data format is wrong	Review communication program
	Transmission line is not set to the receive state after data send (for RS-485)	
Communication protocol setting is wrong		Refer to the separate manual [Host communication], and set Communication protocol to "0: RKC communication."
EOT return	Invalid communication identifiers	Check if communication identifiers are correct and if there are any unsupported identifiers.
	Data format is wrong	Review communication program
NAK return	Communication error occurred (parity bit error, framing error, etc.)	Identify the error and take necessary actions (e.g. check of transmitted data, retransmission)
	BCC error occurred	
	Data is out of the setting range	Check the setting range and correct the data.
	Invalid communication identifiers	Check if communication identifiers are correct and if there are any unsupported identifiers.

Modbus

Problem	Possible cause	Solution
No response	Wrong connection, no connection or disconnection of the communication cable	Check connection and connect cable properly.
	Disconnection, contact failure, or wrong connection of communication cable	Check wiring and connector. Repair or replace, if necessary.
	Communication setting (communication speed, data bit configuration) is different from a host computer	Check setting and make a proper setting.
	Address setting is wrong	
	Transmission error detected. (Overrun error, framing error, parity error, or CRC-16 error)	Retransmit after time-out or Review program on master side
	Time interval between the data that composes a message is more than 24-bit time.	

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Problem	Possible cause	Solution
No response	Communication protocol setting is wrong	Set Communication protocol to "1" or "2" by referring to the separate manual [Host communication]. 1: Modbus (Order of data transfer: upper word to lower word) 2: Modbus (Order of data transfer: lower word to upper word)
Error code: 1	Function cod error (Specifying nonexistent function code)	Confirm the function code
Error code: 2	When the mismatched address is specified	Confirm the address of holding register
Error code: 3	When the specified number of data items in the query message exceeds the maximum number of data items available	Confirm the setting data
Error code: 4	Self-diagnostic error	Turn off the power to the instrument. If the same error occurs when the power is turned back on, please contact RKC sales office or the agent.

• PLC communication (MAPMAN)

Problem	Possible cause	Solution
• Even if "1" is set to the sitting request bit or monitor request bit in	Wrong connection, no connection or disconnection of the communication cable	Confirm the connection method or condition and connect correctly
request command, transfer is not finished. Request command does not return to "0" It looks like communication is done	Breakage, wrong wiring, or imperfect contact of the communication cable Mismatch of the setting data of communication speed, data bit configuration and protocol with those of the PLC	Confirm the wiring or connector and repair or replace the wrong one Confirm the communication settings of the controller (FZ110/400/900) and set them correctly
properly, but the monitor values are not sent to the PLC. • No response	Wrong setting of PLC communication data	Confirm the PLC communication settings and set them correctly Setting of termination resistor in accordance with PLC or the insertion is done
	Setting of PLC becomes write inhibit	Setting of PLC is turned into write enable (Write enable in RUN, shift to monitor mode, etc.)
	Access outside the range of memory address of PLC (wrong setting of address)	Confirm the PLC communication environment setting and set them correctly
If two or more controllers are connected, no units after the second unit are recognized	Instrument link recognition time is short	Set the Instrument link recognition time * longer. * Set the Instrument link recognition time only for a master controller (address 0).
When the setting request command of request command is set in "1," setting error is become	Data rang error	Confirm the setting range of the set value and set them correctly

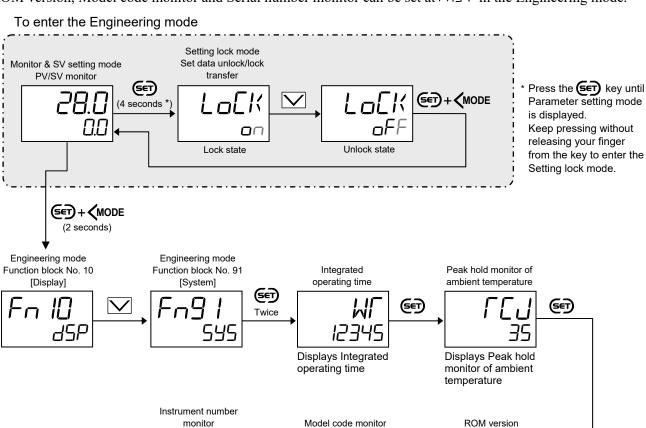
6-14 IMR03A04-E11

6.3 Verifying Instrument Information

When error occurs and when you contact us, you are requested to provide us with the information on the instrument model code and specification. You can check the ROM version, model code and serial number of the instrument on the instrument display. The Integrated operating time and the maximum ambient temperature (Peak hold monitor of the ambient temperature).

■ How to display the information

ROM version, Model code monitor and Serial number monitor can be set at Fng 1 in the Engineering mode.



• Next parameter is displayed.

End of check

€

• Press (MODE keys simultaneously to return to the Measured value (PV)/Set value (SV) Monitor. (For FZ400/900, the MONI key may be pressed to return to the Measured value (PV)/Set value (SV) Monitor.)

Displays Model code

(SET)

Displays ROM version

(SET)

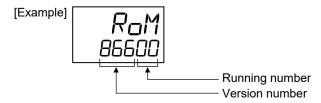
- Select RUN on the RUN/STOP transfer.
- Select lock on the Set data unlock/lock transfer.

Displays Instrument

number (serial number)

■ How to check

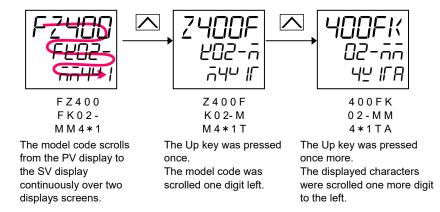
ROM Version



Model code monitor

Displays the model code of the instrument. As the Model code is too long to be displayed on a single screen, it can be scrolled left and right with \bigwedge and \bigvee keys.

Example: Model code is FZ400FK02-MM4*1TA2NN/1



FZ400 and FZ900 come with three display units; PV, SV, and MV are displayed. FZ110 only has PV and SV display only.

Instrument number monitor

Displays the serial number of the instrument.

- To read the displayed characters, see "Character Symbols" (P. i-3).
- Alternatively, you can check the model code (MODEL), serial number (S/N) and suffix code (CODE) on the label on the side of the instrument if you are unable to check the information on the display.

Integrated operating time

As soon as the instrument is powered, "1" is added. Thereafter, "1" is accumulated for each hour.

Peak hold monitor of ambient temperature

Temperature around the rear terminal is measured and the maximum value is stored.

The Integrated operating time and the Peak hold monitor of the ambient temperature (maximum ambient temperature) cannot be reset.

6-16 IMR03A04-E11

SPECIFICATIONS

This chapter describes Specifications.

■ Measured input

Number of input: 1 point + 1 point (optional)* (Isolated between each input)

* Option: FZ400/900 only

Input type: Thermocouple (TC) input:

K, J, T, S, R, E, B, N (JIS-C1602-1995)

PLII (NBS), W5Re/W26Re (ASTM-E988-96 [Reapproved 2002])

U, L (DIN43710-1985) PR40-20 (ASTM-E1751-00)

RTD input: Pt100 (JIS-C1604-1997)

JPt100 (JIS-C1604-1997, Pt100 of JIS-C1604-1981)

3-wire system

Low voltage input: 0 to 10 mV DC, 0 to 100 mV DC

High voltage input:0 to 1 V DC, 0 to 5 V DC, 1 to 5 V DC, 0 to 10 V DC,

-5 to +5 V DC, -10 to +10 V DC

Current input: 0 to 20 mA DC, 4 to 20 mA DC

Input range:

Thermocouple (TC) input

Input type	Measured range
K	−200.0 to +400.0 °C (−328.0 to +752.0 °F)
K	−200.0 to +1372.0 °C (−328.0 to +2502.0 °F)
J	−200.0 to +400.0 °C (−328.0 to +752.0 °F)
J	−200.0 to +1200.0 °C (−328.0 to +2192.0 °F)
T	−200.0 to +400.0 °C (−328.0 to +752.0 °F)
S	−50.0 to +1768.0 °C (−58.0 to +3214.0 °F) *
R	−50.0 to +1768.0 °C (−58.0 to +3214.0 °F) *
Е	−200.0 to +1000.0 °C (−328.0 to +1832.0 °F) *
В	0.0 to 1800.0 °C (0.0 to 3272.0 °F) *
N	0.0 to 1300.0 °C (0.0 to 2372.0 °F) *
PLII	0.0 to 1390.0 °C (0.0 to 2534.0 °F) *
W5Re/W26Re	0 to 2300 °C (0 to 4200 °F)
U	−200.0 to +600.0 °C (−328.0 to +1112.0 °F)
L	0.0 to 900.0 °C (0.0 to 1652.0 °F)
PR40-20	0 to 1800 °C (0 to 3200 °F)

^{*} The least significant digit (LSD) may flicker when the display resolution is set to 0.1° C (0.1° F).

RTD input

Input type Measured range				
Pt100	-200.0 to +850.0 °C (-328.0 to +1562.0 °F) -100.00 to +850.00 °C (-148.00 to +999.99 °F) 0.00 to 50.00 °C (32.00 to 122.00 °F)			
JPt100	-200.0 to +640.0 °C (-328.0 to +1184.0 °F) -100.00 to +640.00 °C (-148.00 to +999.99 °F) 0.00 to 50.00 °C (32.00 to 122.00 °F)			

Voltage/Current input

, v F						
Input type	Measured range					
Low voltage 0 to 10 mV DC, 0 to 100 mV DC						
High voltage	0 to 1 V DC, 0 to 5 V DC, 1 to 5 V DC, 0 to 10 V DC, -5 to +5 V DC, -10 to +10 V DC					
Current	0 to 20 mA DC, 4 to 20 mA DC					

Sampling cycle: 0.05 seconds

When Input 2 is configured for 2-loop control or cascade control: 0.1 seconds

Influence of signal source resistance (TC input):

Approx. $0.18 \mu V/\Omega$ (Converted depending on TC types)

7-2 IMR03A04-E11

Influence of input lead (RTD input):

Approx. $0.006 \%/\Omega$ of span (100 Ω or less per wire)

If the resistance is 100Ω or more, the measuring range may be limited.

Input impedance (Voltage/Current input):

Low voltage input: $1 \text{ M}\Omega$ or more High voltage input: $1 \text{ M}\Omega$ or more Current input: $4 \text{ Approx. } 50 \Omega$

Measured current (RTD input): Approx. 1 mA

Action at input break: TC input: Upscale or Downscale (selectable)

RTD input: Upscale

Low voltage input: Upscale or Downscale (selectable)
High voltage input: Downscale (Indicates value near 0)
Current input: Downscale (Indicates value near 0)

Action at input short circuit (RTD input):

Downscale (Measured range: except 0.00 to 50.00 °C [32.00 to 122.00 °F] range)

Upscale (Measured range: 0.00 to 50.00 °C [32.00 to 122.00 °F])

Action at input error:

• Input error determination point (high), Input error determination point (low)

Input range low - (5 % of input span) to Input range high + (5 % of input span)

When the input type is Pt100 or JPt100, the low limit value cannot be -5 %.

Low limit of Pt100: -245.5 °C (-409.8 °F), corresponding to approximately 2 Ω Low limit of JPt100: -237.6 °C (-395.7 °F), corresponding to approximately 2 Ω

It is also used as Input error determination of the Event action.

• Action (high) input error, Action (low) input error

"Control continues" or "Manipulated output value at input error" (selectable)

• Manipulated output value at input error

PID control: -5.0 to +105.0 % Heat/Cool PID control: -105.0 to +105.0 % Position proportioning PID control: -5.0 to +105.0 %

Actual output value is limited by the Output limiter.

When "Control action continued" is selected at "Action at feedback resistance (FBR) input error" on the position proportioning PID control with or without Feedback resistance input, the action will follow "Valve action at STOP."

• PV flashing display at input error

Flashing display or Non-flashing display (selectable)

Measured input correction: PV bias: —Input span to +Input span

PV ratio: 0.500 to 1.500

PV digital filter (First order lag digital filter):

0.0 to 100.0 seconds (0.0: Filter OFF)

Allowable input range: -1.0 to +3.0 V (TC input/RTD input/Low voltage input)

-12 to +12 V (High voltage input) -20.0 to +30.0 mA (Current input)

Square root extraction function (Voltage/Current input):

Calculation method: Measured value = $\sqrt{\text{(Input value)}} \times \text{PV ratio} + \text{PV bias}$

PV low input cut-off: 0.00 to 25.00 % of input span

■ Remote setting input

Number of input: 1 point (FZ110: Non-isolated from PV, FZ400/900: Isolated from PV)

Input type: Thermocouple (TC) input

(Select from the list below when Measured input 2 is selected for FZ400/900):

K, J, T, S, R, E, B, N (JIS-C1602-1995)

PLII (NBS), W5Re/W26Re (ASTM-E988-96 [Reapproved 2002])

U, L (DIN43710-1985) PR40-20 (ASTM-E1751-00)

RTD input (Select from the list below when Measured input 2 is selected for FZ400/900):

Pt100 (JIS-C1604-1997)

JPt100 (JIS-C1604-1997, Pt100 of JIS-C1604-1981)

3-wire system

Low voltage input (FZ400/900 only):

0 to 10 mV DC, 0 to 100 mV DC

High voltage input:

0 to 1 V DC, 0 to 5 V DC, 1 to 5 V DC, 0 to 10 V DC, -5 to +5 V DC,

-10 to +10 V DC

Current input:

0 to 20 mA DC, 4 to 20 mA DC

Input range: Programmable range

Sampling cycle: 0.05 seconds

Input impedance: Low voltage input: $1 \text{ M}\Omega$ or more

High voltage input: $1 \text{ M}\Omega$ or more Current input: Approx. 50Ω

Action at input break: TC input: Upscale or Downscale (selectable)

RTD input: Upscale

Low voltage input: Upscale or Downscale (selectable)
High voltage input: Downscale (Indicates value near 0)
Current input: Downscale (Indicates value near 0)

Remote input correction: RS bias: —Input span to +Input span

RS ratio: 0.001 to 9.999

RS digital filter (First order lag digital filter):

0.0 to 100.0 seconds (0.0: Filter OFF)

Allowable input range: -1.0 to +3.0 V (TC input/RTD input/Low voltage input)

-12 to +12 V (High voltage input) -20.0 to +30.0 mA (Current input)

■ Current transformer (CT) input

Number of input: FZ110: 1 point, FZ400/900: 2 points

CTL type: CTL-6-P-Z, CTL-6-P-N or CTL-12-S56-10L-N (Sold separately)

Input range: 0.0 to 0.1 Arms

Measurable current range: CTL-6-P-Z: 0.0 to 10.0 A (high accurate type)

CTL-6-P-N: 0.0 to 30.0 A CTL-12-S56-10L-N: 0.0 to 100.0 A

Sampling cycle: 0.5 seconds **Voltage of through current:** 300 V or less

7-4 IMR03A04-E11

■ Feedback resistance (FBR) input [FZ400/900 only]

Number of input: 1 point (Non-isolated from PV1) Permissible resistance range: 100Ω to $10 k\Omega$ (Standard: 135Ω)

Input range: 0.0 to 100.0 % (for adjustment span of open and close)

The value is displayed on the Manipulated output value monitor

(FBR input at disconnection: 0.0 %)

Sampling cycle: 0.5 seconds

Action at FBR break: To be selected from OPEN, CLOSE, OFF, and Continue control.

■ Digital input (DI)

Number of input: FZ110: Up to 3 points (DI1 to DI3), FZ400/900: Up to 6 points (DI1 to DI6)

Input method: Dry contact input

OFF (Open state): $50 \text{ k}\Omega$ or more ON (Close state): $1 \text{ k}\Omega$ or less Contact current: 3.3 mA DC or less Voltage at open: Approx. 5 V DC

Capture judgment time: Within 200 ms

■ Output

Assign output: Number of output:

Output (OUT): 3 points (OUT1 to OUT3)

Event output (DO): FZ110: 2 points (DO1, DO2), FZ400/900: 4 points (DO1 to DO4)

Output assignment: See Output assignment list

Output assignment list (FZ110 type)

		0	UT1, OL	JT2		OL	JT3	DO
Output specification	Relay contact (1)	Voltage pulse (1)	Current	Continuous voltage	Transistor	Voltage pulse (2)	Current	Relay contact (4)
Control output (Heat-side)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Control output (Cool-side)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Control output (Position proportioning)	✓	✓			✓	✓		
Logic calculation output (Event output)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Logic calculation output (Control loop break alarm (LBA) output)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Logic calculation output (Heater break alarm (HBA) output)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
RUN state output	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Output of the communication monitoring result	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Manual mode state output	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Remote mode state output	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
AT state output	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Output while Set value (SV) is changing	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
FAIL output	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Retransmission output			✓	✓			✓	

Output assignment list (FZ400/900 type)

		0	UT1, OL	JT2		OL	DO	
Output specification	(Note)	Voltage pulse (1)	Current	Continuous voltage	Transistor	Voltage pulse (2)	Current	Relay contact (4)
Control output (Heat-side)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Control output (Cool-side)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Control output (Position proportioning)	✓	✓			✓	✓		
Logic calculation output (Event output)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Logic calculation output (Control loop break alarm (LBA) output)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Logic calculation output (Heater break alarm (HBA) output)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
RUN state output	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Output of the communication monitoring result	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Manual mode state output	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Remote mode state output	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
AT state output	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Output while Set value (SV) is changing	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
FAIL output	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Retransmission output			✓	✓			✓	

(Note) OUT1: Relay contact (2), OUT2: Relay contact (3)

Output type:

• Relay contact output (1) [FZ110: OUT1 and OUT2]

Contact type: a contact

Contact rating (Resistive load):

250 V AC 3 A, 30 V DC 1 A

Electrical life: 100,000 times or more (Rated load)

Mechanical life: 20 million times or more (Switching: 300 times/min)

Proportional cycle time: 0.1 to 100.0 seconds (When configured for control output)

• Relay contact output (2) [FZ400/900: OUT1]

Contact type: c contact

Contact rating (Resistive load):

250 V AC 3 A, 30 V DC 1 A

Electrical life: 300,000 times or more (Rated load)

Mechanical life: 50 million times or more (Switching: 180 times/min)

Proportional cycle time: 0.1 to 100.0 seconds (When configured for control output)

• Relay contact output (3) [FZ400/900: OUT2]

Contact type: a contact

Contact rating (Resistive load):

250 V AC 3 A, 30 V DC 1 A

Electrical life: 300,000 times or more (Rated load)

Mechanical life: 50 million times or more (Switching: 180 times/min)

Proportional cycle time: 0.1 to 100.0 seconds (When configured for control output)

• Relay contact output (4) [FZ110: DO1 to DO2, FZ400/900: DO1 to DO4]

Contact type: a contact

Contact rating (Resistive load):

250 V AC 1 A, 30 V DC 0.5 A

Electrical life: 150,000 times or more (Rated load)

Mechanical life: 20 million times or more (Switching: 300 times/min)

7-6 IMR03A04-E11

• Voltage pulse output (1) [OUT1 and OUT2]

Output voltage: 0/12 V DC (Rated)

ON voltage: 10 to 13 V OFF voltage: 0.5 V or less

Allowable load resistance: 500 Ω or more

Proportional cycle time: 0.1 to 100.0 seconds (When configured for control output)

Voltage pulse output (2) [OUT3]

Output voltage: 0/14 V DC (Rated)

ON voltage: 12 to 17 V OFF voltage: 0.5 V or less

Allowable load resistance: 600 Ω or more

Proportional cycle time: 0.1 to 100.0 seconds (When configured for control output)

• Current output [OUT1, OUT2 and OUT3]

Output current: 4 to 20 mA DC, 0 to 20 mA DC Output range: 3.2 to 20.8 mA DC, 0 to 21 mA DC

Allowable load resistance: 500 Ω or less

• Continuous voltage output [OUT1 and OUT2]

Output voltage: 0 to 5 V DC, 1 to 5 V DC, 0 to 10 V DC

Output range: 0 to 5.25 V DC, 0.8 to 5.2 V DC, 0 to 10.5 V DC

Allowable load resistance: 1 $k\Omega$ or more

• Transistor output [OUT1 and OUT2]

Allowable load current: 100 mA

Load voltage: 30 V DC or less

Voltage drop at ON: 2 V or less (at allowable load current)

Leakage current at OFF: 0. 1 mA or less

Proportional cycle time: 0.1 to 100.0 seconds (When configured for control output)

Related function:

Output logic selection

Energized/De-energized is selectable.

FAIL output functions as "De-energized" even if it is set to "Energized."

• Universal output type selection (OUT3)

Output type is selectable.

■ Performance

Reference performance (Performance under the standard performance condition)

• Measured input (PV): A

Accuracy:

Input type	Input range	Accuracy			
K, J, T, E, U, L	Less than −100 °C	±1.0 °C (Approximate value)			
(Accuracy is not guaranteed	−100 °C or more, Less than +500 °C	±0.5 °C			
for less than -100 °C)	500 °C or more	±(0.1 % of Reading)			
N, S, R, PLII,	Less than 0 °C	±2.0 °C			
W5Re/W26Re (Accuracy is not guaranteed	0 °C or more, Less than 1000 °C	±1.0 °C			
for less than 400 °C for input type S, R and W5Re/W26Re)	1000 °C or more	±0.1 % of Reading			
В	Less than 400 °C	±70 °C (Approximate value)			
(Accuracy is not guaranteed	$400~^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ or more, Less than $1000~^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$	±1.4 °C			
for less than 400 °C)	1000 °C or more	±0.1 % of Reading			
PR40-20	Less than 400 °C	±20 °C (Approximate value)			
(Accuracy is not guaranteed	400 °C or more, Less than 1000 °C	±10 °C			
for less than 400 °C)	1000 °C or more	±0.1 % of Reading			
	Less than 200 °C	±0.2 °C			
Pt100, JPt100	200 °C or more	±0.1 % of Reading			
	0.00 to 50.00 °C	±0.10 °C			
Voltage/Current input		±0.1 % of span			

Display accuracy:

Is equal to the above accuracy with the value below the minimum resolution rounded up.

Noise elimination ratio: Series mode: 60 dB or more (50/60 Hz) Common mode: 120 dB or more (50/60 Hz)

Resolution:

I	nput type	Input Resolution			
K, J, T, E, U, L, N, S,	R, PLII, W5Re/W26Re	1/200000			
PR40-20, B		1/100000			
	−200 to +850 °C	1/200000			
Pt100, JPt100	−100.00 to +850.00 °C	1/200000			
	0.00 to 50.00 °C	1/60000			
T 14 ' 4	0 to 10 mV DC	1/120000			
Low voltage input	0 to 100 mV DC	1/200000			
	0 to 1 V DC				
	0 to 5 V DC				
TT:-114:	1 to 5 V DC	1/200000			
High voltage input	0 to 10 V DC	1/200000			
	−5 to +5 V DC				
	-10 to +10 V DC				
Comment in most	0 to 20 mA DC	1/200000			
Current input	4 to 20 mA DC	1/200000			

Cold-junction temperature compensation error:

±0.5 °C

(range of the standard performance condition: 23 °C±2 °C)

 ± 1.5 °C (Between -10 to +55 °C)

Close horizontal mounting error:

Close horizontal mounting: Within ± 1.5 °C Close vertical mounting: Within ± 3.0 °C

7-8 IMR03A04-E11

• Remote setting input: Accuracy:

Noise elimination ratio: Same as "• Measured input (PV)"

Resolution: (See 7-8)

Cold-junction temperature compensation error:

• Current transformer (CT) input:

Accuracy: 0.0 to 10.0 A (high accurate type): ± 0.3 A

0.0 to 30.0 A, 0.0 to 100.0 A: \pm (5 % of Reading) or \pm 2.0 A

(whichever is larger)

Resolution: 100 counts/mA or more

• Feedback resistance (FBR) input:

Accuracy: ± 0.5 % of span (for adjustment span of open and close)

Resolution: 150 counts/% or more

• Current output: Accuracy: ±0.1 % of span

Resolution: Approx. 1/25000

• **Voltage output:** Accuracy: ±0.1 % of span

Resolution: Approx. 1/25000

Operating influence (Variation under the operating condition)

• Influence ambient temperature:

Input: TC input: ± 0.006 %/°C of span

RTD input: ± 0.006 %/°C of span Voltage/Current input: ± 0.006 %/°C of span

Output: Voltage/Current output: ±0.015 %/°C of span

• Influence of physical orientation:

Input: TC input: $\pm 0.3 \%$ of span or $\pm 3 \degree$ C or less

RTD input: ± 0.5 °C or less

 $\begin{tabular}{lll} Voltage/Current input: & Less than ± 0.1 % of span \\ Output: & Voltage/Current output: & Less than ± 0.3 % of span \\ \end{tabular}$

Display

Measured input display (PV1, PV2): 5-digit 11-segment LCD [Green (standard) or White]

Display range: Input range low - (5 % of input span) to

Input range high + (5 % of input span)

When the input type is Pt100 or JPt100, the low limit value cannot be -5%

Low limit of Pt100: −245.5 °C (−409.8 °F),

corresponding to approximately 2 Ω

Low limit of JPt100: -237.6 °C (-395.7 °F),

corresponding to approximately 2 Ω

The display starts flashing when the Input range or the Input error

determination point has been exceeded

The display starts flashing "ססססס" when the input exceeds the display range. The display starts flashing "טטטטט" when the input goes below the display

range.

Setting display, PV2 display (SV, PV2):

5-digit 7-segment LCD (Orange)

Output value, Time, CT value displays (MV, TIME, CT1, CT2) [FZ400/900 only]:

4-1/2 digit 7-segment LCD (White)

Memory area display: 1-1/2 digit 7-segment LCD (White)

Output display (OUT1 to OUT3): Action indicator LCD (White) × 3 points

Manual display (MAN): Action indicator LCD (White)

Remote display (REM): Action indicator LCD (White)

Autotuning display (AT):

Action indicator LCD (White)

Alarm display (ALM): Action indicator LCD (Red)

Event output display (DO): Action indicator LCD (White) × 4 points [FZ400/900]

Action indicator LCD (White) × 2 points [FZ110]

Set lock display: Action indicator LCD (FZ400: Orange FZ900: White)

Ramp state display: Action indicator LCD (White) × 3 points [FZ400/900]

■ Operation keys

Select items/Set parameters: 4 keys (Set), (MODE, V, M)

Reverse set: key (R.SET) [FZ400/900]

Display/Setting mode selector: key (MONI) [FZ400/900]

Memory area transfer: key (AREA) [FZ400/900]

Direct access key: key (FUNC) [FZ400/900]

A desired function can be assigned to the FUNC key.

7-10 IMR03A04-E11

■ Control

Brilliant II PID control

Overshoot suppression function: Reset feedback (RFB) method

Proportional band: • TC/RTD inputs:

0 (0.0, 0.00) to Input span (Unit: °C, °F)

• Voltage/Current inputs:

0.0 to 1000.0 % of input span

0 (0.0, 0.00): ON/OFF action

Integral time: 0 to 3600 seconds, 0.0 to 3600.0 seconds or 0.00 to 360.00 seconds

0 (0.0, 0.00): PD action

Output is 50 % when the deviation is zero.

Derivative time: 0 to 3600 seconds, 0.0 to 3600.0 seconds or 0.00 to 360.00 seconds

0 (0.0, 0.00): PI action

Control response parameter: Slow, Medium and Fast (3-step selection)

Proportional cycle time: 0.1 to 100.0 seconds

ON/OFF action differential gap: High/Low individual setting

• TC/RTD inputs:

0 (0.0, 0.00) to Input span (Unit: °C, °F)

• Voltage/Current inputs:

0.0 to $100.0\ \%$ of input span

Output limiter high: Output limiter low to +105.0 % *

Output limiter low: -5.0 % to Output limiter high *

* Output limiter low ≤ Output limiter high

Output change rate limiter (up/down): 0.0 to 1000.0 %/seconds of manipulated output

0.0: Output change rate limiter OFF

Manipulated output value at STOP: -5.0 to +105.0 %

Direct action /Reverse action transfer: Selectable

Brilliant II Heat/Cool PID control (Water cooling/Air cooling/Cooling linear type)

Overshoot suppression function: Reset feedback (RFB) method

Proportional band [heat-side]: • TC/RTD inputs:

0 (0.0, 0.00) to Input span (Unit: °C, °F)

• Voltage/Current inputs:

0.0 to 1000.0 % of input span

0 (0.0, 0.00): Heat-side and Cool-side are both ON/OFF action

Integral time [heat-side]: 0 to 3600 seconds, 0.0 to 3600.0 seconds or 0.00 to 360.00 seconds

0 (0.0, 0.00): PD action

Output is 0 % when the deviation is zero.

Derivative time [heat-side]: 0 to 3600 seconds, 0.0 to 3600.0 seconds or 0.00 to 360.00 seconds

0 (0.0, 0.00): PI action

Proportional band [cool-side]: • TC/RTD inputs:

1 (0.1, 0.01) to Input span (Unit: °C, °F)

• Voltage/Current inputs:

0.1 to 1000.0 % of input span

This setting is disabled by setting the Proportional band [heat-side] to zero.

ON/OFF action of cool-side only is not possible.

Integral time [cool-side]: 0 to 3600 seconds, 0.0 to 3600.0 seconds or 0.00 to 360.00 seconds

0 (0.0, 0.00): PD action

Output is 0 % when the deviation is zero.

Derivative time [cool-side]: 0 to 3600 seconds, 0.0 to 3600.0 seconds or 0.00 to 360.00 seconds

0 (0.0, 0.00): PI action

Overlap/Deadband: • TC/RTD inputs:

-Input span to +Input span (Unit: °C, °F)

• Voltage/Current inputs:

-100.0 to +100.0 % of input span Minus (-) setting results in overlap.

However, the overlapping range is within the proportional range.

Control response parameter: Slow, Medium and Fast (3-step selection)

Proportional cycle time [heat-side]: 0.1 to 100.0 seconds
Proportional cycle time [cool-side]: 0.1 to 100.0 seconds

ON/OFF action differential gap: High/Low individual setting

• TC/RTD inputs:

0 (0.0, 0.00) to Input span (Unit: °C, °F)

• Voltage/Current inputs: 0.0 to 100.0 % of input span

Output limiter high [heat-side]: Output limiter low [heat-side] to +105.0 % *

Output limiter low [heat-side]: -5.0 % to Output limiter high [heat-side] *

* Output limiter low [heat-side] \le Output limiter high [heat-side]

Output limiter high [cool-side]: Output limiter low [cool-side] to +105.0 % **

Output limiter low [cool-side]: -5.0 % to Output limiter high [cool-side] **

** Output limiter low [cool-side] \le Output limiter high [cool-side]

Output change rate limiter (up/down) [heat-side]:

0.0 to 1000.0 %/seconds of manipulated output

0.0: Output change rate limiter OFF

Output change rate limiter (up/down) [cool-side]:

0.0 to 1000.0 %/seconds of manipulated output

0.0: Output change rate limiter OFF

Manipulated output value at STOP [heat-side]:

-5.0 to +105.0 %

Manipulated output value at STOP [cool-side]:

-5.0 to +105.0 %

Undershoot suppression factor: 0.000 to 1.000

When the contro action is changed, this parameter is initialized to

the following value.

Water cooling: 0.100, Air cooling: 0.250, Cooling linear type: 1.000

Overlap/Deadband reference point: 0.0 to 1.0

(0.0: Proportional band on heat-side, 1.0: Proportional band on cool-side,

0.5: Midpoint)

7-12 IMR03A04-E11

Position proportioning PID control

Overshoot suppression function: Reset feedback (RFB) method

Proportional band: • TC/RTD inputs:

0 (0.0, 0.00) to Input span (Unit: °C, °F)

• Voltage/Current inputs:

0.0 to 1000.0 % of input span

0 (0.0, 0.00): ON/OFF action

Integral time: 1 to 3600 seconds, 0.1 to 3600.0 seconds or 0.01 to 360.00 seconds

Derivative time: 0 to 3600 seconds, 0.0 to 3600.0 seconds or 0.00 to 360.00 seconds

0 (0.0, 0.00): PI action

Control response parameter: Slow, Medium and Fast (3-step selection)

Open/Close output neutral zone: 0.1 to 10.0 % of output
Open/Close output differential gap: 0.1 to 5.0 % of output

ON/OFF action differential gap: High/Low individual setting

• TC/RTD inputs:

0 (0.0, 0.00) to Input span (Unit: °C, °F)

• Voltage/Current inputs:

0.0 to 100.0 % of input span

Output limiter high: Output limiter low to +105.0 % *

When without FBR input: Invalid

Output limiter low: -5.0 % to Output limiter high *

When without FBR input: Invalid

* Output limiter low ≤ Output limiter high

Manipulated output value at STOP: -5.0 to +105.0 %

When without FBR input: Invalid

Control motor time: 5 to 1000 seconds

Integrated output limiter: 0.0 to 200.0 % of control motor time

0.0: OFF

When with FBR input: Invalid

Valve action at STOP: a) Close-side output OFF, Open-side output OFF

b) Open-side output OFF, Close-side output ON,c) Open-side output ON, Close-side output OFF

Selectable from a) to c)

Action at saturated output: Invalid/Valid is selectable

When the Action at saturated output is valid:

• The close-side output remains ON when the valve position is fully closed

• The open-side output remains ON when the valve position is fully opened

To validate the Action at saturated output, make sure to use valve with limit

switch.

Direct action/Reverse action transfer: Selectable

Manual control

Setting range of Manual manipulated output value:

• PID control: Output limiter low to Output limiter high

• Heat/Cool PID control: —Output limiter high [cool-side] to

+Output limiter high [heat-side]

• Position proportioning PID control:

With FBR input

Output limiter low to Output limiter high

Without FBR input

It is possible to turn ON/OFF output by using the UP key or

the DOWN key.

Cascade control

The instrument with dual inputs can perform Cascade control by itself.

Master/Slave: Input 1: Master

Input 2: Slave

Control mode (Selectable at Select function for input 2):

• Cascade control (Cascade ←→ Slave single)

• Cascade control (Cascade ←→ Master single)

Setting item and Setting range:

Cascade_Proportional band (master-side):

• TC/RTD inputs:

1 (0.1, 0.01) to Input 1_Input span (Unit: °C, °F)

• Voltage/Current inputs:

0.1 to 1000.0~% of Input 1_Input span

Cascade_Integral time (master-side):

1 to 3600 seconds, 0.1 to 3600.0 seconds or 0.01 to 360.00 seconds

Cascade Derivative time (master-side):

 $0\ \text{to}\ 3600\ \text{seconds},\, 0.0\ \text{to}\ 3600.0\ \text{seconds}$ or $0.00\ \text{to}\ 360.00\ \text{seconds}$

0 (0.0, 0.00): PI action

Cascade_Proportional band (slave-side):

• TC/RTD inputs:

1 (0.1, 0.01) to Input 2 Input span (Unit: °C, °F)

• Voltage/Current inputs:

0.1 to 1000.0 % of Input 2_Input span

Cascade_Integral time (slave-side):

1 to 3600 seconds, 0.1 to 3600.0 seconds or 0.01 to 360.00 seconds

Cascade_Derivative time (slave-side):

0 to 3600 seconds, 0.0 to 3600.0 seconds or 0.00 to 360.00 seconds

0 (0.0, 0.00): PI action

Cascade_Scale high: Cascade_Scale low to Input 2_Setting limiter high
Cascade_Scale low: Input 2_Setting limiter low to Cascade_Scale high

Cascade Digital filter: 0.0 to 100.0 seconds (0.0: Filter OFF)

7-14 IMR03A04-E11

Proportional band (for Master single [Input 1]):

• TC/RTD inputs:

0 (0.0, 0.00) to Input span (Unit: °C, °F)

• Voltage/Current inputs:

0.0 to 1000.0 % of input span

0 (0.0, 0.00): ON/OFF action

Integral time (for Master single [Input 1]):

0 to 3600 seconds, 0.0 to 3600.0 seconds or 0.00 to 360.00 seconds

0 (0.0, 0.00): PD action

Output is 50 % when the deviation is zero.

Derivative time (for Master single [Input 1]):

0 to 3600 seconds, 0.0 to 3600.0 seconds or 0.00 to 360.00 seconds

0 (0.0, 0.00): PI action

Proportional band (for Slave single [Input 2]):

• TC/RTD inputs:

0 (0.0, 0.00) to Input span (Unit: °C, °F)

• Voltage/Current inputs:

0.0 to 1000.0 % of input span

0 (0.0, 0.00): ON/OFF action

Integral time (for Slave single [Input 2]):

0 to 3600 seconds, 0.0 to 3600.0 seconds or 0.00 to 360.00 seconds

0 (0.0, 0.00): PD action

Output is 50 % when the deviation is zero.

Derivative time (for Slave single [Input 2]):

0 to 3600 seconds, 0.0 to 3600.0 seconds or 0.00 to 360.00 seconds

0 (0.0, 0.00): PI action

Mode switching

Auto/Manual transfer: Bidirectional bumpless Auto/Manual transfer (switching between PID control output

and manual output).

Bumpless transfer can be disabled at the time of transfer from Auto to Manual.

Remote/Local transfer: For selection of functions that can be switched by Select function for Input 2.

• Remote/Local transfer

Switching between Remote input (set value) and Local set value inside the instrument.

• PV select transfer

Selection of PV for control from Input 1 or Input 2.

• Differential temperature control/2-loop control

Switching between Differential temperature control and 2-loop control.

• Cascade mode transfer

Switching between Cascade control and Single loop control.

RUN/STOP transfer:

Used to switch the mode between RUN and STOP.

When switching the mode from STOP to RUN, the action is the same as that at power on.

RUN: Performs PID control or Manual control.

STOP: PID control, Manual control and Event function are deactivated, and the output is set to the minimum.

Control action transfer

PID control (Selectable on both Input 1 and Input 2), Heat/Cool PID control (Selectable only on Input 1),

Position proportioning PID control (Selectable only on Input 1) Input 1 side and Input 2 side can be operated simultaneously.

Autotuning (AT)

Tuning method: Computed by Limit cycle system

AT bias: —Input span to +Input span

AT remaining time monitor: 0 hours 00 minutes to 48 hours 00 minutes

Autotuning (AT) [for Cascade control]

Tuning method: Slave AT and Master AT are combinedly executed to calculate the PID values for the

Cascade control and for the Single loop.

AT bias: —Input span to +Input span

Cascade AT mode: Master and Slave sides, independently adjustable

0: Easy adjustment (AT: one cycle)1: Load factor adjustment (AT: 2 cycles)

Startup tuning (ST)

Startup tuning (ST): Input 1 and Input 2, independently adjustable.

0: ST OFF

1: Execute once

2: Execute always

ST start condition: 0: Activate the ST function when the power is turned on; when transferred from STOP

to RUN; or when the Set value (SV) is changed.

1: Activate the ST function when the power is turned on; or when transferred from

STOP to RUN.

2: Activate the ST function when the Set value (SV) is changed.

Proactive function

Proactive intensity: 0 to 4 (0: No function) *

FF amount: -100.0 to +100.0 % *

FF amount learning: 0 to 3

(0: No learning, +1: Learn Input 1, +2: Learn Input 2)

Determination point of external disturbance:

-Input span to +Input span *

Bottom suppression function: 0: No function

FF amount is added by level
 FF amount is forcibly added

7-16 IMR03A04-E11

^{*} Input 1 and Input 2, independently adjustable.

Level PID

8 types of PID parameters are selectable according to the position of the Set value (SV) or the Measured value (PV).

Number of levels: 8 levels (PID memory group 1 to 8)

Level setting range: Input range low to Input range high

The values of the Level PID must always have the following relation. (Level PID setting $1 \le \text{Level PID setting } 2 \le \text{Level PID setting } 3 \le \text{Level PID setting } 4 \le \text{Level PID setting } 5 \le \text{Level PID setting } 6 \le \text{$

Level PID setting 7)

Level: When the setting of PID memory group 1 is used:

Input range low limit \leq Set value (SV) or Measured value (PV) \leq Level PID setting 1

When the setting of PID memory group 2 is used:

Level PID setting 1 < Set value (SV) or Measured value (PV) ≤ Level PID setting 2

When the setting of PID memory group 3 is used:

Level PID setting 2 < Set value (SV) or Measured value (PV) ≤ Level PID setting 3

When the setting of PID memory group 4 is used:

Level PID setting 3 < Set value (SV) or Measured value (PV) ≤ Level PID setting 4

When the setting of PID memory group 5 is used:

Level PID setting 4 < Set value (SV) or Measured value (PV) ≤ Level PID setting 5

When the setting of PID memory group 6 is used:

Level PID setting 5 < Set value (SV) or Measured value (PV) ≤ Level PID setting 6

When the setting of PID memory group 7 is used:

Level PID setting 6 < Set value (SV) or Measured value (PV) ≤ Level PID setting 7

When the setting of PID memory group 8 is used:

Level PID setting 7 < Set value (SV) or Measured value (PV) ≤ Input range high limit

When the same value is set to two or more Levels, the setting in the PID memory group

with the smallest number will be used.

PID memory group setting:

Group number: 1 to 8

Items to be set: Proportional band [heat-side], Integral time [heat-side], Derivative time [heat-side],

Control response parameter, Proportional band [cool-side], Integral time [cool-side], Derivative time [cool-side], Overlap/Deadband, Manual reset, Proactive intensity,

FF amount, Control loop break alarm (LBA) time, LBA deadband (LBD),

Output limiter high [heat-side], Output limiter low [heat-side], Output limiter high [cool-side], Output limiter low [cool-side]

■ Event function

Number of event: 4 points (Output selection is possible)

Event type: Deviation high (Using SV monitor value) ¹

Deviation low (Using SV monitor value) ¹

Deviation high/low (Using SV monitor value) 1

Band (Using SV monitor value) ¹

Deviation high/low (Using SV monitor value) [High/Low individual setting] ¹

Band (Using SV monitor value) [High/Low individual setting] ¹

SV high (Using SV monitor value) SV low (Using SV monitor value)

Process high ² Process low ²

Deviation high (Using local SV) ¹
Deviation low (Using local SV) ¹
Deviation high/low (Using local SV) ¹

Band (Using local SV) 1

Deviation high/low (Using local SV) [High/Low individual setting] ¹

Band (Using local SV) [High/Low individual setting] ¹

SV high (Using local SV) SV low (Using local SV) MV high [heat-side] ^{2, 3} MV low [heat-side] ² MV high [cool-side] ² MV low [cool-side] ²

Process high/low [High/Low individual setting] ² Process band [High/Low individual setting] ²

Setting range: a) Deviation

Event setting: -Input span to +Input span

Differential gap: 0 to Input span

b) Process and SV

Event setting: Same as measured range

(When Control with PV select: -Input span to +Input span)

Differential gap: 0 to Input span

c) MV

Event setting: -5.0 to +105.0 %Differential gap: 0.0 to 110.0 %

Additional function: Hold action: a) Hold action OFF

b) Hold action ONc) Re-hold action ON

Event timer: 0.0 to 600.0 seconds

7-18 IMR03A04-E11

¹ Event hold and re-hold action is available.

² Event hold action is available.

³ The Manipulated output value (MV) corresponds to the Feedback resistance (FBR) input value when the Control action is a Position proportioning PID controller with Feedback resistance (FBR) input.

Interlock selection: 0 to 4095 a

Interlock release: on (Interlock state), oFF (Interlock release)

ALM lamp lighting condition:

0 to 4095 $^{\rm a}$

Logic calculation selection (OUT1 to 3, DO1 to 4):

0 to 4095 a

Event assignment: Input 1, Input 2, or Differential temperature input is assignable.

Output action at control stop:

0 to 7 b

- ^a OR-selectable from Event 1 to 4, HBA1, HBA2, LBA1, LBA2, Input error high, or Input error low.
- b OR-selectable from Logic calculation output (continue control), Retransmission output (continue control), Instrument status output (continue control).

■ Control loop break alarm (LBA)

Control loop break alarm (LBA) time:

0 to 7200 seconds (0: No function)

LBA deadband (LBD): 0 to Input span

■ Heater break alarm (HBA) [for time-proportional control output]

Number of HBA: FZ110: 1 point

FZ400/900: 2 points (1 point per CT input)

Setting range: 0.0 to 100.0 A (0.0: HBA function OFF [Current value monitoring is still available])

CT does not detect current value when the control output ON time or control output OFF

time is less than 250 ms.

Number of heater break alarm (HBA) times:

0 to 255 times

CT assignment: 0 (None), 1 (OUT1), 2 (OUT2), 3 (OUT3)

(0: HBA function OFF)

■ Retransmission output

Output scaling:

Output type: Mesured value (PV), Local SV, SV monitor value, Deviation,

Manipulated output value [heat-side] ¹, Manipulated output value [cool-side] ²,

Remote setting input value, Current transformer (CT) input value,

Measured value (PV) of differential temperature input

¹ Heat/Cool PID control: Output value [heat-side]

² Output value [cool-side] in Heat/Cool PID control

High/Low individual setting (High limit > Low limit)

Mesured value (PV):

Same as measured range

Local SV: Same as measured range
SV monitor value: Same as measured range
Deviation: -Input span to +Input span

Manipulated output value [heat-side]: -5.0 to +105.0 %Manipulated output value [cool-side]: -5.0 to +105.0 %

Remote setting input value: Same as measured range

Current transformer (CT) input value: 0.0 to 100.0 % Measured value (PV) of differential temperature input:

-(Input 1 Input span) to +(Input 1 Input span)

■ Multi-memory area

Memory area function

Number of areas: 16 points

Stored parameters: Set value (SV), Set value (SV) of differential temperature input,

Event set value (or Event set value [high]), Event set value [low],

Proportional band [heat-side], Integral time [heat-side], Derivative time [heat-side],

Control response parameter, Proactive intensity, Manual reset, FF amount,

Output limiter high [heat-side], Output limiter low [heat-side], Control loop break alarm (LBA) time, LBA deadband (LBD),

Proportional band [cool-side], Integral time [cool-side], Derivative time [cool-side], Overlap/Deadband, Output limiter high [cool-side], Output limiter low [cool-side], Select Trigger type for Memory area transfer, Area soak time, Link area number,

Setting change rate limiter (up), Setting change rate limiter (down), Manipulated output value (Area), Auto/Manual transfer selection (Area),

Remote/Local transfer selection (Area)

Method of area transfer: Memory area transfer can be carried out

a) through key operations.

b) through the communication function.

c) through external contact signal.

d) through the set area soak time.

e) through the event function.

Memory area link function

Area soak time: 0 hours 00 minutes 00 seconds to 9 hours 59 minutes 59 seconds (FZ400/900 only)

0 hours 00 minutes to 99 hours 59 minutes 0 minutes 00 seconds to 199 minutes 59 seconds

Accuracy: ±0.01 % of set value +1 sampling time

Soak time unit: 0: 0 hours 00 minutes to 99 hours 59 minutes

1: 0 minutes 00 seconds to 199 minutes 59 seconds

2: 0 hours 00 minutes 00 seconds to 9 hours 59 minutes 59 seconds (FZ400/900 only)

Link area number: 0 to 16 (0: No link)

7-20 IMR03A04-E11

■ Communication

Host communication

Interface: Based on RS-485, EIA standard

Based on RS-422A, EIA standard (FZ400/900 only)

Protocol: RKC communication (ANSI X3.28-1976 subcategories 2.5 and A4)

Modbus-RTU

PLC communication (MAPMAN)

Loader communication

Protocol: For RKC communication protocol only

(ANSI X3.28-1976 subcategories 2.5 and A4)

Synchronous method: Start/Stop synchronous type

Communication speed: 38400 bps **Data format:** Start bit: 1

Data bit: 8 Parity bit: None Stop bit:

Number of data digit: 7-digit (fixed)

Maximum connections: 1 point

Connection method: Exclusive cable

(not complying with the USB standard)

Interval time: 10 ms

Other: ① The instrument can be powered from the COM-K2 or COM-KG (our USB

communication converter)

This power supply is designed for setting up the internal set values. Control is stopped (output off, relay open) and host communication is also stopped. The PV/SV monitor shows "LoAd" for the Measured value (PV) display and "----" for

the Set value (SV) display. The LCD backlight is partially turned off.

- ② While the instrument is powered by COM-K2 or COM-KG, if power is applied to the instrument, the instrument will be reset and starts for normal operation.
- 3 When the instrument is normally powered, the host communication can be used simultaneously.

■ Self-diagnostic function

Control stop (Error number is displayed):

Adjustment data error (Err 1) Data back-up error (Err 2) A/D conversion error (Err 4)

Temperature compensation error (Err 4)

Display units error (Err 64)

Action stop (Error number is not displayed):

Power supply voltage is abnormal

Watchdog timer error

7-21 IMR03A04-E11

■ General specifications

Power supply voltage: 100 to 240 V AC type:

85 to 264 V AC [Including power supply voltage variation], 50/60 Hz

(Rated: 100 to 240 V AC)

Frequency variation: 50 Hz (-10 to +5 %), 60 Hz (-10 to +5 %)

24 V AC type:

20.4 to 26.4 V AC [Including power supply voltage variation], 50/60 Hz

(Rated: 24 V AC)

Frequency variation 50 Hz (-10 to +5 %), 60 Hz (-10 to +5 %)

24 V DC type:

20.4 to 26.4 V DC [Including power supply voltage variation]

(Rated: 24 V DC)

Power consumption (at maximum load):

FZ110: 5.3 VA max. (at 100 V AC)

8.3 VA max. (at 240 V AC) 5.3 VA max. (at 24 V AC) 129 mA max. (at 24 V DC)

FZ400: 6.8 VA max. (at 100 V AC)

10.1 VA max. (at 240 V AC) 6.9 VA max. (at 24 V AC) 175 mA max. (at 24 V DC)

FZ900: 7.4 VA max. (at 100 V AC)

10.9 VA max. (at 240 V AC) 7.4 VA max. (at 24 V AC) 190 mA max. (at 24 V DC)

Rush current: 5.6 A or less (at 100 V AC)

13.3 A or less (at 240 V AC) 16.3 A or less (at 24 V AC) 11.5 A or less (at 24 V DC)

Insulation resistance:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
①Grounding							
②Power supply terminal	20 MΩ or more at 500 V DC						
③Measured input terminal 1/ CT/FBR	20 MΩ or more at 500 V DC	20 MΩ or more at 500 V DC					
④Measured input terminal 2	20 MΩ or more at 500 V DC	20 MΩ or more at 500 V DC	20 MΩ or more at 500 V DC				
⑤Output terminal (Relay)	20 MΩ or more at 500 V DC	20 MΩ or more at 500 V DC	20 MΩ or more at 500 V DC	20 MΩ or more at 500 V DC			
⑥Output terminal (other than Relay)	20 MΩ or more at 500 V DC	20 MΩ or more at 500 V DC	20 MΩ or more at 500 V DC	20 MΩ or more at 500 V DC			
⑦DO terminal (Relay)	20 MΩ or more at 500 V DC	20 MΩ or more at 500 V DC	20 MΩ or more at 500 V DC	20 MΩ or more at 500 V DC	20 MΩ or more at 500 V DC	20 MΩ or more at 500 V DC	
®Communication, Digital input terminal	20 MΩ or more at 500 V DC	$20~\text{M}\Omega$ or more at $500~\text{V}$ DC	20 MΩ or more at 500 V DC				

Grounding is done on the control panel.

7-22 IMR03A04-E11

Withstand voltage:

Time: 1 min.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
①Grounding							
②Power supply terminal	1500 V AC						
③Measured input terminal 1/ CT/FBR	1500 V AC	3000 V AC					
Measured input terminal 2	1500 V AC	3000 V AC	1000 V AC				
⑤Output terminal (Relay)	1500 V AC	3000 V AC	3000 V AC	3000 V AC			
⑥Output terminal (other than Relay)	1500 V AC	3000 V AC	1000 V AC	1500 V AC			
⑦DO terminal (Relay)	1500 V AC	3000 V AC					
®Communication, Digital input terminal	1500 V AC	3000 V AC	1000 V AC	1000 V AC	3000 V AC	1500 V AC	3000 V AC

Withstand voltage values may vary depending on the model.

Power failure: 100 to 240 V AC type/24 V AC type:

A power failure of 20 ms or less will not affect the control

action

24 V DC type:

A power failure of 5 ms or less will not affect the control

action

Memory backup:

Backed up by non-volatile memory

Number of writing: Approx. One trillion (10¹²) times (FRAM)

Data storage period: Approx. 10 years (FRAM)

Power failure recovery:

Hot/Cold start:

a) Hot start 1

Operation is resumed from the state before the power failure and from the output before the failure.

b) Hot start 2

Operation is resumed from the state before the power failure. In case of Manual mode, the operation starts from the Output limiter low

c) Cold start

Operation starts in Manual mode, irrespective of the mode before the power failure. The operation starts from the Output limiter low.

d) STOP start

The operation starts from the STOP state irrespective of the mode before the power failure.

Selectable from a) to d)

Start determination point:

0 to Input span

(0: Action conforms to the Hot/Cold start)

Unit: same as the reading

■ Environment Condition

Operating environmental conditions

Ambient temperature: −10 to +55 °C

Ambient humidity: 5 to 95 %RH (Absolute humidity: MAX.W.C 29 g/m³ dry air at 101.3 kPa)

Vibration: Frequency range: 10 to 150 Hz

Maximum amplitude: 0.075 mm

Maximum acceleration: 9.8 m/s²

Each direction of XYZ axes

Shock: Free fall from 50 mm in height

Each direction of XYZ axes (In non-energization)

Reference operating conditions

Reference temperature: 23 °C±2 °C

Temperature variation: ±5 °C/h

Reference humidity: 50 %RH \pm 10 %RH Magnetic field: Geomagnetism

Power supply voltage: Alternating current, Direct current: Reference value $\pm 1 \%$

Transportation and Storage environment conditions

Vibration:

Number of	Le	vel	Attenuation slope	
vibration [Hz]	$(m/s^2)^2/Hz$	$[g^2(1)/Hz]$	[dB/oct]	
3	0.048	(0.0005)	_	
3 to 6	_	_	+13.75	
6 to 18	1.15	(0.012)	_	
18 to 40	_	_	-9.34	
40	0.096	(0.001)	_	
40 to 200	_	_	-1.29	
200	0.048	(0.0005)	_	

The effective value of the acceleration is $5.8 \text{ m/s}^2 [0.59 \text{ g} (1)]$ within

the number of vibration.

NOTE: (1) $g = 9.806658 \text{ m/s}^2$

Shock: Height 40 cm or less

Temperature: $-40 \text{ to } +70 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

Humidity: 5 to 95 %RH (Non condensing)

Absolute humidity: MAX.W.C 35 g/m³ dry air at 101.3 kPa

7-24 IMR03A04-E11

■ Mounting and Structure

Mounting method: Panel-mounted

FZ110: Close horizontal mounting only

FZ400/900: Close horizontal mounting, Close vertical mounting

Mounting orientation: Datum plane $\pm 90^{\circ}$

Case color: Black

Case material: PC (Flame retardancy: UL94 V-0)

Front panel material: PC (Flame retardancy: UL94 V-0)

Terminal block material: PPE (Flame retardancy: UL94 V-1)

Filter material: PC

Panel sealing: Based on IP65 (IEC 60529)

[Front panel (when the front loader connector cover is installed)] *
* When the front loader connector cover is not installed: IP00

Weight: FZ110: Approx. 122 g

FZ400: Approx. 221 g FZ900: Approx. 291 g

Dimensions: FZ110: $48 \text{ mm} \times 48 \text{ mm} \times 81 \text{ mm} (W \times H \times Depth behind the panel)$

FZ400: 48 mm \times 96 mm \times 65 mm (W \times H \times Depth behind the panel) FZ900: 96 mm \times 96 mm \times 65 mm (W \times H \times Depth behind the panel)

■ Standard

Safety standards

UL: UL 61010-1

cUL: CAN/CSA-C22.2 No.61010-1

Other approved standards

CE marking: LVD: EN61010-1

EMC: EN61326-1 RoHS: EN IEC 63000

RCM: EN55011

Environment Condition

Protection against electric shock:

Class II (Reinforced insulation)

Overvoltage category: OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY II

Pollution degree: POLLUTION DEGREE 2

Altitude: Altitude up to 2000 m (Indoor use)

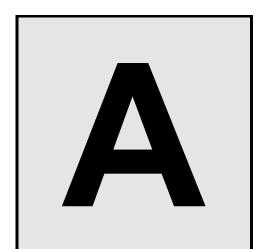
Recommended fuse: Fuse type: Time-lag fuse (Approved fuse according IEC 60127-2 and/or UL 248-14)

Fuse rating: Rated voltage 250 V AC

Rated current 0.5 A (for 24 V AC/DC type) 1 A (for 100 to 240 V AC type)

MEMO

7-26 IMR03A04-E11



APPENDIX

A.1	Replacing the Waterproof/Dustproof Gasket [Optional]A	2
A.2	Current Transformer (CT) Dimensions [Optional]A	5

A.1 Replacing the Waterproof/Dustproof Gasket [Optional]

FZ110/400/900 can be equipped with an optional water- and dust-proof structure, which has to be specified at the time of ordering. This waterproof and dustproof construction uses rubber gaskets. If the waterproof and dustproof gasket deteriorates, please contact RKC sales office or the agent.

To replace the gasket, take the following steps:

⚠ WARNING

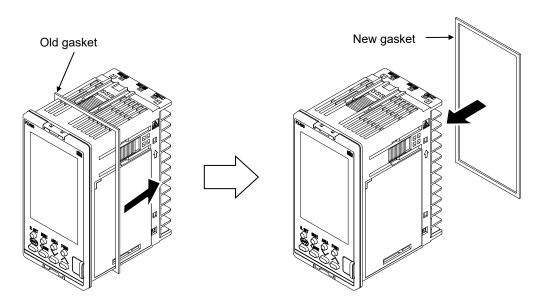
- In order to prevent electric shock and instrument failure, always turn off the power supply before replacing the gasket.
- In order to prevent electric shock and instrument failure, always turn off the power supply before pulling out the internal chassis.
- In order to prevent injury or instrument failure, do not touch the internal printed wiring board.

Replacement of the gasket for the case

- 1. Turn the power OFF.
- 2. Remove the wiring.
- 3. Remove the mounting bracket, and then remove the instrument from the control panel.

See 2.3 Procedures of Mounting and Removing (P. 2-5).

4. Remove the old gasket, and then replace the old gasket with a new one.



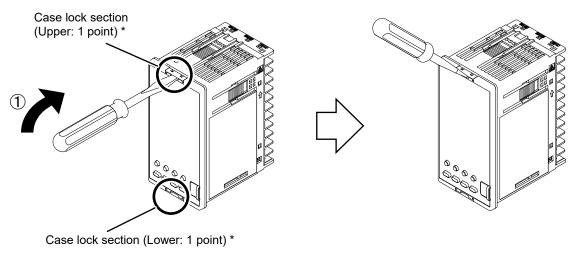
Gasket for the case: FZ110: KRB100-39

FZ400: KFB400-36 FZ900: KFB900-36

A-2 IMR03A04-E11

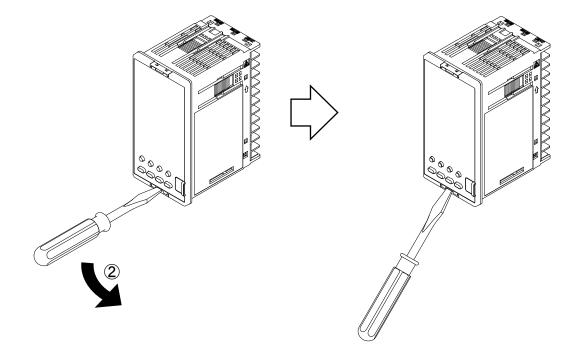
■ Replacing the gasket for the front frame (FZ400/900 only)

- 1. Turn the power OFF.
- 2. Wedge the slotted screwdriver into the upper case lock section, and lift the grip slowly (①). The case lock is released.

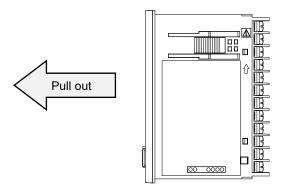


^{*} There are two locks on each side of the case (upper/lower) for the FZ900.

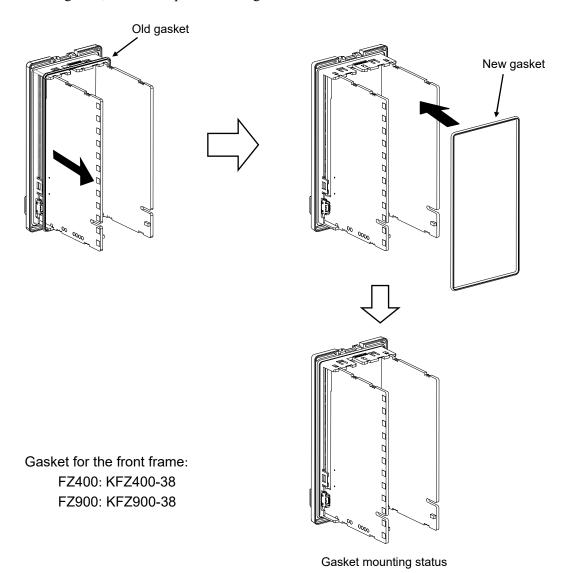
3. Wedge the slotted screwdriver into the lower case lock section, and hold down the grip slowly (②). The case lock is released.



4. As the internal unit slightly comes out of the case, pull it out toward you.



5. Remove the old gasket, and then replace the old gasket with a new one.



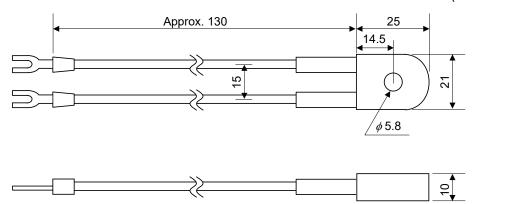
6. Insert the internal assembly in the case.

A-4 IMR03A04-E11

A.2 Current Transformer (CT) Dimensions [Optional]

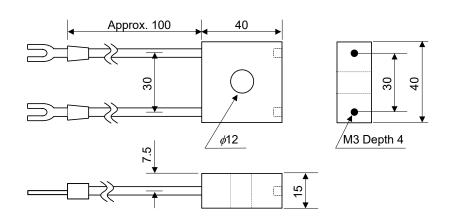
■ CTL-6-P-N (For 0 to 30 A)

(Unit: mm)



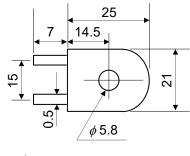
■ CTL-12-S56-10L-N (For 0 to 100 A)

(Unit: mm)

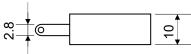


■ CTL-6-P-Z (For 0 to 10 A) *

* A product of U.R.D.Co., LTD.



(Unit: mm)



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A-6 IMR03A04-E11

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IMR03A04-E11 AUG. 2023